ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE COMMISSIONERS

FOR

ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR IN IRELAND.

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FOR

ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR IN IRELAND,

INCLUDING

THE SEVENTEENTH REPORT UNDER THE 10 & 11 VIC., c. 90,

AND

THE TWELFTH REPORT UNDER THE 14 & 15 VIC., c. 68:

WITH

APPENDICES.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

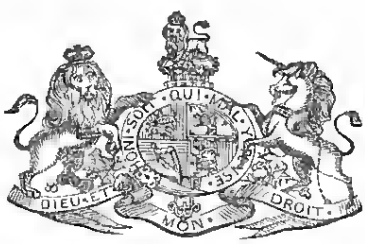

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TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Page

REPORT, ... 1

Proceedings under the Irish Poor Relief Acts:—

Summary of Weekly Returns of Persons Relieved in Unions in Ireland, from the week ended 28th February, 1863, to the week ended 20th February, 1864, both inclusive, ... 2
Fluctuations in the degree of distress as indicated by the above Tables and the corresponding Tables in previous Reports, ... 4
Fluctuations in out-door relief not so certain an indication as fluctuations in the number of Workhouse inmates (*see Diagrams*), ... 4
Reduction in pauperism and expenditure, ... 5
Operation of the Hospital sections of 25 & 26 Vic., c. 83, ... 5
Removal of poor persons from England and Scotland to Ireland, . . . 6
Increased expenditure from Poor Rates in Emigration, ... 7
Lunatics, Idiots, and Epileptics, in Workhouses, ... 7
Statistics of the year ended 29th September, 1863, in comparison with those of the previous year, ... 8
Fewer cases of alleged death from want than in former years. . . . 8
Great facility now afforded to the poor for obtaining Hospital relief. . . 8
Average daily numbers in receipt of in-door relief during each of the twelve years ended 29th September, 1863, ... 9
Statement of the collection and expenditure of the Poor Rates in each of the twelve years ended 29th September, 1863, ... 9
Tabularized account of admissions to the Workhouse during the last year, in comparison with those of the five preceding years, ... 10
Classification of causes of death in Workhouses, from February 15th, 1863, to February 13th, 1864, ... 10
Summary of similar statements for each of the ten years, 1854 to 1863, . . 11
Questions as to the Law of Chargeability of Relief, ... 11
Circulars as to the Law of Relief and the duties of Relieving Officers, . . 11

Proceedings under the Medical Charities Act:—

Number of cases in which relief has been afforded during each of the last ten years, distinguishing dispensary relief from relief at the patient's home, . . . 12
Expenditure under the Medical Charities Act for each of the last ten years, . 13
Expenditure under the Medical Charities Act for the year under various heads, distinguishing the expenditure under the Vaccination Extension Act, . . 14
Alterations in Dispensary Districts or in Dispensary arrangements, . . . 14
Number of Vaccinations performed by the Dispensary Medical Officers each year for the last eleven years, ... 15
Proceedings taken on the passing of the Compulsory Vaccination Act, . . 16
Sanitary state of the country. 17

Departmental Arrangements:—

Retirement of Dr. Geary and appointment of Dr. Charles Croker King, . . 18

Diagrams showing the fluctuations from week to week in the number of Workhouse inmates, and the number of persons receiving out-door relief. . . [*facing* p. 16

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APPENDIX.

APPENDIX A.—Circulars of Instruction issued by the Commissioners; Correspondence, &c.

I.—Circulars.

No. Page

1. Annual Revision of Rateable Property—Valuation Lists:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, ... April 13, 1863, 19
2. Registration of Births and Deaths—Provision of Register Office:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, ... May 20, 1863, 20
3. Mode of charging Expenses incurred under the Acts for Registering Births, Deaths, and Marriages in Ireland:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, January 15, 1864, 20
4. Mode of charging Expenses incurred in providing Register Offices, and under the Compulsory Vaccination Act:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, February 8, 1864, 21
5. The Law of Relief—Powers of Boards of Guardians as to In-door and Out-door Relief respectively:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, June 15, 1863, 21
6. Duties of Relieving Officers:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, December 5, 1863, 23
7. Cost of maintenance of Illegitimate Children:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, June 17, 1863, 24
8. Removal of Poor Persons, natives of Ireland, from England:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, ... August 25, 1863, 24
9. Vaccination—Mode of procuring Vaccine Lymph:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, ... October 28, 1863, 25

II.—Correspondence.

Letter from the Commissioners to the Board of Guardians of Naas Union, in reference to the case of Rosanna Doyle, ... 26

III.—Correspondence on the subject of the Removal of Poor Persons from England to Ireland,

. 30

IV.—Guardians' Manual of the Law of Chargeability under the Irish Poor Relief Acts,

. 70

APPENDIX B.—Tables connected with Poor Relief and Expenditure.

1. Return (in pursuance of 29th section of 10 Vic., c. 31) of the Expenditure on the Relief of the Poor in each Union in Ireland, for the year ended 29th September, 1863, and of the total numbers relieved in and out of the Workhouse in each Union during the same period, ... 86
2. Summary of Audited Union Accounts for the half-year ended 25th March, 1863, 95
3. Summary of Audited Union Accounts for the half-year ended 29th September, 1863, ... 99
4. Summaries of Tables Nos. 2 and 3, showing the total Receipts, Expenditure, and Balances for the half-years ended 25th March and 29th September, 1863, respectively, ... 103
5. Table showing the particulars included under the head of Establishment Charges in the Summary (Table No. 2) of the Audited Accounts of Unions, for the half-year ended 25th March, 1863, ... 104
6. Table showing the particulars included under the head of Establishment Charges in the Summary (Table No. 3) of the Audited Accounts of Unions, for the half-year ended 29th September, 1863, ... 112
7. Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the half-year ended 25th March, 1863 (included in Table No. 2); also the number relieved in the half-year, and the average weekly cost per head, ... 120
8. Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the half-year ended 29th September, 1863 (included in Table No. 3); also, the number relieved in the half-year, and the average weekly cost per head, ... 128

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TABLES—*continued.*

No. Page

9. Statement (in pursuance of sec. 20 of 12 and 13 Vic., c. 104), relative to the Audit of Union Accounts:—(in continuation of Statement in Sixteenth Annual Report, 1863, Appendix B. No. 9), ... 136
   i.—Date up to which the Accounts of Unions have been audited, . . 136
   ii.—Sums disallowed or found due on Audit of the Accounts of Unions in Ireland, up to 29th September, 1863, and whether recovered or in course of recovery from the parties debited, ... 136
10. Classification of persons relieved in the Union Workhouses in Ireland, during the year ended 29th September, 1863, ... 138
11. Classification of persons relieved out of the Workhouses in Unions in Ireland, during the year ended 29th September, 1863, including persons relieved in Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums, ... 139
12. Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland, arranged in Provinces, from the 28th February, 1863, to the 20th February, 1864, both inclusive; distinguishing the several classes, the number of sick and deaths in each week, and the weekly rate of mortality per 1,000; also, the average weekly cost of maintenance per head, ... 140
13. Summary of Returns of the number of Cases of Ophthalmia, or other Inflammatory Diseases of the Eye, which were treated in Workhouses in Ireland during the years 1862 and 1863, ... 153
   i.—Table showing the number of Cases which occurred during each month of the years 1862 and 1863, ... 153
   ii.—Table showing the number of Adults and Children affected by Diseases of the Eye; the number of Cases arising in the Workhouse; the number labouring under the Disease when admitted; the average duration of the Disease, and the result of the treatment adopted by the Medical Officers, 153
14. Abstract of Returns from Clerks of Unions, showing the number of persons admitted to the Workhouse during the year ended 29th September, 1863; distinguishing the number admitted in sickness; also, the number of deaths in the Workhouse during the year, ... 154
15. Abstract of Returns, showing the number of Sick persons who received Medical treatment in the Workhouse Hospitals and Fever Hospitals of Unions in Ireland, during the year ended 29th September, 1863, ... 159

APPENDIX C.—ORDERS AND CIRCULARS OF INSTRUCTION ISSUED UNDER THE MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT.

I.—ORDERS.

Order prescribing amended form of Vaccination Register and Vaccination Report, 164

II.—CIRCULARS.

1. Annual appointment of Dispensary Committees and Wardens:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, ... March 21, 1863, 167
2. Compulsory Vaccination Act:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, August 10, 1863, 167
3. Compulsory Vaccination Act:—Circular to Dispensary Medical Officers, August 10, 1863, 168
4. Compulsory Vaccination Act:—Circular to Dispensary Committees, August 10, 1863, 169
5. Vaccination—Mode of preserving Vaccine Lymph:—Circular to Dispensary Medical Officers, ... October 28, 1863, 169
6. Compulsory Vaccination Act—Publicity to be given to the requirements of the Act:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, . . December 14, 1863, 170
7. Compulsory Vaccination Act—Notices to be given on Registry of Birth:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, ... December 24, 1863, 171
8. Vaccination—Supply of Lymph:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, January 11, 1864, 172
9. Vaccination Register and Reports:—Circular to Boards of Guardians, February 4, 1864, 174
10. Vaccination Register and Reports:—Circular to Dispensary Committees, February 4, 1864, 175
11. Vaccination Register and Reports:—Circular to Dispensary Medical Officers, February 4, 1864, 176

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APPENDIX D.—Tabular Returns in connexion with Relief under the Medical Charities Act.

No. Page

1. Statement of alterations in Dispensary Districts in Unions in Ireland (arranged in Provinces and Counties) according to the Orders issued by the Commissioners, in pursuance of section 6 of 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68:—*in continuation of Table No. 1, in App. (D.) to Eleventh Annual Report*), . . . 178
   Summary of Dispensary Districts, according to Tables in this and previous Reports, ... 179
2. Financial and Relief Returns:—List, in pursuance of section 20 of the Medical Charities Act (14 & 15 Vic. c. 68), of all Dispensary Districts in the several Unions in Ireland (arranged in Provinces and Counties): showing the Number of Dispensaries in each, and the Expenses of each Dispensary District, for the year ended 29th September, 1863; with a Return—for the year ended 30th September, 1863—of the Number of Cases of Medical Relief afforded to Patients at the Dispensary and at their own Homes, respectively; the Number of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by the Committee of Management, under section 9 of the Act; Number of Cases of Vaccination; Number of Dangerous Lunatics certified; of Patients attended in Bridewells, &c., . . . 180
   Summary of foregoing Table, No. 2, ... 215
3. General Summary of previous Tables, in Provinces:—containing, 1, Statistical Statement; showing the number of Unions, Electoral Divisions, and Dispensary Districts formed under section 6 of the Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vic. c. 68; the total and average Population, Area, and Valuation; Number of Dispensaries, Officers, &c.:—2. Financial Statement; showing the Expenditure under the Medical Charities Act for the year, from 29th September, 1862, to 29th September, 1863:—and 3. Relief Return; showing the number of Cases of Medical Relief afforded at the Dispensary and at the Patient's Home, respectively; the number of Cases in which Tickets for Medical Relief have been cancelled by the Dispensary Committee; the Number of Cases of Vaccination performed; Number of Cases of Dangerous Lunatics certified; Number of Patients attended at Bridewells or Houses of Correction, &c.; during the year ended the 30th September, 1863, . . 216
4. Vaccination:—Return of the Number of Persons Vaccinated in the Workhouses and Auxiliary Establishments of the several Unions in Ireland, by the Medical Officers of those Institutions; and of the Number Vaccinated in the several Dispensary Districts, by the Medical Officers of Dispensaries under the Medical Charities Act; in the year ended 30th September, 1863:—abstracted from Returns made by the respective Medical Officers; also, a Return of the Expenses incurred in each Union for Vaccination, in the several Dispensary Districts, under the Act 21 & 22 Vic. cap. 64, . . . 218
   Summary of foregoing Vaccination Table, No. 4, ... 222
5. Number of Cases of Scarlatina, Small-Pox, and Fever, reported by the Medical Officers of Dispensaries in Ireland, as having been attended in the quarters ended 31st December, 1862, and 31st March, 30th June, and 30th September, 1863, ... 223

Index.

6. Index List of Dispensary Districts; with Names of Unions in which they are situate, and References to Pages in which the Districts are to be found in the Appendix, ... 224

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TO HIS EXCELLENCY GEORGE WILLIAM FREDERICK, EARL OF CARLISLE, K.G.,

Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland.

Poor Law Commission Office,
Dublin, 31*st March,* 1864.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

We, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, submit to your Excellency this our Seventeenth Annual Report of our proceedings, under the Acts in force for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland.

1. We submit, in the first place, in continuation of similar returns in the last Annual Report, a summary of weekly returns of persons relieved in the workhouse and out of the workhouse for fifty-two weeks, from the week ended 28th February, 1863, to the week ended 20th February, 1864, both inclusive.

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SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Persons relieved in Unions in Ireland, from the week

Week ended Saturday.	Relief in the Workhouse.														
	Able-bodied.			Healthy Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head for Maintenance (exclusive of clothing).		Deaths.	
	Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.		s.	d.	No. in the Week.	Weekly rate of Mortality per 1,000.
1863.															
Feb. 28,	3,944	10,562	14,506	17,959	1,841	19,174	21,015	5,144	7,223	12,367	65,847	2	1½	326	5·0
Mar. 7,	3,911	10,687	14,598	17,992	1,838	19,326	21,164	5,203	7,211	12,414	66,168	2	1½	331	5·0
14,	4,003	10,687	14,690	17,989	1,818	19,464	21,282	5,191	7,223	12,414	66,375	2	2	405	6·1
21,	3,987	10,495	14,482	17,934	1,763	19,419	21,182	5,119	7,139	12,258	65,856	2	1¾	389	5·9
28,	3,814	10,204	14,018	17,539	1,766	19,167	20,933	4,999	7,131	12,130	64,620	2	1½	334	5·2
April 4,	3,702	9,955	13,657	17,294	1,817	18,622	20,439	4,890	6,936	11,826	63,216	2	1¾	306	4·8
11,	3,643	9,774	13,417	17,458	1,824	18,666	20,490	4,953	6,971	11,924	63,289	2	2½	330	5·2
18,	3,560	9,686	13,246	17,341	1,887	18,502	20,389	4,979	6,948	11,927	62,903	2	1¼	313	5·0
25,	3,526	9,636	13,162	17,335	2,007	18,406	20,413	5,099	6,913	12,012	62,922	2	1	330	5·2
May 2,	3,479	9,506	12,985	17,423	2,005	18,134	20,139	5,032	6,983	12,015	62,562	2	1	299	4·8
9,	3,388	9,266	12,654	17,143	2,065	17,900	19,965	5,055	6,969	12,024	61,786	2	0¾	301	4·9
16,	3,459	9,270	12,729	17,263	2,131	17,932	20,063	5,046	7,037	12,083	62,138	2	0½	268	4·3
23,	3,420	9,116	12,536	17,404	2,090	17,988	20,078	4,989	7,016	12,005	62,023	2	0½	292	4·7
30,	3,232	8,927	12,159	17,445	2,065	17,806	19,871	5,016	7,017	12,033	61,508	2	0¼	281	4·6
June 6,	3,263	8,862	12,125	17,513	2,089	17,515	19,604	5,000	6,987	11,987	61,229	2	0	288	4·7
13,	3,153	8,746	11,899	17,397	2,089	17,464	19,553	4,962	7,030	11,992	60,841	2	0	261	4·3
20,	3,142	8,557	11,699	17,359	2,028	17,242	19,270	4,999	6,984	11,983	60,311	2	0	271	4·5
27,	3,129	8,568	11,697	17,488	2,054	16,939	18,993	5,003	6,925	11,928	60,106	2	0	250	4·2
July 4,	3,010	8,283	11,293	17,272	1,970	16,750	18,720	5,002	6,903	11,905	59,190	2	0	251	4·2
11,	2,901	7,969	10,870	16,908	1,922	16,557	18,479	4,921	6,770	11,691	57,948	2	0	221	3·8
18,	2,799	7,720	10,519	16,719	1,852	16,107	17,959	4,917	6,726	11,643	56,840	2	0	233	4·1
25,	2,735	7,529	10,264	16,440	1,727	15,851	17,578	4,836	6,569	11,405	55,687	2	0	214	3·8
Aug. 1,	2,627	7,189	9,816	16,011	1,666	15,548	17,214	4,607	6,387	10,994	54,035	2	0	178	3·3
8,	2,499	6,936	9,435	15,728	1,622	15,273	16,895	4,467	6,326	10,799	52,851	2	0	208	3·8
15,	2,374	6,560	8,934	15,117	1,479	15,010	16,489	4,338	6,112	10,450	50,990	2	0½	197	3·9
22,	2,241	6,267	8,508	14,768	1,388	14,768	16,156	4,211	6,013	10,224	49,656	2	0½	177	3·6
29,	2,134	6,079	8,213	14,422	1,356	14,641	15,997	4,162	5,980	10,142	48,774	2	0¼	190	3·9
Sept. 5,	2,145	5,984	8,129	14,285	1,304	14,550	15,854	4,116	5,891	10,007	48,275	2	0½	209	4·3
12,	2,227	6,060	8,287	14,368	1,276	14,449	15,725	4,156	5,949	10,105	48,485	2	0½	157	3·2
19,	2,207	6,069	8,276	14,299	1,310	14,519	15,829	4,111	5,997	10,108	48,512	2	0¾	174	3·6
26,	2,285	6,163	8,448	14,458	1,306	14,611	15,917	4,075	6,049	10,124	48,947	2	0¾	177	3·6
Oct. 3,	2,323	6,416	8,739	14,537	1,253	14,697	15,950	4,112	6,047	10,159	49,385	2	0½	167	3·4
10,	2,396	6,559	8,955	14,760	1,255	14,877	16,132	4,214	6,165	10,379	50,226	2	0½	170	3·4
17,	2,173	6,667	9,140	14,891	1,262	16,131	16,393	4,294	6,181	10,475	50,899	2	0½	179	3·5
24,	2,491	6,738	9,229	14,990	1,306	15,141	16,447	4,342	6,223	10,565	51,231	2	0½	185	3·6
31,	2,534	6,913	9,447	15,088	1,259	15,241	16,500	4,339	6,226	10,565	51,600	2	0½	190	3·7
Nov. 7,	2,796	7,296	10,092	15,502	1,288	15,565	16,853	4,438	6,401	10,839	53,286	2	0½	203	3·8
14,	2,806	7,605	10,411	15,672	1,315	15,809	17,154	4,528	6,502	11,030	54,267	2	0½	205	3·8
21,	2,870	7,835	10,705	15,885	1,388	16,064	17,452	4,585	6,581	11,166	55,208	2	0½	198	3·6
28,	3,005	7,997	11,002	16,209	1,423	16,292	17,715	4,667	6,735	11,402	56,328	2	0	176	3·1
Dec. 5,	3,235	8,378	11,613	16,673	1,388	16,351	17,739	4,830	6,871	11,701	57,726	2	0	215	3·7
12,	3,347	8,586	11,933	16,973	1,455	16,483	17,938	4,953	6,948	11,901	58,745	2	0	213	3·6
19,	3,423	8,594	12,017	16,867	1,506	16,526	18,032	4,954	6,931	11,885	58,801	2	0	213	3.6
26,	3,488	8,649	12,137	16,896	1,451	16,112	17,563	4,893	6,859	11,752	58,348	2	3¾	212	3·6
1864.															
Jan. 2,	3,638	8,921	12,559	17,170	1,545	16,708	18,253	4,912	6,973	11,885	59,867	2	0½	261	4·4
9,	3,784	9,330	13,114	17,425	1,633	17,535	19,168	5,082	7,055	12,137	61,844	2	0	285	4·6
16,	3,810	9,536	13,346	17,663	1,666	17,961	19,627	5,188	7,110	12,298	62,934	2	0	350	5·6
23,	3,850	9,481	13,331	17,776	1,716	18,264	19,980	5,272	7,274	12,546	63,633	1	11¾	282	4·4
30,	3,770	9,548	13,318	17,804	1,741	18,396	20,137	5,260	7,282	12,542	63,801	2	0	293	4·6
Feb. 6,	3,801	9,637	13,438	17,849	1,762	18,539	20,301	5,282	7,350	12,632	64,220	2	0	291	4·5
13,	3,819	9,749	13,568	18,142	1,868	18,792	20,660	5,365	7,349	12,714	65,084	1	11¾	346	5·3
20,	3,790	9,737	13,527	18,098	1,919	18,971	20,890	5,393	7,324	12,717	65,232	1	11¾	321	4·9

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ended 28th February, 1863, to the week ended 20th February, 1864, both inclusive.

No. of Persons included in the foregoing Cols. who were admitted to the Workhouse under the 3rd and 5th secs. of 25 & 26 Vic., c. 83.						No. of Persons under treatment in Hospitals not connected with the Workhouse, sent there under sec 15 of 6 & 7 Vic., c. 92, or sec. 7 of 25 & 26 Vic., c. 83.		No. of Blind and Deaf and Dumb persons maintained in Asylums at the expense of the Poor Rates under sec. 14 of 6 & 7 Vic., c 92.		Out-door Relief.								Total Number of Persons in receipt of Relief.
No. of Patients, under sec. 3 of 25 & 26 Vic., c. 83.			No. of Constabulary Patients, under sec. 5 of 25 & 26 Vic., c. 83.							Relievable under section 1.		Not relievable under section 1.		Under sec. 9 of 25 & 26 Vic., c. 83. Number of Orphans and Deserted Children out at Nurse.			Total Number of Persons in receipt of out-door Relief.	
Fever Cases.	Other Cases.	Total.	Fever Cases.	Other Cases.	Total.	In Fever Hospitals.	In other Hospitals.	Blind.	Deaf and Dumb.	No of Cases.	No. of Persons.	No. of Cases.	No of Persons.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
17	73	90	3	5	8	55	6	218	137	4,623	9,049	2	7	36	40	76	9,132	75,395
18	51	69	5	4	9	67	4	218	137	4,609	8,982	1	6	35	42	77	9,065	75,659
20	56	76	3	6	9	65	4	218	137	4,609	9,005	1	5	36	43	79	9,089	75,888
17	67	84	3	7	10	74	3	221	138	4,644	8,936	3	18	37	44	81	9,035	75,327
16	72	88	7	6	13	63	2	220	139	4,641	8,920	3	14	37	45	82	9,016	74,060
14	69	83	5	4	9	56	2	220	138	4,095	8,041	2	13	38	45	83	8,137	71,769
13	75	88	7	2	9	56	3	221	138	3,987	7,779	5	8	38	45	83	7,870	71,577
6	88	94	6	2	8	44	2	222	139	4,043	7,900	12	19	38	47	85	8,004	71,314
10	86	96	7	4	11	59	3	223	138	4,067	8,014	14	19	39	47	86	8,119	71,464
15	76	91	3	5	8	44	3	223	138	3,875	7,566	12	18	44	50	94	7,678	70,648
15	85	100	2	4	6	46	4	226	145	3,985	7,813	10	18	43	51	94	7,925	70,132
21	76	97	3	5	8	63	4	226	146	4,061	7,999	4	10	41	51	92	8,101	70,678
22	82	104	2	3	5	62	5	228	146	4,180	8,254	4	7	40	50	90	8,351	70,815
28	77	105	3	2	5	56	5	230	145	4,226	8,378	4	5	43	50	93	8,476	70,420
23	60	83	4	2	6	51	4	230	147	4,290	8,442	8	14	44	50	94	8,550	70,211
21	57	78	3	2	5	56	6	232	146	4,384	8,639	7	11	44	51	95	8,745	70,026
31	46	77	4	3	7	56	4	234	146	4,486	8,925	11	19	46	53	99	9,043	69,794
31	54	85	5	4	9	57	4	234	146	4,548	9,030	19	76	47	54	101	9,207	69,754
22	55	77	5	4	9	77	4	228	147	4,617	9,030	42	178	47	56	103	9,311	68,957
22	58	80	4	4	8	78	3	229	148	4,679	9,079	56	231	47	57	104	9,414	67,820
27	59	86	6	–	6	77	3	230	149	4,666	8,989	42	190	49	54	103	9,282	66,581
18	56	74	8	1	9	61	6	227	148	4,470	8,562	31	126	51	56	107	8,795	64,924
20	57	77	7	1	8	74	8	230	149	4,334	8,230	21	83	51	56	107	8,420	62,916
12	50	62	8	2	10	51	5	232	147	4,090	7,881	3	6	53	58	111	7,948	61,234
12	54	66	7	3	10	49	–	231	142	3,849	7,248	6	14	55	58	113	7,375	58,787
17	51	68	8	3	11	36	5	230	142	3,300	6,195	7	9	57	58	115	6,319	56,388
12	48	60	10	2	12	42	2	332	145	3,263	6,088	5	5	57	62	119	6,212	55,407
9	42	51	8	2	10	36	1	231	143	3,141	5,883	5	5	60	64	124	6,012	54,698
14	56	70	8	3	11	38	1	227	143	3,101	5,767	6	6	64	62	126	5,899	54,793
18	59	77	7	2	9	41	2	227	144	2,928	5,535	3	3	65	62	127	5,665	54,591
34	164	198	7	2	9	49	2	225	146	2,992	5,672	5	8	65	62	127	5,807	55,176
19	69	88	6	2	8	43	2	226	147	3,017	5,634	1	1	65	62	127	5,762	55,565
18	72	90	7	1	8	41	2	226	148	3,136	5,835	–	–	64	62	126	5,961	56,604
18	65	83	8	1	9	44	4	229	150	3,146	5,918	1	3	65	62	127	6,048	57,374
13	59	72	7	2	9	44	4	230	152	3,229	6,134	–	–	67	69	136	6,270	57,931
13	64	77	7	2	9	40	8	229	151	3,269	6,153	2	2	67	68	135	6,290	58,313
14	71	85	6	4	10	36	3	231	151	3,350	6,363	5	5	69	71	140	6,508	60,215
12	72	84	7	5	12	42	3	232	148	3,399	6,468	2	6	73	74	147	6,621	61,313
19	67	86	5	6	11	50	15	231	149	3,449	6,624	5	10	74	75	149	6,783	62,436
17	70	87	5	5	10	99	15	231	147	3,462	6,651	4	4	75	76	151	6,806	63,626
17	73	90	4	6	10	110	15	230	148	3,522	6,775	1	5	75	73	148	6,928	65,157
20	71	91	5	4	9	74	14	230	148	3,625	6,961	1	1	74	77	151	7,113	66,324
20	74	94	3	6	9	93	14	230	148	3,759	7,189	2	3	72	78	150	7,342	66,628
17	65	82	4	7	11	101	14	230	148	3,740	7,255	3	9	75	77	152	7,416	66,257
18	64	82	3	7	10	127	14	229	146	3,940	7,600	1	1	74	77	151	7,752	68,135
24	71	95	2	8	10	114	14	227	145	4,040	7,818	–	–	74	76	150	7,968	70,312
27	81	108	2	8	10	123	14	227	145	4,156	8,085	1	6	75	77	152	8,243	71,686
29	90	119	4	8	12	110	15	229	145	4,373	8,598	4	4	74	79	153	8,755	72,887
25	93	118	4	10	14	94	14	231	144	4,804	9,272	5	5	75	81	156	9,433	73,717
23	90	113	4	10	14	87	15	230	145	5,025	9,761	2	2	76	82	158	9,921	74,618
19	98	117	7	10	17	80	14	230	146	5,206	10,133	6	20	74	81	155	10,308	75,862
11	106	117	5	12	17	83	15	230	144	5,243	10,266	5	16	73	79	152	10,434	76,138

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2. The figures in the preceding table indicate, as usual, the fluctuations in the degree of distress prevailing among the indigent classes in Ireland at different parts of the period embraced. A comparison of the summaries from February to September in the last year, with the same in the three preceding years shows a progressive increase; the year ended 29th September, 1863, being the third of a series of years marked by unfavourable seasons, each of which accordingly exceeded its predecessor in the amount of pauperism, sickness, and relief expenditure. Thus while the maximum daily number of workhouse inmates in the series 1859–60 was only 46,545, the maximum numbers in the three succeeding series were 52,103, 61,791, and 66,976 respectively; and while the minimum number in 1859–60 was 33,796, the minimum numbers of the three following series were 36,107, 39,580, and 45,201 respectively.

3. In the figures relating to the out-door relief a corresponding progressive increase will be found; but as already remarked in paragraphs 13 and 14 of our Annual Report, 1862, the fluctuations in this branch of relief in Ireland are not so certain an indication of the condition of the indigent classes as those which occur in the statistics relating to relief in the workhouse. This arises from the fact that out-door relief has not for several years past been afforded to much extent in Ireland, a large majority of the Boards of Guardians having given relief in the workhouse only. The question, however, as to which of the two forms of relief is the more expedient in certain cases is not unfrequently under discussion, and the occasional changes of opinion adopted on this question increase or diminish the aggregate returns of out-door poor to some extent independently of the influence of the seasons. The accidental circumstance also of the workhouse accommodation falling short in one or two large and populous Unions has sometimes had the effect of largely increasing the small aggregate return of out-door poor for the whole country, without indicating anything more than some local cause of distress or partial epidemic sickness. On the other hand the aggregate return is often sensibly diminished by a sudden decrease in one or two Unions which have been affording out-door relief on a larger scale. For example, the irregularities observable in the out-door relief diagrams, hereafter mentioned, as occurring in the beginning of the years 1861, 1862, and 1863, are due—the first to a sudden decrease of 780 in the Drogheda and Ardee Unions; the second to an addition of 404 in Skibbereen Union for one week; and the third to a decrease, on 4th April, of 1,011 in Ardee and Navan Unions, and of 411 in Kilkenny Union, on 2nd May, 1863.*

4. The number of recipients of out-door relief, though fluctuating somewhat with the seasons, is now likely to increase year after

* The sudden fluctuations of this nature sometimes occurring in the in-door relief diagram, will be found generally in the weeks which include Christmas Day and Easter Sunday; at which seasons many of the inmates go out to see their friends, and soon after return.

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year, while on the other hand the returns of workhouse inmates, showing, as they do, a greater degree of fluctuation in the course of the year will, to judge by experience, be less or more in each succeeding year according to the favourable or unfavourable character of the preceding harvest. Thus, for example, it will be found in the latest week given for 1864, there is a decrease in the number of workhouse inmates of 1,131 as compared with corresponding week of 1863, in consequence of a better season supervening on three successive bad seasons; at the same time the number of out-door poor exceeds by 1,469 the number at the same period last year, in consequence of the greater tendency of the Guardians of Unions to adopt, to some extent, out-door relief.*

5. This comparison has appeared to us of so much importance that we have caused the annexed diagrams† to be made, representing the fluctuations of in-door and out-door relief respectively during the last five years. With the aid of these diagrams the different degree of elasticity in the two systems will be easily measured by the eye, and the fact made apparent that while both rise and fall with the season of the year, the one does so in a much more marked degree than the other; and secondly, that while the in-door relief is diminished or increased in each succeeding year according to its favourable or unfavourable character, the out-door relief shows at present no tendency to decline, notwithstanding the superiority of the present year over the three preceding ones. Our object in dwelling on this circumstance is, to show that the Workhouse Returns are those which must be looked to as indicating most correctly at any time the comparative condition of the indigent classes in Ireland.

6. The accumulation caused in the workhouses through the three years ending 29th September, 1863, will require some time to disperse, probably not less than three favourable years, in order to bring it back to the level of 1859–60. The success of the last potato crop, and the low price of breadstuffs, have already told most favourably on the number of inmates, even during the season when pauperism is invariably progressive, and the comparison is now in favour of the present over the preceding year; so that we are enabled to foresee with certainty that the twelve months ending 29th September, 1864, will be a year of lower expenditure and less extensive pauperism than the year which ended 29th September, 1863. It must be borne in mind too that this improvement is occurring notwithstanding the matured operation of the Hospital sections of the Amendment Act of 1861, and notwithstanding the considerable numbers of removals of pauper families which are taking place from England and Scotland.

7. The operation of the Hospital sections above referred to

* On the 26th March the decrease of in-door poor, in comparison with the previous year was 1,952; the increase of out-door 1,780.

† See diagrams following page 18.

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takes effect in regard to the non-paying classes on the columns which indicate the numbers admitted into Hospital during the year, and will more particularly be pointed out in a subsequent paragraph.*

The columns which relate to the paying classes show in the last line of the present Table, 117 daily in Hospital, in comparison with 86 at the corresponding date last year; and seventeen Constabulary cases, in comparison with only five last year. On the whole it may be stated that the legalization of the practice of admitting poor persons into hospital in cases of accident or serious sickness, not dangerous and contagious, has not, so far, had any very large effect on the number treated, and has not produced any general necessity for increase of accommodation, such as was anticipated by some who opposed that measure when passing through Parliament.

8. We have recently obtained returns to show what number of Irish-born persons have been removed to Ireland from England and Scotland since the close of the last Session of Parliament, when an Act was passed to amend the law of removal from England to Ireland.

The principal amendments in that Act (26 and 27 Vict., cap. 89) are contained in the second, third, fourth and fifth sections, and were intended to provide for the continuous safe custody of the person removed until delivered by the person in charge of him at the Workhouse of the Union in Ireland to which he had been directed by warrant to be removed; and, in the next place, to secure by penalty a strict observance of the section prohibiting females and children under fourteen to be removed as deck passengers in the interval between the 1st October and the 31st March. In the few months which have elapsed since the Act was passed, the provisions above mentioned appear to have been less carefully attended to by the Guardians of English Metropolitan Parishes and Unions than by the removing authorities in other parts of England. We place in the Appendix a series of correspondence which will serve to throw further light on the subject.

9. Considering the long continuance of the distress in Lancashire, the rare occurrence of removals from that county into Ireland is remarkable, and cannot be owing altogether to the operation of the change as to the term and area of the residence which constitutes irremovability, but rather to the liberality of the relief afforded from private as well as public sources.

10. The number of persons who become chargeable and appear likely to remain so in the Irish Workhouses after removal from England and Scotland is not a large proportion of the number actually removed, so far as may be judged from returns recently supplied to us from the Workhouses to which they were removed. Thus, we find that of 222 persons removed from England between the 1st September and the present time,

* Paragraph 17, Table III., page 10.

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100 only remain chargeable in the Unions to which they were removed; and of 116 persons removed from Scotland in the same period, 32 were so chargeable. There were, during the same period, 156 persons placed under orders in England who had not arrived at their destination; and 70 under orders from Scotland who had uot so arrived.

11. When it is considered that the Irish poor rates are still suffering from the effects of three successive bad seasons, and that the burthen still rests upon Ireland of maintaining Irish-born subjects removed iu a destitute state from Great Britain, without any reciprocal right of removing to Great Britain British-born subjects falling destitute in Ireland, it is satisfactory to find that in the first beginning of what we trust may prove to be a series of favourable seasons, so decided a relief has been obtained in the pressure of pauperism and in the burthen of relief expenditure, as we confidently expect will be found to have occurred at the termination of the present financial year.

12. The tide of emigration from Ireland to America, which has set in with increased force during the last twelve months, we believe to have little effect one way or the other on the expenditure of the poor rates in Ireland, beyond the increased amount which the Guardians of Unions may expend in assisting the emigration of such poor persons wishing to emigrate as might otherwise remain, or become chargeable on the rates. By a comparison of the sums contained in the instruments authorizing such expenditure we find that in the twelve months ending 25th March, 1864, the expenditure (viz., £4,770 4*s.* 5*d.*) exceeded that of the preceding twelve months (viz., £2,541 3*s.* 8*d.*,) by £2,229 0*s.* 9*d.*

The parties emigrating at their own expense are of such a class that if they remained in Ireland they would not be likely to become chargeable, and their departure tberefore is no relief to the Unions in that respect. It is possible, on the other hand, tbat some increase to the rates may occur by reason of the emigrant, in a few cases, leaving dependents or relations behind him, who may by his departure be rendered destitute either for a time or permanently; but it is difficult to ascertain the extent to which this may be occurriug throughout the country.

13. It will be seen from the last of the series of weekly summaries in paragraph 1, that there were on the 20th of February, 98 persons under treatment at the expense of the poor-rates in fever and other hospitals, not connected with the workhouse; 230 blind in blind asylums; and 144 deaf and dumb in deaf and dumb asylums. The number of "orphans" and "deserted children" out at nurse at the same date was 152.

14. The number of lunatics, idiots, and epileptics in the workhouses of Ireland, on 31st December last, according to a return obtained by us for the Inspectors of Lunatics, was 2,455; consisting

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of 300 requiring curative treatment; 900 incurable, but requiring medical care and attendance; and 1,255 incurable, but harmless. This number shows an increase in all classes compared with previous returns. When the lunatic asylums now in course of construction are complete, it is hoped the workhouses may be relieved to some extent from a class of inmates for which they are not suited.

We may state in connexion with this subject, that our attention has lately been drawn to institutions established elsewhere, though not yet in Ireland, for the purpose of imparting instruction and alleviative treatment to persons afflicted more or less with idiocy, and it has been proposed to establish one or more institutions in Ireland for similar purposes. Should at any time such institutions be established here, either from private or public funds, we should be disposed to recommend a power to be given to Boards of Guardians to send to them persons capable of receiving improvement there, analogous to the power now possessed of sending blind and deaf and dumb to blind and deaf and dumb asylums respectively.

15. We now submit the statistics relating to the collection of the poor-rate, the poor law relief expenditure, and the number relieved, in-door and out-door, for the year ended 29th September, 1863, in comparison with the same for the preceding year:—

Year ended 29th September.	Poor Rate Lodged.	Poor Law Expenditure during the Year.						Number Relieved			
		In-Maintenance and Clothing.	Out Relief.	Cost of Relief in Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums and Extern Hospitals.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	All other Expenses.	Total.	In Workhouse.	Out-door.	In Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£				
1862,	686,715	373,216	14,750	*	95,502	95,321	578,789	267,807	23,342	400†	291,549
1863,	723,843	380,737	18,372	4,829	96,222	105,821	605,981	288,285	28,911	428	317,624
Increase,	37,128	7,521	3,622	4,829	720	10,500	27,192	20,478	5,569	28	26,075

* Not distinguished. † Estimated.

Hence it will be seen that the expectation expressed in the 13th paragraph of last Report, that an increase of numbers relieved, and a small increase of expenditure would take place in comparison with those of the previous year, has been realized but not exceeded.

16. Notwithstanding the degree of distress indicated by the relief returns for the past year, the alleged cases of death from want have been fewer than in former years.

A great facility is now universally afforded to all classes of poor persons in Ireland, not excepting even the holders of land, to obtain admission into the workhouse infirmaries or hospitals for medical treatment in sickness of any description; and we believe that this state of the law, liberally and carefully administered, is the best safeguard which could be furnished against the occurrence

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of casualties like those referred to. It is satisfactory, at the same time, to observe that much more than half of the out-door relief afforded in the year ended 29th September, 1863, is found from the returns to have been afforded to the families of male or female adults disabled from labour by sickness or accident.

17. The following series of returns are in continuation of similar ones given in our last Annual Report.

I.—Statement of the result of the Weekly Summaries, showing the average daily number of recipients of relief for each of the twelve years ending 29th September, 1863.

In-Door Relief.

Average Daily Number in receipt of Relief during the Year, Average Number of Deaths per Week and Rate of Mortality.

Year ended 29th Sept.	Able-bodied.			Healthy Children under 16.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total No. in Workhouse.	Deaths in Week.	
	Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		Average Number during week.	Average weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000 Inmates.
1852, .	14,918	37,333	52,251	75,961	3,918	22,588	26,506	4,488	7,615	12,103	166,821	451	2·7
1853, .	10,569	26,951	37,520	57,754	2,926	20,410	23,336	3,904	6,887	10,791	129,401	585	3·0
1854, .	7,114	18,325	25,439	39,894	2,167	18,859	21,026	3,182	5,649	8,831	95,190	304	3·2
1855, .	5,048	14,086	19,134	31,843	2,063	18,214	20,277	2,863	5,094	7,957	79,211	287	3·5
1856, .	3,576	10,688	14,264	23,869	1,518	16,479	17,997	2,460	4,645	7,105	63,235	205	3·2
1857, .	2,807	7,765	10,572	17,292	1,264	15,176	16,440	2,224	4,137	6,361	50,665	178	3·5
1858, .	2,312	7,121	9,433	14,266	1,108	14,839	15,947	2,129	4,015	6,144	45,790	180	3·9
1859, .	1,865	5,899	7,764	11,511	974	13,802	14,776	2,241	4,088	6,329	40,380	154	3·8
1860, .	1,867	6,060	7,927	11,216	994	13,604	14,598	2,775	4,755	7,530	41,271	184	4·5
1861, .	2,202	6,890	9,092	12,307	1,032	14,345	15,377	3,139	5,221	8,360	45,136	202	4·5
1862, .	3,039	8,310	11,319	14,917	1,262	16,133	17,395	3,956	6,051	10,007	53,668	244	4·5
1863, .	3,107	8,229	11,336	15,593	1,524	16,079	17,603	4,438	6,280	10,718	55,250	250	4·5

II.—Statement of the Annual Collection and Expenditure of Poor Rates for twelve years, ended on the 29th September, 1863; showing the Net Annual Value of Property Rated, the Amount of Poor Rate Collected, and the Expenditure under the Poor Relief and Medical Charities Acts, &c., for each Year ended 29th September, from 1852 to 1863 inclusive.

Year ended 29th Sept.	Net Annual Value of Property Rated.	Amount of Poor Rate Collected.	Expenditure for Relief of the Poor.					Expenses under Medical Charities Acts.	Total of Poor Relief and Medical Charities.	Repayments under Annuities Acts.*	Expenses under Burial Grounds Acts, paid out of the Poor Rates.	Total Expenditure.
			In-Maintenance.	Out door Relief.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Other Expenses.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.					
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1852,	11,172,586	1,109,630	517,445	4,917	133,752	227,153	883,267	54,289	937,556	162,122	-	1,099,678
1853,	11,308,015	1,009,493	446,030	4,920	139,304	195,464	785,718	88,440	874,158	179,829	-	1,053,987
1854,	11,463,595	925,154	463,858	3,715	127,417	165,162	760,152	89,707	849,859	71,525	-	921,384
1855,	11,565,466	835,894	432,842	4,702	119,833	127,882	685,259	89,388	774,647	14,226	-	788,873
1856,	11,709,934	723,204	358,943	2,245	112,203	102,999	576,390	90,236	666,626	4,440	-	671,066
1857,	11,877,088	585,583	292,685	2,412	102,745	101,047	498,889	90,460	589,349	1,416	-	590,765
1858,	12,091,564	525,595	266,070	3,135	97,566	90,407	457,178	92,725	549,903	340	-	550,243
1859,	12,213,620	523,065	234,202	3,239	93,905	82,366	413,712	99,336	513,048	566	-	513,614
1860,	12,280,029	509,380	272,682	5,514	92,844	83,491	454,531	104,247	558,778	57	-	558,835
1861,	12,442,510	581,548	327,970	9,675	94,443	84,681	516,769	104,681	621,450	24	-	621,474
1862,	12,567,495	686,715	373,216	14,750	95,502	95,321	578,789	106,858	685,647	12	117	685,776
1863,	12,623,539	723,843	380,737	18,372	96,222	110,650	605,981	109,206	715,187	25	1,311	716,523

* All sums due from Unions in Ireland under the Consolidated Annuities Act had been levied and paid over before the close of the year 1863; there will be no further sums therefore to enter under this head in future years.

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III.—The following is a tabularized account of admissions to the Workhouse during the last year, in comparison with those of the five preceding years.

Year ended 29th September.	Number of Paupers in Workhouse at the commencement of the Year.	Number of Persons admitted during the Year.						Number of Births in the Workhouse during the Year.	Total number of Persons relieved in the Workhouse during the Year.	Number of Deaths in the Workhouse during the Year.
		Number admitted in Sickness.				Number admitted who were not Sick.	Total number admitted during the Year.			
		Suffering from Fever or other contagious Disease.	Suffering under other Diseases.	Suffering from accidental Injury.	Total number admitted in Sickness.					
1858,	39,838	11,104	33,880	2,531	47,515	87,398	134,913	2,454	177,205	9,395
1859,	36,836	9,553	32,600	2,107	44,260	70,334	114,594	2,276	153,706	8,022
1860,	35,206	9,107	36,456	2,025	47,588	85,312	132,900	2,443	170,549	9,677
1861,	36,294	9,268	38,378	2,217	49,863	114,830	164,693	2,435	203,422	10,550
1862,	41,295	11,183	44,855	2,226	58,264	165,433	223,697	2,815	267,807	12,740
1863,	45,181	14,469	44,957	2,431	61,857	178,270	240,127	2,977	288,285	13,396

The following classification of the causes of death taken from the Workhouse Returns, shows little difference in the proportions assigned to different causes from those appearing in former Reports.

CLASSIFICATION of Causes of Death in Workhouses, from February 15, 1863, to February 13, 1864.

Causes of Death.	In the four Weeks ended													
	14th March.	11th April.	9th May.	6th June.	4th July.	1st Aug.	29th Aug.	26th Sept.	24th Oct.	21st Nov.	19th Dec.	16th Jan.	13th Feb.	Total.
Age,	306	283	238	186	169	130	102	121	122	154	143	247	221	2,422
Apoplexy,	8	5	5	4	5	3	6	9	4	9	4	6	6	74
Asthma,	19	17	13	7	10	11	5	8	7	7	14	25	22	165
Atrophy,	101	58	74	82	67	53	52	40	42	35	53	74	84	815
Brain Disease,	29	39	35	32	32	29	16	28	15	16	16	38	30	355
Cancer,	17	12	17	23	13	17	11	14	14	24	15	19	27	223
Childbirth,	–	2	8	4	2	3	–	1	4	3	1	1	3	32
Cholera,	1	–	1	1	2	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	2	9
Consumption,	120	121	97	108	108	105	94	72	54	79	71	90	94	1,213
Convulsions,	20	36	30	30	30	30	32	8	16	20	29	30	36	347
Croup,	5	8	4	9	3	2	1	1	1	5	5	2	3	49
Diarrhœa,	68	68	55	43	40	46	35	34	17	28	21	38	35	528
Dropsy,	59	45	44	60	52	32	39	35	31	32	44	32	40	545
Dysentery,	36	49	33	33	22	17	27	21	21	16	12	27	28	342
Dyspepsia,	4	3	2	–	6	2	5	3	2	2	5	4	1	39
Epilepsy,	10	6	5	10	2	7	4	6	2	4	4	4	11	75
Fever,	79	107	129	116	101	95	66	71	66	78	74	77	83	1,142
Gangrene,	7	3	6	3	4	4	3	1	1	5	1	3	8	49
Heart Disease,	25	35	33	28	19	16	27	14	24	13	14	35	28	306
Hooping Cough,	14	23	26	12	14	4	17	9	11	11	4	14	21	180
Inflammation or other diseases of: Bowels,	6	11	11	10	13	13	7	8	11	4	7	5	17	123
Inflammation or other diseases of: Kidneys,	3	6	2	5	2	2	2	2	2	–	3	3	5	37
Inflammation or other diseases of: Liver,	10	11	12	9	8	12	11	16	18	12	7	6	11	143
Inflammation or other diseases of: Lungs,	244	195	153	133	124	83	83	81	92	86	113	163	225	1,775
Measles,	20	16	10	30	16	7	5	1	–	6	10	6	9	136
Paralysis,	47	23	41	23	38	27	28	27	21	21	27	34	45	402
Pleurisy,	7	4	1	–	2	3	–	2	1	1	1	1	1	24
Rheumatism,	4	7	4	11	9	7	–	2	1	6	4	6	5	66
Scarlatina,	13	9	5	3	7	3	2	1	4	1	2	6	6	62
Scrofula,	24	37	24	39	30	22	17	20	19	21	23	14	21	311
Small-Pox,	2	7	4	9	8	4	8	11	9	9	7	14	20	112
Ulcer,	8	8	3	5	4	4	3	2	4	3	4	6	6	60
Other Diseases,	107	105	118	66	71	53	58	47	65	85	79	78	58	990
Total,	1,423	1,359	1,243	1,129	1,033	846	767	717	701	796	817	1,108	1,212	13,151

The comparative number of deaths in workhouses for ten years past is shown in the succeeding Table, and shows an increase in the last year of 144 in comparison with the previous year, as might

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be expected from the increased number of persons admitted in sickness, and the increased average daily number throughout the year.

TABLE showing the total number of Deaths in Workhouses in each of the Ten Years, 1854 to 1863, both inclusive, arranged in periods of four weeks, each year commencing with the month of January and ending with that of December.

Year.	Periods of Four Weeks.													Total.
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9	10.	11.	12.	13.	
1854,	1,488	1,571	1,663	1,657	1,481	1,301	1,048	994	862	769	802	944	1,023	15,603
1855,	1,351	2,114	1,631	1,546	1,314	1,125	928	806	708	616	636	665	876	14,316
1856,	931	1,142	1,147	1,038	914	853	717	628	570	472	513	577	691	10,243
1857,	734	914	891	981	856	736	690	581	511	523	532	638	724	9,341
1858,	784	896	1,116	972	836	717	607	513	542	434	471	629	548	9,115
1859,	678	740	712	696	789	629	535	563	516	495	484	567	784	8,188
1860,	823	920	1,039	962	959	750	658	620	537	537	557	672	803	9,837
1861,	1,161	1,016	964	1,048	949	884	727	621	562	553	550	750	834	10,619
1862,	1,095	1,233	1,448	1,311	1,352	1,048	889	819	744	620	602	854	1,020	13,035
1863,	1,004	1,344	1,423	1,359	1,243	1,129	1,033	846	767	717	701	796	817	13,179
Total,	10,099	11,890	12,034	11,570	10,743	9,172	7,832	6,991	6,349	5,736	5,848	7,092	8,120	113,476

18. We place in the Appendix a copy of a Manual prepared under our authority, for the purpose of enabling the Guardians of Unions to deal more readily with the questions of chargeability on electoral divisions which often come before them in the execution of their duty.* The appeal against the decisions of the Board of Guardians in these cases is subject to our assent; and although we have never refused such assent when pressed for by the parties competent to appeal, no such appeal has ever gone to trial in the course of the twenty years during which this part of the Poor Law has been in operation. The Guardians of Unions, being desirous to avoid the expense of litigation, have taken advantage of the condition attached, as above mentioned, to the privilege of appeal, to apply to the Central Office for advice in all doubtful and difficult cases, and thus a very unsatisfactory description of poor-rate expenditure has, so far, been avoided. The present publication gives at one view all the provisions bearing on the chargeability of electoral divisions, which are scattered through the original Irish Poor Law Act, and the Amendment Acts; and is followed by a selection from the precedents accumulated since the passing of the Act 6 and 7 Vic., cap. 92, which gives the right of appeal.

In another part of the Appendix will be found, with other circulars, one which we addressed to the Guardians of all Unions, explaining the exact state of the law of relief, under the 1st section of 10 Vic., cap. 31, and the 2nd and 3rd sections of 25 and 26 Vic., cap. 83, the recent Amendment Act.† There is a circular also relating to a case of death in Naas Union, in which a Relieving Officer was dismissed by us for gross neglect of duty.‡

* Appendix A. IV., page 70.
† Appendix A. I., No. 5, page 21.
‡ Appendix A. I., No. 6, page 23.

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PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT.

We now proceed to submit to your Excellency the Report of our proceedings, under the 14th and 15th Vic., cap. 68, the Medical Charities Act, and the Vaccination Extension Acts of 1858 and 1863.

19. The following Table exhibits a summary of the relief

SUMMARY of the NUMBER of CASES of MEDICAL

PERIOD.	PROVINCE OF ULSTER.			PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.		
	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.
Year ended 30th Sept., 1854,	121,328	40,079	161,407	173,443	36,119	209,562
Year ended 30th Sept., 1855,	131,603	43,154	174,757	178,787	38,077	216,864
Year ended 30th Sept., 1856,	128,004	42,083	170,087	190,274	40,807	231,081
Year ended 30th Sept., 1857,	125,892	42,468	168,360	190,154	45,171	235,325
Year ended 30th Sept., 1858,	135,110	45,105	180,215	188,080	42,244	230,324
Year ended 30th Sept., 1859,	129,227	44,698	173,925	197,861	47,840	245,701
Year ended 30th Sept., 1860,	127,775	48,066	175,841	189,374	48,816	238,190
Year ended 30th Sept., 1861,	133,523	48,975	182,498	203,163	48,205	251,368
Year ended 30th Sept., 1862,	141,679	50,611	192,290	220,009	53,248	273,257
Year ended 30th Sept., 1863,	150,110	55,201	205,311	236,334	56,848	293,182

It appears from this Table that there has been an increase, in some cases considerable, for the last of these years compared with the preceding year, in the number of patients treated, both of those prescribed for at the Dispensaries, and of those visited at their homes in each of the four provinces of Ireland. The comparison of these two years shows an increase in the four provinces for the latter year of 37,231 Dispensary cases, and of 13,206 domiciliary cases—giving a total increase of 50,437 cases. Again, comparing the year ended September 30th, 1853, the first during the whole of which the Medical Charities Act was in full operation, with the last year in the above Table, we find the number of cases prescribed for at the Dispensaries greater for the latter than the former year by 140,654; and the number of cases attended at the patients' homes greater for the latter than the former year by 59,551—giving a total increase of 200,205 cases.

20. The detail of the Medical Relief afforded during the last year in each Dispensary District in Ireland, giving the numbers of cases attended in each, at the Dispensaries and at the patients' homes respectively, will be found in the Appendix.

21. The next Table exhibits the Annual Expenditure for the last ten years under the Medical Charities Act for each province, and for all Ireland. The expenditure for the five last of these

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afforded by the Dispensaries under the Medical Charities Act for each of the last ten years, in each province, and in the whole of Ireland; distinguishing the cases prescribed for at the Dispensaries from those of a more serious nature requiring attendance at the patients' homes:—

RELIEF afforded under the Medical Charities Act.

Province of Leinster.			Province of Connaught.			Total for Ireland.		
Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.
194,426	49,363	243,789	68,128	12,139	80,267	557,325	137,700	695,025
202,255	54,622	256,877	70,902	13,163	84,065	583,547	149,016	732,563
203,868	51,604	255,472	72,527	12,070	84,597	594,673	146,564	741,237
210,178	53,134	263,312	73,798	13,848	87,646	600,022	154,621	754,643
204,473	52,400	256,873	74,086	14,080	88,166	601,749	153,829	755,578
211,525	53,154	264,679	77,518	14,568	92,086	616,131	160,260	776,391
199,797	54,190	253,987	79,379	14,236	93,615	596,325	165,308	761,633
211,540	56,008	267,548	79,096	14,259	93,355	627,322	167,447	794,769
217,078	58,363	275,441	81,690	17,501	99,191	660,456	179,723	840,179
225,725	63,159	288,884	85,518	17,721	103,239	697,687	192,929	890,616

years includes, besides, the expense incurred in carrying out the Vaccination of the poor at the Dispensaries and Vaccination Stations, under the Act for the further promotion of Vaccination of 1858, accounting for the considerable increase of expenditure observable in the Table for the year 1859 compared with 1858.

MEDICAL CHARITIES EXPENDITURE, Years ended 29th September.

Year.	Ulster.	Munster.	Leinster.	Connaught.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£
1854, .	24,366	25,229	28,761	11,351	89,707
1855, .	24,675	24,663	28,841	11,209	89,388
1856, .	24,600	25,475	28,422	11,739	90,236
1857, .	24,873	25,826	28,191	11,570	90,460
1858, .	25,522	26,583	28,373	12,247	92,725
1859, .	26,757	29,060	30,211	13,308	99,336
1860, .	28,543	30,517	31,126	14,061	104,247
1861, .	28,206	31,136	31,619	13,719	104,681
1862, .	28,929	31,991	31,748	14,190	106,858
1863, .	29,676	32,269	32,663	14,598	109,206

This Table shows an increased expenditure under the two Acts for the last year, compared with the preceding year. of £2,348. There is an increase for each province, but above two-thirds of it have fallen upon Leinster and Ulster.

22. The following Table gives the Total Expenditure for the year ended September 29th, 1863, digested under six heads, distinguishing that incurred under the Medical Charities Act from that under the Vaccination Extension Act, 1858.

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Expenses under the Medical Charities Act, year ended 29th September, 1863:—

1. Medicines and Medical appliances,			£20,552
2. Rent of Dispensary buildings,			7,139
3. Books, forms, stationery, printing, and advertising,			1,247
4. Salaries of Medical Officers,			67,841
4. Salaries of Apothecaries,			2,161
5. Fuel, porters, and incidental expenses,			5,555
Expenses under Vaccination Act:—			
6. Vaccination fees and other expenses:—			
Fees to Medical Officers,	£4,050		4,711
Other expenses,	661		
			£109,206

The increased expenditure of the last year appears under each of the above heads except the third and fourth, comprising books, forms, stationery, printing, and advertising, and the salaries of Apothecaries; in each of which there has been a slight decrease. The increased expenditure under the remaining heads is not considerable, except the medicines and medical and surgical appliances, and the salaries of Medical Officers. The largest item of increase, that for medicines, &c.—viz., £842—is fully accounted for by the increase in the number of patients treated during the year.

The expenditure incurred for the maintenance of the Dispensary in each Dispensary District, during the last year, is given, under the above heads, in the Appendix.*

23. The average poundage on the valuation of Ireland to provide for the total expenditure was 2·08*d.*, which is slightly above that of the previous year, which was 2·04*d.* in the pound.

24. During the year 1863 the following alterations were effected in the Dispensary Districts, or in the arrangements for conducting the Dispensary medical relief:—

In the Castlederg Union we acceded to the request of the Guardians to revert to the original arrangement of the Dispensary Districts of the Union, by uniting the recently formed Castlederg District with the Killeter District, so as to reconstitute the original Castlederg and Killeter District. In the original District, the four western Electoral Divisions formed an extensive portion of the District remote from the town of Castlederg, where the Medical Officer resided, and the principal motive to form from them the Killeter Dispensary District was, to secure for the sick poor residing within them the services of a resident Medical Officer. In restoring the original District, the Medical Officer of the late Killeter District has been retained, so that the change has been attended with no detriment to the sick poor, while the rate to provide for the support of the Dispensary has been lightened on this part of the District, in which it had been, owing to the very low valuation of the four western Electoral Divisions, disproportionately high, so long as they constituted a separate Dispensary District.

In the course of last year new appointments of midwives have been made in the Kilmackevoge, Portaferry, Coal Island, and

* Appendix D, No. 2, page 180.

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Glenarm Dispensary Districts. There are now sixty-four Dispensary Districts in which appointments have been made of midwives, many of whom have received instruction in midwifery in lying-in hospitals, and all of whom have been approved of by the Medical Officers of their Districts. We have assigned, in the 35th paragraph of the Annual Report for 1862, what we consider very strong reasons for looking with favour on these appointments, which are certain, by superseding the ignorant midwife of the peasantry by instructed women, often materially to mitigate the sufferings, and not unfrequently to preserve the lives of mothers and children in childbirth.

The numbers of members of Committees of Management have been increased during the past year in fifteen Dispensary Districts, for the purpose of affording increased facilities to the sick poor for procuring Dispensary relief tickets.

In the Aughnacloy Dispensary District, Clogher Union, the appointment of a second Medical Officer was sanctioned.

25. In 1862, in consequence of having repeatedly received complaints from Boards of Guardians of exorbitant charges by druggists, when medicines not contained in the contract-lists were applied for in the requisitions of Medical Officers, we issued a list, to be used in contracting for the supply of drugs, containing all the medicines which it was at all likely the Medical Officers would at any time require. Since the issue of that list we have received no complaint of this kind.

26. The following table exhibits the numbers of vaccinations performed by the Dispensary Medical Officers, for the first six years in the table, under the Medical Charities Act; and for those since 1858, under this Act and the Act of that year for the further promotion of vaccination.

	Number of Cases of Vaccination.
Year ended September 29th, 1853,	43,332
,, ,, 1854,	52,844
,, ,, 1855,	46,711
,, ,, 1856,	84,131
,, ,, 1857,	47,855
,, ,, 1858,	54,984
,, ,, 1859,	140,411
,, ,, 1860,	107,305
,, ,, 1861,	90,256
,, ,, 1862,	89,863
,, ,, 1863,	106,510

It will be observed, on inspection of this table, that the vaccinations for each year since 1858 afford satisfactory proof of the beneficial operation of the Vaccination Extension Act of that year, the numbers of persons vaccinated being greatly above those of the six preceding years, with the exception of 1856, the number of vaccinations for which was unusually large, owing to small-pox panic, caused by an epidemic visitation of the disease which extended over all Ireland. Under the operation of both Acts, it appears that the annual numbers of vaccinations have been dimin-

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ishing from 1859 to 1862, inclusive. For 1863, we have for the first time an increase—that year, compared with 1862, showing an excess of 16,647 vaccinations.

27. Notwithstanding the very beneficial operation of the Act of 1858, we are not disposed to modify in any manner the opinion we have repeatedly expressed in former Reports in favour of compulsory vaccination, which has been established by the Act of last session of Parliament, and is now in operation. Adopting the assumptions of the 12th paragraph of the Report of 1856, which are probably not very wide of the truth, there were about 193,285 children born in Ireland last year, of whom at least 128,850 should have been vaccinated gratuitously by the Dispensary Medical Officers. The number of persons actually vaccinated by these officers last year falls short of this number by 22,340. Thus the vaccinations of last year do not provide for the vaccination of the children born within the year, not to mention the very large number of persons in the general poor population still unvaccinated. But we have good reason to believe that a large majority of the 106,510 vaccinations of last year, were those of persons aged one year *or* upwards, frequently ten or twelve years, and not unfrequently twenty years or more; while without doubt, of a considerable number of persons never vaccinated, those may be considered fortunate who have not lost their lives by small-pox.

This large number of persons unprotected by vaccination from small-pox, maintained hitherto by an annual contribution of certainly more than 50,000 from the births of the year, is continually exposed to the dangers connected with the frequently recurring epidemic prevalence of small-pox, such as for some weeks last summer raised the mortality from that disease in London to more than eight times its present amount, and the mortality for 1863 to nearly six times that of 1862; and to the danger, which is never absent, of infection from sporadic cases of small-pox continually produced by itinerant inoculators aided by the prejudices, which it is the interest of the inoculators to maintain, of the peasantry in favour of small-pox inoculation in preference to vaccination. The complete success of the Act for compulsory vaccination would cut off the supply of subjects liable to these dangers, and be in consequence productive of great public benefit. If we cannot expect this measure of success, we at least entertain sanguine hopes, that with the earnest co-operation of the Boards of Guardians, the Dispensary Committees of Management, and the Dispensary Medical Officers, the operation of this Act will in a few years greatly diminish amongst the poor of Ireland the number of cases of pure or unmodified small-pox, a disease of great virulence, which has been till now producing every year many cases of blindness, many of constitutions debilitated and unfitted for active labour by the effects of the disease, and many deaths—all preventible.

28. Soon after the passing of the Act 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 52, to further extend and make compulsory the practice of Vaccina-

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tion in Ireland, we issued circulars, with copies of the Act enclosed, to the Boards of Guardians and Dispensary Medical Officers, calling their attention to the provisions of the Act, to the new duties imposed on them by it, and especially to the powers conferred by it on the Guardians to enforce obedience to its provisions.*

29. In anticipation of the increased demand for vaccine lymph which would be created by compulsory Vaccination, and the increased supply necessary for carrying it out, we addressed circulars, in the end of last October, to the Guardians and Dispensary Medical Officers, recommending the Guardians to keep the Medical Officers supplied, at the expense of the rates, with Dr. Husband's capillary tubes, as the best means hitherto proposed for the preservation of vaccine lymph; and pointing out to the Medical Officers the advantages that would accrue from their supplying themselves, in the event of failure of the means of vaccinating from arm to arm, as far as possible, with lymph, selected by themselves, from their own patients. We explained to them the method of charging and hermetically sealing the capillary tubes, and the manner of using them in vaccinating from them; at the same time pointing out the greater satisfaction to themselves, and the greater success in their operations which they might confidently expect from using vaccine lymph, which they were assured, of their own knowledge, was pure, taken from perfect vesicles, and from children in a condition of perfect health, in preference to that procured from the London or Dublin Cow-pock Institutions.† Finally, shortly before the coming into operation of the Compulsory Vaccination Act, we issued, and caused to be extensively posted through the whole country, a placard, shortly and plainly informing the people of the duty imposed by the Act on the parent, or other person having the charge of any child born after the 31st December, 1863, to cause it to be vaccinated within six months after birth, and of the penalty to which such persons would subject themselves by neglect of this duty.

30. In our last Annual Report, in adverting to the sanitary condition of Ireland, we directed attention to the progressive increase in the number of cases of fever recorded by the Dispensary Medical Officers for the three previous years. The numbers for the years ended September 30th, 1860 (in which year the increase commenced), 1861, and 1862, being respectively 10,822, 12,386, and 19,736. We expressed the opinion that the increase in question might be considered as probably the consequence of three successive bad seasons, from which the poor of Ireland generally had suffered much, and in some localities severely. In accordance with this view, the number of Dispensary cases of fever registered for the year ended September 30th, 1863, during nearly the whole of which the bad season of 1862 was producing its unfailing results on the sanitary state of the poor, rose to 23,732. We observe in the same year a considerably increased number of

* Appendix C. II., Nos. 2 & 3, page 167.
† Appendix C. II., No. 5, page 169.

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Dispensary cases of scarlatina—the numbers being 4,819 against 2,630 for the year before. In a certain number of particular localities, one or other of these diseases became, for a short time in the course of the year, so rife as to give rise to apprehension or alarm among the Boards of Guardians. We, however, retain the opinion expressed in our last Report, that the increase of fever which has taken place for some years past may be regarded as the natural consequence of three bad seasons in succession; and there is reason to hope that the disease will decline, in proportion as the present more favourable state of the country tells on the condition of the poor.

DEPARTMENTAL ARRANGEMENTS.

31. One of the Medical Inspectors, Dr. Geary, having retired from the service, in consequence of the state of his health, we appointed, as his successor, Dr. Charles Croker King, late Professor of Anatomy and Physiology in the Queen's College at Galway, to be a Medical Inspector under the Medical Charities Act, and also an Inspector under the Poor Law Acts; and in the latter capacity we have assigned to him the Superintendence of a District of Unions in the West of Ireland.

We have the honour to be,

Your Excellency's obedient faithful Servants,

A. POWER.
ROBERT PEEL.
THOS. A. LARCOM.
J. McDONNELL, M.D.
E. SENIOR.

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DIAGRAM

SHOWING THE FLUCTUATION FROM WEEK TO WEEK IN THE

NUMBER OF WORKHOUSE INMATES IN IRELAND

during the 52 Weeks ended 20th February 1864 and during the corresponding Weeks of the four previous Years

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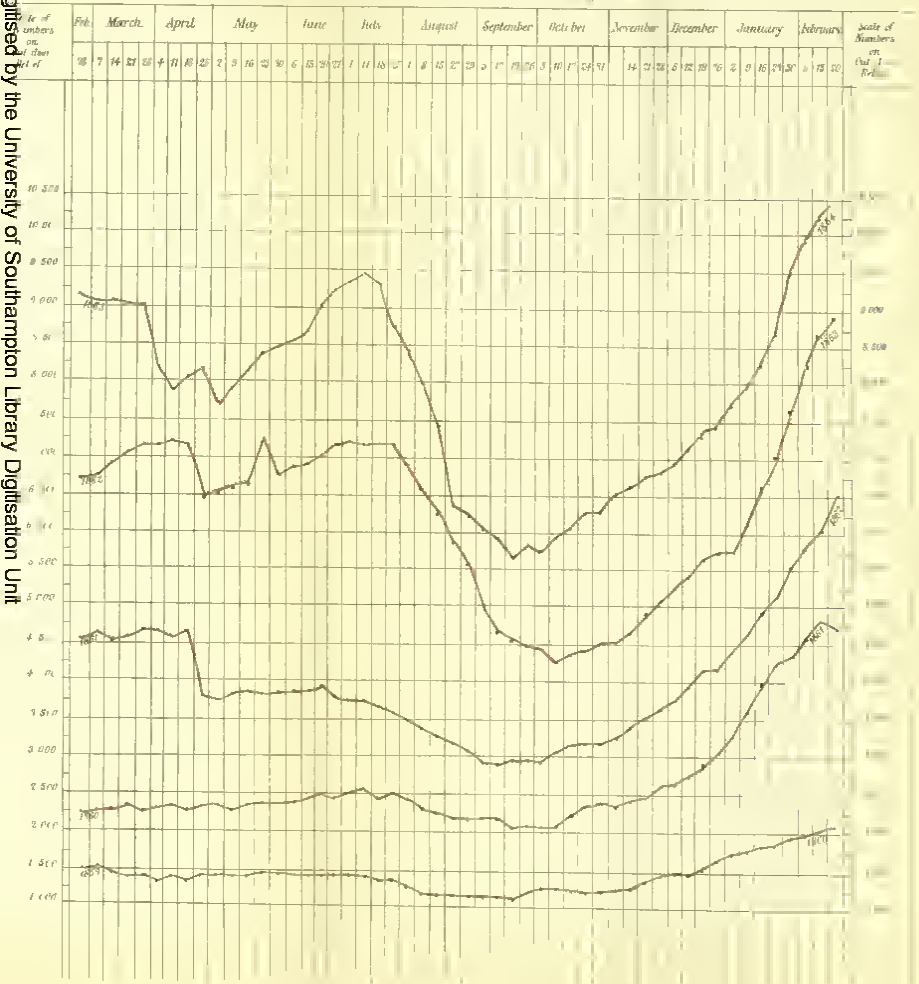
DIAGRAM

SHOWING THE FLUCTUATION FROM WEEK TO WEEK IN THE

NUMBER OF PERSONS IN THE RECEIPT OF OUT DOOR RELIEF IN IRELAND

during the 52 Weeks ended 70th February 1866 and during the corresponding Weeks of the four previous Years

Nº 2



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APPENDIX.

APPENDIX (A).

CIRCULARS OF INSTRUCTIONS AND CORRESPONDENCE UNDER THE POOR LAW ACTS.

I. Circulars.

No. 1.—Annual Revision of Rateable Property.—Valuation Lists.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
April 13, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have received a communication from the Commissioner of Valuation, in which he draws attention to the importance of paying strict attention to the provisions of the 6th sec. of the Valuation Act, 23 Vic., c. 4, in reference to the Valuation Lists and the rates made by Boards of Guardians thereon.

The Commissioners accordingly transmit to you a copy of the section in question; and desire to point out to you that, while the Guardians can, as stated in the Commissioners' Circular Letter, dated the 14th April, 1860,* make any departure in the Rate Book from the particulars contained in the Valuation Lists which may be necessary to make a valid rating in any case, it is necessary, in every such case, to report the alteration which may have been made, whatever its nature may be, whether in the name of the person rated, or in any other respect, to the Commissioner of Valuation.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

Copy of Sec. 6 of the Act 23 Victoria, cap. 4, referred to in the foregoing Circular.

"The lists of Valuation, and of every revision thereof, which the said Commissioner of Valuation is by the said Acts, or either of them, required to make out and transmit to the Guardians of any Union, or to the Town Council of any Borough, or to the Treasurer of any County, shall be in the form specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or in such other form as the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury shall from time to time approve of; and such lists may be wholly or in part in print or writing; and no Alteration shall be made in any such list or lists, or in the name of any Occupier or Lessor named therein, save by the Commissioner of Valuation, or by some person duly authorized by him for that purpose, or by the Order of a Court of General or Quarter Sessions upon appeal, or other Court of competent jurisdiction: provided, that for the purpose of any Poor Rate, the Guardians of any Union may make such departure, not affecting value, from the particulars contained in the said lists, as may be necessary, at the time of making the rate, to enable them to make a valid rating under the laws in force for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in *Ireland*, subject to such appeal as is now by law provided, and any such departure shall be forthwith reported by the Guardians to the Commissioner of Valuation."

* See Fourteenth Annual Report, page 25.

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No. 2.—Registration of Births and Deaths.—Provision of Register Office.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
May 20, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit herewith for the information of the Board of Guardians a copy of the Act for the Registration of Births and Deaths in Ireland (26 Vic., c. 11), which received the royal assent on the 20th ultimo.

The Guardians will no doubt receive, in due course, from the Registrar-General, such instructions as may be necessary with a view to putting the Act into operation; but in the meantime the Commissioners think it right to draw the attention of the Guardians to the fact that they are required by the 20th sec. of the Act to provide a Register Office according to a plan to be approved by the Registrar-General, and that such Register Office may, with the sanction of the Commissioners, and if the Guardians think fit, be made in some part of the existing Workhouse.

The Commissioners request the Guardians will at once take into consideration the question whether it will be desirable to have a Register Office provided in some part of the Workhouse, or whether it will be better to provide one elsewhere.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 3.—Mode of charging Expenses incurred under the Acts for Registering Births, Deaths, and Marriages in Ireland.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
January 15, 1864.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have received several communications containing inquiries as to the mode in which expenses incurred under the Act (26 Vic., c. 11,) for the Registration of Births and Deaths in Ireland, and under the Act (26 and 27 Vic., c. 90,) for the Registration of Marriages in Ireland, should be charged in the Union accounts, and entered in the Abstracts; and the Commissioners desire therefore to state that an account should be opened in the ledger for this purpose, the expenses incurred being entered on the debit side, and the apportionment of the charge to the several Electoral Divisions, according to net annual value, on the credit side, thus balancing the account.

The charge, as apportioned, may be entered in the Abstract (Form 5 B), in the column immediately following that provided for expenses under the Medical Charities Act.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

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No. 4.—Mode of charging Expenses incurred in providing Register Offices, and under the Compulsory Vaccination Act.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
February 8, 1864.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have been informed that, notwithstanding their Circular Letter of the 15th ultimo, doubts are entertained as to what account in the Union Ledger should be debited with the cost incurred in providing Register Offices, under the provisions of the Act 26 Vic., c. 11, and that it is proposed, in some cases, to debit the expenses in question to establishment account. The Commissioners think it right, therefore, to state that they do not think such expenses should be included under the head Establishment, and that it was their intention that the new account, to be opened in accordance with the instructions contained in the Circular above referred to, should comprise all the expenditure incurred under the provisions of the Acts 26 Vic., c. 11, and 26 and 27 Vic., c. 90.

The Commissioners think also that the payments to Registrars, under the 9th sec. of the Compulsory Vaccination Act, for registering Vaccinations, may be debited to the same account, though the payments to the Dispensary Medical Officers for Vaccination should be charged as heretofore.

By order of the Commissioners,
B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 5.—The Law of Relief:—Powers of Boards of Guardians as to In-door and Out-door Relief respectively.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
June 15, 1863.

Sir,

Referring to the Circular Letter of the 14th August last,* accompanying a copy of the Poor Law Amendment Act of last Session, and drawing attention to the various changes made in the law by that Act, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to state that, notwithstanding the explanations then afforded, misapprehension and uncertainty as to the actual state of the law of relief have been shown to exist on the part of individual Guardians, and even, in some instances, on the part of Boards of Guardians.

The Commissioners think it may be useful, therefore, to place before the Guardians of Unions, at one view, the several provisions of the law in this respect, the powers which the Guardians have in relation to in-door and out-door relief, respectively, and the discretion they possess in particular classes of cases.

The only ground on which relief can legally be afforded, either in or out of the Workhouse, except in cases requiring medical treatment in hospital, is *destitution;* and the Guardians are required by the 1st sec. of the 10th Vic., c. 31, to make provision for the due relief (either in or out of the Workhouse, as they shall think fit in each individual case,) of all destitute poor persons of the following classes:—

1. Persons permanently disabled from labour by reason of old age, infirmity, or bodily or mental defect.

2. Persons disabled from labour by reason of severe sickness or serious accident.

* See Sixteenth Annual Report, page 60.

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3. Widows having two or more legitimate children dependent upon them.

The same section requires the Guardians to take order for relieving and setting to work in the Workhouse such other persons, not included in any of the three classes above defined, as they shall deem to be destitute; but by the 10th section of the same Act, called the Quarter-acre Section, it was declared that no person in the occupation of more than the quarter of a statute acre of land should be deemed to be destitute, and that it should not be lawful for any Board of Guardians to grant relief within or out of the Workhouse to any such person.

When the Poor Law Amendment Bill of last session was introduced, a clause was inserted repealing the Quarter-acre Section absolutely, but in the progress of the Bill through Parliament the clause was modified and although the section in question has been repealed by the 2nd section of the 25 and 26 Vic., c. 83, a proviso has been added, to the effect that persons occupying more than a quarter of an acre of land shall not be relieved by the Board of Guardians otherwise than in the Workhouse. The Guardians cannot, therefore, give out-door relief to persons occupying more than a quarter of an acre of land, even though they may fall within one of the three classes above mentioned as those in which out-door relief may be given if the Guardians think fit; but the provisional powers of the Relieving Officers in regard to cases of sudden and urgent necessity are equally applicable in cases of persons holding more than a quarter of an acre of land as in other cases where sudden and urgent necessity occurs.

By the 16th section of the 6 and 7 Vic., c. 92, the Guardians were empowered to provide relief in the Fever Hospital for "poor persons" (as distinguished from destitute poor,) affected with fever, or other dangerous contagious disease, and this power has, by the 3rd section of the recent Act, been extended, so as to enable them to admit into the infirmary of the Workhouse "any poor persons" requiring medical or surgical aid in hospital; and a proviso is added to the effect that it shall not be made a condition of admission to the Workhouse that the person requiring admission shall be accompanied by any member of his or her family.

The effect of the provisions above referred to may be shortly stated as follows:—Out-door relief may be given, if the Guardians think fit, to destitute poor persons permanently disabled from labour; to destitute poor persons disabled from labour by reason of severe sickness or serious accident; and to destitute poor widows having two or more legitimate children dependent upon them; provided such persons do not occupy more than a quarter of a statute acre of land; but in the case of any person, even when comprised in any of the above classes, holding more than a quarter of an acre of land, relief can only be given to the occupier himself in the Workhouse or Workhouse hospitals; but on the admission of such occupier, being destitute and disabled by sickness, to the Workhouse, it is considered that, while he is so receiving relief, the Guardians can, if they see fit, afford out-relief to the family.

The Commissioners have to observe, in conclusion, that it is the province of the Guardians assembled at the meeting to which application for relief may be made, to decide on the mode of relieving the applicant; and no resolution, passed by a previous meeting of the Guardians, which purports to determine the mode in which applicants generally, or in which applicants of any particular class shall be relieved, has any binding effect on the Guardians assembled at any future meeting.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

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No. 6.—Duties of Relieving Officers.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
December 5, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to state, for the information of the Board of Guardians that a case has recently occurred in Naas Union, in which a poor woman died shortly after her admission to the Workhouse, and in which, a Coroner's inquest having been held, the Jury expressed an opinion that the Relieving Officer had been guilty of neglect of duty in not visiting her and affording relief more promptly than he did.

On this coming to the knowledge of the Commissioners, they instructed the Inspector in charge of the Union to institute an inquiry on oath into the circumstances of the case, and the facts elicited at the inquiry are so strongly illustrative of the great importance of a strict attention on the part of the Relieving Officers to their duty, as laid down in the General Regulations, of visiting the cases of all applicants for relief, and of affording immediate relief in cases of urgent necessity, that it has been deemed advisable that the case should be made generally known to Boards of Guardians for the information of their respective Relieving Officers.

The case referred to was that of one of the unfortunate women who frequent the neighbourhood of the Camp on the Curragh of Kildare, residing in what is termed a "Bush," which is described by one of the witnesses as a space among the furze protected at the sides by sods and by bushes, but without any roof. The poor woman, becoming ill, made her case known to one of the caretakers of the Curragh, by whom, after some delay, it was reported to the Police, who promptly reported it to the Relieving Officer. This proceeding, it appears, was, so far, in accordance with a practice which had grown up in the District, by which the women on the Curragh, when in need of relief, were in the habit of applying to one of the caretakers or to the Police, instead of applying direct to the Relieving Officer, the Relieving Officer acting upon the information received from the caretaker or the Constabulary, without making any inquiry himself. The conduct of the Relieving Officer in thus permitting one of the most important parts of his duty to be performed by persons not in any degree responsible under the Poor Law for the performance of those duties, was highly culpable, and in the present case there was the further and still greater culpability of omitting to take any effectual steps by which relief would be afforded until a period of thirty-six hours had elapsed from the time when the case came to his knowledge. According to the medical evidence there was reason to suppose that the poor woman had been suffering from fever, and that her death was caused by prostration of the vital functions from want of necessary care and treatment in her illness, and that it was accelerated by wet and exposure to cold. It is therefore probable, that, although relief was finally afforded, the delay which occurred in affording it may have led to the fatal consequences which ensued, and hence the Commissioners felt it to be their duty to dismiss the Relieving Officer by a Sealed Order.

The Commissioners' Circular Letter of the 29th December, 1858,* in which the Guardians were requested to furnish information to each Constabulary Station, in order to enable the Constabulary to bring promptly under the notice of the proper party any case of destitution of an urgent character which might come under their observation, does not in any way lessen or interfere with the responsibility of the Relieving Officers, the recommendation in that Circular being intended merely to increase the

* Twelfth Annual Report, page 24.

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facility of conveying information possessed by the Police, as to cases of distress, to the persons responsible for affording relief according to the Relief Acts in force and the regulations of the Commissioners.

The Guardians are aware that the General Regulations of the Commissioners, prescribing the duties of Union Officers, are printed and published separately, and may be purchased from the Queen's Printer in Dublin, the supply provided in this Office, to the extent of upwards of 6,000 copies, being nearly exhausted. The Commissioners request that the Guardians will take care that the Clerk of the Union is never without a sufficient stock to enable him to keep the Officers of the Union, and most especially the Relieving Officers, supplied with copies for their guidance in the performance of their respective duties.

The Commissioners request that a copy of this Circular may be handed to each of the Relieving Officers, for which purpose copies are enclosed.*

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 7.—Costs of Maintenance of Illegitimate Children.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
June 17, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit to you herewith, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of the Act 26 Vic., c. 21, (which received the royal assent on the 8th instant,) to amend the law enabling Boards of Guardians to recover costs of maintenance of illegitimate children.

This Act, it will be observed, repeals the provisions contained in the Poor Law Amendment Act of last session, relating to the recovery of the cost of maintenance of illegitimate children from the putative fathers, except so far as relates to any proceedings already taken, or the continuance of any proceedings already commenced, under those provisions, and prescribes the mode of proceeding in future cases.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 8.—Removal of Poor Persons, Natives of Ireland, from England.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
August 25, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit to you herewith, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of an Act which received the royal assent on the 28th ultimo, for the further amendment of the law relating to the removal of poor persons, natives of Ireland, from England.

It will be observed that, by the first section, the provision of the existing law, which enabled the removing authorities in England to cause the delivery of the person to be removed, at the Workhouse of the Union containing the port nearest to the place of his ultimate destination, is repealed from the 28th instant, and that according to section 4 the person employed in the execution of the removal warrant is bound, under a penalty, to

* See also the letter addressed to the Board of Guardians of the Union in which the case occurred. Page 26.

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convey the person named in the warrant to the place of destination. For this purpose the 3rd section of the 8 and 9 Vic., c. 117, which gives the person to whom the removal warrant is delivered the powers of a constable in reference to the person to be removed, is by the 2nd section declared to apply to Ireland as well as to England.

The 5th section renders any person violating the provision of the previous Act which prohibits the removal of women and children at certain seasons of the year as deck passengers, liable to a penalty.

By the 7th section provision is made for inquiring into the circumstances attending any case of removal in which the Guardians shall think themselves aggrieved by the removal, and in which the Commissioners are satisfied that it will be expedient to make such inquiry; and the Commissioners are empowered, if they think fit, to appeal, on behalf of the Guardians, against the removal in any case so inquired into.

It will be observed that the present Act relates exclusively to removals from England, and that the law relating to removals from Scotland to Ireland has not been altered.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 9.—Vaccination.—Mode of procuring Vaccine Lymph.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
October 28, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, forward, for the information of each Board of Guardians in Ireland, a copy of a Circular Letter, which is now in course of being issued by them to the Medical Officers of the Dispensary Districts,* recommending them to adopt the use of Dr. Husband's Capillary Tubes, as a means of supplying themselves with vaccine lymph from eligible cases within their own practice as public vaccinators, and of preserving the lymph in a fluid state.

The Guardians will observe that the cost of procuring the empty tubes is about 1*s.* per hundred, and that the Commissioners consider the expense of a proper supply for each Medical Officer is a legal charge upon the Poor Rates, in the same way as the cost of medical or surgical appliances, under the Medical Charities Act.

The Commissioners recommend the Guardians not to hesitate to incur the small cost of furnishing these tubes for use by the Medical Officers, whenever a requisition is sent in to that effect by a Dispensary Committee.

The Medical Officer of the Workhouse will probably wish to be furnished occasionally with the same appliances for taking and preserving lymph for use in the Workhouse, and a copy of the circular and a box of empty tubes is sent herewith for his use and information.

The tubes now forwarded were obtained from Mr. Robert Somerville, of No. 10, Spring Gardens, Stockbridge, Edinburgh, from whom a supply can be at any time obtained.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

* See Circular No. 5, in Appendix C, page 169.

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II.—CORRESPONDENCE.

LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the BOARD of GUARDIANS of NAAS UNION in REFERENCE to the CASE OF ROSANNA DOYLE.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
November 16th, 1863.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, have received Mr. Robinson's Report of the Inquiry which he held on the 6th inst., respecting the death of a woman named Rosanna Doyle, which occurred at the Workhouse of Naas Union on the 19th ult., a few minutes after her admission, and whose death was considered by the Jury on the inquest to have been accelerated by neglect and exposure to cold; the Jury at the same time expressing an opinion that Patrick Cosgrave, Relieving Officer, was guilty of neglect in not visiting and relieving her, when informed by the Police of her sick and destitute state on the 17th October.

From the evidence taken by Mr. Robinson, it appears that on Friday, the 16th October, James Greany, who is one of the deputy rangers or caretakers on the Curragh, went to the shop of a woman named Dolan, and there learned from her that there was a girl in her house who was sick. He then went into the kitchen, where he found Rosanna Doyle, who told him she wanted to get into the Workhouse, and he promised to report her; he did not, however, do so until the following day, when he went to one of the Police stations, and reported the case to Constable Best, in order that he might send for the Relieving Officer, who resides at Kildare, a distance of about three miles from the station. This was about four o'clock in the afternoon of Saturday, the 17th of October, and there is no doubt that the report which was made by Constable Best was delivered at the Relieving Officer's house between five and six o'clock the same afternoon; the Relieving Officer, however, being absent from home at the time, did not see the note until about seven o'clock in the evening. The note stated that the woman was sick and in a destitute state, that Mr. Greany thought her a bad case, and it also indicated where she was to be found, viz., "in a furze bush opposite Greany's house." A "Bush" is described by one of the witnesses to be a space among the furze, protected at the side by sods and by bushes, but without any roof. Notwithstanding the urgent nature of the case, as shown by Constable Best's note, the Relieving Officer took no step in the matter until the following morning about eight o'clock, when he went to a person named Bergin, who is employed by him in conveying sick persons to the Workhouse, and asked him to go for Rosanna Doyle; this, however, Bergin expressed himself unwilling to do at that time, in consequence of having been out late the night before on similar business. The Relieving Officer did not press him to go, nor did he endeavour to obtain the services of some other person, but arranged with Bergin that he should go for the woman next morning; neither did he visit the woman himself, nor does it appear that he made any further inquiries, or took any further step in the case.

On the following morning (Monday) Bergin went to the Curragh, arriving there about eight o'clock. He found Rosanna Doyle lying in a bush. He states that she was lying on her side, with very bad clothing on, and a sack over her; and that she was as wet as if she had come out of a river; that she was not able to stand from weakness, and when removed had to be lifted into the cart. From the evidence of a woman named Bridget Lyon, it appears that Rosanna Doyle had remained in the same bush from the Saturday previous, and had been exposed to the

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weather, which had been very inclement, during the two nights of Saturday and Sunday. When Bergin arrived it was proposed by some of the women who were with Rosanna Doyle, that she should have breakfast before she left, and he waited while it was cooked, and saw her eat a little and drink some tea; she was then placed upon the donkey cart, with some straw under her and a sack over her, and after a journey of about three hours, she arrived at the Workhouse. The Assistant Matron of the Workhouse states, that when she arrived she had very little clothing on, and was wet to the skin; that she could not get out of the cart, and was carried into the house, and was dying at the time. She expired in about ten minutes, notwithstanding the efforts made to revive her by giving her hot punch, and placing a hot brick at her feet. The Medical Officer was sent for immediately on her arrival, but she died before he could reach the Workhouse, and there is no doubt that medical aid would have been then unavailing. The Medical Officer is of opinion that she had been suffering from fever, with which he thinks she must have been attacked about the Wednesday previous; and he states that his impression is, that her death was caused by prostration of the vital functions, from want of necessary care and treatment in the illness under which he conceives she was labouring, and he has no doubt that her death was accelerated by exposure to wet and cold.

On a review of the evidence given in this distressing case, it appears to be impossible to arrive at any other conclusion than that expressed by the Medical Officer; and although it does not appear that Rosanna Doyle suffered from want of food, there can be no doubt that her sufferings from exposure to wet and cold in the open air for two nights and a day while she was labouring under serious illness, and after her case had been made known to the Relieving Officer, must have been very great, and that her death was hastened by her failure to obtain that relief which should have been afforded her at a much earlier period, and which she herself sought for on the Friday previous.

In regard to the conduct of the Relieving Officer, the Commissioners feel bound to state that they entirely concur with the Jury at the inquest in the blame which they attach to him, and they are unable to agree with the Board of Guardians that he has explained the circumstances satisfactorily. The case was brought under his notice on Saturday evening; it was stated to him that the woman was destitute and sick, that it was believed to be a bad case, and that the woman was lying in a bush—that is, she was exposed to the inclemency of the weather. Notwithstanding the manifest urgency of the case, he made no inquiry and took no step in the matter until the following morning, and even then he did not make any inquiries, but merely went to a person whom he is in the habit of employing to convey paupers to the Workhouse, and requested him to go to the Curragh to fetch the woman; and on that person's expressing himself unwilling to do so at that time, he contented himself by arranging with the man that he should go for her on the following morning. His excuse for not endeavouring to find another conveyance on Sunday morning, when he found that Bergin was unwilling to go, and for not pressing Bergin to do so, is, that the woman had been admitted to the Workhouse only a short time before on the plea of illness, when she was found not to be ill, and left in three days after her admission; and further, that he had been often disappointed when he sent for women of this class, who, when sent for, would not go into the Workhouse. These grounds of excuse would be wholly insufficient, even in an ordinary case, for the omission to make prompt inquiry into the circumstances of the applicant; but in a case like the present, when the application made to him clearly showed that the case was one

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requiring the exercise of his provisional powers—the woman being stated to be sick and destitute, a bad case, and without shelter—the omission, not only to make any inquiry, but to make any arrangements whatever by which relief would be afforded until after an interval of nearly thirty-six hours from the time when the application reached him, is so gross a violation of the ordinary duties of a Relieving Officer, and of the common dictates of humanity, that the Commissioners feel bound to mark their sense of Mr. Cosgrave's conduct in the severest manner in their power, and they have accordingly issued an order, a copy of which is herewith enclosed, dismissing him from his situation.

In connexion with this case it seems necessary to consider the existing arrangements for affording relief to applicants from this part of the Union. A practice appears to have grown up, and to have been countenanced by the Relieving Officer, under which the women on the Curragh, of the class to which Rosanna Doyle belonged, have been in the habit of applying for relief through the caretakers or the Police, instead of direct to the Relieving Officer. It is stated in evidence by James Greany, that Mr. Browne (the Ranger) told him, if he found any of the prostitutes sick or in a bad way, to report them to the Police or Relieving Officer, and that he mostly reported them to the Police. Constable Best states that the deputy rangers made a practice of reporting such cases to him, and that he went to the Relieving Officer, as he wanted to know if there were any special rules for the Curragh Camp, and that he asked him whether he depended upon him to report cases of destitution and illness among the Curragh women; that the Relieving Officer did not give him any very direct answer, but said he would at once attend to cases mentioned by the Constable in his note to be had ones; and the Constable promised that he would, when he could do so, inquire into the condition of the woman before reporting the case. Mr. Cosgrave admits that if Greany or the Police send to say that a woman is sick he sends the cart at once, but does not usually visit such cases. It thus appears that one of the most important duties of the Relieving Officer has, with his concurrence, been constantly performed by caretakers or the Police, and that, trusting to this assistance, the Relieving Officer has neglected his own duty of visiting and ascertaining for himself the particulars of the cases requiring relief. It was undoubtedly a humane proceeding on the part of the Ranger to direct his caretaker to report cases of sickness among the women on the Curragh, and the conduct of the Police in endeavouring to obtain relief for the sick and destitute was most praiseworthy; and it is very desirable that both the caretakers and the Police should continue to notify to the Relieving Officer any cases of sickness and destitution which come under their observation, and should inform him of any particulars of such cases with which they may be acquainted, as to their fitness to be removed or otherwise; but it should be distinctly understood that the Relieving Officer is responsible for making inquiries, and for affording prompt relief in cases of urgency, as it cannot be permitted that the efficiency and promptitude with which relief is afforded in urgent cases should be dependent upon the voluntary action of persons not legally responsible, either to the Board of Guardians or the Commissioners. The practice referred to may have been occasioned in some degree by the fact that the Relieving Officer's residence is by no means conveniently situated, having regard to the condition and wants of the unfortunate women who live near the Curragh Camp, his residence being at Kildare, about three miles from the Camp, in the opposite direction from the Workhouse; so that persons on the Curragh requiring admission to the Workhouse, and going to Kildare to apply for it, have six additional miles to travel.

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From a return furnished to Mr. Robinson, it appears that during the year ended the 31st ult. there were 422 applicants for relief in Mr. Cosgrave's Application and Report Book, and that of this number 163 were from the Curragh. It seems important, therefore, not only from the wretched condition of these unfortunate women, but also from the fact that the number from that locality requiring and receiving relief greatly exceeds the number in any other division of the district, that the Relieving Officer of the district should be required to reside as near as possible to the Camp; and the Commissioners suggest, therefore, that the Relieving Officer who may be appointed in place of Mr. Cosgrave should be required to reside at Newbridge, which is much nearer to the Camp than Kildare, and directly *on* the road from the Camp to the Workhouse, and is more accessible for the women on the Curragh, and for those who are in the neighbourhood of the Barracks at Newbridge, than Kildare. It is also in about as central a position in regard to the rest of the district as Kildare, and the return above mentioned shows that the place from which, after the Curragh, the greatest number of applications is received is Kilcullen; and as that place is nearer to Newbridge than Kildare, the change would also be convenient in that respect.

It would also be desirable that the Relieving Officer residing at Newbridge should visit the Curragh at least three times a week, and that he should be provided with an office there.

Another point which the Commissioners think it necessary to notice in connexion with this case, is the mode of conveyance adopted for sick paupers. It appears that Rosanna Doyle was removed on a common ass's cart, and that she was three hours on the journey, a mode of conveyance which must have added much to her sufferings, considering the state in which she was at the time. The Commissioners observe by an entry on the Guardian's Minutes of the 28th ult., that the Jury not only recommend that a proper covered vehicle be provided, but express regret that a similar recommendation of a former Jury was not attended to. The Commissioners do not find any record of such a recommendation on any former Minutes of the Guardians, but they find an entry on the Minutes of 29th January, 1862, from which it appears that Mr. Hamilton, Poor Law Inspector, forwarded to the Guardians the plan of a van which he had referred to at his previous visit, with which it is stated "the Guardians were much pleased, but they have one already which they consider sufficient for the wants of the Union."

The Commissioners are glad to observe that the Guardians have now ordered a covered spring-cart for the conveyance of sick persons to the Workhouse, and the Commissioners suggest that it should be kept by the Relieving Officer at Newbridge, and that the Guardians should make arrangements to have it horsed by contract, the contractor to be bound to send it out at any hour of the day or night, on the order of a Relieving Officer or the Master of the Workhouse.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk,
Naas Union.

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III.—CORRESPONDENCE ON THE SUBJECT OF THE REMOVAL OF POOR PERSONS FROM ENGLAND TO IRELAND.

No. 1.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the CHIEF SECRETARY of the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
December 24, 1863.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have the honour to report for the information of his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, the accompanying cases of removal of persons, born in Ireland, from Unions and Parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act passed in the last session of Parliament, "for the further amendment of the law relating to the removal of poor persons, natives of Ireland, from England:" 26 and 27 Vic., c. 89.

The main objects of that enactment the Commissioners believe to have been, firstly, the removal of the parties in continuous safe custody from the place in England in which they received relief to the Workhouse of the Union in Ireland to which they were considered to belong, as indicated in the warrant of removal; and, secondly, to give effect by a penalty of £5 to a previously existing enactment, by which the removal of a female, or of any child under fourteen years of age, as a deck passenger was prohibited, during the period from the 1st October to the 31st March following.

Previously to the passing of the present Act the mode of removing Irish-born subjects from the Metropolitan Unions and Parishes to Ireland, and more especially to the South of Ireland, was to place them in the hands of a person named Frost, resident at Wapping, who contracted to have them conveyed to the port nearest the place of destination. This port, in regard to the Unions in the South of Ireland, was, in almost all cases, the port of Cork, and here the London contractor, Frost, had an agent representing him, named Fitzgerald, whose business it was to receive the paupers and forward them to their destination.

Neither of the two persons referred to was the officer of any Union or parish, and neither of them therefore in the discharge of their respective agencies was under any official responsibility; and in regard to the frequent violations of the provisions of the Removal Acts (as set forth in the Appendices to the Annual Reports for 1862 and 1863), both the persons referred to were equally out of the reach of the authority of the Poor Law Board in England and that of the Poor Law Commissioners in Ireland, and thus the Union and parochial authorities in London were accustomed to transfer, in the removal of paupers to Ireland, all the legal obligations imposed on them to persons not officially responsible for the proper discharge of those obligations.

In their letter to Sir Thomas Larcom, of the 29th January, 1862, the Commissioners observed as follows:

"The more serious irregularities noticed occur in the cases of removal from parishes and Unions in the London Metropolitan District, inasmuch as those provisions of the recent Act which were introduced to secure a proper custody and delivery of the pauper in Ireland, and to prevent women and children being sent by deck passage during the winter season, appear in that district to be almost uniformly neglected.

In the Amendment Act passed subsequently to this Report, the following sections were included, with a view, apparently, to remove these causes of complaint, and to secure a continuous safe custody of the person

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removed from the place of arrest in England to the place of destination in Ireland.

Thus the 2nd section of the new Act provides that "Section 3 of the Act of the 8th and 9th years of her Majesty, chapter 117, shall be deemed to have applied and to apply to Ireland as well as to England." That is to say—"every person to whom any warrant made in pursuance of this Act shall be delivered for the purpose of being carried into execution, shall detain and hold in safe custody every poor person mentioned therein until such poor person have arrived at the place to which he is ordered to be removed, and shall for that purpose in every county and place through which he may pass in the due execution of such warrant, have and exercise the powers with which a constable is by law invested, notwithstanding such person may not otherwise be empowered to act as a constable for such county or place."

By the 4th section of the present Act it is further provided that "any person, being employed in the execution of a warrant duly issued under the authority of the said Acts, or any of them, who shall wilfully desert any person mentioned therein, before he or she shall have been conveyed to the place of destination, shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and upon conviction thereof shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £10."

With regard to the deck-passage for women and children in the winter season, it is enacted that "any person guilty of violating the provisions contained in the 6th section of the Act of 24th and 25th Vic., cap. 76, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £5; to be recovered on a summary conviction before two Justices, or a Police or Stipendiary Magistrate, and the offence shall be deemed to have been committed at the port where the poor person shall be landed."

As already observed, these provisions have every appearance of being intended to provide for a continuous safe custody of the person removed in the hands of some responsible person selected by the Guardians, to whom "the warrant is delivered for the purpose of being carried into execution."

The annexed abstract, however, of a few of the cases removed from London to Ireland shows that the same practice is still pursued by the removing authorities as before the passing of the Act, that the obligation of causing the poor persons under warrant to be safely removed is transferred by the Guardians to the contractor for deportation, resident at Wapping; that the same neglect regarding the deck-passage for women and children continues to be complained of; and that the parties are not conveyed in continuous custody to the place of destination, but generally left to find their way to it during the latter portion of the journey in Ireland.

In consequence of the improper transfer of their obligations by the removing authorities to irresponsible persons, it is very difficult to determine to what party the penal provisions of the recent statute, when violated, may be applicable, and the Commissioners have thought it the better course not to suggest prosecution in the first instance, but to represent the cases in question to his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, with the view of having them brought, if his Excellency should see fit to cause them to be so brought, under the notice of the Secretary of State for the Home Department; by which course it is possible the evils complained of may be obviated without litigation, as it is difficult to suppose that the Guardians of the Unions and parishes in the metropolitan district would desire to persist in a course of action pointed out to them on competent official authority to be at variance with the provisions recently enacted.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel, Bart., M.P.

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Enclosure in foregoing Letter.

Memorandum of some Cases of Removal since the passing of the Act 26 & 27 Vic., Cap. 89.

Cork Union.—Warrant, dated 27th August, 1863, directed to Samuel George Tett, Constable to the Governors and Directors of the Poor of the parish of St. James's, Westminster, requiring Samuel George Tett, or some proper person or persons to be employed by him, to remove and convey Ellen Mason from the parish of St. James's, Westminster, to the parish of Lower Glanmoyle, in the county of Cork, and to be delivered at the Workhouse of Cork Union. She was taken from the Workhouse of St. James's, Westminster, by the Pass-master, Mr. Tett, to the house of Mr. Frost, who took her on board a steamer next morning. Mr. Frost gave her the address of Mr. Fitzgerald, in Cork, and said that he (Fitzgerald) would meet her at the boat, which, however, he did not; but having the address she went to his house and slept and breakfasted there, and was then taken by Fitzgerald to the Workhouse. She was sent from London as a deck-passenger.

The warrant in this case is not in accordance with the form given in the Act of last session.*

North Dublin Union.—Warrant, dated 11th September, 1863, directed to Samuel George Tett, Constable of the parish of St. James's, requires him, or some proper person or persons to be employed by him, to remove Thomas Connor from the parish of St. James's, Westminster, and to cause him to be conveyed to the city of Dublin, and to be delivered at the Workhouse of North Dublin Union. There is no doubt the man was legally removable, but the removal was not conducted in accordance with the 4th section of the 26th and 27th Vic. cap. 89. He was taken by Tett (the person named in the warrant), to St. Catherine's Dock, and given in charge to Mr. Frost, who placed him on board a Dublin steamer and paid his fare; but no person accompanied him or had charge of him on the voyage. He landed in Dublin on a Tuesday evening, and came (by himself) to the workhouse on the following morning.

The warrant in this case is not in accordance with the form given in the Act of last session.†

Rathkeale Union.—Warrant, dated 12th September, 1863, addressed to the Guardians of the city of London Union, orders the Guardians to cause Catherine Ray, with her family to be safely conveyed to the Union of Rathkeale, and to be delivered at the Workhouse of such Union. There is no doubt that she was legally removable. but the 4th section of the Act appears to have been violated. She was sent from the Workhouse to the London Docks in charge of one of the Workhouse inmates, where they were met by a person whom she does not know, but who she thought was one of the Guardians. This person put her on board a steamer, and gave her in charge to the steward. On the arrival of the steamer at Limerick the steward placed her in the train, and paid her fare to Rathkeale, giving her at the same time 1*s.* 6*d.*‡

Tralee Union.—Warrant, dated 29th September, 1863, directed to the Guardians of the Strand Union, requires them to cause Margaret Ryan to be safely conveyed to the Tralee Union and to be delivered at the Workhouse of such Union. She was forwarded by steamer to Cork, and thence sent on by a Mr. Fitzgerald by rail to Tralee, but she was not accompanied by any person directly in charge of her. She was sent as a deck-passenger.§

Skibbereen Union.—Warrant, dated 7th October, 1863, addressed to the Guardians of Whitechapel Union, requires the Guardians, or some proper person or persons to be employed by them, to remove and convey Margaret Casey from the parish of Christchurch, "and to cause her to be delivered at the Workhouse of the Skibbereen Union, in the county of Cork, in Ireland, such Union containing the port of Cork." She was sent from London as a deck-passenger, and was not delivered at the Workhouse, having been taken by the Removing Officer to Bandon, where he hired a cart to convey her and some other paupers to Drimoleague. but did not accompany them there. Drimoleague is eight miles from the Workhouse of Skibbereen Union, and the pauper had to walk by herself that distance.

In this case the warrant is not in accordance with the form given in the Act of last session.‖

Cork Union.—Warrant, dated 21st October, 1863, addressed to the Guardians of the Poor of Whitechapel Union. requires the Guardians to cause Ellen Johnson to be safely conveyed to the Union of the city of Cork, and to be delivered at the Workhouse of such Union. She states that an officer accompanied her to Cork, and there gave her in charge to a man named Fitzgerald, who brought her to the Workhouse.¶

Cork Union.—Warrant, dated 28th October, 1863, addressed to James Evers, assistant Relieving Officer of the Guardians of Whitechapel Union, requires said James Evers, or some proper person or persons to be employed by him, to remove Mary Cronin and

* See explanation given by English Board of Guardians,		page 42.
† Do.	do.	page 41.
‡ Do.	do.	page 34.
§ Do.	do.	page 37.
‖ Do.	do.	page 44.
¶ Do.	do.	page 45.

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four children to the county of Cork, to be delivered at the Workhouse of Cork Union. She states that she had lived nineteen years in Crown-court, Whitechapel, where she became chargeable. She was delivered at the Workhouse by Mr. Fitzgerald, to whom she was given in charge by a man who was sent from London by Mr. Frost with her and four other persons.

In this case the warrant is not in accordance with the form given in the Act of last session.*

Tralee Union.—Warrant, dated 11th November, 1863, directed to Peter Dixon, Removing Officer, and the Guardians of the parish of St. Luke, orders the removal of Bridget Sullivan and one child to the parish of Castleisland, to be delivered at the Workhouse of the Kerry Union. She was brought by the Removing Officer to Castleisland (the place of her birth). He paid for her lodging there for one night, and she was sent on to the Workhouse next day by the Relieving Officer of Tralee Union. She was sent from London as a deck passenger.

The warrant in this case is not in accordance with the form given in the Act of last session.†

Killarney Union.—Warrant, dated 20th November, 1863, addressed to the Guardians of the Poor of Hackney Union, requires the Guardians to cause Julia Sweeney to be safely conveyed to the port of Cork, and to the Union of Killarney; and to be delivered at the Workhouse of such Union. She was taken by the Passmaster to Mr. Frost's house at Wapping, where she slept, and next day was put on board a steamer, and sailed for Cork. Mr. Frost put her in charge of a man called "William," who is in Mr. Frost's employment. On landing at Cork the man referred to (William) took her to Mr. Fitzgerald, who, next day, took her to Killarney Workhouse. She was sent from London as a deck passenger.‡

Killarney Union.—Warrant, dated 23rd November, 1863, addressed to the Guardians of the Holborn Union, requires the Guardians to cause Mary Sullivan and her family to be safely conveyed to the Union of Killarney, and to be delivered at the Workhouse of such Union. They were taken from the Workhouse to Mr. Frost's house at Wapping, where they slept, and next day were put on board a steamer by Mr. Frost, and placed in charge of a person in his employment called "William," who, on arriving at Cork, gave them in charge to Mr. Fitzgerald, who found a lodging for them for the night, and next day took them to Killarney Workhouse. They were sent from London as deck passengers.§

North Dublin Union.—Warrant, dated 24th November, 1863, addressed to Peter Dixon, Removing Officer, and to the Guardians of the parish of St. Luke, requires Peter Dixon, or some proper person or persons to be employed by him, to remove Ellen Farrell and her children to the city of Dublin, to be delivered at the Workhouse of the Dublin Union. She was taken, with her children, by an officer of St. Luke's to Mr. Frost's depôt, where they remained that night. Next morning Mr. Frost put them on board the Dublin steamer, and gave them in charge to the Stewardess, who, on the arrival of the vessel in Dublin, brought them to the North Dublin Workhouse. The following memoranda are indorsed on the warrant:—

"Memorandum.—The within-named persons was received into the South Dublin Union from the Passmaster, John Frost, 46, High-street, Wapping."

"Copy.—Ellen Farrell, adult; Mary, 8 years; Francis, 6 years. From St. Luke to Dublin ~~South~~ North Union—Eliza De Gurdice."

This appears to be the signature of the Stewardess, and the change of the word "South" to "North" appears to be in the same handwriting.

In this case the warrant is not in accordance with the form given in the Act of last session.‖

Scariff Union.—Warrant, dated 24th November, 1863, addressed to the Governors and Directors of the Poor of the parish of St. George, Hanover-square, requires the Governors and Directors to cause Anne Thornton to be safely conveyed to the Union of Scariff, to be delivered at the Workhouse of such Union. She was taken by the Removing Officer to Mr. Frost's, where she remained one night, and was then put on board a Cork steamer as a deck passenger. Was accompanied from London to Cork by a boy believed to be a servant of Mr. Frost's. This boy gave her some provisions, and on arriving at Cork, paid her fare by train to Limerick, and gave her two shillings to take her from Limerick to Killaloe, her place of birth, in Scariff Union, but made no provision for her conveyance from thence to Scariff.¶

*	See explanation given by English Board of Guardians,		page 48.
†	Do.	do.	page 46.
‡	Do.	do.	page 39.
§	Do.	do.	page 38.
‖	Do.	do.	page 47.
¶	Do.	do.	page 36.

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Cork Union.—Warrant dated 2nd December, 1863, addressed to the Guardians of the Poor of the parish of St. George in the East, requires the Guardians to cause Mary Ann Honeywood, and four children, to be safely conveyed to the port of Cork, in the Union of Cork, and to be delivered at the Workhouse of such Union. She was accompanied from London by a young man sent by Mr. Frost, and on arriving in Cork was given in charge to Mr. Fitzgerald, who provided her, as she says, with lodging, but no food, and on the following morning she went to the Workhouse, and Mr. Fitzgerald followed her.*

Cork Union.—Warrant dated 8th December, 1863, addressed to the Governors and Directors of the Poor of the parish of St. James, Westminster, requires the Governors and Directors to cause Margaret Murgeth, and her daughter Amelia (aged seventeen years), to be safely conveyed to the Cork Union, and to be delivered at the Workhouse of such Union. A boy accompanied them from London, who gave them in charge to Mr. Fitzgerald, who provided a lodging for them, but no food. The next morning they went to the Workhouse, and were followed by Mr. Fitzgerald with the warrant.†

No. 2.—Copy of Correspondence between the Poor Law Board in England and the several Boards of Guardians mentioned in the foregoing Memorandum in reference to the Cases of Removal therein set forth.

Catherine Ray's Case.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland, from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District under the provisions of the Act 26 & 27 Victoria, cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Catherine Ray and her family, removed from the City of London Union by warrant dated the 12th September, 1863, is herewith enclosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Guardians of the City of London Union, and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which the Guardians may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, &c.,
(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

To J. Bowring, esq., Clerk to the Guardians
of the City of London Union, St. Mary-Axe, E.C.

51, Saint Mary-Axe, E.C.,
January 21, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Guardians of the City of London Union to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated the 12th instant, enclosing for the observations of the Guardians a copy of a memorandum relating to the removal of Catherine Ray and her family from this Union to Rathkeale in Ireland.

As the observations of the Guardians upon this memorandum, I am directed to state, that the circumstances attending the removal, as detailed therein, are, in the main, true; that the removal was conducted in the same manner as all Irish removals have been conducted since the passing of the Act 8 & 9 Vic., cap. 117—viz., by employing the person appointed by the Justices of the City of London under regulations made by them on the 20th of January, 1846, and approved by the Secretary of State on

* See explanation given by the English Board of Guardians, page 51.
† Do. do. page 40.

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the 24th of January, 1846; and that this person is the person alluded to in the memorandum as "one of the Guardians."

And I am also directed to observe that the Guardians do not gather from the memorandum that any inconvenience has resulted to the pauper from the way in which she was sent from London to Rathkeale; on the contrary, they are led to believe, from the absence of any complaint, that she arrived at her destination perfectly safe and well provided for.

And I am directed further to observe that the attention of the Guardians having been drawn to this statute, they, on the 29th of September last, ordered that the Master of the Workhouse be instructed not to apply for orders of removal of Irish paupers without the sanction of the Board, as had, up to that day, been the practice. Since that day no order for an Irish removal has been applied for.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN BOWRING, Clerk.

C. Gilpin, esq., Poor Law Board,
Whitehall, S.W.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
February 6, 1864.

SIR,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 21st ultimo, in reply to their letter of the 12th ultimo, relative to the case of Catherine Ray, who, with her family, were removed from the City of London Union to Rathkeale, in Ireland.

As regards your reference to the regulations of the Justices under which the paupers were removed, the Board direct the attention of the Guardians to the statute 26 & 27 Vic., cap. 89, sec. 3 of which repeals the 4th section of the statute 8 & 9 Vic., cap. 117, whereby the Justices were empowered to make regulations for the removal of Scotch and Irish poor.

According to the information before the Board the paupers were put on board a steamer and given in charge to the steward, and on the arrival of the steamer at Limerick the steward placed them in the train and paid their fare to Rathkeale, giving the woman at the same time 1*s* 6*d*. The Board do not think that by adopting such a course of proceeding the Guardians have carried out either the letter or the spirit of the statutes which have been passed on the subject of Irish poor removals. The paupers appear to have been delivered to a person on board the steamer, who had no legal obligation to take charge of them, and who was not responsible for their reaching the place of their ultimate destination, and they were left by him, after having paid their fare, to reach Rathkeale by railway as they might, whereas the statute 24 & 25 Vic., cap. 76, sec. 4, requires the person charged with the execution of the warrant to cause the paupers to be safely conveyed to the place of their destination.

The Board desire me to recall the attention of the Guardians to their circular letter of the 5th November last, and to request that the subject of the removal of Irish paupers may receive the careful attention of the Guardians in future.

I am, &c.,

(Signed), C. GILPIN, Secretary.

J. Bowring, esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the
City of London Union, 51, St. Mary-Axe, E.C.

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Ann Thornton's Case.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 & 27 Vic., cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Ann Thornton, removed from the parish of St. George, Hanover-square, by warrant dated the 24th November, 1863, is herewith enclosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Governors and Directors of the Poor of the parish of St. George, Hanover-square, and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which they may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, &c.,
(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

T. B. Chappell, esq., Clerk to the Governors and Directors of the Poor of the Parish of St. George, Hanover-square, Mount-street, Grosvenor-square, W.

Saint George, Hanover-square,
Board Room, Mount-street,
January 21, 1864.

Sir,

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, No. 541/1864 C, dated the 12th instant, and find from inquiry that Ann Thornton was sent from this parish under a legal order of removal. She was taken by Mr. Rogers, our Relieving Officer, to the recognised agent, Mr. Frost, with instructions to properly execute the order. I have called upon Mr. Frost for an explanation of the complaint, and enclose a copy of his reply, received this morning.

I have the honour to remain, sir,
Your most obedient servant,
(Signed), T. B. Chappell, Clerk.

To Chas. Gilpin, esq., M.P., Secretary,
Poor Law Board.

46, High-street, Wapping, E.,
January 20, 1864.

Sir,

In reply to yours of the 13th instant, I have to inform you that Ann Thornton told me, before leaving the depôt, that she would not go to the Union house in Ireland, as she had friends in Killaloe who would assist her. I, however, instructed my agent, Mr. Fitzgerald, to deliver her according to the order of removal; but, upon leaving the train, she refused to go to the Union house, then distant five miles, upon which my agent gave her two shillings. I regret that this should have occurred; but, it will be seen, it was at the express wish of Ann Thornton herself that she was not delivered at the Union house. I, however, will in future see that all the persons intrusted to my care shall be delivered at the several Union houses, in conformity with the orders of removals.

I have also to state that the man who acted as conductor in this case is twenty-five years of age; and further, that Ann Thornton was not sent as deck passenger, I having paid extra fare to secure her a berth below.

I am, sir, yours respectfully,
J. Frost.

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MARGARET RYAN'S CASE.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

SIR,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland, from unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 & 27 Vic., cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Margaret Ryan, removed from the Strand Union by warrant dated the 29th September, 1863, is herewith enclosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Guardians, and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which they may deem it expedient to make thereon.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed), C. GILPIN, Secretary.

To James Kilner, esq., Clerk to the Guardians
of the Strand Union, 6, Bow-street, E.C.

Strand Union, 6, Bow-street, London, W.C.
January 20, 1864.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

I am directed by the Guardians of the Poor of the Strand Union to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 12th instant, No. 541/1864 C, relative to the removal of Margaret Ryan from this Union to the Tralee Union, and in which it is stated that the provisions of the statute 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 89, have been disregarded.

In reply, I am to acquaint you that the Guardians have always employed Mr. John Frost, of 46, High-street, Wapping, as their agent in the removal of Irish paupers, and that he has been directed to comply in all respects with the provisions of the statute referred to. The Guardians have given instructions that Mr. Frost be communicated with upon this particular case. Upon the receipt of his reply they will report the result to your Board.

I have the honour to be, my Lords and Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servant,

JAMES KILNER, Clerk.

To the Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.

Strand Union, 6, Bow-street, London,
February 3, 1864.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

I am directed by the Guardians of the Poor of the Strand Union to transmit to you the accompanying copy of a letter received by them from Mr. John Frost, in explanation of the circumstances attendant upon the removal of Margaret Ryan to Ireland, referred to in your letter of the

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12th ultimo, No. 541/1864 C, and to acquaint you that they have directed that a letter be addressed to Mr. Frost, to impress upon him the necessity of a strict compliance with the provisions of the statute, as the Guardians are particularly desirous that no cause should be given for complaint in any case wherein they are concerned.

I am, &c.,

James Kilner, Clerk.

The Poor Law Board, Whitehall.

Enclosure.

46, High-street, Wapping, E.,
January 28, 1864.

Sir,

I am in receipt of your communication of the 20th instant, respecting Margaret Ryan, who was sent to Ireland in October last.

In reply, I beg to express my regret that she was sent as a deck passenger. The order being dated 29th September, it quite escaped my attention that the voyage could not take place until after the 1st of October. It will be observed that the accident was unintentional, as I did not make the extra charge which my printed terms specify for passengers after the 1st October.

With regard to Margaret Ryan being unaccompanied to Tralee, I have to express my great regret that my conductor should have omitted to deliver her at the Workhouse himself; and I beg to assure you that in future the strictest regard shall be paid to the delivery of the paupers committed to my charge.

I am, &c.,

J. Frost.

J. Kilner, esq.

Mary Sullivan's Case.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland, from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Mary Sullivan and her family, removed from the Holborn Union by warrant dated the 23rd November, 1863, is herewith enclosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Guardians of the Holborn Union; and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which the Guardians may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, &c.,

(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

To E. W. James, esq., Clerk to the Guardians
of the Holborn Union, Holborn, E.C.

Holborn Union, 23, Ely-place, London, E.C.,
January 29, 1864.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I am directed by the Guardians of the Holborn Union to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 12th instant, relating to the removal of Mary Sullivan and her family from the Holborn Union to the Killarney

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Union, under warrant dated the 23rd November, 1863, which letter was accompanied by a copy of a memorandum of the case, forwarded to the Poor Law Board by Secretary Sir George Grey, in which it is stated that Mary Sullivan and her family were sent from London as deck passengers. Upon the receipt of such letter and memorandum the Guardians communicated with Mr. Frost, the removing agent employed by them, on the subject, and he peremptorily denies that Mary Sullivan and her family were sent from London as deck passengers. The Guardians further direct me to enclose a copy of the correspondence with Mr. Frost on the subject.

I have the honour to be, my Lords and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

EDWARD W. JAMES, Clerk.

The Poor Law Board.

ENCLOSURE.

23, Ely-place, London,
January 16, 1864.

SIR,

The Guardians of the Holborn Union have received a communication from the Poor Law Board, requiring an explanation respecting the removal of Mary Sullivan and her family, under an order of removal, from this union to Killarney, in Ireland, in the month of November last. It is represented that they were sent from London to Cork as deck passengers, in contravention of the 6th section of the 24th and 25th Vic., cap. 76. The Guardians request you to explain whether the representation in question be true or not; and they desire me to call your attention to your printed table of charges, dated 16th September, 1863, in which you provide for the extra expense attending the removal of women and children from the 1st October to the 31st March, in accordance with the above statute, by charging an additional 8*s*. for adults and 4*s*. for children during those months. On the other side is a copy of the memorandum the Guardians have received through the Poor Law Board.

I am, sir, yours obediently,

(Signed), EDWARD W. JAMES.

Mr. Frost, 46, High-street, Wapping.

46, High-street, Wapping, E.,
January 21, 1864.

SIR,

I am in receipt of your communication, dated the 16th instant, respecting the removal of Mary Sullivan and her family to Killarney, in November last, and in reply, beg to say that the said Mary Sullivan and family were not sent as deck passengers as is stated. In accordance with the terms of my contract with the Guardians all persons removed to Ireland between the months of October and March have a room provided for them below the decks of the passage boats, to the proprietors of which I, in every case, pay an increased amount of fare for such accommodation.

I am, &c.,

(Signed), J. FROST.

E. W. James, esq.

JULIA SWEENEY'S CASE.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

SIR,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal

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of persons born in Ireland from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 and 27 Victoria, cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Julia Sweeney, removed from the Hackney Union, by warrant dated the 20th November, 1863, is herewith enclosed, and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Guardians of the Hackney Union, and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which the Guardians may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, &c.,

(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

C. H. Pulley, esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Hackney Union, Upper Homerton, N.E.

Hackney Union,
Hackney, and 28, Great Winchester-street, London,
January 20, 1864.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

In reply to your letter of the 12th instant, No. 541/1864, C., with copy of memorandum, relating to the case of Julia Sweeney, removed from the Hackney Union, by warrant, to the Union of Killarney, in Ireland, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law had been disregarded, and requesting to be furnished with any observations which the Guardians may deem it necessary to make thereon, I am directed by the Guardians of the Poor of this Union to state that they have caused inquiry to be made into the case, and whether the pauper was sent from London as a deck passenger. The result of the inquiry is that the Board are assured and are satisfied that the pauper was not sent as a deck passenger, as alleged.

I am, my Lords and Gentlemen, your obedient servant,

(Signed), C. H. Pulley, Clerk.

To the Poor Law Board.

Margaret Murgeth's Case.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland, from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Margaret Murgeth and her daughter Amelia, removed from the parish of St. James, Westminster, by warrant dated the 8th December, 1863, is herewith enclosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Governors and Directors of the Poor of the parish of St. James, Westminster, and

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that the Board may be furnished with any observations which they may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

G. Buzzard, esq., Clerk to the Governors and Directors of the Poor of the Parish of St. James, Westminster, 50, Poland-street, Oxford-street, W.

Extract from Letter 6354/1864.

St. James's, Westminster,
February 19, 1864.

I am instructed by the Governors and Directors of the Poor to transmit for the information of the Poor Law Board the enclosed statements relative to the case of the pauper, Margaret Murgeth, removed to Ireland from this parish. The Governors and Directors have given the subject much attention, and they trust that the instructions conveyed to their agent, Mr. Frost, as well as to their own officers, will prevent any future irregularities in the conduct of such removals.

(Signed), George Buzzard, Clerk.

Enclosure.

Remarks.

These paupers were placed under the charge of William Lyons, aged 25 years, in the employ of Mr. Frost. On leaving London they were provided with provisions sufficient to last them over four days. On the morning after the arrival of the vessel Mr. Fitzgerald told the paupers to get ready, and he would procure a car for the purpose of conveying them to the Union, but they refused to go until the evening; and afterwards on Mr. Fitzgerald leaving the Workhouse, where he had been to deliver another family, he found the paupers at the gate, and he then gave them in charge of the Porter, Cogan, at the Workhouse of the Cork Union.

(Signed,) S. G. Tett, Senior Messenger to the Governors and Directors of the Poor, St. James, Westminster, and Constable for the removal of Irish and Scotch Poor.

Thomas Connor's Case.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter, addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Thomas Connor, removed from the parish of St. James, Westminster, by warrant dated the 11th September, 1863, is herewith enclosed, and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Governors and Directors of the parish of St. James, Westminster, and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which they may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

G. Buzzard, esq., Clerk to the Governors and Directors of the Poor of the Parish of St. James, Westminster, 50, Poland-street, Oxford-street, W.

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EXTRACT from LETTER 6354/1864.

Fehrnary 19, 1864.

I am instrueted by the Governors and Direetors of the Poor to transmit for the information of the Poor Law Board, the enelosed statement, relative to the ease of the pauper, Thomas Connor, removed to Ireland from this parish.

The Governors and Directors have given the subjeet mueh attention, and they trust that the instruetions conveyed to their agent, Mr. Frost, as well as to their own offieers, will prevent any future irregularities in the eonduct of sueh removals.

(Signed), GEORGE BUZZARD, Clerk.

REMARKS.

This pauper was taken to the house of Mr. Frost, at 46, High-street, Wapping, who placed him under the charge of the steward on board the "Leda," who was paid by Mr. Frost to conduet the pauper to the Workhouse of the North Dublin Union.

The warrant in this case should have been in the form adopted in the ease of Margaret Murgeth and daughter, but the Act 26 and 27 Victoria, eap. 89, having only come into operation a few days before the warrant was obtained, the old form was inadvertently used.

(Signed), S. G. TETT, Senior Messenger to the Governors and Directors of the Poor, St. James's, Westminster, and Constable for the removal of Irish and Scotch Poor.

ELLEN MASON'S CASE.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

SIR,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Seeretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter, addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, aeeompanied by memoranda of eases of removal of persons born in Ireland, from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan Distriet, under the provisions of the Act 26 and 27 Vietoria, eap. 89, in whieh it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A eopy of the memorandum relating to the ease of Ellen Mason, removed from the parish of St. James, Westminster, hy warrant dated the 27th August, 1863, is herewith enelosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Governors and Directors of the parish of St. James, Westminster, and that the Board may be furnished with any observations whieh they may deem it neeessary to make thereon.

I am, &c.,

(Signed,) C. GILPIN, Seeretary.

To G. Buzzard, esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Poor of the Parish of St. James, Westminster, 50, Poland-street, Oxford-street, W.

St. James, Westminster, Paroehial Offiee,
Poland-street, Oxford-street,
January 15, 1864.

GENTLEMEN,

I beg to aeknowledge the reeeipt of three letters, eaeh dated the 12th instant, enelosing memoranda of cases of the removal to Ireland from this parish of Elleu Mason, Thomas Connor, and Margaret Murgeth and

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daughter, and to inform you that the fullest inquiries will be made respecting the removals alluded to, and the result communicated to you with as little delay as possible.

I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

(Signed), GEORGE BUZZARD, Clerk to the Governors and Directors of the Poor.

To the Poor Law Board,
Whitehall, S.W.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
February 9, 1864.

SIR,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th ultimo, and to state that they are desirous of receiving replies, with as little further delay as possible, to the letters which they addressed to you on the 12th ultimo, respecting the removal to Ireland from the parish of Saint James, Westminster, of the paupers Ellen Mason, Thomas Connor, and Margaret Murgeth.

The Board request that the reply in each case may be made in a separate communication.

I am, &c.,

(Signed), H. FLEMING, Secretary.

To G. Buzzard, esq., Clerk to the Governors and Directors of the Poor of the Parish of St. James, Westminster, 50, Poland-street, Oxford-street, W.

St. James, Westminster, Parochial Office,
Poland-street, Oxford-street,
February 19, 1864.

SIR,

I am instructed by the Governors and Directors of the Poor, to transmit for the information of the Poor Law Board, the enclosed statement relative to the case of the pauper, Ellen Mason, * * * * removed to Ireland from this parish.

The Governors and Directors have given the subject much attention, and they trust that the instructions conveyed to their agent, Mr. Frost, as well as to their own officers, will prevent any future irregularities in the conduct of such removals.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

GEORGE BUZZARD, Clerk.

To H. Fleming, esq., Secretary,
Poor Law Board.

ENCLOSURE.

REMARKS.

This pauper was placed under the charge of a conductor in the employ of Mr. Frost; the address of Mr. Fitzgerald, his agent in Cork, being also given, in order to meet any unforeseen circumstance. The pauper was under the charge of the conductor during the whole of the voyage; but on the ship's arrival at Cork, at eleven o'clock on the night of Sunday, the 6th September, Mr. Fitzgerald, who had been waiting some hours, had left, thinking that the ship would not come in until the morning, and Ellen Mason, thereupon, quitted the ship without leave, and proceeded to the house of Mr. Fitzgerald, where she remained during the night, and was conveyed by him, in the morning, to the Workhouse of the Cork Union.

By 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 76, s. 6, no woman or child under the age of fourteen, are to be removed as deck passengers from the 1st October to the 31st day of March following. Ellen Mason was removed on the 2nd day of September.

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The warrant in this case is defective. It should have been in the form adopted in the case of Margaret Murgeth and daughter, but the Act 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 89, having only come into operation a few days before the warrant was obtained, the old form was inadvertently used.

(Signed), S. G. Tett, Senior Messenger to the Governors and Directors of the Poor, St. James's, Westminster, and Constable for the removal of Irish and Scotch Poor.

Margaret Casey's Case.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.
January 12, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter, addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Margaret Casey, removed from the parish of Christchurch, by warrant dated the 7th October, 1863, is herewith enclosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Guardians of the Whitechapel Union, and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which the Guardians may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, &c.,

(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

G. A. Farr, esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Whitechapel Union Charles-street.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.
February 22, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to call your attention to the letter which they addressed to you on the 12th ultimo, with reference to the case of Margaret Casey, removed from the Whitechapel Union to Ireland; and to request that the Board may be furnished with an early reply to that letter.

I am, &c.,

C. Gilpin, Secretary.

To G. A. Farr, esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Whitechapel Union, Charles-street, Whitechapel Road.

Whitechapel Union Workhouse, N.E.
March 2, 1864.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I am directed by the Board of Guardians of this Union to acknowledge your favour of the 12th January last, No. 541/64 C., and 22nd February last, No. 1640/64 C., and the copy memorandum which accompanied that of the former date, and to transmit for your information a copy of a report they have received from Mr. John Frost, the person employed by them to remove persons to Ireland, for whose removal to any part of which the Guardians may have obtained the necessary warrant.

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At the time the warrant for the removal of this person was obtained, the Relieving Officers had not found it practicable, in consequence of the great demand for them, to obtain any printed forms of warrant, in accordance with the Act of last Session, and inconsiderately used those in their possession, prepared according to the former Act.

I have the honour to be, my Lords and gentlemen,

(Signed), G. Adams Farr, Clerk.

The Poor Law Board.

Whitechapel Union.—Copy Report of Mr. Frost, as to Removal of Margaret Casey.

I beg to state that Margaret Casey was not sent as a deck passenger—a room below the deck of the passage boat, for which an increased rate of fare was paid to the proprietors of the boat, being provided for her and the other persons removed with her. I regret, however, that my conductor should have neglected to accompany the woman to the Workhouse himself, and beg to assure you that in future the strictest attention shall be paid to the delivery of all paupers removed to Ireland.

Ellen Johnson's Case.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.
January 12, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter, addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Ellen Johnson, removed from the Whitechapel Union, by warrant dated the 21st October, 1863, is herewith enclosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Guardians of the Whitechapel Union, and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which the Guardians may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, &c.,

(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

To G. A. Farr, esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Whitechapel Union, Charles-street, Whitechapel Road, E.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
February 22, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to call your attention to the letter which they addressed to you on the 12th ultimo, with reference to the case of Ellen Johnson, removed from the Whitechapel Union to Ireland; and to request that the Board may be furnished with an early reply to that letter.

I am, &c.,

(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

To G. A. Farr, esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Whitechapel Union, Charles-street, Whitechapel Road, E.

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Whitechapel Union, Clerk's Office,
Workhouse, N.E., March 2, 1864.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I am directed by the Board of Guardians of this Union to acknowledge your favours of 12th January last, No. 541/1864, and 22nd February last, No. 1639/1864 C., and the copy memoranda which accompanied that of the former date; and to transmit for your information a copy of a report they have received from Mr. John Frost, the person employed by them to remove persons to Ireland, for whose removal to any part of which the Guardians may have obtained the necessary warrant.

At the time the warrant for the removal of this person was obtained, the Relieving Officers had not found it practicable, in consequence of the great demand for them, to obtain any printed forms of warrant in accordance with the Act of last session, and inconsiderately used those in their possession, prepared according to the former Act.

I have the honour to be, &c.,

G. Adams Farr, Clerk.

The Poor Law Board.

Whitechapel Union.—Copy Report of Mr. Frost, as to Removals of Ellen Johnson and Mary Cronin to Ireland.

With regard to the delivery of Ellen Johnson and Mary Cronin, and families, I have to inform you that Mr. Fitzgerald is one of my paid agents, and whom I have ever found trustworthy and exceptional.

Bridget Sullivan's Case.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter, addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Bridget Sullivan and one child, removed from the parish of St. Luke, Middlesex, by warrant dated the 11th November, 1863, is herewith enclosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Guardians of the parish of St. Luke, Middlesex, and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which the Guardians may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, &c.,

(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

J. Parson, jun., esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Parish of St. Luke, Middlesex, Workhouse, City Road, E.C.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
February 22, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to call your attention to the letter which they addressed to you on the 12th ultimo, with reference to the case of Bridget Sullivan and her child, removed from the parish of

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St. Luke, Middlesex, to Ireland, and to request that the Board may be furnished with an early reply to that letter.

I am, &c.,

(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

J. Parson, esq., Clerk to the Guardians
of the Parish of St. Luke, Middlesex,
City Road, E.C.

Workhouse, St. Luke, Middlesex,
March 1, 1864.

Sir,

In reply to your letters, numbered as in margin, I am desired to state, that the Board of Guardians of this parish have, for some years past, had a contract with Mr. Frost (of Wapping), to remove all Irish and Scotch paupers chargeable to this parish, at the charges contained in the accompanying statement.

With respect to the case of Bridget Sullivan and child, to Castleisland, being sent as a deck passenger, I am assured by Mr. Frost that she was not sent from London as a deck passenger, but as an ordinary second class passenger.

In both cases the orders were made in conformity with the 24 and 25 Victoria, cap. 76. The sending a copy to the Clerks of the Guardians in Ireland, as required by the 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 89. sec. 3, has not been complied with, but in all future cases due regard shall be had thereto.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed,) John Parson, Clerk to the Board.

C. Gilpin, esq., M.P., &c., &c.,
Secretary, Poor Law Board.

Ellen Farrell's Case.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland, from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 and 27 Vict., cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Ellen Farrell and her two children, removed from the parish of St. Luke, Middlesex, by warrant dated the 24th November, 1863, is herewith enclosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Guardians of the parish of St. Luke, Middlesex, and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which the Guardians may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

C. Gilpin, Secretary.

To J. Parson, jun., esq., Clerk to the
Guardians of the Parish of St. Luke,
Middlesex Workhouse, City Road,
E.C.

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Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
February 22, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to call your attention to the letter which they addressed to you on the 12th ultimo, with reference to the case of Ellen Farrell and her two children, removed from the parish of St. Luke, Middlesex, to Ireland, and to request that the Board may be furnished with an early reply to that letter.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

C. Gilpin, Secretary.

To J. Parson, jun., esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Parish of St. Luke, Middlesex Workhouse, City Road, E.C.

Workhouse, St. Luke, Middlesex,
March 1, 1864.

Sir,

In reply to your letters numbered as in the margin, I am desired to state that the Board of Guardians of this parish have for some years past had a contract with Mr. Frost (of Wapping) to remove all Irish and Scotch paupers chargeable to this parish, at the charges contained in the accompanying statement.

. . . . . .

With respect to Ellen Farrell and two children, there does not appear to be any complaint as to the removal of this family, beyond the fact that, instead of being conveyed by the officer to whom the warrant was directed, Mr. Frost engaged with the stewardess of the steam-boat to deliver the paupers at the Dublin Union, which she did.

In both cases the orders were made in conformity with the 24th and 25th Victoria, cap. 76. The sending a copy to the Clerks of the Guardians in Ireland, as required by the 26th and 27th Vict., cap. 89, sec. 3, has not been complied with, but in all future cases due regard shall be had thereto.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed), John Parson,
Clerk to the Board.

To C. Gilpin, esq., M.P., &c., &c.,
Secretary, Poor Law Board.

Mary Cronin's Case.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter, addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland from Unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 and 27 Vict., cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Mary Cronin and four children, removed from the Whitechapel Union by warrant dated the 28th October, 1863, is herewith enclosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Guardians of the Whitechapel Union,

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and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which the Guardians may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, &c.,

C. Gilpin, Secretary.

G. A. Farr, esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Whitechapel Union, Charles-street, Whitechapel Road, E.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
February 22, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to call your attention to the letter which they addressed to you on the 12th ultimo, with reference to the case of Mary Cronin and her four children, removed from the Whitechapel Union to Ireland; and to request that the Board may be furnished with an early reply to that letter.

I am, &c.,

C. Gilpin, Secretary,

To G. A. Farr, esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Whitechapel Union, Charles-street, Whitechapel-road, E.

Whitechapel Union,
Clerk's Office, Workhouse, N.E.,
March 2, 1864.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I am directed by the Board of Guardians of this Union to acknowledge your favours of the 12th January last, No. 1,641 C./64, and the copy memoranda which accompanied that of the former date, and to transmit for your information a copy of a report which they have received from Mr. John Frost, the person employed by them to remove poor persons to Ireland, for whose removal thereto warrants have been obtained by the Guardians.

I am also to state, that it is quite possible that the woman, Mary Cronin, may have resided the time she states in Crown-court, in this Union; but from all the inquiries the Guardians have been enabled to make, they do not believe it was for any so lengthened a period. This (however long the residence) is some time back, and she has since resided in several other places; and her own statement to the Relieving Officer was, "That she had for several years past been in the habit of leaving her residence, and going into the country, hopping" (viz., hop-picking), and did so in the autumn preceding her removal, her children accompanying her; and the fact of her intention to return is negatived by the fact of her giving up her residence, and returning to other lodgings. I may observe, that the removability of this woman and her family formed the subject of communications from you to the Guardians, by letters of 13th August, 1862, No. 29,340 A./62, and 29th October, 1863, No. 38,192, A./63, to which they then replied.

The Guardians regret that the printed form of warrant for the removal of this woman and her family was inadvertently used by the Relieving Officer in error, being at the time unable to obtain any printed forms in accordance with the Act of last session.

I have the honour to be, my Lords and Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servant,

G. Adams Farr, Clerk.

The Poor Law Board.

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Whitechapel Union.—Copy Report of Mr. Frost as to removals of Mary Cronin and Ellen Johnson.

"With regard to the delivery of Ellen Johnson and Mary Cronin and families, I have to inform you that Mr. Fitzgerald is one of my paid agents, and whom I have ever found trustworthy and expeditious."

Copy Correspondence referred to in the foregoing Letter from the Clerk of Whitechapel Union.

Gentlemen, October 21, 1863.

I am a widow for nearly six years, and have supported my four children (of the ages of twelve, ten, eight, and six years of age), all this time as well as I could, without assistance from the parish. I have been in the parish of Whitechapel for nineteen years, and I applied for relief, after selling all I had to keep my children. They told me to go in the house, and I went in for one week; and I attended the Board yesterday, and they told me I must be passed to Ireland. I told them I did not belong there, and they told me I must either do so or I must go out; so they ordered me and my children out this morning without even a loaf of bread; and from there I went to the Relieving Officer, Mr. Plaistow, and asked him for a loaf of bread, and he told me he should not give me any. I asked him what I should do, and he said he did not care; so I am now without a home to shelter my children, and I shall be glad if you could help me to keep me in the house for the sake of my children, for they are starving without some assistance. I hope you will take this to your kind consideration.

From your humble servant,

Mary Cronin,

No. 21, Crown-court, Blue Anchor-yard, Royal Mint-street, E.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
October 29, 1863.

Mary Cronin,

The Poor Law Board direct me to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 21st instant, and to inform you that they are unable to interfere for the purpose of ordering relief in any individual case, being expressly prohibited by law from so doing.

The Board, however, will send a copy of your letter to the Guardians of the Whitechapel Union for their consideration.

I am, &c.,

C. Gilpin, Secretary.

To Mary Cronin, 21, Crown-court,
Blue Anchor-yard, Royal Mint-street, E.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
October 29, 1863.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to forward, for the consideration of the Guardians of the Whitechapel Union, the enclosed copy of a letter which has been addressed to the Board by Mary Cronin, and to request that they may be furnished with any observations which the Guardians may desire to make on the subject of her complaint. The

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Guardians will observe that Mary Cronin states that she has been turned out of the Workhouse, and that she and her children are without shelter.

I am, &c.,

C. Gilpin, Secretary.

To G. A. Farr, esq., Clerk to the Guardians
of the Whitechapel Union Workhouse,
Charles-street, Whitechapel-road, E.

Whitechapel Union, Clerk's Office, Workhouse, N.E.,
November 10, 1863.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I am directed by the Board of Guardians of this Union to acknowledge your favour of 29th October, 1863, No. 38192/1863, A, together with the copy of a letter which had been addressed to you by Mrs. Mary Cronin; and am directed to inform you, in reply, that Mary Cronin is an able-bodied woman, and has not resided, as her letter would infer, for nineteen years consecutively in Whitechapel, or even one year. Her practice has been to obtain admission into the Workhouse, and appear before the Board of Guardians at its then next meeting, when she would most probably be ordered to be passed to Ireland with her children, or leave the Workhouse. The next day she would refuse to be passed and take her discharge, to be again readmitted, probably the next day, or within a day or two; and the same course would be again adopted, and has been repeated at least twenty times.

She, however, at length consented to be passed, and was, with her children, passed to Ireland on the 28th ultimo.

I beg to transmit, for your information, a copy of the report of the Relieving Officer in reference to this woman and her children.

I have the honour to be, my Lords and Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servant,

G. Adams Farr, Clerk.

The Poor Law Board.

November 6, 1863.

Re Mary Cronin.

On the 13th October last this person applied for relief and was taken into the Workhouse; she went before the Board on the 20th October last, when the Board ordered that she should be passed to Ireland. She refused to go, and left the Workhouse on the 21st October. She was again admitted on the 23rd October, came before the Board on the 27th, when she consented to be passed, and was sent to Ireland on the 28th October last.

William Plaistowe, Relieving Officer.

Mary Ann Honeywood's Case.

Poor Law Board Whitehall, S.W.,
January 12, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that Secretary Sir George Grey has forwarded to them a letter addressed to the Irish Government by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, accompanied by memoranda of cases of removal of persons born in Ireland, from unions and parishes in the London Metropolitan District, under the provisions of the Act 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 89, in which it is alleged that the provisions of the law have been disregarded.

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A copy of the memorandum relating to the case of Mary Ann Honeywood and four children, removed from the Parish of St. George-in-the-East, by warrant dated the 2nd December, 1863, is herewith enclosed; and the Board request that you will lay the same before the Guardians of the parish of St. George-in-the-East, and that the Board may be furnished with any observations which the Guardians may deem it necessary to make thereon.

I am, &c.,
(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

T. Stone, esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Poor of the Parish of St. George-in-the-East, 6, Wellclose-square, E.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
February 22, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to call your attention to the letter which they addressed to you on the 12th ultimo, with reference to the case of Mary Ann Honeywood and her four children, removed from the parish of Saint George-in-the-East to Ireland; and to state that the Board are desirous of being furnished with an early reply to that letter.

I am, &c.,
(Signed), C. Gilpin, Secretary.

To T. Stone, esq., Clerk to the Guardians of the Poor of the Parish of St. George-in-the-East, 6, Wellclose-square, E.

Shorter-street, Wellclose-square, E.,
March 9, 1864.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I am directed by the Guardians of the poor of this parish to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 12th January last, accompanied by a copy of a memorandum from the Poor Law Commissioners in Ireland, relating to the case of Mary Ann Honeywood and four children, removed from this parish to Ireland, by warrant dated 2nd December, 1863; and to inform you that the execution of the order referred to was intrusted to Mr. John Frost, of No. 46, High-street, Wapping; who states that he despatched a young man, named William Lyons, to accompany the paupers to their place of debarkation. That the paupers arrived safely at Cork on the 13th December, where a lodging was procured for them by a Mr. Fitzgerald, an agent of Mr. Frost; and four loaves and tea and coffee and sugar remained of the provisions supplied her. That on the following morning Fitzgerald called for the pauper, for the purpose of conveying her and her children to the Workhouse, but he found she had left the lodging. After he had waited some time she returned and told Fitzgerald that she had sold three of the loaves for whisky, because she knew the bread would be taken from her at the Workhouse; that Fitzgerald then accompanied her and her children to the Workhouse, where they were then received.

I have the honour to be, my Lords and Gentlemen,
Your most obedient, humble servant,
Thomas Stone, Clerk.

To the Poor Law Board,
Whitehall, London, S.W.

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No. 3.—Letter from the Commissioners to the Under Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
5th March, 1864.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have the honour to acknowledge the receipt, on the 12th and 15th ultimo, of the files of papers conveying the result of the inquiries, caused to be made by the Poor Law Board in England, into some of the cases of removal reported for his Excellency's information, in the letter addressed to you by the Commissioners, on the 24th December last.*

The Commissioners have communicated the result of the inquiries in question to the several Boards of Guardians interested; and from the Guardians of Rathkeale Union they have received a resolution expressing their entire satisfaction in regard to the steps which have been taken, as being likely to lead to careful attention in the removal of Irish paupers from England in future.

From the Boards of Guardians of the other Unions—namely, Scariff, Killarney, and Tralee—no observation has yet been received which it is necessary to communicate.

The Commissioners, however, think it right to observe, in reference to those parts of the correspondence which relate to the agency of Mr. Frost as a contractor for the conveyance of persons under warrant of removal to Ireland, that the explanations given are not, in their opinion, satisfactory; and that in none of the cases of persons removed under Mr. Frost's agency was there that continuous custody of the persons under removal which the Legislature, according to the 2nd section of the recent Act, intended should be maintained by the person to whom the warrant is intrusted for execution; and that in every one of these cases of women and children removed under Mr. Frost's agency, in the interval between the 1st October and the present time, the 6th section of the Act 24 and 25 Vic., c. 76, which prohibits a deck-passage, has been violated. The Commissioners are further bound to add, that in several cases of removal under Mr. Frost's agency, which have occurred since the date of their report of the 24th December last, the same course has in both respects continued to be pursued, and from the tenor of Mr. Frost's statements is likely to be persisted in by him.

With regard to the continuous custody of the persons under warrant, a precaution which is necessary, not only for the protection and safe-keeping of the person removed, but for the protection of those Unions and places in Ireland through which the removal may take place from any undue burthen which might otherwise arise in regard to the pauper, the Commissioners submit that when the removing authorities in England employ Mr. Frost under such a contract as he himself describes, placing the warrant of removal in his hands, he must be regarded as the person to whom "the warrant is delivered for the purpose of being carried into execution;" and that he should therefore himself "detain and hold in safe custody such poor person until such poor person have arrived at the place to which he is ordered to be removed." For this purpose the 2nd section of the Act 26 and 27 Vic., c. 89, has invested him, and no other person, with the powers of a constable in every county and place in Ireland, through which he may pass in the due execution of the war-

* This refers to the explanations given in the cases of Catherine Ray, Ann Thornton, Margaret Ryan, Mary Sullivan, and Julia Sweeney; the explanations given in the other cases were not received by the Commissioners until after this letter was written.

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rant. It has appeared, however, that in no instance does Mr. Frost himself conduct the person removed to the place of destination, but that in every case he transfers the charge intrusted to him to some other person, that is, either to his servant or to some officer of the steam-boat. On the arrival of the vessel, in two or three days, in an Irish port the parties under removal are usually met by Mr. Frost's agent. This last mentioned person it is not possible to regard, any more than the steward of the steamer, in the light of a person to whom the warrant has been delivered for execution, under the provisions referred to in the 2nd section of the recent Act, or as the person who is thereby invested, for the purpose of executing the warrant, with the powers of a constable. The promise, therefore, which Mr. Frost has made, that in future cases the persons under warrant shall be conveyed by his agent or agents in the Irish ports to the Workhouses of the Unions named in the warrant, cannot be performed in opposition to the will of the parties themselves, otherwise than by an unauthorized infringement, in each such case, of the liberty of the subject.

With regard to the "deck-passage," it appears from the letter of the Clerk of Holborn Union to Mr. Frost, that Mr. Frost has issued to the London Unions a printed table of charges, in which he provides for the extra expense attending the removal of women and children, from the 1st October to the 31st March, by charging an additional 8*s.* for adults and 4*s.* for children during those months; and in the letter of the Clerk of Stepney Union to the Poor Law Board is given the form of receipt by which Mr. Frost is accustomed to acknowledge the sum received by him for the performance of his contract, which is as follows:—

"46, High-street, Wapping, E.

"Received the 14th day of October, 1863, of the Removing-officer of the Ratcliffe Stepney Union, in the county of Middlesex, with the pauper, Margaret Regan, sent according to Act 24 and 25 Vic., c. 76, and 26 and 27 Vic., c. 89, including mileage, for pauper and conductor from the port, and two days' keep, the sum of three pounds fifteen shillings and — pence, which I hereby undertake to refund, pursuant to contract, on failure of her being sent to Skibbereen parish, in Ireland.

14/10/63
L.S.
(Signed,) John Frost.

£3 15*s.* 0*d.*

In Mr. Frost's own letters he denies in all cases, with one exception, that he has sent the parties as deck-passengers, asserting that he has in each case provided them with "berths below deck," or that he has provided "a room for them below the decks, for which accommodation" he pays "an increased amount of fare."

As these statements appeared to refer to the steam-boats plying between London and Cork, in most of the cases which are complained of in the Commissioners' report to his Excellency of the 24th December, the Commissioners thought it right to obtain from Mr. O'Brien, the Inspector in the Cork district, a special report on the subject, after due inquiry from the officers of the Company to which the boats in question belong. The following extract from Mr. O'Brien's report describes the nature of the accommodation to which Mr. Frost refers, as well as the nature of his engagement with the proprietors of the steam-boats.

"The Company's fares between London and Cork are—cabin fare, 25*s.*; deck, 12*s.* 6*d.* There is no *intermediate* scale recognised as regards the *ordinary* passengers by the Company's boats; but it is understood (from the returns received from the London agent) that a *special fare* of 14*s.* 6*d.*, or 2*s.* over the usual deck fare, is paid by agreement by Mr. Frost for the persons transmitted by him to Ireland; and for this extra payment the passengers become entitled, as a matter of right, to the use during the voyage of what is called the 'barrack,' or the soldier's room.

"I had some time since an opportunity of personally inspecting this barrack-room on board the 'Cormorant.' It is a plain room or cabin beneath the fore-deck, from which you

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descend to it by a short flight of steps. It is quite sheltered from the weather, and is provided with a seat, running round, but has neither a fire nor any accommodation for sleeping. It has been constructed specially for the accommodation of soldiers, who are primarily entitled to the use of it when crossing the Channel; and in reply to an inquiry as to how, in the event of this accommodation being at any time thus absorbed, Mr. Frost's cases would be dealt with, I was informed that the Company's servants would be then bound by their agreement with him to place them in the cook's room, or elsewhere under cover; but that this contingency could scarcely ever arise in fact, as few soldiers cross in this way."

It would appear from this account that there are two, and only two, descriptions of passages on board these boats, viz., an after-cabin passage and a deck passage.

Notwithstanding, therefore, the explanation relating to the barrack-room, the females and children removed under Mr. Frost's agency since 1st October last, have been, in point of fact, sent as deck-passengers, in violation of the 6th section of 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 76; and while it must be admitted that some mitigation of the severity of the deck-passage of two or three days and nights has been afforded under the provisions of that Act, those provisions have most clearly had the effect at the same time of enabling Mr. Frost to increase the profits made by him in the performance of his contracts with the Guardians of London Unions for the deportation of Irish paupers, receiving, as he appears to do, 8s. additional and paying 2s. additional in the case of each adult, and charging mileage and other expenses of the conductor in each case, and sending one and the same conductor in charge of several cases. It has been suggested that a fit mode of trying the propriety and sufficiency of Mr. Frost's arrangements in regard to the accommodation provided by him on board ship for the Irish women and children consigned to him for deportation, would be to prosecute him for the penalty of £5 under the 5th section of the 26th and 27th Vic., cap. 89; but, as already mentioned, the Commissioners are anxious to avoid litigation, and they remain in hope that the discontinuance of Mr. Frost's agency may be effected in some other way. They fear also that under the terms of the section referred to, which states that "the offence shall be deemed to have been committed at the port where the poor person shall be landed," no legal process exists by which Mr. Frost, for an offence which he is alleged to have committed at Wapping, could be made amenable to justice in Ireland.

The Commissioners cannot but think that the Boards of Guardians of Unions and parishes in the metropolitan district, when they contract with Mr. Frost for the deportation and safe delivery in Ireland of Irish-born subjects in the manner described in this and preceding reports, are losing sight of the nature of the legal process by which such removals are authorized to be conducted, each case being in the nature of a forcible arrest followed by forcible detention, and each person removed being regarded as a prisoner under legal custody until arrival at the placed named in the warrant.

In such cases it does not appear too much to expect that the person so arrested and detained should be placed for security in the hands of some trustworthy servant or officer of the Board of Guardians, with instructions to proceed, in accordance with the provisions of the statute, to the place of destination, and not to lose sight of his charge until their arrival there, or to transfer the execution of his task to any other person.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To General Sir Thomas Larcom, K.C.B., &c.,
Dublin Castle.

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No. 4.—Letter from the Commissioners to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
January 25, 1864.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, desire to state, for the information of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, that their attention having been drawn by the Board of Guardians of Kilmallock Union to the circumstances under which a young female, named Margaret O'Brien, aged nineteen, was removed to Ireland from the parish of St. Mary Abbotts, Kensington, and who died two days after her arrival at Kilmallock; the Commissioners have made inquiry into the facts, so far as they can ascertain them.

The Commissioners forward herewith a copy of the report which they have received from Mr. Horsley, Poor Law Inspector, on the subject, together with a copy of the minutes of evidence taken by him, and of the other papers relating to the case.

It will be seen from these documents that Margaret O'Brien left Ireland about twelve months ago, previous to which time she had been labouring under disease of the heart and lungs; that she was not receiving workhouse relief at the time of her removal back from England, and that rather than take such relief she asked to be passed over to her friends in Ireland.

A warrant for her removal, dated the 2nd December, 1863, appears accordingly to have been issued, though no copy of it was forwarded to the Board of Guardians by post, as required by section 3 of the Act 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 76. The warrant certifies that the deceased had been seen by the Magistrate who issued it, and that she was in "such a state of health as not to be liable to suffer bodily or mental injury by the removal."

There seems, however, to be much question, from the unfortunate results in the case, whether her removal was a proper course, having regard to her state of health on the 2nd December; and, according to the evidence, it would certainly appear to have been an improper course on the 10th December, the day when the deceased was embarked at London.

The Master of the Workhouse, and the relatives of the poor girl—to whom, by her desire, she was humanely sent from the Workhouse at Kilmallock by the Master—describe her deplorable state of health on her arrival.

Dr. O'Connell, Medical Officer of the Kilmallock Workhouse, states that on Margaret O'Brien's arrival at the Workhouse she "appeared to be very unwell, oppressed in her breathing, and swollen generally all over her person. From the hardness of her feet and the swollen state of them, he is of opinion that she had been affected with dropsy for more than a week previously, and that she was therefore in an unfit state for removal from London by sea on the 10th December last."

It further appears, that in direct violation of the 6th section of the Act 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 76, she was sent by sea from London as a deck passenger, and being in that way exposed to cold and fatigue, at this inclement season of the year, "her death must, at any rate," as Dr. O'Connell states, "have been accelerated, if not caused, by her improper removal."

Notwithstanding that the girl's removal from London is stated to have been at her own instance, yet the infraction of the law in the mode of effecting the removal, as well as the painful circumstances of the case,

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appear to render it necessary to call attention to it, and the Commissioners think it right, therefore, to forward the papers for His Excellency's information.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Right Honourable Sir Robert
Peel, Bart., &c., Dublin Castle.

Enclosures in foregoing Letter.

I.—Extract from Guardians' Minutes, dated 17th December, 1863.

The Clerk produced a warrant, which had been handed to him by the Master, for the removal of Margaret O'Brien, aged nineteen years, from the parish of Saint Mary Abbotts, Kensington, to this Union, for the parish of Kilfinane.

The Master stated that the woman left this Workhouse upon the day of her arrival from England.

The Clerk produced the written replies of the woman, which the Master had obtained from her, to certain queries furnished by the Poor Law Commissioners, by which it appeared that, contrary to the 6th section of 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 76, this woman had been removed on the deck of a steamer. The Clerk further stated that a copy of the warrant had not been sent to him, as is required by the 3rd section of the Act referred to.

The Clerk was directed to send the documents forward to the Poor Law Commissioners.

II.—Copy Warrant of Removal.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the parish of Saint Mary Abbots, Kensington, in the Metropolitan Police District, and the County of Middlesex, and to the Guardians of the Poor of the parish of Kilfinane Union, in the county of Limerick, in Ireland.

Whereas, complaint is now made by the Guardians of the Poor of the parish of Saint Mary Abbotts, Kensington Union, in the said district, and county of Middlesex, unto me, James Taylor Ingham esq., one of the Magistrates of the Police Courts of the Metropolis, sitting at the Police Court at Hammersmith, within the Metropolitan Police District and County of Middlesex, that Margaret O'Brien hath become and is now chargeable to the Parish of Saint Mary Abbotts, Kensington, in the said county of Middlesex. And whereas the said Margaret O'Brien having been brought before me, and application having been made to me by Samuel Pummell, the Constable of the said Guardians, on their behalf, I have made due examination on oath, and find that the said Margaret O'Brien is of the reputed age of nineteen years, and was born in Ireland, and has not been absent therefrom more than twelve months, and hath not a settlement in England, and is not otherwise exempt from removal from the said Parish of Saint Mary Abbotts, Kensington; and I have seen the said Margaret O'Brien, and am satisfied that the said Margaret O'Brien is in such a state of health as not to be liable to suffer bodily or mental injury by the removal.

These are, therefore, to require you, the Guardians of the Poor of the Parish of Saint Mary Abbotts, Kensington, aforesaid, to cause the said Margaret O'Brien to be safely conveyed to the said Union of , and to be delivered at the Workhouse of such Union.

Given under my hand and seal, at the Police Court aforesaid, this second day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

J. T. Ingham.

III.—Heads of Inquiry directed by the Poor Law Commissioners to be put to a pauper on his or her arrival at the Workhouse, under a Removal Warrant from England, and replies to be fully reported to the Commissioners, *vide* Circular 16th November, 1861.

Queries and Replies of Margaret O'Brien, a poor person transmitted from London to Kilmallock Workhouse.

1. Date of warrant?—2nd December, 1863.
2. Date of embarkation?—10th December, 1863.
3. Name of the port at which embarked?—City of London.
4. How sent—deck passenger or otherwise?—Deck passenger.
5. When, and by whom delivered at the workhouse?—14th December, by William Lyons.
6. How long since the pauper left Ireland?—About twelve months.
7. Where born in Ireland—parish, townland?—Kilfinane.

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8. Last residence in Ireland?—Kilfinane.
Name of pauper, names of husband or wife, children?—Margaret O'Brien.
9. How long did the pauper live in the *last* place in Ireland?—All her life—twenty years.
10. Where residing in England when you became chargeable?—City of London.
Name of union?—Kensington.
Parish or township?—Saint Mary Abbotts.
11. How long resided there?—Twelve months.
12. If less than three years, as accurately as possible the particulars of previous residence?—Twelve months.
13. If a widow, when did her husband die?—Single.

IV.—Copy Letter to the Board of Guardians.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
December 23rd, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have had before them the entry, on Minutes of Proceedings of the Board of Guardians of Kilmallock Union on the 17th instant, relative to the removal of Margaret O'Brien from the parish of St. Mary Abbotts, Kensington, to Kilmallock, together with the warrant for her removal and the usual statement of particulars respecting her case; and in reference thereto, the Commissioners desire to state, that the warrant appears to be correct in point of form, and the pauper legally removable; and she appears also to have been brought to the Workhouse by a Removing Officer. The irregularities in the case appear to be, that no copy of the warrant was sent by post, as required by the 3rd section of the 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 76; and that the pauper was sent as a deck passenger, contrary to the provisions of the 6th section of the 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 76.

The 5th section of the 26 and 27 Vic., cap. 89, enacts, that any person violating the provisions contained in the 6th section of the last cited Act shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £5, to be recovered on a summary conviction before two Justices or a Police or Stipendiary Magistrate; and it is provided that the offence shall be deemed to have been committed at the port where the poor person shall be landed.

The Commissioners are in communication with Her Majesty's Government, on the subject of the arrangements for removing Irish poor from England.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of Kilmallock Union.

V.—Extract from Guardians' Minutes, dated 31st December, 1863.

Read letter from Poor Law Commissioners, No. 25,945, dated 23rd December, 1863, relative to the case of Margaret O'Brien, who was reported on the minutes of the 17th instant.

The Clerk having stated that he was informed that the woman in question had died in Kilfinane, to which place she went from this Workhouse, he was directed to inform the Commissioners accordingly.

VI.—Copy Letter from the Clerk of the Union.

Kilmallock Union.
January 1st, 1864.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of, and to express my thanks for, your letter dated 30th December, No. 25,945/63, together with the enclosures which accompanied it, relative to the case of Margaret O'Brien, a pauper who was removed from England to this Workhouse.

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I have at the same time to state, that the woman in question died in Kilfinane, to which place she went, at her own request, from this Workhouse, as reported on the accompanying minutes.

I have, &c.,

R. Quigley, Clerk of the Union.

To the Poor Law Commissioners,
Custom House, Dublin.

VII.—Copy Letter to the Board of Guardians.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
January 7, 1864.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 1st instant, and the Minute of the Board of Guardians of Kilmallock Union, relating to the death of Margaret O'Brien, who was recently removed from the parish of St. Mary Abbotts, Kensington, to Kilmallock; and in reference thereto the Commissioners request that they may be more fully informed of the particulars as to the state of health of the deceased when she arrived at Kilmallock and was admitted into the Workhouse, and also as to her state of health when she left the Workhouse for Kilfinane.

The Commissioners also wish to be informed of the circumstances under which Margaret O'Brien's death took place so shortly after she quitted the Workhouse.

By Order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of Kilmallock Union.

VIII.—Copy Letter from the Clerk of the Union.

Kilmallock Union,
January 9, 1864.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of, and to thank you for your letter dated the 7th instant, No. 120/'64, together with the enclosures which accompanied it, relative to the case of Margaret O'Brien, a poor person removed from London to this Union, in which you request to be more fully informed of the particulars as to the state of health of this woman upon her arrival here, and upon her leaving this Workhouse for Kilfinane.

In reply I have to state, that upon the receipt of your letter I applied to the Medical Officer and the Master of the Workhouse upon this subject; and I enclose herewith for your information copies of the report and certificate of these officers respectively, which they furnished to me for this purpose.

With regard to your further request to be informed of the circumstances under which this woman's death took place in Kilfinane, I have to state, that I have written to Dr. Burke, the Dispensary Medical Officer in that town, on this subject, and shall inform you of the result.

I have, &c.,

R. Quigley, Clerk of the Union.

To the Poor Law Commissioners,
Custom House, Dublin.

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Copy Observations of Mr. J. Nelson, Master of Kilmallock Union Workhouse.

Margaret O'Brien, admitted on 14th December, 1863, and reported on the Morning Sick Report of that date, was brought to the Workhouse by a man named William Lyons, from London, whose case I have already reported in replies to the queries furnished by the Poor Law Commissioners.

Immediately on her arrival at the Workhouse, she was offered bread and tea for breakfast, but said she preferred milk; and a quart of new milk boiled was supplied her, which she used at her leisure.

Soon after her admission she applied to me to send her home, and said she was not able to walk there to Kilfinane, a distance of five miles; and upon her expressing much anxiety to get at once home and see her friends, I immediately granted her request, and took means to have her carefully conveyed there the same day she arrived here.

(Signed,) James Nelson,
Master of the Workhouse, Kilmallock Union.

January 8, 1864.

Copy Certificate of Dr. Morgan D. O'Connell, Medical Officer of Kilmallock Workhouse.

This is to certify that Margaret O'Brien, aged nineteen years, who was on the Morning Sick Report on the 14th December last, suffered from anasarca and a chest affection. She appeared in a critical state of health when I saw her, and I directed her admission to the Infirmary, where I prescribed for her. Before I had left the Workhouse on that day, I heard that she had gone to Kilfinane. I am of opinion that her disease and suffering would be increased by the fatigues and exposure to cold, consequent upon crossing from England to Ireland.

(Signed,) Morgan D. O'Connell, M.D.,
Medical Officer, Kilmallock Workhouse.

January 8th, 1864.

IX.—Copy Letter from the Clerk of the Union.

Kilmallock Union,
January 12th, 1864.

Gentlemen,

With reference to my letter dated the 9th instant, No. 120/'64, I have the honour to state that I have received a letter from Dr. George R. Bourke, the Medical Officer at Kilfinane, relative to the deceased female, Margaret O'Brien, removed to this Union from London, in which he states that "he was well acquainted with the poor girl, and often prescribed for her, but latterly lost sight of her altogether; that he was never told of her last illness, and consequently did not see her in it."

I have, &c.,
R. Quigley, Clerk of the Union.

To the Poor Law Commissioners,
Custom House, Dublin.

X.—Copy Report from Mr. Horsley, Poor Law Inspector.

Kilmallock Union,
January 22, 1864.

Gentlemen,

Adverting to the Commissioners' letter of the 13th instant, I have the honour to state, that on Thursday last, I inquired into the circumstances attending the death of a poor woman named Margaret O'Brien, at Kilfinane, in the Kilmallock Union, on the 16th ultimo; and I transmit herewith, for the information of the Commissioners, the minutes of evidence, on oath, which I obtained in regard to the case, and beg to report as follows thereon.

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It appears that this poor woman, who had been passed by the parish authorities of St. Mary Abbotts, Kensington, to Kilmallock Union, embarked at London on the 10th December last, and was delivered by a person named William Lyons, on the 14th of the same month, at the Kilmallock Workhouse; that she was exceedingly ill when she arrived there, and was at once seen by the Medical Officer, who prescribed for her; but that she refused to remain in the Workhouse, and begged to be conveyed to her sister's residence in the village of Kilfinane, where she arrived on the afternoon of the same day; and having passed the night there, went on the following day to the house of her brother in the same village, where she died on the night of the 16th ultimo.

It further appears, from the evidence of her sister-in-law, Mary O'Brien, that she was not receiving Workhouse relief at the time of her removal from the Parish of St. Mary Abbott; but that, rather than take such relief, she asked to be passed over to her friends in Ireland. This is an important circumstance, so far as the parish authorities of St. Mary Abbotts are concerned; for it admits of the probability of their not being aware of Margaret O'Brien's precarious state of health, and of her unfitness on that account to undergo the fatigue of the journey from London to Kilmallock. Be this as it may, it would appear from the evidence of Mr. Nelson, Master of the Kilmallock Workhouse, that the poor woman was sent over as a deck passenger, which at this season of the year was, without any reference to her state of health, a violation of the provisions of the 6th section of 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 76.

I may mention that the poor woman's sister, Mrs. Carroll, and her sister-in-law, Mary O'Brien, informed me that she was so weak and exhausted, that she was unable to converse much with them, or give a detailed account of the circumstances attending her removal from England; and also beg to state that Dr. George Burke, of Kilfinane, informed me that, prior to Margaret O'Brien's leaving that place in the early part of last year, he knew her to be labouring under disease of the heart and lungs.

I return the file of papers sent to me for the purposes of the inquiry, and have the honour to remain,

Gentlemen, &c.,

S. Horsley.

Minutes of Evidence accompanying Mr. Horsley's Report.

Morgan David O'Connell, being duly sworn, saith—I have been Medical Officer of the Kilmallock Workhouse since the opening of that establishment. On the 14th of December last I saw in the Workhouse aforesaid a young woman, named Margaret O'Brien, who had arrived that morning from London, whence she had been passed as a pauper from the parish of St. Mary Abbotts, Kensington. She left London on the 10th of December last. She appeared to be very much oppressed in her breathing, and swollen generally all over her person. From the hardness of her feet and the swollen state of them, I am of opinion that she had been affected with dropsy for more than a week previously; and that she was therefore in an unfit state for removal from London by sea on the 10th of December last; and that, as she appeared to have been a deck passenger, and exposed to cold, her death must at any rate have been accelerated, if not caused, by her improper removal. I prescribed for her, having first admitted her to the Infirmary; but she would not remain in the Workhouse, and was therefore conveyed to her friends in the neighbourhood.

Morgan D. O'Connell, M D.

Sworn before me, Samuel Horsley,
on the 20th day of January, 1864.
Samuel Horsley, Poor Law Inspector.

Ellen Carroll, being duly sworn, saith—Margaret O'Brien, who died at Kilfinane on the 16th of December last, was my sister. On the 14th of December last she came to my house in Kilfinane from the Kilmallock Workhouse, and slept there on that night. On the next day she went to stop at my brother's house in Kilfinane. She was all swelled when she came to me, and when she left me to go to my brother's. She told me she had

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been very ill in the Workhouse in London, and that she was in bad health when she left it. She died in two days after she left my house and went to my brother's. She did not see a doctor whilst she was in my house. She told me nothing about her passage from London to Cork.

her
Ellen × Carroll.
mark

Thomas Brazill, Witness.
Sworn before me, Samuel Horsley,
on the 20th day of January, 1864.
Samuel Horsley, Poor Law Inspector.

Mary O'Brien, being duly sworn, saith—I am wife of John O'Brien. Margaret O'Brien, who was passed from London to Kilmallock Workhouse on the 14th December last, and who died in my house on the 16th of that month, was his sister. When she came to my house, on the 15th of December last, she was very ill, and was much swollen, and appeared to be much oppressed in her breathing. I did not send for a doctor, as I thought he could do no good; but I sent for the priest, and she died on the following night. She told me before her death that she had come by long sea from London, and that she was kindly treated and attended to by the man who came over in charge of her. She did not tell me whether she was a deck passenger or not. She told me that she was not in the Workhouse in London at the time she was sent over by the Parish; but that she was living with her sister Mary, who is married to a man of the name of Connolly. I don't know the address of Connolly. She told me she was going to be sent into the London Workhouse again, but that she preferred being sent to Ireland to her own friends.

her
Mary × O'Brien.
mark

Thomas Brazill, Witness.
Sworn before me, Samuel Horsley,
on the 20th day of January, 1864.
Samuel Horsley, Poor Law Inspector.

James Nelson, being duly sworn, saith—I am Master of the Kilmallock Union Workhouse. On the 14th of December last a young woman named Margaret O'Brien was brought to the Workhouse by a Removing Officer named William Lyons. Margaret O'Brien had been passed from London to Kilmallock Workhouse by the parish authorities of St. Mary Abbotts, Kensington. She seemed to be in a bad state of health when she was brought to the Workhouse. Her legs and feet were swollen. She declined to remain in the Workhouse, and requested me to have her conveyed to her friends in Kilfinane, which place is about five and a-half miles from the Workhouse, and I sent her there on the Workhouse car. Before she left the Workhouse, I questioned her as to her journey from London. She told me that she was a deck passenger, but that in other respects she was kindly treated. She was quite distinct on the point of her having been a deck passenger.

James Nelson, Master of Workhouse.

Sworn before me, Samuel Horsley,
on the 20th day of January, 1864.
Samuel Horsley, Poor Law Inspector.

No. 5.—Letter from the Commissioners to the Chief Secretary of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
November 25, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Law for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to state for the information of their Excellencies the Lords Justices, that their attention has been drawn by the Board of Guardians of Skibbereen Union to the circumstances under which a female named Margaret Regan has been removed from the Stepney Union to Skibbereen, under a warrant dated the 10th October last.

A copy of the warrant is enclosed herewith, and it duly represents that the Magistrates who signed it had examined Margaret Regan, in order to ascertain that her state of health was such that she would not be liable to suffer bodily or mental injury from removal to Ireland.

A copy of depositions, purporting to have been made before the Magis-

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trates who ordered her removal, by Margaret Regan, at the Town Hall, Poplar, and which has been obtained in pursuance of the 3rd section of the Act 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 76, is also enclosed.

Notwithstanding the regularity of these documents, however, there appears, if Margaret Regan's statements to the Board of Guardians, and to Mr. Horsley, Poor Law Inspector, can be relied upon, to have been much informality in regard to her removal, as well as considerable hardship in the case, if there has not, indeed, been a distinct breach of the law.

An extract from the report which the Commissioners have received from Mr. Horsley, forwarding the statements made to him on oath by Margaret Regan, together with a statement made to him by Sub-Constable Francis Gannon, is enclosed.

From these depositions it appears that Margaret Regan, who states that she is about twenty years of age, lived for ten years in the same service in the Commercial-road, London, until about six weeks before she was removed to Ireland.

That during the six weeks referred to she was ill with fever, and after having been removed from her place of service to her mother's dwelling, received relief in the Stepney Union Workhouse. That when she was recovering, her mother wished to take her out of the hospital but was not permitted to do so, as she was not then quite recovered. That when she was getting better, the Guardians "asked her if she would like to be sent home; and that she replied in the affirmative, because she thought they meant to send her to her mother's home, in Brook-street."

Instead of this, however, she was, two or three days afterwards, and but one day after she had got out of her sick bed, put on board a steamer in charge of a man named George Legan, who brought her to the Skibbereen Workhouse, the poor girl having been sent as a deck passenger.

Margaret Regan states, that she was told that there was a Magistrate with the Guardians who came into the sick ward to ask her if she would like to go home; and that "they told her to take hold of a pen and make a mark on a piece of paper;" but that they asked her no other question, and that she was not taken to any Police Court or Town Hall, and did not make any statement or answer any questions upon oath.

It would appear, both from Margaret Regan's own statement as well as from that of Sub-Constable Gannon, that the Removing Officer, George Legan, was not a proper person to have been intrusted with the duty. He seems not only to have neglected the girl altogether on the passage, but to have conveyed her from Cork to Skibbereen without providing her with food or the means of procuring it; and that he was arrested for drunkenness on the day of his arrival in the town of Skibbereen.

The 1st section of the Act 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 76, requires that no application for a Warrant of Removal from England to Ireland shall be heard and determined except by "two or more Justices in Petty Sessions assembled, or by a Stipendiary Magistrate, or Metropolitan Police Magistrate sitting in his Court;" and prescribes that such Justices or Magistrate shall see the person to be removed.

The 6th section of the Act declares it to be unlawful to remove any woman or child under fourteen years of age as a deck passenger from the 1st October to the 31st March in each year. Both of these provisions would appear to have been disregarded in the case of Margaret Regan.

The Commissioners forward the documents enclosed, therefore, in the hope that the Lords Justices may be pleased to cause some communication to be made to the authorities in England, with a view to inquiry into the truth of the statements which have been made in this case.

It will be observed that the facts complained of do not raise any ground

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for appealing against the validity of the removal, so as to justify the Commissioners in directing an inquiry under section 7 of the Act above quoted.

By order of the Commissioners,
B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel, Bart., &c.,
Dublin Castle.

Enclosures in Foregoing Letter.

I.—Copy Warrant.

To John Cunningham, the Removing Officer of the Guardians of the Stepney Union, in the Metropolitan Police District and the County of Middlesex, and to the Guardians of the Skibbereen Union, in the County of Cork, in Ireland.

Whereas complaint hath been made by John Cunningham, the Removing Officer of the Guardians of the Stepney Union, in the said district, and county of Middlesex, unto us, John T. Fletcher and B. Dixon, Esquires, two of the Magistrates of the Police Courts of the Metropolis, sitting at the Town Hall, Poplar, within the Metropolitan Police District and county of Middlesex, that Margaret Regan, aged seventeen years, a person born in Ireland. And, whereas, upon examination of the said Margaret Regan, taken upon oath before us, it doth appear, to our satisfaction, that she was born in the parish or place of Skibbereen, and hath not a settlement in England. And whereas we have duly examined the said Margaret Regan as to the state of her health, and am satisfied that she is in such a state of health as not to be liable to suffer bodily or mental injury by removal to Ireland under this warrant.

These are therefore to require you, the said Guardians of the Stepney Union aforesaid, in the district and county of Middlesex aforesaid, or some proper person or persons to be employed by you, to remove and convey the said Margaret Regan to the said Union of Skibbereen, and to cause her to be delivered at the workhouse of such Union.

Given under my Hand and Seal at the Police Court aforesaid, this tenth day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-three.

John T. Fletcher.
B. Dixon.

II.—Copy Deposition of Margaret Regan.

County of Middlesex, to wit. } The examination of Margaret Regan, aged seventeen years, taken on oath before us, two of her Majesty's Justices of the Peace acting in and for the County of Middlesex, in that part of the United Kingdom called England, this tenth day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-three, who on oath saith, that according to the best of her knowledge and belief she was born in the parish or place of Skibbereen in the county of Cork, in that part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, which she left about fourteen years ago, and hath no settlement in that part of the United Kingdom called England, and hath actually become and is now chargeable to the hamlet of Ratcliff, in the Stepney Poor Law Union, in the said county of Middlesex, and has not resided in the said hamlet of Ratcliff or Union for more than about two years since residing in Whitechapel, and that the state of her health is such that she will not be liable to suffer any bodily or mental injury by removal to Ireland.

Sworn, the day and year first above written, at the Town Hall, Poplar, in the county of Middlesex before us, } her Margaret + Regan. mark.

John T. Fletcher.
B. Dixon.

III.—Extract from Report from Mr. Horsley.

Adverting to the Commissioners' letters of the 11th instant, I beg to state, that on the 18th instant I examined on oath Margaret Regan and Margaret Casey, recently removed from the Stepney and Whitechapel Unions, in England, to the Skibbereen Union; and I have now the honour to transmit, for the information of the Commissioners, the evidence of the women in question, and to report as follows with reference to their respective cases.

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If the statements made on oath before me by Margaret Regan be true, her removal to Skibbereen Union by the authorities of the Stepney Union would appear to have been effected in a peculiarly harsh and illegal manner.

The circumstances under which her removal took place are so clearly detailed in her evidence that I need not recapitulate them here, further than to point out that she was not taken before any magistrates in petty sessions assembled, or before a stipendiary magistrate, or before a metropolitan police magistrate sitting in court, previous to her removal, and that she was not aware that she was to be removed to Ireland until she was taken to Wapping Old Stairs and taken on board a steam-boat, about to sail for Cork, by the Removing Officer, George Legan, who not only appears to have neglected her altogether on her passage, but to have conveyed her from Cork to Skibbereen without providing her with food, or the means of procuring it. The Commissioners will observe from the evidence of Sub-Constable Francis Gannon that this man Legan was arrested for drunkenness in the town of Skibbereen on the day of his arrival here, and that he was a most improper person to be intrusted by the Stepney Union authorities with the removal of any pauper, especially of the more helpless sex.

IV.—Minutes of Evidence referred to in Mr. Horsley's Report.

Margaret Regan, being duly sworn, saith—I am about twenty years of age, and my mother has told me that I was born near Leap, in the Skibbereen Union. I do not recollect ever being in Ireland until I arrived in it in the month of October last. I lived with my father and mother at No. 5, Brook-street, Ratcliffe, London, till I went into service, about ten years ago, with Mr. Thomas, a baker, living in the Commercial-road, London; I think the number of his house is 51. I lived in service with Mr. Thomas continuously for about ten years in the same house, until about six weeks before I was removed by the parish authorities of the Stepney Union to this country. During those six weeks I was ill with fever in the Stepney Union Workhouse, and as soon as I recovered they sent me to this country. When I was taken ill with fever, my master sent me home to my mother at No. 5, Brook-street, Ratcliffe. The parish doctor visited me at my mother's house, and when I had been at home for two or three days, he sent me into the Stepney Union Hospital. My mother visited me once whilst I was in hospital. My mother wished to take me out of it; but I was not then quite recovered, and the Doctor would not allow her to remove me. Dr. Ross is the name of the Medical Officer of the Union. When I was getting better, the Guardians of the Stepney Union asked me if I would like to be sent home, and I said "Yes," because I thought they meant to send me to my mother's home in Brook-street. Two or three days afterwards I was taken by the Pass-Master of Stepney Workhouse to Wapping Old Stairs, where we met a man named George Legan, who took me on board a steam-boat, and accompanied me to Cork, and brought me on to Skibbereen Workhouse. This happened last month; but I don't recollect on what day I went on board the steam-boat; but Legan delivered me up at the Skibbereen Workhouse on Monday the 19th of last month. I was a deck passenger on board the steamboat, and had no berth below stairs. There was a sort of shed on the deck for shelter, but there was no sleeping accommodation. I don't know whether Legan was a deck passenger or not. There were some other women under the shed at night. I had only been up from my sick bed for one day before I was taken to Wapping Old Stairs and put in charge of Legan. On the day that the Guardians asked me if I would like to be sent home, and that I said I would, because I thought they meant my mother's home, they came into the sick ward in which I was. There was a magistrate with them, at least the nurse told me so afterwards. They asked me only whether I would like to go home, and when I said I would, they told me to take hold of a pen and make a mark on a piece of paper. They asked me no other question. I was not taken to any police court or town hall, nor did I make any statement or answer any questions upon oath. No book was put into my hand before or after I made the mark on the paper in the sick ward. I only saw my mother once in the hospital. That was after I had been about a week there. She came a second time to see me; but she was not allowed to see me. It was on the day that I was sent to the steam-boat that she came for the second time.

She did not know until afterwards that I was being sent to Skibbereen, and she subsequently wrote to the Master of Skibbereen Workhouse, asking whether I had arrived safely, and stating that it was against her consent that I had been sent to Ireland. When my master, Mr. Thomas, sent me home in fever to my mother, he said he would take me back into his service when I got well, and I would have gone back to him. On the passage I was sea-sick, and not able to eat. When Mr. Legan brought me on to Skibbereen, after landing at Cork, he was not kind to me, and gave me nothing to eat or drink on the way. I tasted no food and got no drink from the time I left London till I arrived

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at the Skibbereen Workhouse. Mr. Legan did not offer to give me either food or drink. I had not a farthing of money. Mr. Legan brought over five other women with him from London and left them in Cork. Those other women had food with them on board the steamboat, but I had none, nor had I means of procuring any. I am sure Mr. Thomas would take me back into his service, if I could go to him. I was never in a Workhouse or received any poor relief before the parish doctor sent me into the Stepney Workhouse. My father has been dead for the last three years. My mother never received any parochial relief either in the Stepney Union or any other union that I know of. I swear most positively that I never was taken to any Police Court, or to Poplar Town Hall, before I was put on board the steamboat to come to Ireland. I never was in any house between the time of my being sent to the hospital of Stepney Workhouse and the time of my being put on board the steamboat. I was not above ten years old when I went into Mr. Thomas's service.

her
Margaret + Regan.
mark.

Charles Clerke, Clerk of Union, Witness.

Sworn before me, Samuel Horsley, on the 18th day of November, 1863.

Samuel Horsley, Poor Law Inspector.

Robert Evans, being duly sworn, saith—I am Master of the Skibbereen Workhouse. I know Margaret Regan, who was brought to the Workhouse by a man named George Legan on the 19th October last, and admitted by me on that day, in pursuance of a removal warrant from England.

On the 11th of this month I received a letter, purporting to be from Mary Regan, the mother of the said Margaret Regan, and inquiring whether Margaret Regan had arrived at the Workhouse, and stating that her daughter had been removed from England quite against her consent, and requesting information about her. I answered the letter on the following day.

I have lost Mary Regan's letter, but I read it for her daughter.

Robert Evans.

Sworn before me, Samuel Horsley, on the 18th of November, 1863.

Samuel Horsley, Poor Law Inspector.

Francis Gannon, being duly sworn, saith—I am a Sub-Constable in the Irish Constabulary, and am stationed at Skibbereen. On Monday the 19th of October last, I was on duty in the town of Skibbereen, and about two o'clock in the afternoon of that day I arrested George Legan, of Stepney, Middlesex, London, for being in a state of drunkenness. He was lying down in a drowsy state on the pathway, close to the Roman Catholic Chapel, in the town of Skibbereen. I took him to the barrack, and kept him in the strong room there for about an hour. I then took him before Mr. M'Carthy Downing, a Justice of the Peace for the town, who discharged him, because he stated to Mr. Downing that if he were detained he would lose his passage to London, which had been paid for, and that he had no means of returning if he lost such passage. He had only from a shilling to fourteen pence in money.

Legan in appearance was a most disreputable and blackguard-looking person, and was inclined to be very insolent.

Francis Gannon, S.C., 16,263.

Sworn before me, at Skibbereen, on the 18th day of November, 1863.

Samuel Horsley, Poor Law Inspector.

No. 6. Copy Letter from the Under Secretary of State for the Home Department to the Under Secretary of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.

Sir, Whitehall, February 9, 1864.

With reference to your letter of the 2nd December last, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to acquaint you, for the information of the Lord Lieutenant, that the Poor Law Board have communicated with the Guardians of the Stepney Union, respecting the case of Margaret Regan referred to by you, and a copy of the reply which they have received from the Guardians, in explanation of the circumstances under which the removal of the above pauper took place, is enclosed herewith for his Excellency's consideration.

I am, &c.,

H. Waddington.

To Major-General Sir Thomas Larcom, K.C.B.,
Dublin Castle.

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Copy Letter to the Poor Law Board enclosed in foregoing.

Re Margaret Regan.

Board Room, Ratcliffe, E.
January 30, 1864.

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Guardians to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23rd ultimo, No. 46672/63, with its enclosures, relating to the removal of the above pauper to Ireland.

It appears from the correspondence and depositions in the matter that certain charges are made against the Guardians of this Union, and as such charges are based upon statements made by the pauper herself, and will be met by denials, it is, perhaps, only proper that the Poor Law Board should be informed of the fact that the pauper has only recently been confined in Colney Hatch Lunatic Asylum, and that she may therefore be regarded as being hardly responsible for the truth of her assertions.

While in Colney Hatch Asylum, to which place the pauper was sent from this Union, on the 29th day of September, 1862, she was chargeable to the county of Middlesex, her previous residence in the Commercial-road having been in the neighbouring Union of Whitechapel.

When she left the asylum she went into some situation which had been provided for her somewhere, as it is believed, in the neighbourhood of Paddington. She afterwards came back to live with her mother in Ratcliffe in this Union, and on the 7th day of July last, applied to Mr. Wright, the Relieving Officer for that hamlet, for relief, stating that she was unable to procure a situation. At this time she appeared to be in good health. She was admitted into the Union Workhouse, chargeable to the hamlet of Ratcliffe, and on the following Thursday the Guardians made an order for her removal to Ireland. Before, however, she could be removed she became ill, and no further steps were taken in the matter until after the 9th October last, when the Medical Officer certified that she was in a fit state of health to bear the journey. A copy of the certificate given by the officer is sent herewith.

Upon the receipt of the certificate, steps were taken for the removal of the pauper pursuant to the order of the Guardians. She was taken by Mr. Coningham, the Removing Officer of the Union, on the following day (10th October), to Poplar Town Hall, where two magistrates for the county, Messrs. Fletcher and Dixon, were sitting in petty sessions, and those gentlemen made the order for the removal in the usual manner. The erroneous description of the magistrates contained in the copy order transmitted to Ireland is to be regretted; it doubtless arose from the Removing Officer inadvertently making such copy upon a wrong form. A copy of the order actually made is sent herewith.

The statement by the pauper that the Guardians, accompanied by a magistrate, went into the sick ward where she was, and procured her mark to her statement that she would like to be sent home, is a fabrication upon her part, as is also her assertion that she was not allowed to see her mother; the fact being that she was allowed out of the Workhouse to visit and spend the day with her parent before her removal, and that after making such visit she voluntarily returned to and slept at Ratcliffe Workhouse, in this Union, on the night of the 13th October last, in order that she might be removed to Ireland on the following day.

With respect to the assertion of the pauper that she was removed as a deck-passenger, and that she was not supplied with food upon her journey, I beg leave to state that Mr. John Frost, of No. 46, High-street, Wapping, the person employed by this Union to remove the pauper to Ireland, states positively that such assertions are untrue. I have deemed it prudent to take down Mr. Frost's statement upon the subject in writing, and beg leave to forward a copy thereof herewith. I also enclose a copy of the receipt given by him to the Guardians for his charges incidental to the removal of the pauper to Ireland.

Perhaps I should state, for the information of the Poor Law Board, and as touching the general truthfulness of the pauper's family, that a short time since the mother of the pauper appeared before the Guardians of this Union, and applied to them for out relief for herself and two children, whom she brought with her, and whom she claimed as her own. When, however, the children were examined apart from her, they disowned their would-be parent, and it turned out that they had been borrowed for the occasion.

I much regret that my late illness has caused this explanation of the matter to be so long deferred.

I am, &c.,
(Signed), W. H. Swepstone, Clerk.

To H. Fleming, esq., Secretary,
Poor Law Board, Whitehall.

Enclosures in foregoing Letter.

1.—Certificate of Medical Officer.

I certify that Margaret Regan is in a fit state of health to be removed to Ireland.

J.T.F., B.D. (Signed), J. S. Hawkins, Medical Officer,

October 9, 1863, Stepney Union, Bromley.

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II.—Copy Warrant of Removal.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the Stepney Union, in the County of Middlesex, and to the Guardians of the Poor of the parish of Skibbereen, in the county of Cork, in Ireland.

At a Petty Sessions of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Middlesex, holden at the Town Hall, Poplar, in the said county, on the tenth day of October, 1863, before us the undersigned, Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said county.

County of Middlesex, to wit. } Whereas complaint is now made by the Guardians of the Poor of the Stepney Union, in the county of Middlesex, that Margaret Regan has become and is now chargeable to the hamlet of Ratcliffe, in the said Union. And whereas the said Margaret Regan having been brought before us, and application having been made to us in petty sessions assembled by John Coningham, the Removing-officer of the said Guardians, on their behalf, we have made due examination on oath, and find that the said Margaret Regan is of the reputed age of seventeen years, and was born in Ireland, in the Parish of Skibbereen, in the county of Cork, now contained in the said Union of Skibbereen, and hath not a settlement in England, and is not otherwise exempt from removal from the said Stepney Union; and I have seen the said Margaret Regan and am satisfied that the said Margaret Regan is in such a state of health as not to be liable to suffer bodily or mental injury by the removal.

These are, therefore, to require you, the Guardians of the Poor of the Stepney Union, to cause the said Margaret Regan to be safely conveyed to the parish of Skibbereen, to the said Union of Skibbereen, and to be delivered at the Workhouse of such Union.

Given under our hands and seals at the sessions aforesaid, this tenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

(Signed,) John T. Fletcher, (L.S.)
B. Dixon, (L.S.)

III.—Copy Examination of Margaret Regan.

County of Middlesex, To wit. } The examination of Margaret Regan, aged seventeen years, taken on oath before us, two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, acting in and for the county of Middlesex, in that part of the United Kingdom called England, this tenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, who, on oath, saith, that, according to the best of her knowledge and belief, she was born in the parish or place of Skibbereen, in the county of Cork, in that part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, which she left about fourteen years ago, and hath no settlement in that part of the United Kingdom called England; and hath actually become and is now chargeable to the hamlet of Ratcliffe, in the Stepney Poor Law Union, in the said county of Middlesex, and has not resided in the said hamlet of Ratcliffe or Union for more than about two years since residing in Whitechapel, and that the state of her health is such that she will not be liable to suffer any bodily or mental injury by removal to Ireland.

her
Margaret + Regan.
mark

Sworn the day and year first above written, at the Town Hall, Poplar, in the county of Middlesex, before us.

(Signed,) John T. Fletcher.
B. Dixon.

IV.—Copy of Statement of Mr. Frost.

Re Margaret Regan.

I, John Frost, state as follows:—

It is not true, as stated, that the above pauper was forwarded by me to Ireland as a deck passenger. I paid for her accommodation below deck, pursuant to the Act of Parliament, and supplied her with provisions for four days.

It was I who forwarded the other five women mentioned in Margaret Regan's deposition to Ireland, and I supplied the whole of them with the same quantity of food. All these women were under the charge of Legan on board the boat. Legan has been in my employ, at different times, about five years, and I never heard any complaint against him before. I am sorry that he misconducted himself in Ireland; but it does not appear that he was intoxicated until after he had performed all his duties there.

(Signed), John Frost.

28th January, 1864

46, High-street, Wapping, E.

Received the 14th day of October, 1863, of the Removing Officer of the Ratcliffe, Stepney Union, in the county of Middlesex, with the pauper Margaret Regan, sent according to Act 24 and 25 Vic., c. 176, and 26 and 27 Vic., c. 89, including mileage for pauper and conductor from the port and two days' keep, the sum of three pounds fifteen shillings

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and — pence which I hereby undertake to refund, pursuant to contract, on failure of her being sent to Skibbereen parish, in Ireland. 14/10/63

L.S.

£3 15*s.* 0*d.* (Signed,) JOHN FROST.

No. 7.—LETTER from the COMMISSIONERS to the UNDER SECRETARY of His EXCELLENCY the LORD LIEUTENANT.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin.
March 3, 1864.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland return to you herewith the file of papers, which you referred to them on the 11th ultimo, on the subject of the removal of Margaret Regan from Stepney Union to Skibbereen.

The Commissioners have communicated the statement of the Clerk of Stepney Union, and the documents which accompanied it, to the Skibbereen Board of Guardians, who have passed a resolution to the effect, that they cannot now question the removal of Margaret Regan, but that they feel that it is not at all certain but that she was sent as a deck-passenger; and that Legan (the Removing Officer) was undoubtedly drunk, and a person quite unfit to be trusted with the removal of a pauper.

The Commissioners enclose for the information of his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, a copy of the resolution referred to, and desire at the same time to express their concurrence in the tenor of it.

On the subject of Mr. Frost's explanations regarding the deck passage on this and other like cases, the Commissioners propose to report generally to his Excellency in another communication.*

In reference to the individual case of Margaret Regan, the Commissioners cannot forbear observing that it is a very striking instance of the harsh operation of the law relating to the removal of Irish poor, according to the facts as appearing in the statement of the Clerk of Stepney Union.

The girl is stated in the warrant to be only seventeen years of age; she is known, as would appear from the Clerk's statement, to be subject to fits of lunacy, that fact being adverted to by him as calculated to throw doubt upon the truth of any statements that she may have made at Skibbereen, and as showing that she may be regarded as hardly responsible for the truth of her assertions; and yet, all this being known to the removing authorities, her own statements on oath were taken as the sole ground on which to issue a warrant of removal, and under the authority of the warrant issued on those statements she is separated forcibly and against her will from her mother, a widow without other children, and sent to a great distance beyond sea, to a country where there was no one whom she knew, and where she is now cut off from all personal communication with her nearest and perhaps only known relative alive, whom she is prevented by law from making any endeavour to rejoin in England.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. BANKS, Chief Clerk.

To Major-General Sir Thomas Larcom, K.C.B.
Dublin Castle.

EXTRACT from MINUTES of PROCEEDINGS of the BOARD of GUARDIANS, dated 25th February, 1864, enclosed in the foregoing.

Read letter, No. 363,864 dated 23rd February, 1864. Subject—The removal of Margaret Regan by the Stepney Board of Guardians, and enclosing copies of letters, &c.

Ordered—The Guardians feel they cannot now question the removal of this woman, but they feel that it is not at all certain but that this girl was sent as a deck passenger; and Legan was undoubtedly drunk, and a person quite unfit to be intrusted with the removal of a pauper.

* See No. 3, page 53.

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IV.—GUARDIANS' MANUAL OF THE LAW OF CHARGEABILITY UNDER THE IRISH POOR RELIEF ACTS.

It will be convenient for the Guardians of Unions in Ireland, when called upon to consider questions of chargeability under the Poor Law to have before them in a succinct shape, arranged in the order of time, all the provisions relating to the subject which have at any time been in force since the introduction of the law, and which are scattered through five Acts of Parliament. Although a few of the earlier provisions are now virtually obsolete, it will throw much light on the construction of the provisions which are in force to see what the original design was, and how it became modified from time to time by successive enactments.

Thus on reading the whole as one connected series we cannot fail to observe—

Firstly—*That the Register of persons relieved was made the criterion of chargeability from the first, and continues to be so throughout.*

Secondly—*That the previous residence of the person actually relieved, as described in the Register, has always determined the chargeability of the relief afforded to him, and still does so, with one declared exception.*

The following are all the provisions of the Irish Poor Law Acts which have at any time governed the question of chargeability on electoral divisions; viz:—

Secs. 43 and 44 of 1 and 2 Vict., c. 56;
Secs. 12 and 13 of 6 and 7 Vict., c. 92;
Secs. 11 and 12 of 10 Vict., c. 31;
Sec. 1 of 12 and 13 Vict., c. 104;
and Sec. 1 of 25 and 26 Vict., c. 83.

All that is contained in each of these sections relating to chargeability on electoral divisions, will now be quoted in full.

Secs. 43 and 44 of 1 and 2 Vic., c. 56.

"XLIII. And be it enacted, that the Commissioners shall furnish to every Board of Guardians, for the use of the master or other principal resident officer of every Workhouse, one of such Register Books, at a reasonable price, the cost whereof shall be borne by the Union in which such Workhouse shall be situate; and every such master or officer shall, as soon as conveniently may be, register in the said book the particulars required to be registered according to the form in the said first Schedule, touching every person to be admitted into and relieved in such Workhouse; and such Register Book shall be produced at every meeting of Guardians for their examination and approval, or correction, and, when so approved or corrected, shall be signed by the Chairman, and countersigned by the Clerk.

"XLIV. And be it enacted, that the Board of Guardians of every Union shall cause accounts to be kept of the expense incurred in respect of the persons relieved in any Workhouse within such Union, and such accounts shall be made up at the end of every six calendar months; and the Board of Guardians shall charge against the electoral division as formed by virtue of this Act, at the end of such period, the proportion of such expense as shall appear to have been incurred in respect of every person so relieved, who shall be stated in the Registry to have been resident within such electoral division; and the expense incurred in respect of every person so relieved and not stated in the Registry to have been resident within some electoral division of the Union shall be borne by and charged against the whole Union."

Secs. 12 and 13 of 6 and 7 Vict., c. 92.

"XII. And be it enacted, that, for the purpose of charging the expense of relief to any electoral division, no person shall, after the passing of this Act, be deemed to have been resident in such electoral division, unless during the eighteen calendar months before his admission into the Workhouse he have occupied some tenement within such division for twelve calendar months, or (if he have not so occupied some tenement) have usually slept within such division for the period of twelve calendar months; and the expense of the relief of all other persons who have not so occupied a tenement, or slept within such division, shall be borne by and charged against the whole Union in which they are relieved; and whenever any person, after quitting the Workhouse of any Union, is again

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admitted within the space of six calendar months, the expense incurred in respect of such person shall be borne and charged in the same manner as before his so quitting the Workhouse: provided always, that every child relieved at the same time with any person liable under the provisions of the said first-recited Act to maintain such child shall be deemed to have been resident with such person, and its relief shall be charged to the electoral division or Union, as the case may be, accordingly.

"XIII. And be it enacted, that if any person be described in the Register Book as resident in any electoral division who has not so occupied a tenement or so slept in such division as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Guardian or Guardians of such electoral division, or a majority of them, or for any three or more of the ten persons rated on the largest amount of net annual value within the electoral division, with the consent in writing of the Commissioners first obtained, to appeal against the decision of the Board of Guardians, in the same manner as any person aggrieved by an order or conviction of Justices may appeal under the said first and secondly recited Acts;* and if the Justices and Assistant Barrister or Recorder do not see fit to award costs to either party, the Guardians shall charge their costs to the whole of the Union; and if the Justices and Assistant Barrister or Recorder see fit to award costs to the respondents, the Guardians of the Union shall charge their costs to the electoral division on whose behalf the appeal is entered; and if they see fit to award costs to the appellant, the Guardians of the Union shall pay such costs, and shall charge the same to the rest of the Union exclusively of such electoral district."

Secs. 11 and 12 of 10 Vict., c. 31.

"XI. And be it enacted, that, for the purpose of charging the relief afforded out of the Workhouse under the provisions of this Act, the Poor Law Commissioners shall cause to be printed, and shall furnish to every Clerk of an Union in *Ireland*, a Register Book, to be called "The Out-door Relief Register," in a form similar to the Workhouse Register prescribed by the first-recited Act, in which the Clerk of the Union shall register, together with the other particulars in the said form required, the name of the electoral division in which every person relieved under this Act, out of the Workhouse, shall have been resident at the time of his beginning to receive such relief; and all the provisions of the said Acts now in force for the relief of the destitute poor in *Ireland*, which determine the circumstances under which any person shall be deemed to have been resident in an electoral division, and the manner of charging the expense of the relief of persons stated in the Register to have been so resident in some electoral division, and of persons not stated in the Register to have been so resident, and all the provisions of the said Acts which relate to the production of the Register at every meeting of Guardians for their approval, examination, and correction, and the signing and countersigning of the same, and all provisions of the said Acts which relate to the power of appealing against the decision of the Board of Guardians, touching the description of the residence of any person in the said Register, and to the costs which may be incurred in such appeal, shall extend and apply to the Out-door Relief Register to be kept as aforesaid under the provisions of this Act, and to the persons relieved under this Act out of the Workhouse, and to the manner of charging the expense of the relief so afforded to such persons under this Act, and to the decisions of the Board of Guardians touching the description of the residence of any person in the Out-door Relief Register.

"XII. And be it enacted, that for the purpose of charging the expense of relief to any electoral division, no person shall after the passing of this Act be deemed to have been resident in such electoral division, unless during the three years before his application for relief he had occupied some tenement within such division for thirty calendar months, or, if he had not so occupied some tenement, had usually slept within such division for the period of thirty calendar months."

Sec. 1 of 12 and 13 Vict., c. 104.

"Whereas it is expedient to amend the laws in force for the more effectual relief of the destitute poor in *Ireland*: be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, that for the purpose of charging the expense of relief to any electoral division every person making application for relief shall, after the passing of this Act, be deemed to have been resident in such electoral division in which during the period of three years next immediately before his application for relief he shall have been longest usually resident, whether by usually occupying any tenement situate or by usually sleeping within such district: provided always, that where any such person shall not have occupied a tenement or slept within any such electoral division for at least twelve months in the whole during the said period of three years, the expense of the relief of such person shall in such case be borne by and charged against the whole Union in which he or she is relieved; provided also, that where any person chargeable to any electoral division shall have received relief, and shall cease

* 1 and 2 Vict., c. 56; and 2 Vict., c. 1.

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to be relieved, and shall thereafter, within the period of twelve months, again begin to receive relief, such last-mentioned relief shall be chargeable on the electoral division to which such person was in the first instance chargeable: provided also, that the cost for the relief of destitute poor who shall not have resided in the Union where such relief is given for the last three years next previous to receiving such relief shall be charged and chargeable according to the provisions of an Act passed in the tenth year of Her present Majesty, intituled 'An Act to make further Provision for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland.'"

Sec. 1 of 25 and 26 Vict., c. 83.

"I. For the purpose of charging the expense of relief to any electoral division, every person making application for relief after the passing of this Act shall be deemed to have been resident in such electoral division in which, during the period of five years next before his application for relief, he shall have been longest usually resident, whether by usually occupying any tenement situate, or by usually sleeping, within such district: provided always, that where any such person shall not have occupied a tenement or slept within any such electoral division for at least two years in the whole during the said period of five years, the expense of the relief of such person shall in such case be borne by and charged against the whole Union in which he or she is relieved: provided also, that where any person chargeable to any electoral division shall have received relief, and shall cease to be relieved, and shall thereafter within the period of twelve months again begin to receive relief, such last-mentioned relief shall be chargeable on the electoral division to which such person was in the first instance chargeable: provided also, that the cost for the relief of destitute poor who shall not have resided in the Union where such relief is given for the last five years next previous to receiving such relief shall be charged and chargeable according to the provisions of an Act passed in the tenth year of Her present Majesty, intituled 'An Act to make further Provision for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland:' provided also, that in estimating the time of residence in the Union or electoral division, residence in the Workhouse shall be considered to be residence in the Union, and also in the electoral division, if there be any such to which the pauper during such residence shall be chargeable, but shall not be considered to be residence in the electoral division in which the Workhouse is situate, unless the pauper be chargeable to such division."

Sections erroneously referred to.

A great deal of unnecessary confusion and uncertainty has been created at the Boards of Guardians of some of the Unions, in consequence of other provisions of the Irish Poor Law having been referred to as bearing on the question of chargeability on electoral divisions in certain cases; those sections, having, however, no relation whatever to the subject.

The sections more particularly alluded to are the following:—

Sec. 54 of 1 and 2 Vict., c. 56.

"LIV. And be it enacted, that all relief given under this Act to a wife or child shall be considered as given to the person declared by this Act to be liable to maintain such wife or child."

Sec. 8 of 10th Vic., c. 31.

"VIII. And be it enacted that all relief given under this Act to a wife or child shall be considered as given to the person who, under the provisions of the first-recited Act, shall be liable to maintain such wife or child; and the child of any poor person relieved under this Act shall be subject to the same liability in respect of such relief as in respect of any relief granted under the above-recited Act passed in the second year of the reign of Her present Majesty."

Under the first of the two sections last above cited, and under the first branch of the second of those sections, has arisen the doubt so often suggested, whether the residence of the person liable to maintain the wife or child is not the residence to be regarded in determining the chargeability, instead of the residence of the person actually relieved.

As already stated, neither of these two sections has any relation to the subject of the chargeability of relief on electoral divisions. They have another and entirely different application, and merely indicate the person who is liable for the repayment of the cost of any relief afforded

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which might be recovered under the provisions of the Poor Law Acts. The sections with which section 54 of the original Act is in juxtaposition (*i.e.* secs. 53 and 55) show clearly that this is its bearing, and its only bearing. Thus section 53 declares the liability of persons therein described to maintain certain other persons; section 54 declares relief given to the latter shall be "*considered*" as given to the former; and section 55 shows how the cost of relief is to be recovered from "the person to whom it is given, or *considered as given*, under this Act."

It is also to be observed that under 6 and 7 Vic., c. 92, the residence in question was the residence of the person relieved previous to his or her *admission to the Workhouse*; and this, surely, could not have been the residence of the husband or father in cases in which he never was an inmate of the Workhouse.

Similar observations apply to the corresponding words regarding out-relief in section 8 of 10th Victoria, cap. 31. Moreover, in the case of this section the words relied on are associated with other language relating most clearly to the liability to repay the cost of relief, and not to electoral division chargeability.

Child Relieved together with Parent.

With regard to the one case which is expressly declared by enactment to be excepted from the general rule of chargeability, it is enacted in the proviso to the 12th section of 6th and 7th Vict., cap. 92, that "every child relieved *at the same time with* any person liable under the provisions of the first-recited Act to maintain such child shall be deemed to have been resident with such person;" and "its relief shall be charged to the electoral division or Union, as the case may be, accordingly." This proviso very clearly shows that the Legislature did not assign such a meaning to the 54th section of 1st and 2nd Vict as that which has been attempted to be placed upon it, otherwise there would have been no necessity for this enactment.

Secondly, the language of the proviso is such as to restrict this departure from the general rule of chargeability according to the residence of the person actually relieved, to the case where the parent is relieved "*at the same time*," when his residence would of course be described on the Workhouse Register. In any other case, the child's chargeability would necessarily have continued to be governed by its own residence previous to admission, and not by the previous residence of its *parent*, which might not have been within the Union, or might not be known.

The appeal given by this Act of 6th and 7th Vic., cap. 92, in favour of an electoral division alleged to be unjustly charged is not against the charge itself, but against the erroneous description in the Register of the residence of the person relieved, clearly showing that this, and this alone, is the basis of chargeability, except in the one excepted case of the child relieved at the same time with the parent.

Wife Relieved together with Husband.

It is very probable that the omission of the wife from the operation of this proviso was not intentional on the part of the framers of the Act; but from what has been already stated, it would seem impossible to depart from the principle of "*residence as described on the Register*," without an express legislative direction to do so, otherwise than by proceeding on a principle which would render it impossible in a great number of cases to determine the chargeability according to the rule of residence laid down by the Legislature for that purpose.

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It is hoped that the doubts above alluded to, wherever they exist, on the subject of the chargeability of the wife and child, may be removed by the preceding explanation, as the greater part of the questions which are now referred to the Commissioners for solution have relation to the chargeability of wife or child under the sections referred to.

Last Amendment Act.

It does not seem necessary to dwell upon any other questions of construction which have occasionally arisen, nor would it be possible to anticipate the various states of facts involved in the cases which may hereafter arise. It is sufficient to observe that under the last Amendment Act the future cases are divisible into two classes, one of which, defined by five years' residence in the Union, falls within the provisions of the first section of that Act, and the other does not. The latter class of cases must be determined according to the provisions of the 10th Vict., cap. 31, and the previous provisions not virtually repealed by that Act.

Precedents.

It may be further useful to the Guardians of Unions to subjoin a limited number of precedents applicable to cases like those which have heretofore been most frequently referred to the Commissioners as involving questions of doubt and difficulty. In regard to these precedents, however, the Guardians will understand that in any case of disputed chargeability, if the parties authorized to appeal against an alleged wrongful decision of the Board of Guardians should wish to avail themselves of that course, and to apply for the necessary consent on the part of the Poor Law Commissioners, the Commissioners will not feel themselves precluded by any opinion expressed by them, either here or elsewhere, from entertaining the application and giving their consent to an appeal whenever the state of the facts or any question of law involved may appear to them to admit of doubt.

I. *As to Residence.*

1. A pauper was admitted to the workhouse in November, 1862, and charged to an electoral division, and the chargeability was objected to, on the ground that although she was born in that division she had had no fixed residence in it for many years. She had been frequently relieved before and always charged to the same division, and the following statement of the periods during which she had so received relief was forwarded to the Commissioners :—

From	8th January,	1856, to	27th March,	1856.
,,	17th May,	1856, to	5th August,	1856.
,,	13th December,	1856, to	13th April,	1857.
,,	19th April,	1858, to	15th May,	1858.
,,	8th June,	1858, to	8th December,	1858.
,,	28th December,	1861, to	9th July,	1862.

The Commissioners stated that, assuming the chargeability to have been correct when the pauper was admitted in December, 1861, the Guardians were right in charging her to the same division on her re-admission in November, 1862, in accordance with the 2nd proviso in the 1st section of the 25th and 26th Vic., c. 83; but that if the chargeability of December, 1861, was erroneous, the Guardians were not bound by it, and on her application for re-admission might properly reconsider the question of her previous residence. It does not appear to be alleged that she had not resided in the union for the five

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years before her last application for relief, but merely that she had resided in various electoral divisions; and it was therefore necessary to determine in what electoral division she had been longest resident, and to charge her to that electoral division if the period of her residence in it amounted in the whole to two years; but if not, then to the union at large; and it is to be observed, that in estimating the period of residence in the union or electoral division, residence in the workhouse is to be considered as residence in the electoral division to which the pauper was chargeable during such residence in the workhouse.

II. *Break in the Residence.*

2. The opinion of the Commissioners was requested as to the proper chargeability of a man who had been admitted to the workhouse, and who during the last five years had lodged in one division of the union, with the exception of five months in the present year, one month last year, and one month the year before, which he spent in England either in employment or in search of employment. The Commissioners stated that it is for the Board of Guardians to determine in each case of this kind that comes before them, whether the facts are such as to constitute a break in the residence for the period required by law. The Commissioners were of opinion that a short temporary absence of the pauper without any intention of taking up his residence elsewhere, would not constitute a break in the residence; but it is for the Guardians to consider whether an absence for so long a period as five months in search of employment can be regarded as a mere temporary absence of this description, and not, therefore, as a break in the residence. If the Guardians should arrive at the conclusion that the absence was not such as to constitute a break in the residence the pauper would appear to be chargeable to the electoral division; but if, on the other hand, they consider there has not been such a residence for five years as is contemplated by the 1st section of the 25th and 26th Vic., c. 83, the chargeability must be regulated by the 12th section of the 10th Vic., c. 31; and in that case it would depend upon whether he had occupied a tenement or usually slept in the division for thirty months out of the last three years. If he had so occupied a tenement or usually slept for that period, he would be chargeable to the division, but if not, he would be chargeable to the union at large.

3. In reply to an inquiry whether a pauper must have resided permanently without having been out of the union for the last five years before he can be charged to an electoral division, the Commissioners stated that when residence in the union shall not have existed for the required period of five years, the charge is to be made according to the provisions of a previous Act (10 Vic., c. 31, sec. 12), requiring thirty months' residence in one electoral division. The circumstances peculiar to each case must be considered in determining whether there has been any such break in the residence of an applicant for relief in the union or any particular electoral division as would be of a nature sufficient to change the mode of charging the cost of the relief afforded.

4. A Board of Guardians having requested to be informed how a pauper seeking admission should be charged who had resided in an electoral division for the past three years, but who was out of the union immediately before for two years, one year, or six months. The Commissioners referred to the third proviso to the 1st section of the Act 25 and 26 Vic., c. 83, by which it is declared that the cost of relief, where the pauper has not resided in the union for the five years next preced-

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ing the receipt of relief, shall be charged according to the provisions of the Act 10 Vic., c. 31. The Commissioners also referred to the 12th section of the last-mentioned Act, from which it will be perceived that in a case such as that referred to, the party is chargeable to the electoral division in which he is stated to have resided for thirty months out of the past three years.

5. The opinion of the Commissioners was requested as to the chargeability of a pauper whose residence during the five years before her application for relief had been as follows :—

Years.	Months.	
–	5½	in the Workhouse, charged to Crossboyne Division.
3	9	in the Claremorris Electoral Division.
–	3	in the Tagheen Electoral Division.
–	6½	in another union.

The Commissioners stated that the pauper not having resided within the union for the whole of the period of five years next preceding her application for relief, the cost of the relief while in the workhouse was chargeable, according to the provisions of the 12th section of the Act 10 Vic., c. 31, which, for the purpose of charging the cost of relief to an electoral division, requires a residence of thirty calendar months in the electoral division out of the three years before the application for relief.

6. A woman was admitted and charged to an electoral division. She had been in gaol (out of the union) for the last two years and a-half, but had resided in the electoral division the rest of her life. She had been committed to gaol as a lunatic, and was not in the workhouse at the time of being committed, nor previously ; and the Guardians wished to know whether she was still chargeable on the same division.

The Commissioners advised that she was chargeable to the union at large, inasmuch as she had not resided in the union for the full term of five years next previous to receiving relief, nor for the period of thirty months out of the three years immediately preceding her application for relief in any electoral division of the union.

7. The opinion of the Commissioners having been requested as to the chargeability of an applicant for admission who had resided all his life in one electoral division, with the exception of five weeks during which he was absent, and out of the union, on drill in the militia ; and whether this absence of five weeks made him a union pauper. The Commissioners stated that the temporary absence of the applicant from the union, as described, did not appear to them to alter his chargeability.

III. *Occupation of a dwelling-house—usually sleeping.*

8. A man was admitted into the workhouse for medical treatment, and a question arose as to his chargeability, it appearing that he had for the last seven years worked and slept for five nights in each week in electoral division A, while at the same time his wife and children occupied a tenement in electoral division B, for which he paid the rent, and where he stayed on Saturday nights and Sundays.

The Commissioners were of opinion that the chargeability was on electoral division B, inasmuch as the house in which his family resided was clearly in his occupation, whether he slept in it or not during the whole time in question.*

* See the words of 6 and 7 Vic., cap. 92, sec. 12, and 10 Vic., cap. 31, sec. 12—"If he have not so occupied some tenement, have usually slept within such division."

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IV. *Out-door relief chargeability.*

9. A woman residing in electoral division A was in receipt of out-door relief, chargeable to electoral division B, and the Guardians desired to be informed whether, if she remained in electoral division A for any certain period, she would become chargeable to that division.

The Commissioners stated that a residence in a different electoral division from that to which the person is chargeable will not alter the chargeability while the relief continues, or even after discontinuance for less than one year; but that after discontinuance for a year the chargeability might become altered by residence.

10. A person became destitute in an electoral division in which she had resided twenty-six months, having previously resided out of the union. Out-door relief was given by the Guardians and charged to the union at large. After she had continued in receipt of relief for twelve months a question was raised as to her chargeability; and the Guardians requested to be informed whether, as she had now resided three years and two months in the electoral division, she still continued chargeable to the union at large.

The Commissioners stated that the provisions of the law which are applicable to the chargeability of the relief of persons admitted into the workhouse are also applicable in cases of relief out of the workhouse. By those provisions relief in the workhouse is determinable according to the residence of the applicant previously to his application for relief, and no question can arise to change his chargeability until he ceases to be relieved and again applies for relief.

V. *Circumstances under which the chargeability on re-admission is to be the same as before.*

11. A man with his wife and family lived in Haggardstown Electoral Division for five years, then left and went to live in Dromiskin Electoral Division, and shortly afterwards the man died. The woman then obtained out-door relief, chargeable to Haggardstown Division. She continued to receive out-door relief at intervals for two years and a-half, and then entered the workhouse with her family. The opinion of the Commissioners was requested whether she should, on entering the workhouse, be charged to Dromiskin Division, where she had lived for two years and a-half, or to Haggardstown Division, to which the out-door relief which she had received had been charged.

The Commissioners stated that if a year did not elapse between the time the woman last received out-door relief which was charged to Haggardstown Electoral Division and the time she entered the workhouse, her relief in the workhouse was properly chargeable to that division; it being provided by the 1st section of the Act 25 and 26 Vic., c. 83, that when any person chargeable to an electoral division shall have received relief and shall cease to be relieved, and shall thereafter within the period of twelve months* again begin to receive relief, such last mentioned relief shall be chargeable on the electoral division to which such person was in the first instance chargeable.

12. In reply to an inquiry whether, if a pauper properly charged to

* This period of twelve months only applies to cases where the previous chargeability was to an electoral division; the 12th section of the 6th and 7th Vic., cap. 92, which contains the first enactment, that persons on re-admission within a certain time shall be charged as before, applied to all cases, whether the person was chargeable to an electoral division or to the union at large; subsequent enactments have extended the period to twelve months in the case of electoral division paupers, but have not made any change in regard to paupers charged to the union at large.

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any electoral division leaves the workhouse and the union and returns to the workhouse in six months, such pauper is chargeable to the electoral division to which he was previously chargeable; the Commissioners stated that in such a case effect must be given to the second proviso to section 1 of the Act 25 and 26 Vic., c. 83, by which it is enacted that where any person chargeable to any electoral division shall have received relief and shall cease to be relieved, and shall thereafter within the period of twelve months again begin to receive relief, such last-mentioned relief shall be chargeable to the electoral division to which such person was in the first instance chargeable.

13. A man with his wife and two children took their discharge from the workhouse in the month of August, having been inmates for only a few months. Up to the date of his admission and after his discharge the husband lived apart from his wife and children, he in one electoral division and they in another. The wife and children were again admitted in January, but without the husband, and the opinion of the Commissioners was requested whether the wife and children ought to be charged to the electoral division on which they with the husband were charged when last in the workhouse, or whether the woman was, under the circumstances, to be regarded independently of the husband, and charged according to her own residence for the last five years.

The Commissioners advised that, assuming the wife and children to have been properly charged in the first instance, they were now chargeable as before.

14. The opinion of the Commissioners was requested whether a man who had been an inmate of the workhouse charged to an electoral division for a period of seven years, and who then went out of the workhouse and left the union for a period of sixteen months, during which time he married a woman with two children, was to be charged on readmission to the same electoral division as before, or to the union at large, and whether the woman and her two children, who were under age, were to be placed on the same chargeability with him.

The Commissioners advised that, more than twelve months having elapsed since the man left the workhouse, he was not necessarily chargeable to the same electoral division as before; and that not having resided in the union for the last five years, his chargeability must be determined by the 10th Vic., c. 31, according to which no person is to be deemed to have been resident in an electoral division, unless during the three years before his application for relief he had occupied some tenement, or usually slept in such division for thirty calendar months; and that, therefore, the man appearing to have been absent from the union for sixteen months, he was chargeable to the union at large.

In regard to the children, the Commissioners referred to the proviso to the 12th section of the 6th and 7th Vic., c. 92, according to which every child relieved at the same time with any person liable, under the provisions of the 1st and 2nd Vic., c. 56, to maintain such child, is to be deemed to have been resident with such person, and the relief charged accordingly. The children are therefore chargeable in the same way as the man; but in regard to the wife, the provision just quoted being limited to children, and there being no similar provision in relation to wives, the Commissioners were of opinion that she was chargeable according to her own previous residence.

VI. *As to residence in Gaols or Public Institutions.*

15. A woman who had resided all her life in an electoral division became insane, and was committed to gaol as a dangerous lunatic, the

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gaol being out of the union. After a period of seventeen months she was discharged from gaol and returned to her former residence, and was then admitted to the workhouse, and charged to the union at large on the ground that she had not resided in the union for the full term of the last five years, and had not resided in any electoral division for thirty months out of the last three years. It was contended, however, that as her residence out of the union was not voluntary, but compulsory, and that if she had been admitted to the workhouse at the time she was sent to gaol, she would have been charged to the electoral division in which she had previously resided, the case differed from an ordinary one of residence within the meaning of the sections relating to chargeability according to residence.

The Commissioners stated that there is no provision in the Poor Law Acts which distinguish between residence in a gaol, whether compulsory or otherwise, and residence under ordinary circumstances. The Guardians, in determining the question of chargeability in this case, must therefore look upon the time spent by the woman in Cavan Gaol as simply residence for so long out of the Cootehill Union in the ordinary way.

16. A person who had been infirmary nurse in the workhouse for fourteen years, previous to which she had resided in the electoral division in which the workhouse was situated, became a pauper inmate of the workhouse, and the Guardians requested the opinion of the Commissioners as to her chargeability—it being contended by some of the Guardians that she should be charged to the union at large, having been an officer in the workhouse, which belonged to the entire union, while others considered that she was chargeable to the division in which the workhouse was situated.

The Commissioners advised that the residence of a paid officer in the workhouse must be regarded as residence in the electoral division in which it is situate; and that, consequently, the late nurse would appear to be chargeable to that division on her admission as a pauper.

17. In reply to an inquiry as to the chargeability of a young man who had been for the last seven years an inmate of the Catholic Deaf and Dumb Institution in Dublin, chargeable to Kilkenny Electoral Division, but who was now admitted to the workhouse; the Commissioners stated that the relief afforded would remain chargeable in the same way that it had been charged during the time the person relieved was in the asylum.

VII. *As to Chargeability of Dependent Members of Families.*

18. The opinion of the Commissioners having been requested whether, in the event of a married woman, or a child under fifteen years of age, obtaining relief in the workhouse unaccompanied by the person liable to maintain such wife or child, the chargeability of the party should be regulated by that of the head of the family, or by the previous residence of such wife or child, irrespective of the residence of the husband or parent; the Commissioners stated that in such cases the chargeability of the parties admitted to relief should be determined without reference to the residence of the husband or father; for although it is declared by the 54th section of the Act 1 and 2 Vic., c. 56, and also by the 8th section of the 10th Vic., c. 31, that all relief given to a wife or child shall be considered as given to the person liable to maintain such wife or child, it does not follow that the cost of such relief is in every case to be borne by the electoral division to which the husband or father would be chargeable were he an inmate of the

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workhouse. The sections of the Poor Law Acts which relate to the mode of charging the cost of relief afforded to destitute persons, require that the chargeability of such persons shall be ascertained by reference to the previous residence of the recipients themselves, and not to that of the parties legally liable to maintain them. In case, however, the head of the family shall enter the workhouse as a pauper while any child under the age of fifteen years which he is liable to maintain, under the 53rd section of the Act 1 and 2 Vic., c. 56, shall be maintained therein, the latter would, in pursuance of the provisions of the 12th section of the 6th and 7th Vic., c. 92, be deemed to have been resident with the first-mentioned party, and the relief to such child should thenceforth be charged accordingly.

19. In reply to an inquiry whether children born in the workhouse or admitted to the workhouse under twelve months of age are legally chargeable to the union at large, the mother being chargeable to an electoral division; the Commissioners stated that in accordance with the last proviso to the 12th section of the 6th and 7th Vic., c. 92, every child relieved at the same time with any person liable to maintain such child is to be deemed to have been resident with such person, and its relief charged to the electoral division or to the union at large, as the case may be. Children admitted to the workhouse without the persons liable to maintain them are chargeable according to the circumstances of their own residence, irrespective of the residence of the persons liable for their maintenance, but not relieved at the same time with them. Illegitimate children should be registered in the name of the mother, who is legally liable for their maintenance. Children of the age specified admitted to the workhouse without the party legally liable to maintain them, will be chargeable, under the provisions of the 12th section of the Act 10 Vic., c. 31, to the union at large, not having been resident in the union, nor in any electoral division for thirty months out of the last three years.

20. The opinion of the Commissioners was requested as to the chargeability of two children admitted into the workhouse of Ennis Union, without their father, under the following circumstances:—The father came from Liscannor five years ago, and was employed at a building in Tulla Union and at the railway terminus in Ennis; he went to London—where he now is—two years ago; the children were continually living in Ennis from the time the father first came to the union, and were recently supported by their friends there.

The Commissioners stated that had the children resided in the union during the whole of the five years immediately preceding their admission to the workhouse, they would be chargeable to the electoral division in which they had resided longest, provided that they lived for at least two years in such division. If, however, they have not resided for the full term of five years in the union, they are chargeable, in accordance with the provisions of the 12th section of the 10th Vic., c. 31, to the electoral division in which they have resided for thirty months of the three years immediately preceding their admission; and failing that length of residence in any one electoral division, they are chargeable to the union at large. The father not having been relieved together with the children, his residence at former periods is immaterial to the question.

21. A child, aged nine years, was admitted to the workhouse with her grandmother: both had been resident for the last nine years in Clonakeelan Electoral Division. The father of the child went to America six years ago and has not since been heard of. The guardians wished to know how she should be charged.

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The Commissioners stated that the chargeability of the child should be ascertained by reference to her own previous residence, without regard to the question of the residence of her father; and that as it appeared that she had always resided in Clonakeelan Electoral Division she was properly chargeable to that division.

22. A legitimate child was admitted to the workhouse and charged to the same electoral division with its mother, the father being absent from the union; and the opinion of the Commissioners was requested as to the correctness of this chargeability.

The Commissioners stated that in their opinion the chargeability of the child must be determined according to its own residence, and not according to that of the mother, who during the lifetime of the father could not be considered to be the person liable, under the provisions of the Irish Poor Relief Act, to maintain the child, as indicated in the proviso to the 12th section of the 6th and 7th Vic., c. 92.

23. In reply to an inquiry as to how a child under thirty months old and a child between thirty months and five years old should be charged, such children having always resided in one electoral division, and being both relieved without their parents; the Commissioners stated that a child under the age of thirty months admitted to the workhouse without the person legally liable to maintain it, will be chargeable under the provisions of the 12th section of the Act 10 Vic., c. 31, to the union at large, not having been resident in any electoral division for thirty months out of the preceding three years. In the case of children over that age and under five years, such of them as may have resided for the required time (viz., thirty months out of the last three years) in some particular electoral division of the union, will be chargeable to that division.

24. In reply to an inquiry as to the chargeability of a woman admitted to the workhouse, who had resided all her life in Naas, but who about two years and a-half before her admission had been married to a soldier, a stranger in the union, at that time in the Curragh Camp, but who had since left the country; the Commissioners stated that the woman must be charged according to her own residence, without reference to that of her husband.

25. A woman lived two and a-half years as servant in the electoral division of Strokestown, at the end of which period (February, 1862) she married a man who had resided in Annaghmore Electoral Division all his life. In October, 1862, she returned to Strokestown and lived there six months. Seven months since her husband went to England, where he still remains. Since leaving her last employment the woman has resided at the house of her husband's mother in Annaghmore Division, with the exception of a short time spent in the workhouse last September, charged to Annaghmore Division. The Commissioners were requested to advise whether the fact of the woman's own residence being three out of the last five years in Strokestown make her chargeable to that division, or whether the chargeability should be governed by the residence of the husband, or whether the question is affected by the fact of the woman having been charged to Annaghmore Division within the last twelve months.

The Commissioners advised that the chargeability was determinable according to the woman's own residence, and not according to that of her husband; and as it appeared that she had resided three out of the last five years in Strokestown, she was chargeable to that division. The fact of her having been relieved and charged to the Annaghmore Electoral Division within the last twelve months did not, in the opinion of the Commissioners, affect the question, that chargeability, according to the facts stated, having been clearly erroneous.

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26. In reply to an inquiry whether a child born in the workhouse can legally be charged to the electoral division to which its mother is chargeable, the Commissioners stated that a child follows the registry of the father, if relieved at the same time with him, he being liable for its maintenance. If not relieved at the same time with the father it would be chargeable according to its own residence; and if under two years of age, to the union at large. An illegitimate child relieved with its mother takes the chargeability of the mother, the only parent known to the law.

27. A man chargeable to the union at large was admitted to the workhouse with his wife and her children by a former marriage; the woman, previously to her marriage, had acquired a chargeability to an electoral division. The parties were charged on admission as follows:—The man to the union at large, the woman to the electoral division to which she was chargeable according to her own residence, and her children to the union at large, the same as her husband. This mode of charging them was disputed, and the opinion of the Commissioners was requested, who stated that the Board appeared to have correctly determined the chargeability of the several members of the family, according to the facts stated.

28. In September, 1862, a woman and three children under fifteen years of age were admitted, chargeable to an electoral division. In March following, the husband was admitted, chargeable to the union at large, and the Commissioners were asked whether, on the admission of the husband, the chargeability of the wife and children should not be transferred from the electoral division to the union at large, to which he was chargeable.

The Commissioners stated that the chargeability of the wife should continue to be as determined, in accordance with her own residence during the three years preceding her application for relief; but that as the husband had entered the workhouse, his children under fifteen years of age should follow his chargeability, in accordance with the proviso to the 12th section of the Act 6 and 7 Vic., c. 92.

VIII. *As to Chargeability of Illegitimate Children.*

29. A woman with illegitimate children, charged to the union at large, left the workhouse, and got married to a man chargeable to an electoral division. She was re-admitted within twelve months, and the Commissioners were requested to advise whether she should be charged in accordance with the 25th and 26th Vic., c. 83. sec. 1, or whether her chargeability was to be altered according to the husband's chargeability, and whether the children's chargeability was to be altered.

The Commissioners advised that the chargeability of the wife must be determined according to the facts regarding her own residence, irrespective of the residence of her husband, and that the children, if relieved at the same time with the husband, would follow his registry, he being the person liable to maintain them; but if not relieved at the same time they would be chargeable according to their own residence.

30. An illegitimate child, ten months old, having been admitted to the workhouse without its mother, and charged to the electoral division to which its mother would have been chargeable, if in the workhouse, instead of to the union at large; the Guardian for the electoral division remonstrated, when the Board admitted the fact, but declined to make any alteration in the registry, on the ground that they had no legal power to do so.

The Commissioners stated that it is quite competent to the Guardians to amend the Register at any time, when an error in the chargeability

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in any case is discovered; their doing so, however, will not operate retrospectively, and there is no remedy as regards the expense of relief already incurred; but the Commissioners think that the Guardians ought to amend the Register, so as to have the future cost of relief properly charged.

31. In the case of an illegitimate child born in the workhouse, and charged to the same electoral division as its mother, the Guardians requested the opinion of the Commissioners whether it ought not to be charged to the division to which the putative father was chargeable, he being also an inmate of the workhouse, or to the union at large.

In reply, the Commissioners stated that the mother of the child is the only parent known to the law, and that, consequently, the child should be charged to the same electoral division as its mother. The 12th section of the Act 6 and 7 Vic., c. 92, provides that every child relieved at the same time with any person liable under the provisions of the 1st and 2nd Vic., c. 56, to maintain such child, shall be deemed to have been resident with such person, and its relief charged to the electoral division or union, as the case may be, accordingly.

IX. *As to Chargeability of Deserted Children and Foundlings.*

32. A deserted child having been admitted to the workhouse of North Dublin Union, who had been supported out of the parish rates of a parish in the city of Dublin for the four years preceding its admission, during which time the child was nursed in the county of Wicklow; the question as to its chargeability was submitted to the Commissioners, with the observation that the parish by which the child had been supported was in the North City Electoral Division.

The Commissioners were of opinion that the child ought, under the circumstances stated, to be charged to the union at large, inasmuch as he lived out of the North Dublin Union for four years before his admission to the workhouse. The fact that a locality different from that in which he lived bore the expense of his support, did not, in the opinion of the Commissioners, affect the question of his chargeability.

33. In reply to an inquiry whether a foundling, four and a-half years old, was chargeable to the division in which it was brought up or to the union at large, the Commissioners stated that as the child referred to was under five years of age it would require a residence of thirty out of the last thirty-six months in some one electoral division, to make its relief chargeable thereto.

34. A deserted child, aged about three years, which had from its birth been supported out of the county cess by Grand Jury presentments, was presented for admission by the nurse, a further presentment having been refused, and the Guardians wished to be informed how the chargeability of the child was to be determined: whether it should be charged to the union at large, the child having been originally a foundling, or to the electoral division in which the foster father and mother have resided.

The Commissioners advised that the chargeability of the child must be determined according to the facts as to its own residence; and that as the child was under five years of age (five years being the time specified by section 1 of the Act 25 and 26 Vic., c. 83), the question must be determined under the 10th Vic., c. 31, s. 12, which requires a residence of thirty months out of three years to render the person relieved chargeable to an electoral division.

Form of Workhouse Register and Form of Out-door Relief Register.

[See following page.]

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1.—Form of Workhouse Register.

Registry of Persons admitted into and discharged from the Workhouse of the Union.

(See 1st and 2nd Vict., Cap. 56, Sec. 42.)

1. No.	2 Names and Surnames of Paupers.	3. Sex	4. Age	5. If adult, whether single, married, widower, or widow; if child, whether orphan, deserted, or bastard.	6. Employment or Calling.	7. Religious denomination.	8. If disabled, the description of disability.	9. Name of Wife or Husband	10. No. of Children.	11. Observations on condition of Pauper when admitted.	12. Electoral Division and Townland in which resident.	13. Date when admitted, or when born in the Workhouse.	14. Date when died or left the Workhouse
1													
2													
3													

2.—Form of Out-door Relief Register.

Register of Persons relieved out of the Union Workhouse:—under the Act 10 Vict., cap. 31, sec. 11.

1. No.	2. Date when first relieved.	3. Name and Surname.	4. Sex.	5. Age.	6. Employment or Calling.	7. Married or Single.	8. Name of Wife or Husband.	9. No. of Children.	10. Date of Application for Relief.	11. Electoral Division in which resident at the time of beginning to receive Relief.	12. Townland in which resident at the time of beginning to receive Relief.
1											
2											
3											

The Out-door Relief Register Book is to contain the following particulars touching every Person relieved out of the Workhouse, arranged in the following order:—

1. The number of the person's name.
2. The date when first relieved.
3. The name and surname.
4. The sex.
5. The age.
6. The employment or calling.
7. Whether married or single.
8. Name of the wife, or husband.
9. Number of children.
10. Date of application for relief.
11. The electoral division in which resident at the time of beginning to receive relief.
12. The townland in which resident at the time of beginning to receive relief.

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APPENDIX B.

TABLES CONNECTED WITH POOR RELIEF AND EXPENDITURE.

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No. 1.—A RETURN (in pursuance of the 29th Section of the Act 10 Vic., c. 31) of the ended 29th September, 1863; and of the TOTAL NUMBERS RELIEVED

NAMES OF UNIONS.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.														
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Maintenance of Blind and Deaf and Dumb, in Asylums, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.		
PROVINCE OF ULSTER:	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Co. of Antrim.															
Antrim,	2,266	19	0	–			10	0	0	638	13	11	497	18	5
Ballycastle,	1,225	13	9	–			–			333	19	7	370	2	5
Ballymena,	2,700	0	2	20	1	10	–			710	9	7	1,023	8	9
Ballymoney,	1,239	18	7	115	4	0	–			515	19	11	327	8	8
Belfast,	10,041	10	10	2	0	0	–			2,072	2	1	2,616	9	5
Larne,	1,746	3	10	–			–			601	14	0	506	2	1
Lisburn,	1,794	16	7	13	10	9	–			505	3	2	415	3	8
Co. of Armagh.															
Armagh,	2,944	17	8	0	15	0	–			720	7	10	849	2	10
Lurgan,	4,518	7	8	2	15	0	–			710	9	4	1,124	5	10
Co. of Cavan.															
Bailieborough,	1,153	9	4	4	19	4	–			322	3	6	281	1	10
Bawnboy,	1,369	17	3	308	8	3	10	0	0	374	16	7	328	2	11
Cavan,	1,961	15	11	35	5	10	–			626	12	8	495	8	6
Cootehill,	908	3	3	0	13	10	–			396	7	11	257	19	0
Co. of Donegal.															
Ballyshannon,	1,052	9	1	–			–			329	12	0	306	19	2
Donegal,	704	5	8	70	2	0	24	4	6	334	1	11	228	0	8
Dunfanaghy,	333	0	5	–			–			209	4	4	123	8	5
Glenties,	900	0	4	73	5	0	–			261	3	7	257	18	7
Inishowen,	985	13	4	31	14	7	36	0	0	364	2	3	232	18	8
Letterkenny,	911	18	3	–			–			305	10	11	193	0	4
Milford,	782	10	7	3	18	7	–			343	14	0	279	13	10
Stranorlar,	512	13	10	–			–			371	17	2	219	1	7
Co. of Down.															
Banbridge,	1,825	0	2¾	190	7	0	22	18	9	589	18	3	555	17	3
Downpatrick,	2,217	4	1	109	9	6	–			592	13	7	705	1	1
Kilkeel,	494	15	5	16	9	6	0	2	3	337	5	8	114	13	10
Newry,	2,459	4	5	407	11	1	22	13	4	720	12	0	1,156	10	9
Newtownards,	3,714	6	8	17	4	6	–			731	16	1	746	8	3
Co. of Fermanagh.															
Enniskillen,	1,775	18	0	–			–			615	18	0	525	3	0
Irvinestown,	813	5	0	–			–			282	15	7	184	3	3
Lisnaskea,	913	6	9	12	0	8	0	18	9	331	3	0	475	14	11
Co. of Londonderry.															
Coleraine,	1,956	5	4	131	5	6	–			533	14	3	676	3	1
Londonderry,	2,445	12	8	–			235	4	7	673	6	6	451	1	3
Magherafelt,	1,247	3	1	–			–			502	1	2	443	1	2
Newtownlimavady,	730	12	2	–			–			460	5	1	301	11	7
Co. of Monaghan.															
Carrickmacross,	950	11	0	2	12	10	10	12	7	401	15	6	303	18	7
Castleblayney,	1,416	7	4	0	14	11	26	10	6	429	12	1	453	5	8
Clones,	886	3	1	–			6	12	1	274	19	5	201	19	6
Monaghan,	1,073	2	5	–			–			544	6	5	346	10	10
Co. of Tyrone.															
Castlederg,	336	13	11	1	0	0	–			283	16	4	167	4	8
Clogher,	1,123	10	4	5	16	6	1	15	6	362	9	6	442	12	7
Cookstown,	1,269	18	7	–			–			375	4	3	290	2	10
Dungannon,	1,606	6	0	45	1	2	–			563	7	7	490	12	7
Gortin,	568	16	6	2	0	10	–			232	7	3	145	4	10
Omagh,	2,076	17	9	21	16	0	–			541	19	6	690	3	3
Strabane,	1,614	17	7	40	7	0	–			431	4	3	400	15	8
Total Ulster,	73,600	3	7¾	1,686	11	0	407	12	10	21860	17	6	21,201	16	0

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EXPENDITURE on the RELIEF of the POOR in each UNION in IRELAND, for the Year In and Out of the Workhouse in each Union during the same period.

Total.	Number of Persons relieved during the Year.				Average daily No. of Paupers in the Workhouse.	Valuation on 29th September, 1863.	Poundage of the Expenditure on the Valuation.
	In Workhouse.	Out-door	In Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums.	Total.			
£ s. d.						£ s. d.	s. d.
3,413 11 4	1,947	–	1	1,948	413	121,288 10 0	0 6¾
1,929 15 9	743	–	–	743	198	43,226 0 0	0 10¾
4,454 0 4	1,960	35	–	1,995	553	118,583 12 0	0 9
2,198 11 2	1,084	117	–	1,201	241	80,510 10 0	0 6½
14,732 2 4	9,425	1	–	9,426	1,523	376,106 14 6	0 9½
2,853 19 11	966	–	–	966	303	90,471 16 0	0 7½
2,728 14 2	2,167	79	–	2,246	421	134,444 0 0	0 4¾
4,515 3 4	2,657	4	–	2,661	508	168,611 15 0	0 6½
6,355 17 10	4,872	2	–	4,874	711	103,076 0 0	1 2¾
1,761 14 0	881	5	–	886	169	39,536 17 0	0 10¾
2,391 5 0	1,077	382	1	1,460	222	39,663 13 0	1 2½
3,119 2 11	1,888	117	–	2,005	328	111,311 6 0	0 6¾
1,563 4 0	713	2	–	715	185	71,490 7 0	0 5¼
1,689 0 3	802	–	–	802	187	35,602 18 3	0 11½
1,360 14 9	543	116	2	661	127	33,979 4 0	0 9½
665 13 2	138	–	–	138	52	11,259 8 0	1 2¼
1,492 7 6	493	55	–	548	160	19,632 5 0	1 6¼
1,650 8 10	591	42	4	637	189	37,863 14 0	0 10½
1,410 9 6	477	–	–	477	134	30,634 19 0	0 11
1,409 17 0	348	5	–	353	126	29,422 13 0	0 11½
1,103 12 7	696	–	–	696	96	29,656 18 0	0 9
3,184 1 5¾	1,660	277	2	1,939	299	121,018 0 0	0 6¼
3,624 8 3	1,455	264	–	1,719	356	166,398 8 0	0 5¼
963 6 8	600	13	–	613	101	37,547 13 0	0 6¼
4,766 11 7	3,407	778	3	4,188	452	125,479 5 8	0 9
5,209 15 6	2,601	28	–	2,629	640	119,791 2 0	0 10½
2,916 19 0	1,085	–	–	1,085	299	90,071 10 0	0 7¾
1,280 3 10	552	–	–	552	157	43,875 15 0	0 7
1,733 4 1	883	6	–	889	153	46,906 16 6	0 8¾
3,297 8 2	1,677	111	–	1,788	314	91,521 16 0	0 8¾
3,805 5 0	2,926	–	–	2,926	467	135,811 0 0	0 6¼
2,192 5 5	988	–	–	988	228	90,018 19 0	0 5¾
1,492 8 10	1,109	–	–	1,109	152	66,936 19 6	0 5¼
1,669 10 6	956	3	–	959	149	49,862 14 0	0 8
2,356 10 6	1,604	24	3	1,631	259	64,761 0 0	0 8¾
1,369 14 1	1,103	–	–	1,103	168	56,682 1 0	0 5¾
1,963 19 8	937	–	–	937	213	93,515 18 0	0 5
788 14 11	406	1	–	407	79	25,695 0 0	0 7¼
1,936 4 5	1,011	11	–	1,022	179	55,776 9 0	0 8¼
1,935 5 8	748	–	–	748	238	61,791 1 0	0 7½
2,705 7 4	2,034	157	–	2,191	275	92,255 0 0	0 7
948 9 5	474	1	–	475	81	19,395 5 0	0 11¾
3,330 16 6	1,536	5	–	1,541	358	90,402 5 0	0 8¾
2,487 4 6	1,999	31	–	2,030	294	91,648 14 0	0 6¼
118,757 0 11¾	66,219	2,672	16	68,907	12,765	3,567,135 11 5	0 8

Continued.

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No. 1.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved

Names of Unions	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.											
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Maintenance of Blind and Deaf and Dumb, in Asylums, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Province of Munster:															
Co. of Clare.															
Ballyvaghan,	987	7	5¼	–			–			294	3	9½	230	4	11½
Corrofin,	878	14	8½	–			–			317	2	11	212	1	1
Ennis,	2,648	16	3	3	16	0	23	6	11	728	11	5¼	819	10	4¾
Ennistymon,	2,342	16	6½	–			107	1	0	457	7	11	424	7	10¼
Killadysert,	1,026	14	6	1	0	0	–			359	15	3	266	10	8
Kilrush,	2,823	2	9	182	5	5	–			691	6	0	729	10	1
Scariff,	1,462	8	8	–			110	0	0	428	0	10	581	11	8½
Tulla,	2,013	4	8	–			22	11	1	413	2	0	378	18	6
Co. of Cork.															
Bandon,	1,153	15	1	–			100	14	0	486	6	1	315	6	5
Bantry,	718	2	0	–			–			339	3	1	170	8	3
Castletown,	1,038	18	7¼	–			–			362	5	6	282	9	2
Clonakilty,	1,269	14	3	–			–			364	16	8	287	13	1
Cork,	17,485	19	8	265	14	3	938	19	2	2,771	10	0	4,922	1	10
Dunmanway,	901	3	11	10	8	0	12	0	0	382	7	10	204	9	10
Fermoy,	2,367	1	8	–			77	15	8	608	17	6	631	14	2
Kanturk,	3,723	11	11	354	11	0	153	0	0	665	3	0	910	6	8
Kinsale,	1,065	10	1½	–			–			300	5	1	193	11	0
Macroom,	1,538	19	7	–			10	0	0	387	1	5	270	13	3
Mallow,	2,398	6	3	3	6	3	74	9	0	626	15	11	684	4	9
Midleton,	2,484	3	0	35	18	0	78	0	0	775	3	5	605	9	6
Millstreet,	2,714	13	8	–			–			429	2	8	305	5	6
Mitchelstown,	1,578	9	4	6	12	1	20	0	0	407	11	9	296	3	10
Skibbereen,	2,411	11	4	4	8	9	25	12	6	483	9	2	592	2	2
Skull,	620	7	8	–			12	0	0	304	10	3	173	7	0
Youghal,	2,577	0	1	175	19	5	62	12	0	761	16	10	637	14	1
Co. of Kerry.															
Caherciveen,	1,137	7	2	18	9	6	28	5	0	458	10	5	344	8	3
Dingle,	1,821	6	11	–			–			523	12	5	233	4	3
Kenmare,	1,379	5	10	–			2	0	0	477	16	0	375	8	0
Killarney,	3,234	4	0	78	12	6	72	14	8	801	19	4	881	7	5
Listowel,	1,527	14	1	–			30	0	0	443	8	10	390	18	9
Tralee,	4,027	0	6	–			109	14	0	856	1	8	935	9	5
Co. of Limerick.															
Croom,	1,880	13	7	–			–			456	15	9	340	2	0
Glin,	917	6	4	1	5	2	–			406	8	9	234	10	7
Kilmallock,	5,102	12	3	21	8	2	140	0	0	701	9	11	1,056	18	8
Limerick,	12,597	1	11	3	12	4	71	0	0	1,328	3	4	3,970	0	9
Newcastle,	2,573	12	9¾	65	16	9	32	0	0	650	4	7	612	18	8
Rathkeale,	2,205	17	1	115	9	6	35	0	0	586	15	2	755	5	10
Co. of Tipperary.															
Borrisokane,	892	4	6	–			–			345	7	4	261	12	10
Carrick-on-Suir,	3,271	12	5	136	19	2	10	0	0	842	13	9	941	10	5
Cashel,	3,515	2	8	68	15	7	117	10	0	796	4	8	1,106	7	7
Clogheen,	1,434	1	6	–			30	0	0	517	2	2	307	18	4
Clonmel,	4,630	18	0	30	5	11½	80	17	6	863	10	8	1,476	18	6
Nenagh,	4,053	18	7	18	0	10	10	0	0	609	14	7	760	8	11
Roscrea,	1,772	1	10	41	13	0	–			679	1	2	731	0	2
Thurles,	2,516	14	6	–			41	1	11	689	13	5	498	8	6
Tipperary,	3,176	0	1	66	19	4	124	6	4	703	5	8	842	14	2
Co. of Waterford.															
Dungarvan,	2,795	1	6	137	2	8	75	9	0	585	1	9	682	10	8
Kilmacthomas,	1,475	7	9	6	8	10	–			456	10	2	553	12	1
Lismore,	1,991	2	5	22	14	0	26	0	0	618	10	3	505	1	2
Waterford,	6,708	18	3	1,035	8	0	62	7	8	1,317	7	0	2,047	2	10
Total Munster,	136,648	0	1¾	2,913	0	5½	2,956	7	5	30,951	5	0¾	35,977	14	6½

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in the Year ended 29th September, 1863—*continued.*

Total.	Number of Persons relieved during the Year.				Average daily No. of Paupers in the Workhouse.	Valuation on 29th September, 1863.	Poundage of the Expenditure on the Valuation.
	In Workhouse.	Out-door.	In Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums.	Total.			
£ s. d.						£ s. d.	s. d.
1,511 16 2¼	316	–	–	316	156	19,316 6 0	1 5¼
1,407 18 8½	454	–	–	454	135	20,385 3 0	1 4½
4,224 1 0	1,639	1	3	1,643	196	72,553 9 0	1 2
3,321 13 4¼	1,026	–	10	1,036	368	36,877 9 0	1 9½
1,654 0 5	540	9	–	549	162	25,230 14 0	1 3¼
4,426 4 3	1,520	413	–	1,933	430	52,188 0 0	1 8¼
2,612 1 2½	1,055	–	15	1,070	239	25,766 11 0	2 0¼
2,827 16 3	1,231	–	4	1,235	307	32,555 16 0	1 8¾
2,056 1 7	770	–	9	779	181	70,571 13 4	0 7
1,227 13 4	579	–	–	579	146	20,857 11 0	1 2¼
1,673 13 3¼	575	–	–	575	166	15,577 12 0	2 1¾
1,922 4 0	917	–	–	917	249	49,675 0 0	0 9¼
26,384 4 11	11,873	472	80	12,425	2,513	302,941 16 2	1 9
1,510 9 7	731	11	1	743	147	32,669 15 0	0 11
3,685 9 0	1,605	–	6	1,611	375	101,751 19 0	0 8¾
5,606 12 7	2,877	822	13	3,712	599	75,712 11 0	1 5¾
1,649 6 2½	1,506	–	–	1,506	194	57,986 10 0	0 6¾
2,212 14 3	1,196	–	1	1,197	241	62,250 3 0	0 8¼
3,787 2 2	2,502	9	6	2,517	395	107,633 1 6	0 8½
3,978 13 11	2,612	87	7	2,706	446	92,516 11 2	0 10¼
3,449 1 10	1,357	–	–	1,357	398	26,087 2 6	2 7¾
2,308 17 0	1,740	3	2	1,745	278	48,875 15 0	0 11¼
3,517 3 11	1,587	73	3	1,663	349	44,899 15 0	1 6¾
1,110 4 11	378	–	1	379	111	14,582 10 0	1 6¼
4,215 2 5	2,636	451	4	3,091	424	59,301 3 3	1 5
1,987 0 4	798	21	3	822	190	21,637 5 0	1 10
2,578 3 7	2,371	–	–	2,371	380	22,654 10 0	1 3¼
2,234 9 10	1,082	–	–	1,082	260	18,563 15 0	2 5
5,068 17 11	1,614	45	2	1,661	456	72,250 15 0	1 4¾
2,392 1 8	1,288	–	3	1,291	315	51,185 15 0	0 11¼
5,928 5 7	2,481	–	9	2,490	658	84,135 5 0	1 5
2,677 11 4	955	–	–	955	252	63,053 0 0	0 10¼
1,559 10 10	518	2	–	520	158	27,918 6 0	1 1½
7,022 9 0	3,446	29	16	3,491	696	132,182 18 0	1 0¾
17,969 18 4	9,281	1	10	9,292	1,898	188,875 12 4	1 10¾
3,934 12 9¾	2,142	98	4	2,244	395	60,778 6 0	1 3½
3,698 7 7	1,603	56	4	1,663	339	55,553 10 0	1 4
1,499 4 8	810	–	–	810	155	41,487 3 0	0 8½
5,202 15 9	2,251	148	1	2,400	479	77,475 1 0	1 4
5,604 0 6	2,022	148	13	2,183	581	107,608 1 0	1 0½
2,289 2 0	855	–	3	858	230	62,943 11 0	0 8¾
7,082 10 7½	3,198	202	11	3,411	785	70,992 6 0	2 0
5,452 2 11	2,668	78	1	2,747	567	90,707 13 0	1 2½
3,223 16 2	1,117	48	–	1,165	531	70,109 14 0	0 11¼
3,745 18 4	1,946	–	5	1,951	450	89,824 17 0	0 10
4,913 5 7	2,967	253	13	3,233	481	137,763 19 0	0 8½
4,275 5 7	3,191	345	9	3,545	394	53,848 1 0	1 7
2,491 18 10	1,698	4	–	1,702	219	38,415 16 0	1 3½
3,163 7 10	1,349	33	3	1,385	294	49,924 5 0	1 3¼
11,171 3 9	5,076	1,642	7	6,725	1,034	145,312 1 0	1 6½
209,446 7 7½	99,949	5,504	282	105,735	21,439	3,303,965 2 3	1 3¼

[*continued.*

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No. 1.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.											
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Maintenance of Blind and Deaf and Dumb, in Asylums, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.		
Province of Leinster:	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Co. of Carlow.															
Carlow, . . .	3,249	11	11	353	3	4	–			861	2	10	591	2	7
Co. of Dublin.															
Balrothery, . .	1,921	14	10	–			10	0	0	495	0	0	770	7	3
Dublin, North, .	16,424	4	8¾	103	17	3	188	12	4	2,520	5	5	3,499	19	8
Dublin, South, .	23,298	9	1¼	864	2	7¼	198	14	0	3,564	8	4½	9,006	15	9¼
Rathdown, . .	3,914	17	2	5	10	10	61	0	0	801	8	10	1,277	17	4
Co. of Kildare.															
Athy, . . .	2,206	17	2	479	2	8	172	13	4	658	9	0	578	4	3
Celbridge, . .	1,500	16	7	406	8	0	10	0	0	532	8	9	538	7	1
Naas, . . .	2,591	8	4½	401	8	2	56	0	0	680	4	1¾	951	2	9¾
Co. of Kilkenny.															
Callan, . . .	2,227	12	6	386	7	6	70	0	0	706	8	6	796	13	4
Castlecomer, . .	1,424	11	5	760	8	9	15	0	0	505	6	11	347	4	0
Kilkenny, . .	4,507	0	6	711	0	4	27	0	0	1,107	2	7	934	15	4
Thomastown, .	1,851	2	1	169	19	6	26	0	0	606	11	2	399	16	5
Urlingford, . .	1,430	1	3	206	11	1	22	3	0	437	9	7	270	13	3
King's County.															
Edenderry, . .	2,211	18	7¼	75	5	0	–			525	13	5¾	781	16	11
Parsonstown, .	2,084	1	1½	–			–			574	6	8	908	19	7
Tullamore, . .	3,003	16	10	108	3	0	20	0	0	727	14	10	607	5	7¾
Co. of Longford.															
Ballymahon, . .	1,211	14	0	78	18	6	–			432	16	10	392	19	5
Granard, . .	1,961	3	7	599	15	6	9	11	3	505	0	4	477	8	0
Longford, . .	2,571	19	2	67	8	5	20	0	0	612	5	11	639	9	9
Co. of Louth.															
Ardee, . .	2,309	5	4	353	3	10	60	0	0	610	7	3	889	1	7
Drogheda, . .	3,980	17	7	959	14	5½	36	0	0	814	9	6½	1,124	4	10
Dundalk, . .	2,403	10	6	186	4	7	30	0	0	609	15	8	543	2	2
Co. of Meath.															
Dunshaughlin, .	1,199	11	2	195	2	8	10	0	0	552	19	9½	398	0	7¾
Kells, . . .	2,289	5	3	6	9	9	20	0	0	542	0	4	530	8	6
Navan, . .	1,950	4	4¾	480	1	6	10	0	0	577	10	5	535	2	7
Oldcastle, . .	1,675	12	6	3	18	4	15	0	0	469	19	10	522	19	0
Trim, . . .	2,006	14	7½	484	3	4	2	5	0	611	2	7½	485	12	7
Queen's County.															
Abbeyleix, . .	1,386	1	7	115	5	0	–			552	14	8	381	19	1
Donaghmore, .	777	17	11	0	3	0	–			379	14	9	273	19	11
Mountmelick, .	3,556	18	1	64	16	9	–			848	14	1	938	18	5
Co. of Westmeath.															
Athlone, . .	2,199	16	5¼	12	17	10	11	0	0	657	3	4½	613	18	0
Delvin, . . .	1,441	13	0	16	10	10	2	0	4	341	2	0	361	17	10
Mullingar, . .	3,572	3	3	4	16	6	70	16	8	778	13	6	884	6	5
Co. of Wexford.															
Enniscorthy, . .	2,692	17	3	471	15	0	20	0	0	833	19	0	872	11	10
Gorey, . . .	1,834	17	6	253	19	9	5	11	3	583	11	7	418	11	4
New Ross, . .	4,243	9	10	1,709	12	0	37	19	6	652	4	2	1,008	11	5
Wexford, . .	3,450	17	11	124	5	11	20	0	0	897	14	2	582	16	4
Co. of Wicklow.															
Baltinglass, . .	2,186	2	11	127	7	6	–			709	16	5	566	19	2
Rathdrum, . .	2,664	19	10	471	3	10	20	0	0	738	10	8	710	8	8
Shillelagh, . .	885	8	2½	2	11	6	–			501	12	0	261	11	5
Total Leinster, .	128,301	6	0¼	11,821	14	3¾	1,277	6	8	30,118	0	0	36,676	0	1½

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in the Year ended 29th September, 1863—*continued.*

Total.	Number of Persons relieved during the Year.				Average daily No. of Paupers in the Workhouse.	Valuation on 29th September, 1863.	Poundage of the Expenditure on the Valuation.
	In Workhouse.	Out-door.	In Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums.	Total.			
£ s. d.						£ s. d.	s. d.
5,055 0 8	1,923	473	–	2,396	444	148,758 17 0	0 8¼
3,197 2 1	3,207	–	1	3,208	219	95,349 10 0	0 8
22,736 19 4¾	6,267	29	11	6,307	1,906	320,987 15 0	1 5
36,932 9 10¼	10,033	980	15	11,028	2,745	517,439 0 0	1 5¼
6,060 14 2	3,665	29	7	3,701	463	201,854 15 0	0 7¼
4,095 6 5	2,342	569	2	2,913	340	108,543 14 0	0 9
2,988 0 5	1,521	419	1	1,941	190	114,673 12 0	0 6¼
4,680 3 6	3,081	384	6	3,471	367	150,859 15 0	0 7¼
4,187 1 10	1,828	520	7	2,355	315	73,229 12 0	1 1¾
3,052 11 1	1,464	695	2	2,161	162	32,119 3 0	1 10¾
7,286 18 9	3,874	1,014	3	4,891	691	99,783 10 0	1 5½
3,053 9 2	1,555	233	3	1,791	255	64,954 13 0	0 11¼
2,366 18 2	1,182	200	2	1,384	202	45,261 14 0	1 0½
3,594 14 0	1,747	131	–	1,878	329	95,248 9 0	0 9
3,567 7 4½	1,030	–	–	1,030	335	102,224 16 0	0 8¼
4,467 0 3¾	2,912	248	2	3,162	447	82,460 13 0	1 1
2,116 8 9	966	198	–	1,164	167	62,559 3 0	0 8
3,552 18 8	1,851	1,413	2	3,266	292	84,578 5 0	0 10
3,911 3 3	2,910	136	3	3,049	393	59,440 13 0	1 3¾
4,221 18 0	2,378	1,136	7	3,521	326	93,766 11 0	0 10¾
6,915 6 5	4,013	2,510	4	6,527	457	124,567 13 0	1 1¼
3,772 12 11	2,707	315	3	3,025	348	101,904 17 0	0 9
2,855 14 3¼	1,417	353	1	1,771	163	104,842 15 0	0 5½
3,388 3 10	2,162	10	2	2,174	264	95,361 18 0	0 8½
3,552 18 10¾	3,097	716	1	3,814	249	97,791 5 0	0 8¾
2,687 9 8	891	9	3	903	250	62,012 8 0	0 10½
3,589 18 2	1,938	743	1	2,682	240	108,849 18 0	0 8
2,436 0 4	1,060	113	–	1,173	213	66,911 12 0	0 8¾
1,431 15 7	579	3	–	582	98	40,129 6 0	0 8½
5,409 7 4	2,930	391	–	3,321	510	101,699 0 0	1 0¾
3,494 15 7¾	1,539	35	1	1,575	384	88,189 6 0	0 9½
2,163 4 0	1,305	11	1	1,317	166	52,849 13 0	0 9¾
5,310 16 4	2,474	14	9	2,497	477	157,715 16 0	0 8
4,891 3 1	1,909	759	2	2,670	374	109,592 18 0	0 10¾
3,096 11 5	1,310	331	–	1,641	270	78,750 16 0	0 9½
7,651 16 11	2,443	1,531	4	3,978	570	105,052 7 0	1 5½
5,075 14 4	1,993	64	2	2,059	491	106,516 9 0	0 11½
3,590 6 0	1,266	208	–	1,474	263	73,285 12 0	0 11¾
4,605 3 0	2,005	655	2	2,662	354	127,047 10 0	0 8¼
1,651 3 1½	621	2	–	623	161	50,039 8 0	0 8
208,194 7 1½	93,395	17,580	110	111,085	16,890	4,407,204 7 0	0 11¼

[*continued.*

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No. 1.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.											
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Maintenance of Blind and Deaf and Dumb, in Asylums, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.		
Province of Connaught:	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Co. of Galway.															
Ballinasloe,	1,679	15	8	1	16	4		–		600	18	3	438	4	7
Clifden,	965	2	8	60	12	1½		–		387	9	3	233	11	0
Galway,	3,194	1	10	24	19	1	40	0	0	758	1	3	878	14	10
Glennamaddy,	1,238	4	5	63	17	0	13	10	3	314	15	4	248	0	3
Gort,	1,167	9	10	–				–		452	14	7	457	13	6
Loughrea,	846	11	9	–			10	0	0	444	3	6¾	228	5	2
Mount Bellew,	900	8	3¾	18	4	9		–		432	6	4	318	3	0½
Oughterard,	684	11	0¼	5	4	7		–		320	7	8	182	3	2
Portumna,	955	15	2	20	5	0	10	0	0	368	16	4	209	18	4
Tuam,	2,037	13	5	401	18	11	21	0	0	657	3	10	468	9	5
Co. of Leitrim.															
Carrick-on-Shannon	1,038	13	11	10	12	6	17	0	0	605	0	6	403	19	6
Manorhamilton,	1,019	2	5	–				–		403	2	4	300	6	10
Mohill,	1,681	19	0	14	5	9		–		500	18	8	499	6	6
Co. of Mayo.															
Ballina,	1,854	6	2	1	9	4		–		580	14	2	467	3	1
Ballinrobe,	1,793	18	8¼	13	5	6	5	17	2	529	12	6¾	452	15	8¾
Belmullet,	1,275	19	0	32	18	7		–		292	11	6	233	3	11
Castlebar,	963	3	2	4	7	6	12	0	8	442	1	2	325	0	8
Claremorris,	926	4	5¼	7	13	1	10	0	0	379	19	6¾	293	16	2
Killala,	994	17	7	52	16	6		–		220	13	11	211	6	0
Newport,	527	13	2	24	0	10		–		334	2	11	184	16	0
Swineford,	1,255	10	1	1	10	0	23	9	3	428	11	3	314	2	11
Westport,	1,310	16	8	17	4	1		–		456	17	1	567	15	8
Co. of Roscommon.															
Boyle,	1,962	4	6	444	3	6		–		570	8	9	883	10	8
Castlerea,	2,044	4	2	10	16	2	15	0	0	564	3	2	417	4	2
Roscommon,	3,123	8	0	196	8	1		–		603	3	6	665	18	2½
Strokestown,	2,078	15	6	406	12	0	10	0	0	419	0	11	484	8	3
Co. of Sligo.															
Dromore, West,	568	17	4	–				–		312	1	11	217	4	5
Sligo,	3,172	12	4	10	11	0		–		631	4	10	1,070	7	6
Tobercurry,	925	15	7	105	12	0		–		280	12	1	309	4	3
Total Connaught,	42,187	15	9½	1,951	4	2½	187	17	4	13,291	17	2¼	11,964	13	8¾

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in the Year ended 29th September, 1863—*continued.*

Total.	Number of Persons relieved during the Year.				Average daily No. of Paupers in the Workhouse.	Valuation on 29th September, 1863.	Poundage of the Expenditure on the Valuation.
	In Workhouse.	Out-door	In Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums.	Total.			
£ s. d.						£ s. d.	s. d.
2,720 14 10	1,148	6	–	1,154	248	78,645 0 0	0 8¼
1,646 15 0½	627	319	–	946	158	16,725 4 0	1 11¼
4,895 17 0	2,036	78	4	2,118	522	63,991 2 0	1 6¼
1,878 7 3	1,105	92	1	1,198	210	31,882 4 0	1 2¼
2,077 17 11	725	–	–	725	181	43,179 15 0	0 11½
1,529 0 5¾	938	–	1	939	144	75,378 11 0	0 4¾
1,669 2 5¼	639	82	–	721	166	40,493 16 0	0 10
1,192 6 5¼	411	30	–	441	121	14,470 6 0	1 7¾
1,564 14 10	526	23	1	550	141	35,426 19 0	0 10½
3,586 5 7	1,633	543	2	2,178	353	75,696 4 0	0 11¼
2,075 6 5	1,171	34	2	1,207	180	47,360 19 0	0 10½
1,722 11 7	842	–	–	842	175	43,209 1 0	0 9½
2,696 9 11	731	16	–	747	259	39,143 0 0	1 4½
2,903 12 9	1,094	7	–	1,101	308	46,554 19 0	1 3
2,795 9 7¾	1,125	21	–	1,146	272	59,921 10 0	0 11¼
1,834 13 0	627	84	–	711	186	10,758 9 0	3 5
1,746 13 2	777	22	1	800	179	45,498 0 0	0 9¼
1,617 13 3	574	28	2	604	162	41,327 6 0	0 9½
1,479 14 0	346	71	–	417	160	20,670 11 0	1 5¼
1,070 12 11	324	139	–	463	103	12,753 6 0	1 8
2,023 3 6	809	10	4	823	221	40,435 0 0	1 0
2,352 13 6	1,142	42	–	1,184	220	30,692 0 0	1 6½
3,860 7 5	1,325	670	–	1,995	316	72,590 15 0	1 0¾
3,051 7 8	1,397	53	1	1,451	322	71,661 14 0	0 10¼
4,588 17 9½	1,536	154	–	1,690	395	63,649 10 0	1 5¼
3,398 16 8	1,788	379	1	2,168	310	50,818 4 0	1 4
1,098 3 8	319	–	–	319	103	36,360 2 0	0 7¼
4,884 15 8	2,322	56	–	2,378	512	95,520 16 0	1 0¼
1,621 3 11	685	196	–	881	152	40,419 16 0	0 9¾
69,583 8 3	28,722	3,155	20	31,897	6,779	1,345,233 19 0	1 0½

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SUMMARY OF FOREGOING TABLE, No. 1.

Provinces.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.						Number of Persons relieved during the Year.				Average daily No. of Paupers in the Workhouse.	Valuation on 29th September, 1863.	Poundage of the Expenditure on the Valuation.
	In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief.	Maintenance of Blind and Deaf and Dumb in Asylum, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.	Salaries and Rations of Officers	All other Expenses.	Total	In Workhouse.	Out-door.	In Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums.	Total.			
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.						£ s. d.	s. d.
Ulster, .	73,600 3 7¾	1,686 11 0	407 12 10	21,860 17 6	21,201 16 0	118,757 0 11¾	66,219	2,672	16	68,907	12,765	3,567,135 11 5	0 8
Munster, .	136,648 0 1¾	2,913 0 5½	2,956 7 5	30,951 5 0¾	35,977 14 6½	209,446 7 7½	99,949	5,504	282	105,735	21,439	3,303,965 2 3	1 3¼
Leinster, .	128,301 6 0¼	11,821 14 3¾	1,277 6 8	30,118 0 0	36,676 0 1½	208,194 7 1½	93,395	17,580	110	111,085	16,890	4,407,204 7 0	0 11¼
Connaught,	42,187 15 9½	1,951 4 2½	187 17 4	13,291 17 2¼	11,964 13 8¾	69,583 8 3	28,722	3,155	20	31,897	6,779	1,345,233 19 0	1 0½
Total Ireland, year 1863, .	380,737 5 7¼	18,372 9 11¾	4,829 4 3	96,221 19 9	105,820 4 4¾	605 981 3 11¾	288,285	28,911	428	317,624	57,873	12,623,538 19 8	0 11½
Do., 1862, .	373,215 14 7¾	14,749 19 2¾	*	95,501 15 11¾	95,321 2 10¼	578,788 12 8½	267,807	23,342	†400	291,549	53,605	12,567,494 16 7	0 11½
Increase,	7,521 10 11½	3,622 10 9	4,829 4 3	720 3 9¼	10,499 1 6½	27,192 11 3¼	20,478	5,569	28	26,075	4,268	56,044 3 1	—
Decrease, .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

* Not distinguished.

† Estimated.

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No. 2.—Summary of Audited Union Accounts, for the Half-year ended 29th March, 1863.

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[illegible]

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[illegible] Accounts for Half-year ended 25th March, 1865.

[illegible] Accounts, for the Half-year ended 25th March, 1865—continued.

[illegible]

SUMMARY [illegible]

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Abstract of Union Accounts for Half-year ended 30th September 1883.

No. 2.—Summary of Audited Union Accounts for the Half-year ended 30th September, 1883—*continued.*

Province and Union	Outstanding Debt at the commencement of the Half-year	Amount Paid Into Indian Exchequer	Disbursements in Cash	Charges in Kind	Other Receipts	Total Receipts in the Half-year	Gross Receipts from Land Revenue	Value	Outstanding Debt at the end of the Half-year	Land Revenue Demand	Land Revenue Remitted	Land Revenue Collected	Land Revenue Outstanding	Total Land Revenue Demand for the Half-year	Land Revenue Remitted	Land Revenue Collected	Land Revenue Outstanding	Total Land Revenue Demand for the Half-year	Expenditure in Cash	Expenditure in Kind	Outstanding Debt	Outstanding Debt	Amount Paid Into Indian Exchequer	Total	Total Disbursements	Union	Province
	Expenditure in the Half-year.									Expenditure in the Half-year.																	
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.																											CONNAUGHT.
Galway																											Ballinasloe.
Ballinasloe,																											Clonfert.
Clifden,																											Athenry.
Gort,																											Athenry.
Loughrea,																											Mount Bellew.
Portumna,																											Portumna.
Tuam,																											Tuam.
Leitrim																											Carrick-on-Shannon.
Carrick-on-Shannon,																											Manorhamilton.
Mohill,																											Mohill.
Mayo																											Ballina.
Ballina,																											Belmullet.
Belmullet,																											Castlebar.
Castlebar,																											Claremorris.
Claremorris,																											Ballinrobe.
Ballinrobe,																											Westport.
Westport,																											Sligo.
Roscommon																											Boyle.
Boyle,																											Roscommon.
Roscommon,																											Castlerea.
Castlerea,																											Strokestown.
Strokestown,																											Ballymote.
Sligo																											Ballymote.
Ballymote,																											Sligo.
Tubbercurry,																											Tubbercurry.
Total Connaught (29 unions)																											Total Connaught (29 Unions).

Union	Outstanding Debt at the commencement of the Half-year	Amount Paid Into Indian Exchequer	Disbursements in Cash	Charges in Kind	Other Receipts	Total Receipts in the Half-year	Gross Receipts from Land Revenue	Value	Outstanding Debt at the end of the Half-year	Land Revenue Demand	Land Revenue Remitted	Land Revenue Collected	Land Revenue Outstanding	Total Land Revenue Demand for the Half-year	Land Revenue Remitted	Land Revenue Collected	Land Revenue Outstanding	Total Land Revenue Demand for the Half-year	Expenditure in Cash	Expenditure in Kind	Outstanding Debt	Outstanding Debt	Amount Paid Into Indian Exchequer	Total	Total Disbursements during	Union	Province
Sligo,																											
Mayo and																											
Leitrim,																											
Roscommon																											
Total related (116 unions)																											

Amount paid to the Treasurer of Irish Unions Acts.

Expenses under Burial Grounds Acts.

Total under Poor Adjustment Order, compared at Stage 24 Union Accounts.

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No. 4.—SUMMARIES of Tables Nos. 2 and 3, showing the TOTAL RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURE, and BALANCES, for the HALF-YEARS ended 25th MARCH and 29th SEPTEMBER, 1863, respectively.

i.—SUMMARY of Table No. 2.:—HALF-YEAR ended 25th March, 1863:—163 Unions.

Dr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	*Cr.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half year,	—	57,551 10 9¾	By balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	67,086 15 6½
" Amount of poor-rate collected and lodged during the half-year ended 25th March, 1863,	534,056 6 11		" In-maintenance and Clothing of Electoral Division Paupers during half-year ended 25th March, 1863,	143,000 7 1	
" Amount of repayment of relief,	573 4 1		" Ditto, for Union Paupers,	48,962 13 0½	
" Amount raised by rate or borrowed for emigration purposes,	—		" Out door relief to Electoral Division Paupers during the above period,	7,832 15 5¾	
" Amount of other receipts,	1,054 6 5¼	535,683 17 5½	" Ditto, to Union Paupers,	305 5 4¼	
			" Maintenance of Deaf, Dumb, and Blind in Asylums during the above half-year,	2,611 8 6	202,412 9 5½
" Credits consequent on change of Union boundaries,	—	224 6 1	" Establishment charges,	62,249 12 7½	
			" Repayment of loans under Act, 1 and 2 Vic., c. 56, s. 35,	268 15 0	
			" Amount of Collectors' poundage or other remuneration,	11,197 19 3	
			" Emigration expenses,	418 19 6	
			" Amount of Emigration Loan repaid, and interest thereon,	—	
			" Workhouse Burial expenses,	1,605 13 6	
			" Election, law, and other expenses,	4,747 8 5	100,483 8 8½
			" Amount repaid under Loans & Annuities' Act, 13 Vic., c. 14,	9 11 0	
			" Expenses under Medical Charities' Acts,	54,340 9 10½	54,350 0 10½
			" Expenses under burial-grounds Acts,	—	171 8 11
" Balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	—	13,731 5 3¼	" Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	—	167,681 16 1¾
Total,	—	612,190 19 7¾	Total,	—	612,190 19 7¾

ii.—SUMMARY of Table No. 3.:—HALF-YEAR ended 29th Sept., 1863:—163 Unions.

Dr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	*Cr.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half year,	—	197,681 16 1¾	By balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	13,731 5 3¼
" Amount of poor-rate collected and lodged during the half-year ended 29th September, 1863,	189,786 13 11		" In-maintenance and Clothing of Electoral Division Paupers during half-year ended 29th September, 1863,	142,245 15 0	
" Amount of repayment of relief,	393 19 2		" Ditto for Union Paupers,	46,528 10 5¾	
" Amount raised by rate or borrowed for emigration purposes,	—		" Out door relief to Electoral Division Paupers during the above period,	9,791 19 0	
" Amount of other receipts,	2,453 2 6½	192,633 15 7½	" Ditto to Union Paupers,	442 9 7¾	
			" Maintenance of Deaf, Dumb, and Blind in Asylums during the above half year,	2,517 15 9	201,526 10 4½
" Credits consequent on change of Union boundaries,	—	452 10 6			
			" Establishment charges,	84,530 6 3¼	
			" Repayment of loans under Act, 1 and 2 Vict., c. 56, s. 35,	598 1 10	
			" Amount of Collectors' poundage or other remuneration,	6,297 12 6	
			" Emigration expenses,	4,097 14 5	
			" Amount of Emigration Loan repaid, and interest thereon,	232 7 7	
			" Workhouse Burial expenses,	1,648 18 7	
			" Election, law, and other expenses,	4,146 14 8	101,553 15 5¼
			" Amount repaid under Loans & Annuities' Act, 13 Vic., c. 14,	—	15 7 4
			" Expenses under Medical Charities' Acts,	—	54,865 16 2½
			" Expenses under burial-grounds Acts,	—	1,123 5 4
			" Debts and Final Adjustment Orders,	—	292 3 4
" Balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	—	64,921 12 11	" Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	—	64,575 11 9¾
Total,	—	442,639 15 2¼	Total,	—	442,639 15 2¼

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No. 5.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.	Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.	Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.	Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.
Province of Ulster:	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Co. of Antrim.					
Antrim,	311 9 9	73 12 11	24 10 0	10 3 2	33 9 7
Ballycastle,	167 10 9	36 14 7	10 9 11	13 15 8	22 7 4
Ballymena,	348 0 6	273 0 7	58 12 4	17 0 0	47 16 11
Ballymoney,	252 18 3	47 7 11	19 4 9	16 14 7	21 19 4
Belfast,	1,033 6 7	309 18 5	156 11 1	38 16 1	144 11 8
Larne,	307 17 0	23 2 0	15 4 6	20 7 9	49 10 10
Lisburn,	251 1 7	64 10 10	30 14 9	13 17 0	27 9 1
Co. of Armagh.					
Armagh,	367 2 8	94 3 7	40 7 3	13 13 0	36 13 5
Lurgan,	341 17 11	253 18 1	73 16 6	21 14 6	70 10 6
Co. of Cavan.					
Bailieborough,	163 8 1	24 2 4	8 7 0	23 16 11	19 0 9
Bawnboy,	186 12 11	11 15 9	11 2 7	24 19 7	10 17 0
Cavan,	310 12 8	27 5 1	22 19 5	22 1 9	36 3 9
Cootehill,	197 6 5	20 14 4	6 8 9	17 13 11	25 13 4
Co. of Donegal.					
Ballyshannon,	164 15 8	20 14 8	7 7 11	10 0 0	21 17 4
Donegal,	158 5 8	9 5 11	3 19 9	6 19 0	24 16 7
Dunfanaghy,	103 17 0	5 10 3	9 0 8	11 13 9	13 16 0
Glenties,	126 11 1	35 10 2	3 18 6	5 5 11	14 0 3
Inishowen,	179 5 1	16 13 4	9 9 6	10 0 6	25 12 7
Letterkenny,	150 16 8	10 19 5	3 7 4	8 2 1	11 8 10
Milford,	169 19 0	19 10 3	8 3 8	12 15 6	16 6 11
Stranorlar,	188 18 8	29 1 7	3 10 0	12 9 8	14 5 10
Co. of Down.					
Banbridge,	294 18 7	52 7 2	31 16 1	15 12 10	40 13 9
Downpatrick,	295 16 4	92 9 10	14 1 5	17 15 2	17 16 8
Kilkeel,	166 5 8	3 1 10	6 12 0	5 8 4	11 16 5
Newry,	354 5 6	205 3 11	12 12 8	20 16 1	34 1 6
Newtownards,	361 8 7	110 5 9	57 9 10	22 9 6	39 19 5
Co. of Fermanagh.					
Enniskillen,	305 7 7	65 19 6	64 4 1	8 17 11	37 5 10
Irvinestown,	139 12 0	7 13 2	–	12 6 8	10 6 10
Lisnaskea,	167 0 5	14 12 11	5 1 4	14 9 2	17 13 9
Co. of Londonderry.					
Coleraine,	262 12 6	110 11 3	30 0 0	23 2 6	49 1 7
Londonderry,	332 8 6	41 8 9	23 1 7	–	26 5 1
Magherafelt,	219 2 3	30 12 2	7 17 1	12 3 6	34 1 2
Newtownlimavady,	232 5 5	46 15 11	4 0 0	6 8 9	20 15 7
Co. of Monaghan.					
Carrickmacross,	202 12 9	39 5 4	14 2 4	16 8 8	8 6 5
Castleblayney,	213 6 9	33 7 11	52 13 9	10 12 7	18 11 9
Clones,	136 7 9	18 17 0	7 6 9	11 6 8	17 4 0
Monaghan,	272 8 1	15 4 8	12 10 4	18 13 7	34 14 4
Co. of Tyrone.					
Castlederg,	144 4 4	5 19 6	5 11 11	7 12 11	3 10 9
Clogher,	181 12 8	48 17 7	10 6 3	13 13 3	14 18 6
Cookstown,	190 4 2	18 8 4	7 16 0	5 8 6	10 5 6
Dungannon,	276 15 10	76 5 8	35 3 10	7 12 0	21 16 0
Gortin,	116 1 11	13 11 7	2 15 2	5 11 6	5 18 11
Omagh,	268 12 1	64 12 6	38 4 6	28 15 0	20 14 5
Strabane,	209 2 7	39 7 6	15 5 11	11 6 2	10 6 4
Total Ulster (44 Unions),	10,854 9 2	2,562 11 9	985 19 0	628 11 7	1,194 12 4

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ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 2) of the HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1863.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Rent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Charges.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
31 14 10	–	–	5 10 7	490 10 10	5 0 0	485 10 10
43 17 6	–	–	2 10 1	297 5 10	–	297 5 10
36 8 4	–	8 0 0	–	788 18 8	13 1 3	775 17 5
4 10 2	2 0 0	7 10 0	–	372 5 0	–	372 5 0
287 5 4	89 13 6	12 0 0	11 9 8	2,083 12 4	123 10 7	1,960 1 9
13 11 9	8 15 1	7 8 0	4 9 6	450 6 5	9 5 7	441 0 10
20 9 7	17 10 0	5 5 0	9 1 11	439 19 9	31 11 0	408 8 9
24 6 8	47 2 10	–	21 5 10	644 15 3	104 13 10	540 1 5
102 10 0	23 18 1	–	2 17 5	891 3 0	26 1 4	865 1 8
1 1 0	12 0 0	0 5 9	0 6 2	252 8 0	4 12 4	247 15 8
27 18 11	–	4 3 6	5 17 5	283 7 8	–	283 7 8
27 16 3	–	1 11 6	4 12 4	453 2 9	12 15 6	440 7 3
8 7 4	–	–	0 15 0	276 19 1	–	276 19 1
12 3 5	13 13 9	1 0 0	9 5 3	260 18 0	2 7 2	258 10 10
9 10 4	–	3 15 0	0 13 5	217 5 8	–	217 5 8
6 6 1	–	–	1 13 8	151 17 5	–	151 17 5
30 15 6	–	3 4 11	2 10 0	221 19 4	–	221 19 4
9 15 2	–	–	3 4 4	254 0 6	0 5 0	253 15 6
10 7 2	–	–	6 0 9	201 2 3	–	201 2 3
16 3 9	–	0 16 3	0 15 0	244 10 4	–	244 10 4
9 4 0	–	–	–	257 9 9	–	257 9 9
8 12 10	11 18 2	–	30 0 5	485 19 10	22 11 5	463 8 5
52 14 5	–	11 11 6	21 8 3	523 13 7	21 17 10	501 15 9
0 5 0	3 7 2	0 6 0	10 15 4	207 17 9	30 19 11	176 17 10
10 14 1	2 19 1	–	4 6 5	644 19 3	–	644 19 3
25 17 5	12 19 3	–	8 15 5	639 5 2	15 17 6	623 7 8
39 1 5	–	10 11 6	0 12 5	532 0 3	22 1 7	509 18 8
17 18 6	0 4 6	5 10 0	5 3 4	198 15 0	–	198 15 0
14 1 0	6 0 0	6 3 3	–	245 1 10	–	245 1 10
15 15 0	5 0 0	–	–	496 2 10	25 13 0	470 9 10
2 16 0	–	–	3 9 8	429 9 7	49 0 0	380 9 7
33 0 10	–	2 11 0	3 6 2	372 14 2	8 0 0	364 14 2
1 8 6	–	0 7 6	4 19 11	317 1 7	–	317 1 7
17 17 5	1 19 5	8 10 9	6 14 4	315 17 5	7 16 0	308 1 5
17 2 5	11 5 6	8 19 6	1 6 2	367 6 4	–	367 6 4
2 9 6	–	5 0 0	1 14 6	200 6 2	–	200 6 2
19 18 7	2 10 0	5 19 0	4 8 0	386 6 7	7 12 9	378 13 10
16 4 10	–	2 11 9	3 18 6	189 14 6	2 10 0	187 4 6
5 0 2	–	5 9 3	–	279 17 8	–	279 17 8
–	60 16 11	1 1 0	–	294 0 5	–	294 0 5
11 4 0	–	0 7 6	0 10 0	429 14 10	–	429 14 10
9 6 3	–	3 16 0	–	157 1 4	–	157 1 4
26 0 9	13 6 10	5 9 4	0 2 10	465 18 3	–	465 18 3
11 11 0	–	10 13 6	0 0 6	307 13 6	–	307 13 6
1,093 3 0	347 0 1	149 18 3	204 10 6	18,020 15 8	547 3 7	17,473 12 1

[*continued.*

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No. 5.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
Province of Munster:	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Co. of Clare.															
Ballyvaghan,	146	11	2½	8	19	3	18	9	7½	6	10	0	13	3	4
Corrofin,	155	14	10	24	6	9½	2	6	0	8	7	3	12	8	4
Ennis,	354	2	1¼	61	12	4½	8	4	11	20	16	11¼	41	8	10
Ennistymon,	224	14	3	42	16	7	6	12	3	6	18	0	31	4	1
Killadysert,	178	8	0	52	16	6	13	1	6	18	18	7	27	6	2
Kilrush,	346	2	6	43	0	6	37	0	3	10	16	3	43	12	3
Scariff,	208	17	6	56	19	2	14	1	2	22	5	10	13	2	6
Tulla,	200	10	0	55	16	1	20	14	2	12	16	1	8	13	7
Co. of Cork.															
Bandon,	239	4	1	21	13	3	14	18	9	19	8	1	22	13	6
Bantry,	163	10	11	2	11	9	5	1	0	7	1	1	7	1	3
Castletown,	179	19	8	42	9	10	5	18	7	8	16	7	25	14	0
Clonakilty,	180	10	11	66	15	0	20	17	3	5	1	5	21	10	5
Cork,	1,372	10	9	1,127	0	5	322	10	6	51	18	2	184	0	10
Dunmanway,	187	0	10	29	9	9	10	12	0	11	5	9	10	5	8
Fermoy,	310	16	1	45	1	2	16	8	8	16	19	1	20	13	1
Kanturk,	355	1	6	144	13	4	69	7	9	27	3	0	36	6	4
Kinsale,	197	12	5	32	3	7	3	6	0	9	4	0	8	9	1
Macroom,	197	9	5	24	11	3	7	16	6	12	4	9	16	18	8
Mallow,	308	11	9	105	15	10	26	16	8	19	11	0	20	1	6
Midleton,	381	3	9	84	4	8	16	6	0	13	12	9	37	18	4
Millstreet,	218	4	11	20	11	6	13	2	1	13	17	2	32	9	1
Mitchelstown,	222	15	0	7	6	2	15	15	1	22	0	3	21	9	6
Skibbereen,	235	12	7	107	15	7	21	14	10	17	7	11	38	15	5
Skull,	152	9	7	5	10	1	3	12	7	6	10	0	19	9	4
Youghal,	380	4	0	57	8	7	24	7	8	11	15	0	24	10	0
Co. of Kerry.															
Caherciveen,	226	19	1	14	0	11	14	18	0	6	0	0	26	9	3
Dingle,	258	19	3	37	0	5	6	14	3	14	16	0	14	1	9
Kenmare,	235	6	11	38	2	3	8	13	10	16	5	7	34	19	9
Killarney,	404	18	1	70	14	3	75	17	11	42	18	0	25	18	5
Listowel,	222	17	8	39	17	3	14	3	2	15	11	3	14	9	9
Tralee,	410	13	11	124	0	5	20	0	4	49	6	2	47	6	11
Co. of Limerick.															
Croom,	231	15	1	43	1	8	8	8	5	12	18	2	15	1	1
Glin,	203	3	9	22	18	9	10	2	6	12	4	4	14	7	3
Kilmallock,	347	7	2	141	5	7	45	18	6	18	11	2	41	3	10
Limerick,	639	5	1	1,401	6	4	37	4	2	56	8	11	65	15	5
Newcastle,	321	17	0	120	5	4	39	11	5	31	2	1	27	19	2
Rathkeale,	288	7	4	87	10	0	23	10	0	24	12	1	29	2	5
Co. of Tipperary.															
Borrisokane,	170	14	5	10	12	9	14	18	0	17	14	9	39	12	4
Carrick-on-Suir,	417	1	8	160	7	9	43	3	0	22	18	6	84	11	5
Cashel,	380	15	6	54	16	4	36	16	3	75	4	5	28	18	7
Clogheen,	261	7	10	13	11	5	4	8	6	13	6	6	14	15	11
Clonmel,	428	4	9	79	8	11	35	13	8	42	6	3	42	17	1
Nenagh,	297	6	11	86	12	10	17	2	4	27	15	6	26	10	1
Roscrea,	337	11	1	142	16	0	32	0	2	7	10	0	36	4	2
Thurles,	345	9	10	54	17	8	18	4	3	19	2	4	28	10	10
Tipperary,	359	3	3	39	16	0	27	17	5	15	19	2	38	14	10
Co. of Waterford.															
Dungarvan,	274	17	0	230	14	6	52	7	7	11	2	8	31	11	1
Kilmacthomas,	222	5	6	4	15	2	35	0	8	10	2	0	33	18	9
Lismore,	315	13	11	39	14	10	53	14	5	12	12	7	8	15	7
Waterford,	621	0	0	225	17	11	92	14	2	32	10	3	95	17	2
Total Munster (50 Unions),	15,321	0	6¾	5,555	14	3	1,488	4	8½	990	3	7¼	1,606	17	11

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ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 2) of the HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1863—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent and Taxes.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
20	13	7		–		7	17	8	2	14	2	224	18	10		–		224	18	10
	–		18	0	0		–		8	19	11	230	3	1½	20	5	8	209	17	5½
21	0	0	25	0	0	6	0	0	8	17	6½	547	2	8½	10	16	0½	536	6	8
22	12	3½	32	0	0		–		3	7	2	370	4	7½	1	0	0	369	4	7½
0	6	6		–		7	15	4	11	17	6	310	10	1	0	3	0	310	7	1
103	2	8	27	12	6	6	10	0	72	11	4	690	8	3	92	12	3	597	16	0
2	12	2		–			–		15	14	2	333	12	6	4	1	1	329	11	5
21	12	6	1	0	0	0	5	0	6	14	3	328	1	8	3	11	7	324	10	1
24	16	8	19	13	4	4	13	9	0	16	4	367	17	9	37	5	0	330	12	9
12	18	6		–			–		4	7	4	202	11	10		–		202	11	10
32	16	7½		–		9	3	0	2	11	4	307	9	7½		–		307	9	7½
15	7	5		–		4	19	6	4	5	6	319	7	5		–		319	7	5
233	17	4	48	2	5	26	15	6	395	15	3	3,762	11	2	107	12	8	3,654	18	6
3	2	3		–		8	9	0	0	19	6	261	4	9		–		261	4	9
41	17	7	33	8	1	4	5	0	23	4	5	512	13	2	29	2	8	483	10	6
36	3	3	2	10	0	13	3	9	50	9	10	734	18	9		–		734	18	9
5	5	9	19	8	1		–		7	8	10	282	17	9	13	12	6	269	5	3
14	12	7	15	0	0	4	2	6		–		292	15	8	6	10	5	286	5	3
43	14	8	15	10	6	11	7	3	2	16	10	554	6	0	2	12	6	551	13	6
13	8	4	29	19	3	0	18	6	23	3	4	600	14	11	50	6	5	550	8	6
22	4	5		–			–		9	7	9	329	16	11	11	14	2	318	2	9
10	12	4		–		9	13	0	8	14	2	318	5	6	45	1	6	273	4	0
15	9	0	10	0	0	10	13	6	17	4	3	474	13	1		–		474	13	1
21	8	11	6	10	0	5	2	0	3	14	4	224	6	10	10	1	0	214	5	10
56	2	2	50	18	9	11	3	6	10	10	6	627	0	2	34	5	11	592	14	3
31	7	9		–			–		8	8	7	328	3	7	1	18	6	326	5	1
14	5	5	0	2	10		–		2	14	9	348	14	8	27	5	0	321	9	8
14	3	4	1	6	0	1	4	6	2	10	0	352	12	2	2	2	11	350	9	3
1	7	1	70	0	0	12	4	0	24	19	5	728	17	2	12	18	4	715	18	10
1	5	6		–		13	9	11	4	0	9	325	15	3	0	2	0	325	13	3
30	0	5	61	5	5	16	0	0	70	16	7	829	10	2	53	11	1	775	19	1
35	0	5		–			–		18	17	3	365	2	1	2	19	11	362	2	2
7	7	7		–		4	14	0	3	7	2	278	5	4		–		278	5	4
41	9	11	26	1	6		–		38	2	11	700	0	7	120	19	9	579	0	10
108	1	9	36	6	0	19	11	0	64	14	6	2,428	13	2		–		2,428	13	2
18	15	7	0	9	1		–		2	14	10	562	14	6	2	0	0	560	14	6
15	5	7		–		8	12	0	1	11	0	478	10	5		–		478	10	5
9	4	1	9	4	7	4	1	9	4	15	0	280	17	8	3	10	4	277	7	4
63	0	11	72	1	6	15	8	0	11	0	6	889	13	3	8	11	0	881	2	3
17	2	2	104	15	0		–		14	18	1	713	6	4	70	7	0	642	19	4
8	17	2	10	19	3		–		7	7	5	334	14	0	10	16	6	323	17	6
16	11	0	25	19	8	12	6	9	114	6	5	797	14	6	21	16	9	775	17	9
24	13	4	38	18	9	10	3	0	18	15	10	547	18	7	4	15	9	543	2	10
19	11	3		–			–		7	7	3	582	19	11	14	2	6	568	17	5
11	13	3	1	10	0	10	8	6	0	2	9	489	19	5		–		489	19	5
20	5	5	20	11	1		–		2	14	6	525	1	8	7	12	9	517	8	11
31	0	5	12	6	6	1	17	1	25	17	9	671	14	7	18	13	1	653	1	6
17	14	7		–		8	7	6	10	19	4	343	3	6		–		343	3	6
10	1	3	13	12	6	5	7	1	10	19	11	470	12	1	26	17	3	443	14	10
51	15	10	15	14	0	2	2	6	33	2	7	1,170	14	5	48	0	3	1,122	14	2
1,415	18	6	875	16	7	298	15	4	1,201	10	7½	28,754	2	1	939	15	0½	27,814	7	0½

[*continued.*

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No. 5.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
Province of Leinster:	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Co. of Carlow.															
Carlow,	431	4	4	61	6	6	46	6	7	24	17	1	54	13	4
Co. of Dublin.															
Balrothery,	243	16	4	39	1	4	22	11	3	19	1	9	32	3	6
Dublin, North,	1,236	15	2	958	13	5	181	13	11	107	12	10	106	6	10
Dublin, South,	1,704	2	3	2,130	0	3	600	14	8	63	14	2	204	12	0
Rathdown,	397	3	10	197	16	11	35	10	1	17	18	3	60	11	1
Co. of Kildare.															
Athy,	332	1	11	83	2	7	21	12	10	25	6	3	42	13	3
Celbridge,	263	5	11	16	13	3	24	16	2	20	18	2	31	10	9
Naas,	340	13	6¾	167	18	8	42	13	4	20	11	11¾	34	16	11
Co. of Kilkenny.															
Callan,	342	5	8	39	17	1	20	8	9	10	15	0	28	16	1
Castlecomer,	251	8	9	10	14	6	15	10	4	23	1	7	11	15	2
Kilkenny,	546	8	5	93	18	0	29	0	11	36	0	2	41	5	11
Thomastown,	303	16	6	21	3	4	16	18	4	27	4	11	28	9	11
Urlingford,	215	8	3	6	18	4	12	14	5	12	6	6	18	9	1
King's County.															
Edenderry,	262	2	11¾	40	9	0	35	2	8	25	3	8	22	17	1
Parsonstown,	281	0	10	49	8	5	32	0	4	34	14	11	29	14	8
Tullamore,	350	19	6	35	1	10	20	3	1	34	13	0	23	12	0
Co. of Longford.															
Ballymahon,	210	12	8	6	8	7	14	2	8	20	1	7	16	10	8
Granard,	260	7	6	35	7	8	28	0	6	8	0	10	28	14	6
Longford,	308	0	0	60	4	0	23	16	4	24	0	8	30	16	10
Co. of Louth.															
Ardee,	295	1	7	235	17	5	12	4	10	24	13	0	25	12	9
Drogheda,	399	19	0½	265	17	10	42	10	10	11	16	1	56	7	1
Dundalk,	300	4	0	60	4	4	8	16	7	16	16	11	43	10	9
Co. of Meath.															
Dunshaughlin,	277	3	3	44	16	7	11	16	3	18	11	11¾	23	19	6
Kells,	263	5	3	53	8	10	21	16	10	15	16	6	22	16	7
Navan,	282	19	11	53	5	9	35	7	3	23	11	10	45	15	7
Oldcastle,	236	11	4	53	14	1	14	12	0	23	10	10	28	3	5
Trim,	312	0	9¼	33	17	8	37	13	1	12	18	8	48	8	11
Queen's County.															
Abbeyleix,	279	13	4	105	2	2	11	19	2	2	10	0	28	18	6
Donaghmore,	189	19	4	18	7	4	22	15	1	15	16	5	21	1	2
Mountmelick,	421	9	4	134	15	1	48	5	4	30	0	0	33	11	1
Co. of Westmeath.															
Athlone,	311	9	5½	21	10	0	35	3	7	29	8	9	70	5	10
Delvin,	168	4	6	42	0	10	24	16	8	33	13	2	26	1	0
Mullingar,	374	9	1	79	15	8	41	10	4	35	10	1	48	6	2
Co. of Wexford.															
Enniscorthy,	416	19	6	100	14	4	91	8	2	25	8	0	34	7	0
Gorey,	291	9	4	24	4	4	27	9	5	15	3	7	25	14	11
New Ross,	320	13	3	116	10	0	56	16	11	12	4	0	20	18	2
Wexford,	444	7	3	52	1	10	29	3	3	13	5	9	13	5	9
Co. of Wicklow.															
Baltinglass,	360	13	6	70	7	4	23	15	0	32	1	1	16	15	11
Rathdrum,	359	9	7	58	10	6	64	12	2	16	14	9	44	5	4
Shillelagh,	247	9	7	4	10	3	24	17	3	17	5	3	14	13	9
Total Leinster (40 Unions),	14,835	6	6¾	5,683	15	10	1,911	7	2	982	19	11½	1,541	8	9

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ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 2) of the HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1863—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Rent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Charges.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
21 1 4	23 12 1	11 18 0	5 18 11	680 18 2	41 7 5	939 10 9
54 18 8	33 3 5	–	26 19 7	471 15 10	4 0 0	467 15 10
162 0 11	104 14 0	2 6 0	134 3 0	2,994 6 1	63 11 11	2,930 14 2
163 10 11	97 13 2	3 17 6	90 2 0	5,058 6 11	51 17 6	5,006 9 5
37 19 1	43 13 0	0 18 0	37 11 4	829 1 7	11 10 9	817 10 10
24 0 10	19 4 4	7 19 0	8 1 10	561 2 10	101 10 8	459 12 2
31 10 10	–	–	9 4 4	397 19 5	4 13 8	393 5 9
33 5 2	26 3 1	0 6 3	3 16 6	670 5 5½	120 11 5	549 14 0½
40 1 4	–	–	8 4 3	490 8 2	–	490 8 2
16 18 8	–	8 16 3	6 5 9	344 11 0	3 3 0	341 8 0
50 2 10	12 13 4	–	16 0 10	825 10 5	12 15 0	812 15 5
15 12 1	3 0 0	1 14 0	8 7 2	426 6 3	24 15 7	401 10 8
21 9 6	–	6 0 0	6 15 4	300 1 5	2 9 9	297 11 8
22 3 4	3 7 9	6 5 0	13 4 3	430 15 8¾	6 11 10	424 3 10¾
21 14 6	7 1 8	9 13 7	9 7 10	471 16 9	2 10 0	469 6 9
62 15 9	10 9 5	0 19 6	16 16 7	555 10 8	37 14 10	517 15 10
2 19 4	5 11 9	5 2 0	7 19 11	289 8 11	21 9 7	267 19 4
20 14 11	6 4 4	8 12 6	14 4 4	410 7 1	–	410 7 1
10 15 0	–	5 15 0	2 12 10	466 0 8	6 15 0	459 5 8
34 6 9	9 2 2	0 4 6	7 8 8	644 11 8	5 16 5	638 15 3
57 14 10	32 14 6	–	6 0 0	873 0 2½	25 14 3	847 5 11½
9 4 8	–	7 1 0	28 17 4	471 15 7	7 12 6	464 3 1
11 9 4	–	1 2 6	10 17 9	399 14 1¾	5 12 0	394 2 1¾
51 10 8	10 0 0	–	2 19 0	441 13 8	4 4 6	437 9 2
13 19 1	20 0 0	16 2 6	15 16 10	506 18 9	47 1 6	459 17 3
19 15 5	–	–	3 7 5	379 14 9	3 6 10	376 7 8
3 2 8	1 0 0	9 15 6	4 19 6	463 16 9¼	3 13 2	460 3 7¼
11 12 9	–	7 19 3	2 16 10	450 12 0	4 7 3	446 4 9
20 19 5	–	3 3 0	2 5 5	294 7 2	–	294 7 2
8 8 9	17 19 3	0 16 7	2 7 4	697 9 9	35 0 3	962 9 6
4 6 7	–	8 0 0	41 18 2	522 2 4½	16 11 0	505 11 4½
26 16 0	–	3 11 6	15 0 8	337 4 4	9 15 0	327 9 4
24 0 3	–	9 6 0	78 12 3	691 9 10	12 6 9	679 3 1
8 15 4	50 10 4	8 0 0	42 4 9	778 7 5	117 1 7	661 5 10
14 19 3	24 19 10	–	12 18 10	436 19 6	49 0 2	387 19 4
15 8 3	27 10 1	8 14 0	4 13 5	583 8 1	14 18 1	568 10 0
31 18 9	50 9 8	1 4 0	11 19 8	647 15 11	23 14 0	624 1 11
18 1 11	14 17 7	0 7 6	4 19 1	541 18 11	28 10 9	513 8 2
16 14 4	27 9 9	–	11 18 4	599 14 9	–	599 14 9
8 6 8	14 0 0	–	10 11 5	341 14 2	27 7 9	314 6 5
1,219 3 8	694 1 3	165 10 5	745 9 3	27,779 2 10¼	959 1 8	26,820 1 2¼

[*continued.*

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No. 5.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of

Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
Province of Connaught:	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Co. of Galway.															
Ballinasloe,	293	2	2	28	5	0	20	5	0	10	6	0	25	17	10
Clifden,	183	9	3	7	6	8	10	1	5	4	0	0	10	15	9
Galway,	310	10	3	56	11	6	28	2	1	17	9	7	38	6	6
Glennamaddy,	160	9	6	20	8	1	21	4	1	9	4	6	18	11	4
Gort,	227	3	3	66	13	3	13	16	4	21	1	9	25	6	11
Loughrea,	222	18	9	49	7	7	3	6	7	12	10	4	11	17	1
Mount Bellew,	213	11	4	6	7	10	14	10	8	14	6	1	13	1	11
Oughterard,	158	14	5	14	16	5	4	2	3	6	15	9	6	12	7
Portumna,	178	15	1	2	12	4	–			9	0	4	22	18	11
Tuam,	332	3	10	35	2	9	10	19	6	12	2	2	27	16	2
Co. of Leitrim.															
Carrick-on-Shannon,	300	3	10	73	17	7	40	6	11	23	8	7	13	2	2
Manorhamilton,	193	6	7	66	16	9	4	8	10	5	1	10	18	13	7
Mohill,	247	5	3	25	7	9	26	12	11	20	11	8	31	6	7
Co. of Mayo.															
Ballina,	291	17	4	30	18	6	15	18	6	14	9	10	19	13	3
Ballinrobe,	261	5	2½	73	11	6	24	11	11	12	3	2¼	22	15	9
Belmullet,	117	2	1	10	19	2	3	9	6	5	5	3	–		
Castlebar,	225	15	10	4	12	11	14	13	10	10	14	11	14	2	11
Claremorris,	191	16	1½	84	0	4	12	6	6	9	16	4½	34	10	10
Killala,	105	2	6	21	9	1	2	6	8	8	4	11	17	12	0
Newport,	166	18	6	11	14	2	6	7	4	7	6	8	12	12	10
Swineford,	210	9	9	41	8	2	8	15	11	8	10	2	19	10	5
Westport,	231	6	1	86	10	7	19	11	3	19	11	11	35	11	1
Co. of Roscommon.															
Boyle,	260	6	7	79	3	7	60	10	11	67	11	6	36	2	7
Castlerea,	284	16	4	12	16	10	18	12	6	21	12	8	54	2	8
Roscommon,	287	8	5	90	10	3	48	19	10	18	10	6	31	6	0
Strokestown,	205	15	3	40	3	9	20	5	10	10	0	0	34	2	2
Co. of Sligo.															
Dromore, West,	143	10	3	15	1	9	0	19	9	8	5	0	21	15	5
Sligo,	311	11	4	76	17	10	46	5	6	20	4	11	84	18	8
Tobercurry,	127	5	0	2	15	3	15	5	1	16	13	4	20	15	2
Total Connaught (29 Unions),	6,444	0	1	1,136	7	2	516	17	5	424	19	8¾	723	19	1

SUMMARY

Ulster,	10,854	9	2	2,562	11	9	985	19	0	628	11	7	1,194	12	4
Munster,	15,321	0	6¾	5,555	14	3	1,488	4	8½	990	3	7¼	1,606	17	11
Leinster,	11,835	6	6¼	5,683	15	10	1,911	7	2	982	19	11½	1,541	8	9
Connaught,	6,444	0	1	1,136	7	2	516	17	5	424	19	8¾	723	19	1
Total Ireland (163 Unions),	47,454	16	4½	14,938	9	0	4,902	8	3½	3,026	14	10¼	5,066	18	1

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ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 2) of the HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1863—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Rent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Charges.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
31 11 2	14 11 0	13 0 6	11 17 1	448 15 9	36 6 9	412 9 0
23 13 9	–	–	–	239 6 10	–	239 6 10
66 19 2	–	6 10 6	8 12 7	533 2 2	–	533 2 2
5 17 11	–	–	11 10 6	247 5 11	11 11 4	235 14 7
23 0 6	30 3 2	5 2 5	0 17 0	413 4 7	21 18 6	391 6 1
–	14 11 9	4 14 6	0 10 4	319 16 11	–	319 16 11
11 11 2	–	7 10 0	15 5 6	296 4 6	13 2 0½	283 2 5½
19 5 3	–	4 19 0	13 17 1	229 2 9	10 7 9	218 15 0
7 17 11	–	2 10 0	11 6 11	235 1 6	4 10 0	230 11 6
33 0 5	11 11 0	7 2 0	16 19 8	486 17 6	6 6 0	480 11 6
–	20 13 1	–	0 1 5	471 13 7	–	471 13 7
17 13 0	11 10 11	3 15 0	2 8 3	323 14 9	–	323 14 9
25 5 7	7 15 0	–	1 13 9	385 18 6	–	385 18 6
21 15 10	21 16 3	–	2 12 0	419 1 6	–	419 1 6
4 9 7	6 16 8	–	12 6 2	417 19 11¾	5 15 5	412 4 6¾
–	6 10 0	–	5 17 3	149 3 3	25 16 0	123 7 3
2 14 0	12 8 6	9 11 9	2 17 6	297 12 2	–	297 12 2
3 1 11½	1 0 0	–	1 11 8	338 3 9½	7 2 6	331 1 3½
1 5 7	–	–	–	156 0 9	–	156 0 9
7 14 0	–	–	5 13 7	218 7 1	–	218 7 1
–	–	7 10 0	–	296 4 5	–	296 4 5
29 0 5	0 6 2	–	2 1 7	423 19 1	1 14 6	422 4 7
27 1 4	31 4 0	9 18 9	7 19 0	579 18 3	–	579 18 3
36 12 9	2 3 9	7 13 6	1 10 2	440 1 2	17 7 3	422 13 11
43 14 7	27 6 6	0 10 10	32 5 2	580 12 1	8 11 0	572 1 1
18 12 10	–	3 16 4	6 0 4	338 16 6	–	338 16 6
–	–	0 7 6	5 11 5	195 11 1	–	195 11 1
13 4 1	18 19 3	16 7 6	17 0 4	605 9 5	–	605 9 5
30 18 3	–	3 3 6	8 0 0	224 15 7	–	224 15 7
506 1 0½	239 7 0	114 3 7	206 6 3	10,312 1 4¼	170 9 0½	10,141 12 3¾

OF PROVINCES.

1093 3 0	347 0 1	149 18 3	204 10 6	18,020 15 8	547 3 7	17,473 12 1
1,415 18 6	875 16 7	298 15 4	1,201 10 7½	28,754 2 1	939 15 0½	27,814 7 0½
1,219 3 8	694 1 3	165 10 5	745 9 3	27,779 2 10¼	959 1 8	26,820 1 2¼
506 1 0½	239 7 0	114 3 7	206 6 3	10,312 1 4¼	170 9 0½	10,141 12 3¾
4,234 6 2½	2,156 4 11	728 7 7	2,357 16 7½	84,866 1 11½	2,616 9 4	82,219 12 7½

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No. 6.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of

Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.	Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.	Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.	Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.
Province of Ulster:	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Co. of Antrim.					
Antrim,	327 4 2	51 12 1	14 18 5	11 11 7	40 13 0
Ballycastle,	166 8 10	51 14 0	8 11 3	11 10 6	21 19 5
Ballymena,	362 9 1	193 14 4	48 5 4	16 8 0	69 7 11
Ballymoney,	263 1 8	34 12 0	11 1 11	11 11 3	22 13 4
Belfast,	1,038 15 6	361 16 4	121 11 0	37 15 5	132 5 6
Larne,	293 17 0	9 17 1	31 6 5	14 18 11	35 11 6
Lisburn,	254 1 7	48 13 8	18 1 10	10 11 0	33 12 2
Co. of Armagh.					
Armagh,	353 5 2	85 3 9	16 12 3	14 3 6	53 4 3
Lurgan,	368 11 5	93 19 9	50 7 5	16 18 6	81 7 10
Co. of Cavan.					
Bailieborough,	158 15 5	34 8 3	10 13 6	24 10 9	18 11 6
Bawnboy,	188 3 8	24 5 9	11 3 7	13 13 3	30 7 1
Cavan,	316 0 0	40 0 6	17 11 2	22 0 3	29 6 2
Cootehill,	199 1 6	31 2 11	6 11 8	16 8 10	8 7 9
Co. of Donegal.					
Ballyshannon,	164 16 4	26 18 9	4 7 0	11 7 6	26 2 1
Donegal,	175 16 3	21 8 7	6 2 4	7 11 4	1 15 7
Dunfanaghy,	105 7 4	11 5 2	2 0 10	12 3 5	3 2 1
Glenties,	134 9 6	30 19 9	14 2 4	4 5 5	12 10 1
Inishowen,	184 17 2	12 12 11	7 5 1	7 16 9	9 7 9
Letterkenny,	154 14 3	7 18 6	9 9 10	8 7 2	2 15 8
Milford,	173 15 0	25 8 10	10 15 1	13 5 5	8 15 3
Stranorlar,	182 18 6	32 15 6	1 2 10	10 5 10	13 10 2
Co. of Down.					
Banbridge,	294 19 8	72 8 6	28 14 2	10 6 10	32 6 7
Downpatrick,	296 17 3	57 15 2	25 12 1	13 11 3	58 10 4
Kilkeel,	171 0 0	7 2 9	21 18 2	3 14 3	13 8 3
Newry,	366 6 6	320 17 6	23 12 5	17 15 0	64 8 7
Newtownards,	370 7 6	57 7 3	32 15 6	22 6 0	44 7 3
Co. of Fermanagh.					
Enniskillen,	310 10 5	39 16 2	8 7 10	6 19 4	57 0 4
Irvinestown,	143 3 7	14 3 9	4 9 0	8 14 1	15 17 7
Lisnaskea,	164 2 7	230 12 0	23 1 5	7 16 7	16 19 6
Co. of Londonderry.					
Coleraine,	271 1 9	197 5 11	13 11 1	20 8 0	53 14 3
Londonderry,	340 18 0	53 5 5	18 0 5	11 14 0	22 6 2
Magherafelt,	252 18 11	51 0 0	4 2 0	10 11 11	42 15 11
Newtownlimavady,	227 19 8	60 0 4	5 7 4	6 14 8	21 0 6
Co. of Monaghan.					
Carrickmacross,	199 2 9	22 1 4	8 9 6	13 13 9	18 19 2
Castleblayney,	216 5 4	34 9 9	16 9 4	9 17 10	36 1 3
Clones,	138 11 8	13 16 3	12 16 5	10 13 3	13 18 6
Monaghan,	271 18 4	18 11 10	10 0 2	13 1 11	16 12 1
Co. of Tyrone.					
Castlederg,	139 12 0	21 4 10	5 14 4	5 6 8	8 13 6
Clogher,	180 16 10	30 11 11	11 3 8	13 0 2	17 17 2
Cookstown,	185 0 1	16 15 9	9 5 7	1 4 6	15 15 3
Dungannon,	286 11 9	38 7 2	20 2 8	7 13 10	27 8 5
Gortin,	116 5 4	14 5 8	0 12 5	2 19 10	8 3 3
Omagh,	273 7 5	106 16 7	39 0 0	31 1 0	29 19 7
Strabane,	222 1 8	29 18 7	27 4 11	9 5 2	23 6 4
Total Ulster (44 Unions),	11,006 8 4	2,739 2 10	792 11 6	555 14 5	1,314 15 10

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ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 3) of the HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1863.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Rent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Charges.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
39 11 8	–	8 10 0	20 19 11	515 0 10	5 0 0	510 0 10
21 12 4	3 0 0	4 3 6	1 14 4	290 14 2	–	290 14 2
41 8 10	–	2 0 0	4 0 9	737 14 3	17 11 6	720 2 9
20 11 0	2 0 0	0 12 6	–	366 3 8	–	366 3 8
281 19 1	46 19 6	17 0 0	11 19 6	2,050 1 10	84 1 5	1,966 0 5
13 17 3	9 2 0	–	16 8 0	424 18 2	–	424 18 2
32 6 4	–	–	12 10 11	409 17 6	13 2 1	396 15 5
10 19 1	36 6 6	19 13 6	51 17 2	641 5 2	10 1 3	631 3 11
89 3 11	–	10 8 6	10 1 7	720 18 11	8 17 7	712 1 4
–	–	9 5 0	3 12 9	259 17 2	5 3 11	254 13 3
22 3 11	–	–	3 2 10	293 0 1	–	293 0 1
34 4 5	–	8 3 6	4 14 5	472 0 5	7 5 0	464 15 5
24 7 1	–	5 5 0	0 12 0	291 16 9	0 10 6	291 6 3
16 15 2	13 10 4	2 5 0	6 4 11	272 7 1	–	272 7 1
7 6 8	–	–	0 10 0	220 10 9	1 4 3	219 6 6
1 7 8	–	3 19 9	0 10 8	139 16 11	–	139 16 11
–	–	–	–	196 7 1	–	196 7 1
–	–	4 5 0	3 11 6	229 16 2	–	229 16 2
3 2 6	–	4 15 0	6 2 6	197 5 5	–	197 5 5
0 4 10	–	4 5 3	–	236 9 8	–	236 9 8
20 14 3	–	5 0 0	1 0 9	267 7 10	–	267 7 10
12 13 1	11 18 2	9 5 0	15 4 8	487 16 8	19 18 4	467 18 4
103 17 4	–	–	10 18 10	567 2 3	16 8 2	550 14 1
3 11 4	3 4 3	5 12 6	11 4 11	240 16 5	33 1 4	207 15 1
9 10 2	2 17 2	11 11 0	0 3 0	817 1 4	–	817 1 4
40 10 0	12 19 10	9 17 6	26 11 4	617 2 2	33 1 8	584 0 6
30 2 10	–	1 7 0	0 17 9	455 1 8	–	455 1 8
15 19 6	–	0 6 0	0 12 9	203 6 3	–	203 6 3
23 18 4	12 0 0	–	0 16 10	479 7 3	3 13 2	475 14 1
14 8 2	4 19 5	5 9 3	–	580 17 10	9 8 6	571 9 4
35 18 4	–	8 3 7	2 11 11	492 17 10	53 6 10	439 11 0
20 5 0	–	3 13 3	4 5 6	389 12 6	8 0 0	381 12 6
3 15 9	–	3 17 6	6 14 10	335 10 7	–	335 10 7
27 1 7	–	–	3 8 8	292 16 9	–	292 16 9
20 12 11	–	–	2 0 11	335 17 4	7 7 3	328 10 1
20 2 4	–	–	1 4 2	211 2 7	13 5 0	197 17 7
27 17 0	6 5 0	–	6 12 1	370 18 5	25 6 8	345 11 9
25 13 7	–	0 16 6	3 19 3	211 0 8	2 10 0	208 10 8
19 14 10	–	0 10 0	–	273 14 7	–	273 14 7
31 12 0	–	3 15 0	6 13 2	270 1 4	–	270 1 4
–	26 0 0	4 16 3	1 13 2	412 13 3	–	412 13 3
4 15 10	–	–	1 16 9	148 19 1	–	148 19 1
36 5 6	13 6 10	–	7 15 8	537 12 7	–	537 12 7
29 4 3	–	–	0 2 6	341 3 5	–	341 3 5
1,239 5 8	204 9 0	178 11 10	275 3 2	18,306 2 7	378 4 5	17,927 18 2

[*continued.*

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No. 6.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of

Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.	Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.	Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.	Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Province of Munster:					
Co. of Clare.					
Ballyvaghan,	147 12 7	16 2 0	12 0 5	6 15 0	20 14 4
Corrofin,	161 8 1	38 19 1	4 0 11	6 17 6	13 17 0
Ennis,	374 9 4	24 19 1	23 11 10	14 7 8	37 7 5
Ennistymon,	232 13 8	37 15 7	16 15 7	6 15 10¼	66 7 11
Killadysert,	181 7 3	34 16 9	3 2 11	13 8 3	18 8 5
Kilrush,	345 3 6	60 9 7	27 10 11	9 0 8	39 16 9
Scariff,	219 3 4	49 13 0	7 11 10	14 5 11	19 10 3
Tulla,	212 12 0	47 16 2	27 10 7	11 3 8	30 8 4
Co. of Cork.					
Bandon,	247 2 0	52 15 10	11 17 0	14 17 6	44 19 9
Bantry,	175 12 2	3 19 6	1 12 0	6 18 0	16 7 1
Castletown,	182 5 10	36 12 7	5 17 8	6 18 11	8 5 4
Clonakilty,	184 5 9	31 5 9	10 2 5	5 7 5	21 11 5
Cork,	1,398 19 3	472 10 0	287 12 4	40 1 2	167 18 8
Dunmanway,	195 7 0	24 6 9	19 0 6	11 2 0	17 11 2
Fermoy,	298 1 5	192 14 10	20 1 0	20 10 2	23 6 8
Kanturk,	310 1 6	49 1 6	51 2 5	23 3 8	28 14 1
Kinsale,	192 12 8	25 12 6	8 11 2	9 18 0	13 17 2
Macroom,	189 12 0	29 12 1	8 13 9	10 9 6	19 17 7
Mallow,	318 4 2	108 17 4	8 7 8	19 8 3	41 12 7
Midleton,	393 19 8	110 15 10	17 2 7	12 6 10	46 14 4
Millstreet,	210 17 9	11 6 7	12 11 7	11 19 7	20 9 11
Mitchelstown,	184 16 9	9 11 7	5 8 1	53 1 7	13 18 9
Skibbereen,	247 16 7	125 14 10	5 3 0	13 17 1	39 6 6
Skull,	152 0 8	10 17 6	9 7 3	3 15 11	14 12 4
Youghal,	381 12 10	81 13 8	15 2 10	11 10 0	30 4 4
Co. of Kerry.					
Caherciveen,	231 11 4	18 6 6	23 17 7	5 4 4	38 15 6
Dingle,	264 13 2	22 16 5	6 10 2	16 5 8	10 8 11
Kenmare,	242 9 1	19 18 0	19 1 0	17 6 10	53 19 11
Killarney,	397 1 3	60 10 10	69 13 10	34 17 1	59 3 10
Listowel,	220 11 2	66 10 2	3 19 10	10 7 5	29 15 5
Tralee,	445 7 9	155 2 5	31 11 9	39 10 4	51 19 8
Co. of Limerick.					
Croom,	225 0 8	26 17 7	7 10 10	11 11 8	19 18 9
Glin,	203 5 0	18 13 10	3 12 5	9 1 8	15 1 9
Kilmallock,	354 2 9	80 0 9	23 0 3	14 0 4	53 0 4
Limerick,	688 18 3	943 1 2	103 2 6	60 3 0	69 6 10
Newcastle,	328 7 7	72 5 6	25 15 6	30 18 6	34 1 11
Rathkeale,	298 7 10	68 19 6	12 18 6	20 18 6	41 18 7
Co. of Tipperary.					
Borrisokane,	174 12 11	17 19 6	8 10 11	14 13 10	26 1 4
Carrick-on-Suir,	425 12 1	100 7 11	12 12 7	24 2 6	43 8 2
Cashel,	415 9 2	99 12 2	23 17 9	49 18 10	42 6 8
Clogheen,	255 14 4	35 17 3	19 10 8	12 1 8	20 8 2
Clonmel,	435 5 11	87 7 11	27 3 5	41 13 9	60 2 6
Nenagh,	312 7 8	96 15 11	22 10 7	26 10 0	52 13 5
Roscrea,	341 10 1	286 3 5	17 10 3	6 0 0	23 17 4
Thurles,	344 3 7	56 10 0	33 5 4	24 8 3	35 10 6
Tipperary,	344 2 5	38 16 4	22 12 4	17 8 6	45 4 6
Co. of Waterford.					
Dungarvan,	310 4 9	50 0 7	15 11 8	9 2 0	32 17 8
Kilmacthomas,	234 4 8	47 12 9	11 19 8	11 9 10	19 18 5
Lismore,	302 16 4	152 8 5	42 4 6	10 16 2	18 14 3
Waterford,	696 7 0	127 5 6	85 10 10	29 12 10	64 9 10
Total Munster (50 Unions),	15,630 4 6	4,438 0 3	1,293 12 11	906 3 7¼	1,779 2 3

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ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 3) of the HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1863—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Rent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Charges.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
16 17 8	10 19 0	2 0 0	4 10 9	237 11 9	–	237 11 9
7 8 1	18 0 0	7 15 6	0 6 1	258 12 3	3 12 4	254 19 11
40 4 0	25 0 0	1 10 6	4 10 8	546 0 6	7 7 3	538 13 3
19 2 3	11 11 11	8 1 1	5 5 10	404 9 8¼	–	404 9 8¼
9 19 8	–	–	16 15 11	277 19 2	28 3 0	249 16 2
91 3 7	27 12 6	2 9 6	66 17 11	670 4 11	26 17 5	643 7 6
29 18 11	–	9 19 9	12 18 5½	363 1 5½	–	363 1 5½
22 19 6	1 0 0	6 19 6	5 9 3	365 19 0	27 0 0	338 19 0
11 17 9	19 13 4	–	1 17 0	405 0 2	–	405 0 2
14 1 5	12 0 0	8 4 9	10 1 5	248 16 4	6 13 8	242 2 8
8 8 8	–	0 5 3	1 11 6	250 5 9	14 13 6	235 12 3
5 2 11	–	–	0 4 4	258 0 0	–	258 0 0
266 3 2	52 2 3	3 2 6	62 13 1	2,751 2 5	60 2 6	2,690 19 11
3 19 8	–	–	1 4 0	272 11 1	–	272 11 1
59 14 6	33 8 1	7 0 0	12 11 3	667 7 11	4 18 4	662 9 7
40 2 11	2 10 0	–	19 3 10	523 19 11	2 13 0	521 6 11
0 11 0	3 6 9	6 9 0	2 16 3	263 14 6	11 15 0	251 19 6
24 2 2	3 0 0	–	–	285 7 1	–	285 7 1
58 15 9	15 10 6	–	14 15 4	585 11 7	3 15 8	581 15 11
27 17 0	30 8 5	6 11 6	65 5 9	711 1 11	64 7 9	646 14 2
40 11 4	–	5 17 0	2 9 6	316 3 3	1 6 0	314 17 3
10 9 0	–	–	17 3 10	294 9 7	–	294 9 7
29 5 10	–	–	15 3 0	476 6 10	–	476 6 10
19 10 8	8 7 8	–	2 7 6	220 19 6	–	220 19 6
14 18 5	51 2 9	3 0 0	22 3 2	611 8 0	32 10 2	578 17 10
18 13 7	–	10 10 6	7 9 7	354 8 11	0 9 0	353 19 11
11 13 6	–	6 5 0	2 0 7	340 13 5	18 9 8	322 3 9
15 11 3	1 6 0	8 18 6	1 17 0	380 7 7	–	380 7 7
30 5 11	5 0 0	1 10 0	47 4 1	705 6 10	–	705 6 10
28 16 7	–	–	4 1 10	364 2 5	8 19 9	355 2 8
31 18 1	45 11 7	–	14 14 11	815 16 6	38 1 0	777 15 6
22 7 10	–	10 2 8	14 3 5	337 13 5	29 14 6	307 18 11
10 8 3	–	–	6 8 6	266 11 5	10 19 4	255 12 1
40 14 1	25 17 6	10 15 8	46 17 10	648 9 6	62 15 9	585 13 9
104 15 0	36 6 0	–	54 16 3	2,060 9 0	–	2,060 9 0
23 2 7	–	13 15 9	0 17 8	529 5 0	–	529 5 0
15 17 7	–	–	2 13 5	461 13 11	–	461 13 11
–	–	–	14 0 4	255 18 10	16 9 0	239 9 10
51 8 0	72 1 6	–	36 17 3	766 10 0	61 3 6	705 6 6
24 11 2	104 15 0	12 13 3	16 15 0	789 19 0	32 2 9	757 16 3
13 10 11	10 9 3	7 10 0	3 15 6	378 17 9	7 0 0	371 17 9
29 2 2	25 19 8	7 10 0	118 5 2	832 10 6	38 4 6	794 6 0
28 14 6	42 6 4	–	20 2 7	602 1 0	41 7 11	560 13 1
24 9 9	–	–	1 0 0	700 10 10	41 9 9	659 1 1
11 13 9	1 10 0	3 0 9	3 15 3	513 17 5	9 1 3	504 16 2
25 9 1	20 11 1	10 15 0	3 10 0	528 9 3	36 6 2	492 3 1
12 8 2	12 6 6	6 2 6	18 13 0	467 6 10	27 0 4	440 6 6
22 3 8	–	–	5 16 0	353 5 0	16 0 0	337 5 0
8 8 4	13 12 6	5 10 1	8 11 4	563 1 11	19 18 0	543 3 11
48 19 1	145 1 0	13 15 9	35 10 10	1,246 12 8	8 7 1	1,238 5 7
1,528 8 8	888 7 1	208 1 3	858 2 11½	27,530 3 5¾	819 14 10	26,710 8 7¾

[*continued.*

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No. 6.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.	Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.	Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.	Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Province of Leinster:					
Co. of Carlow.					
Carlow,	429 18 6	69 2 4	29 3 3	25 7 0	40 0 9
Co. of Dublin.					
Balrothery,	251 3 8	101 2 7	15 9 1	15 11 2	54 19 0
Dublin, North,	1,283 10 3	530 9 8	244 0 3	67 17 6	95 5 6
Dublin, South,	1,860 6 1½	2,874 5 2	414 0 10	66 13 0¼	236 5 1
Rathdown,	404 5 0	277 1 8	85 4 2	18 13 9	120 15 1
Co. of Kildare.					
Athy,	326 7 1	34 19 1	34 0 8	20 5 1	19 16 4
Celbridge,	269 2 10	134 2 11	18 15 1	13 12 1	44 11 6
Naas,	339 10 7	182 15 5	81 13 0	17 4 7	40 2 10
Co. of Kilkenny.					
Callan,	364 2 10	27 5 2	13 19 2	9 10 10	48 12 5
Castlecomer,	253 18 2	28 12 7	13 5 11	11 11 6	29 5 0
Kilkenny,	560 14 2	88 8 9	26 19 0	34 12 4	51 17 5
Thomastown,	302 14 8	54 1 7	16 18 10	12 17 4	22 11 4
Urlingford,	222 1 4	20 13 3	10 3 7	9 2 10	22 0 11
King's County.					
Edenderry,	263 10 6	125 0 2½	23 3 10½	20 12 8	37 9 0
Parsonstown,	293 5 10	77 3 2	48 14 6	22 5 2	55 11 6
Tullamore,	376 15 4	57 4 11¼	11 8 2½	30 2 3	37 1 10½
Co. of Longford.					
Ballymahon,	222 4 2	88 18 11	38 12 10	20 2 1	29 16 10
Granard,	244 12 10	58 9 4	14 10 9	4 3 2	37 9 1
Longford,	304 5 11	122 18 10	27 19 6	23 8 9	30 12 5
Co. of Louth.					
Ardee,	315 5 8	258 8 11	24 2 7	23 6 5	34 9 4
Drogheda,	414 10 6	199 18 10	15 18 4	9 13 5	79 19 11
Dundalk,	309 11 8	113 10 1	27 9 7	17 5 7	28 18 9
Co. of Meath.					
Dunshaughlin,	275 16 6½	49 2 6	37 7 10	16 16 10	21 0 10
Kells,	278 15 1	92 11 7	56 7 0	17 18 5	30 7 9
Navan,	294 10 6	60 4 3	23 19 10	14 3 10	36 15 10
Oldcastle,	233 8 6	97 8 8	13 12 3	19 14 0	21 0 7
Trim,	299 1 10½	73 6 5	10 2 9	12 16 6	31 8 3
Queen's County.					
Abbeyleix,	273 1 4	35 19 1	8 8 4	0 10 0	40 14 5
Donaghmore,	189 15 5	2 18 10	5 0 5	15 6 10	24 1 7
Mountmelick,	427 4 9	181 4 9	41 0 2	24 12 3	58 19 10
Co. of Westmeath.					
Athlone,	345 13 11	54 5 1	36 10 7½	20 0 0	68 1 6
Delvin,	172 17 6	31 7 4	26 17 6	15 11 1	29 13 5
Mullingar,	404 4 5	133 14 3	23 15 9	26 9 9	88 9 0
Co. of Wexford.					
Enniscorthy,	416 19 6	91 3 6	79 5 6	20 2 6	36 19 3
Gorey,	292 2 3	38 13 5	27 13 3	10 15 10	50 6 8
New Ross,	331 10 11	218 15 10	24 3 7	11 7 4	79 8 8
Wexford,	453 6 11	49 11 10	14 5 1	13 18 4	43 18 4
Co. of Wicklow.					
Baltinglass,	349 2 11	68 5 8	35 1 4	25 10 0	33 6 11
Rathdrum,	379 1 1	96 13 6	22 6 6	17 13 3	64 13 5
Shillelagh,	254 2 5	19 17 5	6 5 0½	15 1 11	19 8 4
Total Leinster (44 Unions),	15,282 13 5¼	6,919 17 3⅝	1,727 15 9	792 7 2¼	1,976 6 5¼

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ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 3) of the HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1863—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Rent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Charges.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
20 9 5	0 12 5	–	5 12 5	620 6 1	38 15 7	581 10 6
51 1 10	33 3 5	6 5 0	10 7 5	539 3 2	6 8 10	532 14 4
142 16 5	105 16 0	26 19 9	89 2 10	2,585 18 2	27 6 2	2,558 12 0
231 19 0	97 13 2	–	85 19 3	5,867 1 7¾	29 9 0	5,837 12 7¾
29 12 5	44 9 1	8 15 6	31 12 6	1,020 9 2	55 10 8	964 18 6
21 15 8	16 6 1	–	47 5 7	520 15 7	–	520 15 7
30 7 1	–	5 2 6	1 12 0	517 6 0	0 13 11	516 12 1
37 15 11	26 3 0	6 5 11	7 13 8	736 4 11	7 7 9	731 17 2
40 4 10	–	8 18 3	5 10 0	518 3 6	0 2 6	518 1 0
21 0 4	4 10 0	0 5 0	19 2 5	381 10 11	20 15 9	360 15 2
107 15 8	13 0 4	12 4 0	10 5 9	905 17 5	34 2 0	871 15 5
20 3 3	6 6 8	9 0 0	5 3 2	446 16 10	16 8 2	433 8 8
10 3 6	–	0 6 0	1 0 6	304 11 11	2 5 7	302 6 4
23 5 6	3 7 0	–	0 0 4	505 9 10	4 13 2	500 16 8
25 14 11	6 15 2	0 3 0	8 8 6	538 2 0	5 1 7	533 0 5
47 10 1½	10 6 10	10 19 0	8 3 10½	586 12 5	45 14 1¼	543 18 3¾
4 11 10	5 11 6	–	12 15 10	422 14 0	–	422 14 0
13 17 9	–	–	26 18 6	400 1 5	1 13 3	398 8 2
18 0 11	59 13 2	–	5 10 0	592 9 6	6 0 0	586 9 6
36 9 2	6 2 2	12 13 6	5 16 3	719 14 0	4 11 0	715 3 0
37 17 1	–	7 13 0	29 18 5	795 9 6	6 1 4	789 8 2
3 6 6	–	0 4 6	9 2 11	509 12 7	25 19 5	483 13 2
14 9 5	–	4 14 0	8 2 3	427 10 2½	3 17 0	423 13 2½
21 14 11	10 0 0	8 17 3	6 5 6	522 17 6	21 14 8	501 2 10
33 3 8	9 5 0	–	11 13 11	483 16 10	12 6 0	471 10 10
22 1 0	–	10 7 0	2 17 2	420 9 2	–	420 9 2
28 17 7	1 0 0	–	3 11 11	460 5 3¼	1 15 6	458 9 9¼
7 11 0	–	0 9 3	12 16 6	379 9 11	8 12 1	370 17 10
8 17 8	–	–	4 0 0	250 0 9	–	250 0 9
24 6 8	18 10 6	7 0 0	15 14 7	798 13 6	2 15 6	795 18 0
12 6 5	–	1 0 0	25 11 3½	563 8 10	17 15 11	545 12 11
17 16 2	–	–	0 11 11	303 14 11	23 10 6	280 4 5
3 5 1	–	–	33 18 2	713 16 5	32 17 8	680 18 9
6 3 8	60 5 5	–	42 2 5	753 1 9	145 19 4	607 2 5
28 7 3	24 19 10	10 19 9	14 7 2	498 5 5	–	498 5 5
17 15 0	27 10 1	–	61 18 5	772 9 10	1 2 0	771 7 10
13 13 1	50 9 8	9 4 0	0 17 3	649 4 6	19 9 6	629 15 0
15 2 4	14 17 7	8 7 0	3 14 3	553 8 0	–	553 8 0
16 4 10	–	6 19 3	3 15 5	607 7 3	–	607 7 3
15 5 4	14 0 0	7 0 0	39 3 0½	390 3 6	54 1 0	336 2 6
1,292 3 2½	673 14 10	190 12 5	736 3 6½	29,591 14 1½	684 16 5¼	28,906 17 8¼

[*continued.*

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No. 6.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Audited Accounts of Unions, for the

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.	Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Works.	Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.	Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.
Province of Connaught:	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Co. of Galway.					
Ballinasloe,	307 16 1	28 10 1	15 17 1	3 10 0	40 8 9
Clifden,	204 0 0	38 3 0	15 3 8	6 15 0	19 12 6
Galway,	447 11 0	235 1 0	41 2 9	23 14 9	45 19 2
Glennamaddy,	154 5 10	17 16 9	14 8 3	8 17 1	21 13 8
Gort,	225 11 4	40 15 7	18 14 9	19 5 5	36 12 4
Loughrea,	221 4 9¾	4 10 5	3 17 2	8 16 6	11 14 6
Mount Bellew,	218 15 0	71 14 0	6 15 8	12 0 6	14 11 8
Oughterard,	161 13 3	18 3 10	3 16 4	6 10 10	10 12 9
Portumna,	190 1 3	10 19 7	6 6 11	5 0 0	4 17 6
Tuam,	325 0 0	57 11 2	23 3 9	10 16 8	17 8 2
Co. of Leitrim.					
Carrick-on-Shannon,	304 16 8	57 10 10	11 15 8	21 6 3	21 19 6
Manorhamilton,	209 15 9	39 7 4	5 11 4	9 17 5	24 0 7
Mohill,	253 13 5	47 19 11	30 7 11	19 14 9	50 10 1
Co. of Mayo.					
Ballina,	288 16 10	40 6 6	20 0 4	13 15 11	23 16 7
Ballinrobe,	268 7 4¼	67 10 8	22 9 1	9 10 6	35 8 7
Belmullet,	175 9 5	53 17 0	5 19 10	4 2 9	56 2 3
Castlebar,	216 5 4	54 12 4	33 11 4	10 7 4	28 0 3
Claremorris,	188 3 5¼	23 13 8	19 19 7½	7 14 0	21 9 3½
Killala,	115 11 5	10 8 10	6 4 11	7 11 5	12 16 1
Newport,	167 4 5	32 4 2	5 7 7	7 2 11	15 18 4
Swineford,	218 1 6	16 4 11	9 8 7	8 8 6	22 19 4
Westport,	225 11 0	134 12 2	19 19 1	14 1 0	23 11 0
Co. of Roscommon.					
Boyle,	310 2 2	119 18 4	38 13 3	21 9 1	46 6 4
Castlerea,	279 6 10	19 6 5	22 6 2	16 5 3	45 7 6
Roscommon,	315 15 1	72 14 3	48 19 4	19 3 11½	39 7 2
Strokestown,	213 5 8	48 15 10	14 3 7	7 19 4	28 10 7
Co. of Sligo.					
Dromore, West,	168 11 8	26 9 0	–	11 6 6	23 7 2
Sligo,	319 13 6	88 5 7	19 0 0	14 17 6	59 4 4
Tobercurry,	153 7 1	33 8 6	4 11 5	11 19 3	30 12 5
Total Connaught (29 Unions),	6,847 17 1¼	1,510 11 8	487 15 4½	342 0 4½	832 18 4½

SUMMARY

Ulster,	11,006 8 4	2,739 2 10	792 11 6	555 14 5	1,314 15 10
Munster,	15,630 4 6	4,438 0 3	1,293 12 11	906 3 7¼	1,779 2 3
Leinster,	15,282 13 5¼	6,919 17 3¾	1,727 15 9	792 7 2¼	1,976 6 5¼
Connaught,	6,847 17 1¼	1,510 11 8	487 15 4½	342 0 4½	832 18 4½
Total Ireland (163 Unions),	48,767 3 4½	15,607 12 0¾	4,301 15 6½	2,596 5 7	5,903 2 10¾

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ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. 3) of the HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1863—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.	Rent and Taxes.	Insurance.	Other Charges.	Amount debited to Establishment.	Credits Deducted.	Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
29 12 3	14 11 0	1 2 6	18 19 10	460 7 7	6 0 1	454 7 6
–	–	6 10 0	–	290 4 2	2 17 6	287 6 8
37 6 9	–	–	9 19 11	840 15 4	–	840 15 4
14 3 5	–	1 18 6	6 3 4	239 6 10	–	239 6 10
39 15 9	30 3 2	–	0 8 6	411 6 10	13 2 6	398 4 4
–	15 11 4	–	2 6 5	268 1 1¾	–	268 1 1¾
29 7 3	–	–	26 19 0	371 3 1	–	371 3 1
19 1 8	–	–	13 17 4	233 16 0	1 7 0	232 9 0
8 6 7	–	0 7 3	11 6 9	237 5 10	24 10 0	212 15 10
28 9 11	11 10 11	1 1 0	15 12 7	490 14 2	–	490 14 2
10 4 1	20 13 1	6 16 0	1 18 0	457 0 1	–	457 0 1
–	–	0 12 0	2 3 3	291 7 8	–	291 7 8
28 2 11	7 15 0	8 19 6	0 3 0	447 6 6	5 5 0	442 1 6
22 13 10	–	17 5 0	2 15 11	429 10 11	–	429 10 11
18 16 1	6 15 2	13 12 3	10 7 1	452 16 9¼	20 14 0½	432 2 8¾
13 19 9	1 7 3	3 0 0	5 17 3	319 15 6	21 2 5	298 13 1
35 14 8	12 8 6	–	1 4 11	392 4 8	12 9 6	379 15 2
1 15 11	1 0 0	3 15 0	1 10 4	269 1 3¼	6 17 6	262 3 9¼
24 3 3	–	5 0 9	8 7 10	190 3 9	–	190 3 9
0 3 6	–	3 15 0	3 7 8	235 3 7	4 0 0	231 3 7
14 16 1	–	0 15 0	0 10 19	291 4 9	–	291 4 9
29 15 1	14 17 7	7 19 0	2 11 3	472 8 2	8 9 8	463 18 6
34 15 8	30 0 0	–	13 5 4	614 10 2	–	614 10 2
29 10 6	2 3 9	–	1 8 2	415 14 7	–	415 14 7
5 6 2	27 6 6	10 15 0	19 11 6	558 18 11½	7 8 6	551 10 5½
39 7 2	–	–	17 2 0	360 4 2	–	360 4 2
19 8 6	–	1 18 8	1 19 3	244 0 9	–	244 0 9
34 5 8	18 19 3	–	17 8 0	571 13 10	–	571 13 10
24 0 0	–	–	4 19 9	262 18 5	–	262 18 5
566 2 5	215 2 6	94 12 8	222 5 0	11,119 5 5¾	134 3 8½	10,985 1 9¼

OF PROVINCES.

1,239 5 8	204 9 0	178 11 10	275 3 2	18,306 2 7	378 4 5	17,927 18 2
1,528 8 8	888 7 1	208 1 3	858 2 11½	27,530 3 5¾	819 14 10	26,710 8 7¾
1,292 3 2½	673 14 10	199 12 5	736 3 6½	29,591 14 1½	684 16 5¼	28,996 17 8¼
566 2 5	215 2 6	94 12 8	222 5 0	11,119 5 5¾	134 3 8½	10,985 1 9¼
4,625 19 11½	1,981 13 5	671 18 2	2,091 14 8	86,547 5 8	2,016 19 4¾	84,530 6 3¼

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No. 7—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 25th March, 1863 (included in Table No. 2); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions.

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.		
									Provisions and Necessaries	Clothing.	Total.
Province of Ulster:	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Co. of Antrim.											
Antrim,	697 0 7	100 14 7	253 14 0	1,051 9 2	1,237	71,037	57	401	1 6¾	0 6	2 0¾
Ballycastle,	423 10 10	80 0 8	69 16 1	573 7 7	454	33,507	74	189	2 1¼	0 3½	2 4¾
Ballymena,	896 12 3	128 3 10	227 2 4	1,251 18 5	1,222	95,387	78	539	1 6	0 4	1 10
Ballymoney,	375 19 3	113 16 6	101 1 3	589 17 0	705	42,450	60	240	1 7½	0 4	1 11½
Belfast,	4,109 4 6	509 19 7	585 0 5	5,204 4 6	5,441	280,810	52	1,587	2 3¼	0 3½	2 7¼
Larne,	606 7 7	102 0 10	175 17 1	884 5 6	651	56,273	86	318	1 9¼	0 5¼	2 2½
Lisburn,	715 8 1	110 15 10	92 16 8	919 0 7	1,282	78,213	61	442	1 5¾	0 2	1 7¾
Co. of Armagh.											
Armagh,	1,004 11 10	185 13 7	270 19 4	1,461 4 9	1,617	91,045	56	514	1 10	0 5	2 3
Lurgan,	1,791 3 8	233 5 10	359 7 3	2,383 16 9	2,806	131,654	47	744	2 1¾	0 4½	2 6¼
Co. of Cavan.											
Bailieborough,	372 4 6	103 10 7	82 6 10	558 1 11	508	29,568	58	167	2 3	0 4¾	2 7¾
Bawnboy,	436 14 9	104 0 8	88 10 0	629 5 5	617	37,129	60	210	2 0½	0 4	2 4½
Cavan,	658 12 4	103 1 7	144 19 8	906 13 7	999	54,127	54	306	1 11¾	0 4½	2 4¼
Cootehill,	363 6 3	67 19 7	36 4 10	467 10 8	445	32,969	74	186	1 10	0 2	2 0
Co. of Donegal.											
Ballyshannon,	356 6 4	95 2 0	96 9 8	547 18 0	445	33,844	76	191	1 10½	0 5	2 3½
Donegal,	243 15 9	51 0 0	37 14 10	332 10 7	318	21,136	66	120	1 11½	0 3	2 2½
Dunfanaghy,	134 15 11	20 19 9	13 13 4	169 9 0	82	9,187	112	52	2 4½	0 2½	2 7
Glenties,	309 12 3	60 8 5	62 12 9	432 13 5	307	26,307	86	149	2 0	0 4	2 4
Inishowen,	376 11 10	52 4 1	52 15 6	481 11 5	384	31,665	82	179	1 10¾	0 2¾	2 1½
Letterkenny,	297 17 7	74 17 7	55 18 8	428 13 10	281	21,643	77	122	2 5	0 4¼	2 9¼

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Milford,	259 1 2	48 18 5	50 2 5	358 2 0	234	21,051	90	119	2 0½	0 4	2 4½
Stranorlar,	162 12 0	58 4 7	38 2 5	258 19 0	385	18,299	48	103	1 8¼	0 3½	1 11¾
Co. of Down.											
Banbridge,	632 10 0¾	139 14 2	113 7 2	885 11 4¾	993	54,413	55	307	2 0	0 3½	2 3½
Downpatrick,	871 12 2	112 18 3	157 2 0	1,141 12 5	878	65,987	75	373	2 1	0 4	2 5
Kilkeel,	179 7 4	32 13 2	44 6 2	256 6 8	287	18,615	65	105	1 7¼	0 4	1 11¼
Newry,	735 1 8	160 19 5	396 15 4	1,292 16 5	1,573	82,658	53	467	1 6¼	0 8	2 2¼
Newtownards,	1,559 6 8	209 7 5	254 0 0	2,022 14 1	1,791	124,462	69	703	1 11¾	0 3½	2 3¼
Co. of Fermanagh.											
Enniskillen,	641 0 6	163 5 0	74 16 2	879 1 8	660	53,651	81	303	2 1¼	0 2¼	2 3½
Irvinestown,	293 17 5	50 3 1	46 14 6	390 15 0	342	26,165	77	148	1 10	0 3	2 1
Lisnaskea,	325 17 8	89 2 10	51 10 7	466 11 1	520	28,022	54	158	2 1	0 3	2 4
Co. of Londonderry.											
Coleraine,	669 14 10	120 9 1	168 15 10	958 19 9	898	56,704	63	320	1 11½	0 5	2 4½
Londonderry,	865 13 1	144 17 10	208 3 9	1,218 14 8	1,454	78,726	54	445	1 9½	0 4½	2 2
Magherafelt,	432 16 9	82 6 7	86 2 0	601 5 4	600	40,848	68	231	1 9¼	0 3½	2 0¾
Newtownlimavady,	221 14 7	83 11 3	56 12 1	361 17 11	566	26,700	47	151	1 7¼	0 3¾	1 11
Co. of Monaghan.											
Carrickmacross,	342 14 2	77 4 0	55 9 10	475 8 0	522	26,637	51	151	2 2½	0 3½	2 6
Castleblayney,	554 16 5	107 19 2	100 6 8	763 2 3	911	48,161	53	272	1 11	0 3½	2 2½
Clones,	344 7 8	49 8 10	75 2 4	468 18 10	628	31,724	51	179	1 8¾	0 4	2 0¾
Monaghan,	394 4 4	90 16 6	92 7 10	577 8 8	586	39,420	67	223	1 8¾	0 4	2 0¼
Co. of Tyrone.											
Castlederg,	99 8 5	34 9 0	34 5 4	168 2 9	237	12,733	54	72	1 5½	0 4½	1 10
Clogher,	374 2 0	99 15 11	70 11 4	544 9 3	589	30,206	51	171	2 2¼	0 4	2 6¼
Cookstown,	423 5 0	85 2 7	116 9 5	624 17 0	547	42,847	78	242	1 8	0 4½	2 0½
Dungannon,	478 18 6	152 12 11	97 0 8	728 12 1	1,122	46,576	42	263	1 10¾	0 3½	2 2¼
Gortin,	209 5 1	51 6 2	30 6 7	290 17 10	273	16,488	60	93	2 2½	0 3¼	2 5¾
Omagh,	809 11 7	140 0 3	108 12 9	1,058 4 7	840	60,954	73	344	2 2	0 3	2 5
Strabane,	571 19 11	99 3 7	101 11 1	772 14 7	1,013	48,750	48	275	1 11	0 3½	2 2½
Total Ulster (44 Unions),	26,622 15 0¾	4,781 5 6	5,435 14 9	36,839 15 3¾	38,250	2,278,748	60	12,874	1 11¼	0 4	2 3¼

[*continued.*

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No. 7.—TABLE showing the EXPENDITURE for PROVISIONS, NECESSARIES, and CLOTHING of WORKHOUSE INMATES, during the HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1863 (included in Table No. 2); also, the NUMBER RELIEVED in the Half-year, and the Average WEEKLY COST per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

NAMES OF UNIONS.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.		
									Provisions and Necessaries	Clothing.	Total.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER:	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Co. of Clare.											
Ballyvaghan,	322 19 3¾	65 4 0	75 2 8½	463 6 0¼	232	25,117	108	142	2 2	0 5	2 7
Corrofin,	336 0 4¼	51 11 4	45 18 0	433 9 8¼	247	23,071	93	130	2 4¼	0 3¼	2 7½
Ennis,	1,088 19 10	144 7 9	101 11 8	1,334 19 3	1,014	85,330	84	482	2 0¼	0 2	2 2¼
Ennistymon,	782 16 9	126 6 8¾	180 14 2	1,089 17 7¾	635	60,722	96	343	2 1	0 5	2 6
Killadysert,	415 5 11	38 14 1	85 16 3	539 16 3	318	27,460	86	155	2 3¾	0 5¼	2 9
Kilrush,	1,031 12 8	114 6 3	146 11 5	1,292 10 4	879	70,114	80	396	2 3½	0 3½	2 7
Scariff,	559 19 1½	116 12 8	99 12 0	776 3 9½	700	44,131	63	249	2 1¾	0 3¾	2 5½
Tulla,	752 3 1	84 3 6	198 7 1	1,034 13 8	778	53,587	69	303	2 2¼	0 6¼	2 8½
Co. of Cork.											
Bandon,	428 16 1	74 0 2	99 17 3	602 13 6	430	31,956	74	181	2 2½	0 5¼	2 7¾
Bantry	309 15 8	35 5 6	33 12 0	378 13 2	374	28,228	75	159	1 8½	0 2	1 10½
Castletown,	392 10 5¾	43 0 1½	80 11 7	516 2 2¼	381	30,942	81	175	1 11½	0 4½	2 4
Clonakilty,	545 6 6	64 15 3	94 0 3	704 2 0	560	45,127	81	255	1 10¾	0 3½	2 2¼
Cork,	6,734 15 2	645 11 0	1,657 6 6	9,037 12 8	7,082	464,053	66	2,622	2 2¾	0 6	2 8¾
Dunmanway,	356 18 9	47 7 6	54 16 2	459 2 5	375	26,308	70	149	2 1¾	0 3½	2 5¼
Fermoy,	834 13 10	130 11 5	164 11 4	1,129 16 7	981	65,052	66	368	2 1	0 4¼	2 5¼
Kanturk,	1,314 3 0	207 18 8	320 12 11	1,842 14 7	1,715	107,740	63	609	1 11¾	0 5	2 4¾
Kinsale,	490 16 3½	54 15 10½	85 19 4½	631 11 6½	1,121	41,265	37	233	1 10¼	0 3½	2 1¾
Macroom,	604 7 4	71 10 0	130 0 0	805 17 4	664	43,797	66	247	2 2	0 5	2 7
Mallow,	960 15 10	128 18 10	147 15 10	1,237 10 6	1,338	70,941	53	401	2 1¾	0 3½	2 5¼
Midleton,	927 0 0	138 11 3	165 13 4	1,231 4 7	1,423	79,520	56	449	1 10½	0 3½	2 2
Millstreet,	1 085 15 8	112 18 0	140 18 11	1,339 12 7	833	67,654	81	382	2 5¾	0 3½	2 9¼
Mitchelstown,	546 8 3	92 15 3	156 18 0	796 1 6	1,044	50,204	48	284	1 9½	0 5¼	2 2¾

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Skibbereen,	825 7 7	140 4 1	265 10 3	1,231 1 11	925	61,048	66	345	2 2½	0 7¼	2 9¾
Skull,	247 19 4	43 15 7	41 18 3	333 13 2	265	20,118	76	114	2 0¼	0 3½	2 3¾
Youghal,	976 17 11	106 16 0	215 15 0	1,299 8 11	1,418	76,327	54	431	2 0	0 4½	2 4½
Co. of Kerry.											
Caherciveen,	438 4 8	48 6 5	144 11 1	631 2 2	489	34,693	71	196	1 11½	0 7	2 6½
Dingle,	807 5 4	78 12 11	58 13 10	944 12 1	1,514	71,926	48	406	1 8¾	0 1¼	1 10
Kenmare,	556 1 8	53 8 10	103 3 2	712 13 8	649	49,516	76	280	1 8¾	0 3½	2 0¼
Killarney,	1,202 4 8	139 19 2	337 2 4	1,679 6 2	1,048	80,908	77	457	2 4	0 7	2 11
Listowel,	638 3 0	37 2 1	85 10 5	760 15 6	797	56,382	71	319	1 8	0 2½	1 10½
Tralee,	1,459 18 7	263 8 11	236 18 2	1,960 5 8	1,528	113,717	74	642	2 1½	0 3½	2 5
Co. of Limerick.											
Croom,	691 4 11	92 6 1	180 0 11	963 11 11	567	43,211	76	244	2 6½	0 7	3 1½
Glin,	346 6 6	61 1 11	47 19 5	455 7 10	303	27,539	91	156	2 0¾	0 3	2 3¾
Kilmallock,	2,041 16 9	180 12 10	533 4 6	2,755 14 1	2,070	127,974	62	723	2 5¼	0 7	3 0¼
Limerick,	5,168 12 5	439 6 8	1,084 9 2	6,692 8 3	5,568	347,026	62	1,961	2 3¼	0 5¼	2 8½
Newcastle,	912 8 8½	220 13 2¼	310 10 11	1,443 12 9¾	1,269	74,000	58	418	2 1¾	0 7	2 8¾
Rathkeale,	829 13 3	128 11 11	161 0 4	1,119 5 6	935	61,776	66	349	2 2	0 4½	2 6½
Co. of Tipperary.											
Borrisokane,	317 12 7	57 12 9	64 3 0	439 8 4	508	26,935	53	152	1 11½	0 4	2 3½
Carrick-on-Suir,	1,195 6 5	247 19 10	354 6 2	1,797 12 5	1,311	89,624	68	506	2 3	0 6¾	2 9¾
Cashel,	1,327 1 8	193 5 3½	240 18 5½	1,761 5 5	1,254	101,881	81	576	2 1	0 4	2 5
Clogheen,	485 3 1	90 15 1	145 3 2	721 1 4	514	39,043	76	221	2 0¾	0 6¼	2 7
Clonmel,	1,793 17 6	254 11 2	294 19 10	2,343 8 6	2,059	142,621	69	806	2 0	0 3½	2 3½
Nenagh,	1,410 7 4	180 18 5	355 1 0	1,946 6 9	1,531	95,412	62	539	2 4	0 6¼	2 10¼
Roscrea,	6[illegible]2 15 10	150 1 8	125 6 8	908 4 2	702	44,877	64	254	2 5¼	0 4¾	2 10
Thurles,	938 5 4	129 6 7	168 5 7	1,235 17 6	1,219	80,774	66	456	1 10¼	0 3½	2 1¾
Tipperary,	1,284 13 3	163 4 0	187 8 6	1,635 5 9	1,705	89,965	53	508	2 3	0 3½	2 6½
Co. of Waterford.											
Dungarvan,	996 8 2	107 11 7	255 13 1	1,359 12 10	1,981	70,886	36	400	2 2	0 6	2 8
Kilmacthomas,	563 5 2	94 15 11	67 6 0	725 7 1	884	38,641	44	218	2 4½	0 2¾	2 7¼
Lismore,	726 16 8	102 14 6	160 11 3	990 2 5	840	51,380	61	290	2 3¼	0 5¼	2 8¼
Waterford,	2,493 19 3	282 18 11	643 13 3	3,420 11 5	2,986	191,756	64	1,083	2 0¼	0 5¾	2 6
Total Munster (50 Unions),	52,129 17 5¼	6,679 7 5½	11,135 10 5½	69,944 15 4¼	59,963	3,852,275	64	21,764	2 1¾	0 4¾	2 6½

[*continued.*

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No. 7.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 25th March, 1863 (included in Table No. 2); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.		
									Provisions and Necessaries	Clothing.	Total.
Province of Leinster.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d	s. d.	s. d.
Co. of Carlow.											
Carlow, . . .	1,189 12 11	187 13 11	326 0 4	1,703 7 2	1,119	78,244	70	442	2 5½	0 7	3 0½
Co. of Dublin.											
Balrothery, . .	823 15 4	80 1 5	134 6 6	1.038 3 3	1,529	42,984	28	243	2 11¼	0 5¼	3 4½
Dublin, North, . .	6,727 7 10	521 18 1	1,101 5 10	8,350 11 9	4,061	352,413	87	1,991	2 10½	0 5¼	3 3¼
Dublin, South, . .	8,343 13 3¼	1,105 7 1	2,418 8 7	11,867 8 11¼	6,391	506,344	79	2,861	2 7¼	0 8	3 3¼
Rathdown, . .	1,391 14 2	205 0 3	354 0 0	1,950 14 5	1,918	85,078	44	481	2 7½	0 7	3 2½
Co. of Kildare.											
Athy, . . .	875 17 6	128 9 2	131 10 1	1,135 16 9	1,177	63,122	57	357	2 2¾	0 3½	2 6¼
Celbridge, . . .	515 7 10	82 12 1	107 1 4	705 1 3	769	33,843	44	191	2 5¾	0 5¼	2 11
Naas, . . .	1,007 1 7¾	142 11 3	214 10 3¾	1,364 3 2½	1,583	69,326	44	392	2 4	0 5	2 9
Co. of Kilkenny.											
Callan, . . .	700 7 0	187 12 10	240 19 9	1,128 19 7	1,943	57,837	55	327	2 2	0 7	2 9
Castlecomer, . .	545 16 3	105 11 0	60 8 10	711 16 1	745	29,013	39	164	3 1¾	0 3½	3 5¼
Kilkenny, . . .	1,715 5 10	222 6 3	399 1 3	2,336 13 4	2,233	127,706	57	721	2 1½	0 5¼	2 6¾
Thomastown, . .	681 9 9	124 3 0	170 5 2	975 17 11	833	46,698	56	264	2 5	0 6	2 11
Urlingford, . .	541 13 8	83 3 9	107 7 8	732 5 1	693	36,998	53	209	2 4½	0 4¾	2 9¼
King's County.											
Edenderry, . .	774 19 7	118 18 3¼	254 8 5	1,148 6 3¾	946	61,061	65	345	2 0½	0 7	2 7½
Parsonstown, . .	806 0 6¼	170 19 0	126 5 11	1,103 5 5¼	689	60,601	88	342	2 3	0 3½	2 6½
Tullamore, . .	1,148 17 7	148 4 9	188 18 4	1,486 0 8	1,631	79,345	49	448	2 3½	0 4	2 7½

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Co. of Longford.											
Ballymahon,	441 0 9	58 14 4	64 3 0	563 18 1	611	28,726	47	162	2 5¼	0 3¾	2 9
Granard,	681 11 2	165 0 8	171 6 5	1,017 18 3	1,046	53,507	51	302	2 2½	0 5½	2 8
Longford,	945 8 2	168 2 4	119 1 8	1,232 12 2	1,548	65,647	42	371	2 4½	0 3	2 7½
Co. of Louth.											
Ardee,	924 0 7	108 8 9	130 16 6	1,163 5 10	1,230	60,413	49	341	2 4¾	0 3¾	2 8½
Drogheda,	1,576 12 2	168 12 0	351 13 2	2,096 17 4	2,155	84,398	39	477	2 10¾	0 7	3 5¾
Dundalk,	827 9 2	127 10 6	249 9 11	1,204 9 7	1,411	62,511	44	353	2 1¾	0 6½	2 8¼
Co. of Meath.											
Dunshaughlin,	434 15 6	73 6 7	89 17 11	598 0 0	727	29,110	40	164	2 5¼	0 5¼	2 10½
Kells,	767 16 7	144 14 3	198 5 9	1,110 16 7	1,169	47,071	40	266	2 8½	0 7	3 3½
Navan,	701 1 8	105 4 7¾	175 17 11	982 4 2¾	1,765	45,985	26	260	2 5½	0 6½	3 0
Oldcastle,	578 13 0	132 1 7	108 19 3	819 13 10	578	43,999	76	249	2 3	0 4¼	2 7¼
Trim,	664 8 8	203 17 11	205 0 0	1,073 6 7	1,030	43,532	42	246	2 9½	0 8	3 5½
Queen's County.											
Abbeyleix,	510 5 1	107 12 3	81 1 4	698 18 8	614	38,913	63	220	2 2¾	0 3½	2 6¼
Donaghmore,	279 16 3	46 0 2	68 11 11	394 8 4	360	17,211	48	97	2 8	0 6½	3 2½
Mountmelick,	1,291 6 0	248 17 9	400 4 8	1,940 8 5	1,701	96,056	56	543	2 3	0 7	2 10
Co. of Westmeath.											
Athlone,	745 7 8	174 10 5	218 4 9	1,138 2 10	1,014	69,837	69	395	1 10¼	0 5¼	2 3½
Delvin,	548 8 8	84 11 9	164 17 10	797 18 3	726	30,907	43	175	2 10½	0 8¾	3 7¼
Mullingar,	1,229 4 7	213 12 0	360 18 9	1,803 15 4	1,416	86,625	61	489	2 4	0 7	2 11
Co. of Wexford.											
Enniscorthy,	972 16 3	101 9 2	271 19 1	1,346 4 6	1,052	65,269	62	369	2 3¾	0 7	2 10¾
Gorey,	643 19 10	92 19 0	205 8 10	942 7 8	727	49,306	68	279	2 1	0 7	2 8
New Ross,	1,477 1 2	160 2 0	443 0 0	2,080 3 2	1,417	99,861	70	564	2 3½	0 7½	2 11
Wexford,	1,358 8 7	202 17 9	220 0 0	1,781 6 4	1,233	91,120	74	515	2 5	0 3½	2 8½
Co. of Wicklow.											
Baltinglass,	735 14 0	149 1 10	176 19 2	1,061 15 0	687	45,737	67	258	2 8½	0 6½	3 3
Rathdrum,	912 10 0	169 19 8	273 5 1	1,355 14 9	1,147	65,581	57	370	2 3¾	0 7	2 10¾
Shillelagh,	318 19 3	62 4 2	57 19 4	439 2 9	361	27,824	77	157	1 11	0 3½	2 2½
Total Leinster (40 Unions),	47,355 15 5¼	6,884 3 7½	11,142 0 6¾	65,381 19 7½	53,085	3,079,759	58	17,400	2 5½	0 6	2 11½

[continued.

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No. 7.—TABLE showing the EXPENDITURE for PROVISIONS, NECESSARIES, and CLOTHING of WORKHOUSE INMATES, during the HALF-YEAR ended 25th MARCH, 1863 (included in Table No. 2); also, the NUMBER RELIEVED in the Half-year, and the Average WEEKLY COST per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

NAMES OF UNIONS.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head. Provisions and Necessaries	Clothing.	Total.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT:	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Co. of Galway.											
Balinasloe,	614 6 8	83 18 1	181 9 5	879 14 2	643	43,553	68	246	2 3	0 7	2 10
Clifden,	293 19 1	56 9 9	50 10 3	400 19 1	368	21,245	66	137	2 0¼	0 3½	2 3¾
Galway,	1,120 15 10	180 6 10	216 2 8	1,517 5 4	1,125	90,777	81	513	2 0	0 4	2 4
Glennamaddy,	446 3 6	42 8 2	55 17 4	544 9 0	490	31,925	65	180	2 1¾	0 3	2 4¾
Gort,	423 7 5	58 9 7	52 18 0	534 15 0	450	29,632	66	167	2 3¼	0 3	2 6¼
Loughrea,	328 2 7	51 18 1	37 18 6	417 19 2	475	24,275	51	137	2 2¼	0 2½	2 4¾
Mount Bellew,	300 9 1	55 2 6	56 19 9	412 11 4	343	27,355	80	155	1 9¾	0 3½	2 1¼
Oughterard,	239 10 2½	32 15 6	39 9 8	311 15 4½	233	18,910	81	107	2 0¼	0 3½	2 3¾
Portumna,	370 0 10	58 9 3¼	51 19 6	480 9 7¼	331	24,949	75	141	2 4¾	0 3½	2 8¼
Tuam,	633 1 3	118 5 2	175 6 2	926 12 7	814	56,104	69	317	1 10½	0 5¼	2 3¾
Co of Leitrim.											
Carrick on-Shannon,	406 11 11	63 6 0	48 4 1	518 2 0	651	30,852	47	174	2 1½	0 2½	2 4
Manorhamilton,	327 8 3	121 18 1	49 10 0	498 16 4	469	29,663	63	168	2 1½	0 2¾	2 4¼
Mohill,	533 1 6	96 10 5	172 6 5	801 18 4	440	41,357	94	234	2 1½	0 7	2 8½
Co. of Mayo.											
Ballina,	647 1 9	84 4 7	119 0 0	850 6 4	605	49,955	83	282	2 0½	0 4	2 4½
Ballinrobe,	614 14 11	96 17 2¾	123 19 2	835 11 3¼	527	42,643	81	241	2 4	0 5	2 9
Belmullet,	414 14 2	43 0 10	56 6 0	514 1 0	321	27,049	84	153	2 4½	0 3½	2 8
Castlebar,	330 15 2	52 7 6	49 17 4	433 0 0	411	27,920	68	158	1 11	0 3	2 2
Claremorris,	329 13 10	53 5 5	51 4 6	434 3 9	319	26,286	82	149	2 0½	0 3¼	2 3¾
Killala,	359 16 3	33 0 9	53 3 0	446 0 0	239	25,511	107	144	2 1¾	0 3½	2 5¼
Newport,	180 12 3	29 6 6	34 15 9	244 14 6	190	16,699	88	94	1 9	0 3½	2 0½
Swineford,	479 7 2	68 13 6	70 5 8	618 6 4	531	37,056	70	209	2 0¾	0 3¼	2 4
Westport,	360 8 9	76 8 4	105 8 5	542 5 6	428	33,734	79	191	1 9¾	0 5¼	2 3

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Co. of Roscommon.											
Boyle, . . .	718 11 4	114 15 0	80 18 4	914 4 8	814	51,789	64	293	2 3	0 2½	2 5½
Castlerea, . . .	749 0 10	105 2 11	107 17 1	962 0 10	790	51,770	66	293	2 3¾	0 3½	2 7¼
Roscommon, . .	1,007 13 9	184 0 9	209 4 10½	1,401 5 4½	867	66,958	77	378	2 6	0 5¼	2 11¼
Strokestown, . .	738 18 6	104 10 0	142 2 8	985 11 2	980	52,279	53	295	2 3	0 4½	2 7½
Co. of Sligo.											
Dromore West, .	247 7 7	24 4 2	24 8 4	206 0 1	230	10,526	85	110	1 11½	0 2	2 1½
Sligo, . . .	1,243 13 1	166 13 3	203 5 8	1,613 12 0	1,435	93,768	65	530	2 1½	0 3½	2 5
Tobercurry, . .	356 15 6	33 16 4	69 7 10	459 19 8	410	25,908	63	146	2 1¼	0 4½	2 5¾
Total Connaught (30 Unions),	14,816 2 11½	2,200 10 6	2,680 16 4½	19,796 9 10	15,920	1,122,448	70	6,342	2 1½	0 4	2 5½

SUMMARY.

Ulster, . .	26,622 15 0¾	4,781 5 6	5,435 14 9	36,839 15 3¾	38,250	2,278,748	60	12,874	1 11¼	0 4	2 3¼
Munster, . .	52,129 17 5¼	6,679 7 5½	11,135 10 5½	69,944 15 4¼	59,063	3,852,275	64	21,764	2 1¾	0 4¾	2 6½
Leinster, . .	47,355 15 5¼	6,884 3 7½	11,142 0 6¾	65,381 19 7½	53,085	3,079,759	58	17,400	2 5½	0 6	2 11½
Connaught, . .	14,816 2 11½	2,290 10 6	2,689 16 4½	10,796 0 10	15,929	1,122,448	70	6,342	2 1½	0 4	2 5½
Total Ireland (163 Unions),	140,924 10 10¾	20,635 7 1	30,403 2 1¼	191,963 0 1½	167,227	10,333,230	62	58,380	2 2¼	0 5	2 7¼

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No. 8.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 29th September, 1863 (included in Table No. 3); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions.

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head. Provisions and Necessaries	Clothing.	Total.
Province of Ulster:	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Co. of Antrim.											
Antrim,	840 7 11	89 19 11	285 2 0	1,215 9 10	1,163	79,826	69	424	1 7½	0 6	2 1½
Ballycastle,	518 10 5	43 15 9	90 0 0	652 6 2	511	38,698	76	206	2 0¼	0 4	2 4¼
Ballymena,	1,088 1 5	106 10 9	253 9 7	1,448 1 9	1,336	106,383	80	566	1 6¾	0 4	1 10¾
Ballymoney,	468 7 8	86 11 5	95 2 6	650 1 7	642	45,665	71	243	1 8½	0 3½	2 0
Belfast,	3,807 13 8	456 13 7	572 19 1	4,837 6 4	5,678	275,018	48	1,463	2 2	0 3½	2 5½
Larne,	601 17 10	89 17 7	170 2 11	861 18 4	655	54,447	83	290	1 9¼	0 5¼	2 2¼
Lisburn,	664 13 4	91 10 11	119 11 9	875 16 0	1,347	75,403	56	401	1 4¾	0 2¾	1 7½
Co. of Armagh.											
Armagh,	989 14 2	241 6 4	252 12 5	1,483 12 11	1,662	94,307	57	502	1 10	0 4½	2 2½
Lurgan,	1,594 10 3	189 17 6	350 3 2	2,134 10 11	2,896	127,733	44	679	1 11½	0 4½	2 4
Co. of Cavan.											
Bailieborough,	392 11 0	107 6 9	95 9 8	595 7 5	564	32,095	57	171	2 2¼	0 5	2 7¼
Bawnboy,	503 13 2	79 5 9	157 12 11	740 11 10	700	44,072	63	234	1 10	0 6	2 4
Cavan,	782 4 2	96 19 11	175 18 3	1,055 2 4	1,253	65,673	52	349	1 10½	0 4½	2 3
Cootehill,	351 12 0	50 17 0	38 3 7	440 12 7	486	34,438	71	183	1 7¾	0 1¾	1 9½
Co. of Donegal.											
Ballyshannon,	347 14 0	71 17 1	85 0 0	504 11 1	565	34,330	61	183	1 8½	0 4	2 0½
Donegal,	276 7 11	50 6 7	45 0 7	371 15 1	375	25,217	67	134	1 9¾	0 3	2 0¾
Dunfanaghy,	123 1 6	26 1 5	14 8 6	163 11 5	108	9,693	90	52	2 1¾	0 2½	2 4¼
Glenties,	357 2 1	34 4 2	76 0 8	467 6 11	378	31,935	84	170	1 8½	0 4	2 0½
Inishowen,	400 17 2	38 14 2	64 10 7	504 1 11	432	37,475	87	199	1 7½	0 3	1 10½
Letterkenny,	861 2 7	60 13 9	61 8 1	483 4 5	365	27,168	81	145	2 2	0 3¾	2 5¾

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Milford,	309 2 0	48 18 9	66 7 10	424 8 7	255	24,785	97	132	2 0¼	0 4¼	2 4¾
Stranorlar,	164 10 1	54 6 11	34 17 10	253 14 10	427	16,749	39	89	1 10	0 3½	2 1½
Co. of Down.											
Banbridge,	011 15 2	100 1 9	227 11 11	939 8 10	1,035	54,623	53	291	1 10	0 7	2 5
Downpatrick,	849 4 6	73 16 2	152 11 0	1,075 11 8	977	64,076	66	341	2 0¼	0 4	2 4¼
Kilkeel,	172 3 2¾	28 5 3½	38 0 2¾	238 8 9	430	18,246	42	97	1 6½	0 3½	1 10
Newry,	710 11 11	146 19 8	308 16 5	1,160 8 0	2,370	82,455	35	438	1 5½	0 6¼	1 11¾
Newtownards,	1,312 1 8	152 0 4	227 10 7	1,691 12 7	1,520	109,212	72	581	1 10½	0 3½	2 2
Co. of Fermanagh.											
Enniskillen,	690 10 5	118 14 5	87 11 6	896 16 4	784	55,394	71	295	2 0½	0 2¾	2 3¼
Irvinestown,	325 16 7	43 15 6	52 17 11	422 10 0	384	31,200	81	166	1 8	0 2¾	1 10¾
Lisnaskea,	313 4 10	72 15 2	60 15 8	446 15 8	547	27,669	51	147	1 11½	0 3½	2 3
Co. of Londonderry.											
Coleraine,	749 7 9	102 3 0	145 14 10	997 5 7	1,117	57,953	52	308	2 0¾	0 4¼	2 5
Londonderry,	891 17 9	84 13 3	250 7 0	1,226 18 0	1,971	91,677	47	488	1 6¼	0 4¾	1 11
Magherafelt,	488 9 5	68 8 6	88 19 10	645 17 9	650	42,476	65	226	1 10	0 3½	2 1½
Newtownlimavady,	236 18 5	70 12 4	61 3 6	368 14 3	709	28,782	41	153	1 6	0 3½	1 9½
Co. of Monaghan.											
Carrickmacross,	361 14 9	55 13 0	57 15 3	475 3 0	599	27,726	46	147	2 1¼	0 3½	2 4¾
Castlehlayney,	488 7 7	98 8 4	96 9 2	683 5 1	1,004	46,360	46	246	1 9½	0 3½	2 0¾
Clones,	335 11 0	43 4 6	38 8 9	417 4 3	657	29,701	45	158	1 9½	0 2¼	1 11¼
Monaghan,	388 13 5	63 6 9	43 13 7	495 13 9	573	38,201	67	203	1 7¾	0 2	1 9¾
Co. of Tyrone.											
Castlederg,	122 17 3	30 3 2	15 10 9	168 11 2	246	16,163	66	86	1 4	0 1½	1 5½
Clogher,	405 14 3	97 2 5	76 4 5	579 1 1	627	35,160	56	187	2 0	0 5½	2 3½
Cookstown,	446 5 6	44 12 3	154 3 10	645 1 7	511	44,334	87	235	1 6¾	0 5¼	2 0½
Dungannon,	569 16 1	147 19 1	159 18 9	877 13 11	1,219	53,539	44	286	1 10½	0 5	2 3½
Gortin,	199 8 7	48 14 6	29 15 7	277 18 8	315	16,146	51	86	2 1¼	0 2¼	2 5
Omagh,	774 2 9	117 0 4	127 10 1	1,018 13 2	1,109	69,851	63	371	1 9½	0 3	2 0½
Strabane,	720 5 4	1 14 6	120 3 2	842 3 0	1,315	58,499	44	311	1 8¾	0 3¼	2 0
Total Ulster (44 Unions),	27,108 12 5¾	3,926 0 2½	5,725 15 7¾	36,760 8 4	42,437	2,380,539	56	12,662	1 10	0 4	2 2

[*continued.*

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No. 8.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 29th September, 1863 (included in Table No. 3); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head. Provisions and Necessaries	Clothing.	Total.
Province of Munster:	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Co. of Clare.											
Ballyvaghan,	407 4 2	60 15 0	56 2 3	524 1 5	248	31,703	128	169	2 0¾	0 3	2 3¾
Corrofin,	367 15 3¾	35 0 3½	42 9 5	445 5 0¼	360	26,029	72	138	2 2	0 2¾	2 4¾
Ennis,	1,099 6 0	100 10 3	114 0 9	1,313 17 0	1,176	95,793	81	510	1 9	0 2	1 11
Ennistymon,	880 18 5¾	98 18 5	263 2 0	1,242 18 10¾	797	73,667	92	392	1 10¼	0 6	2 4¼
Killadysert,	396 3 9	24 16 3	65 18 3	486 18 3	415	31,637	76	168	1 10¼	0 3½	2 1¾
Kilrush,	1,244 17 5	97 13 2	188 1 10	1,530 12 5	1,144	90,283	79	480	2 1	0 3½	2 4½
Scariff,	537 0 6½	59 4 4	90 0 0	686 4 10½	642	43,090	67	229	1 11¼	0 3½	2 2¾
Tulla,	718 7 5	63 7 2	196 16 5	978 11 0	801	58,347	73	310	1 10½	0 5¾	2 4¼
Co. of Cork.											
Bandon,	392 4 4	52 7 0	106 10 3	551 1 7	558	34,085	61	181	1 10	0 5¼	2 3¼
Bantry,	280 19 6	28 14 10	29 14 6	339 8 10	374	24,967	67	133	1 8¾	0 2	1 10¾
Castletown,	384 17 7	35 3 0	92 15 10	512 16 5	419	29,742	71	158	1 11¾	0 5¼	2 5
Clonakilty,	468 2 9	49 19 2	47 10 4	565 12 3	624	45,618	73	243	1 7	0 1¾	1 8¾
Cork,	6,312 3 5	517 12 7	1,618 11 0	8,448 7 0	7,614	453,195	60	2,411	2 1¼	0 6	2 7¼
Dunmanway,	342 19 11	42 3 7	56 18 0	442 1 6	513	27,310	53	145	1 11¾	0 3½	2 3¼
Fermoy,	952 18 1	92 8 2	191 18 10	1,237 5 1	1,047	71,660	68	381	2 0½	0 4½	2 5
Kanturk,	1,195 19 11	155 0 4	329 17 1	1,680 17 4	1,843	110,833	60	590	1 8½	0 5	2 1½
Kinsale,	329 14 7	42 12 3	61 11 9	433 18 7	625	29,562	47	157	1 9	0 3½	2 0½
Macroom,	534 17 8	66 5 10	131 18 9	733 2 3	801	44,329	55	236	1 10¾	0 5	2 3¾
Mallow,	926 7 9	82 2 2	152 5 10	1,160 15 9	1,631	73,100	45	389	1 11¼	0 3½	2 2¾
Midleton,	977 19 9	101 11 4	173 7 4	1,252 18 5	1,666	83,217	50	443	1 9¾	0 3½	2 1¼
Millstreet,	1,096 3 2	116 18 10	161 19 1	1,375 1 1	974	77,742	80	413	2 2¼	0 3½	2 5¾
Mitchelstown,	581 12 8	67 4 7	133 10 7	782 7 10	1,022	51,276	50	273	1 9¼	0 4½	2 1¾

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Skibbereen,	826 18 4	136 11 1	217 0 0	1,180 9 5	1,075	66,495	62	354	2 0¼	0 5½	2 5¾
Skull,	206 8 2	37 12 4	42 14 0	286 14 6	244	20,496	84	109	1 8	0 3½	1 11½
Youghal,	938 19 9	81 0 0	257 11 5	1,277 11 2	1,738	78,510	45	418	1 9¾	0 5½	2 3¼
Co. of Kerry.											
Caherciveen,	390 13 0	43 13 10	71 18 2	506 5 0	551	34,515	63	184	1 9	0 3½	2 0½
Dingle,	723 12 11	74 18 0	78 3 11	876 14 10	1,289	66,675	52	355	1 8	0 2	1 10
Kenmare,	511 13 7	60 4 11	94 13 8	666 12 2	740	45,448	61	242	1 9¼	0 3½	2 0¾
Killarney,	1,253 9 3	123 9 4	177 19 3	1,554 17 10	1,078	85,422	79	454	2 3	0 3½	2 6½
Listowel,	674 14 5	25 19 11	66 4 3	766 18 7	873	58,505	67	311	1 8	0 2	1 10
Tralee,	1,369 4 7	170 0 11	527 9 4	2,066 14 10	1,711	126,592	74	673	1 8½	0 7	2 3½
Co. of Limerick.											
Croom,	630 18 10	82 8 2	203 14 8	917 1 8	669	48,896	73	260	2 0½	0 7	2 7½
Glin,	347 5 6	51 15 9	62 17 3	461 18 6	394	30,218	77	161	1 10¼	0 3½	2 1¾
Kilmallock,	1,960 11 11	153 14 7	262 11 8	2,346 18 2	2,193	126,040	57	670	2 3¾	0 3½	2 7¼
Limerick,	4,743 2 8	441 6 4	720 4 8	5,904 13 8	5,968	345,712	58	1,839	2 1¼	0 3½	2 4¾
Newcastle,	771 0 10	153 15 2	205 4 0	1,130 0 0	1,345	70,241	52	374	1 10	0 5	2 3
Rathkeale,	803 13 10	120 14 11	162 2 10	1,086 11 7	1,048	62,140	59	330	2 1	0 4½	2 5½
Co. of Tipperary.											
Borrisokane,	352 7 1	38 10 8	61 18 5	452 16 2	471	29,699	63	158	1 10	0 3½	2 1½
Carrick-on-Suir,	1,074 7 4	146 4 8	253 8 0	1,474 0 0	1,479	85,381	58	454	2 0	0 5	2 5
Cashel,	1,342 12 3	171 1 3	240 3 9	1,753 17 3	1,399	110,225	79	586	1 11	0 3¾	2 2¾
Clogheen,	524 12 3	60 18 5	127 9 6	713 0 2	591	45,021	76	239	1 9¾	0 4¾	2 2½
Clonmel,	1,688 18 0	196 6 1	402 5 5	2,287 9 6	2,063	144,030	70	766	1 10	0 4¾	2 2¾
Nenagh,	1,574 3 7	164 4 6	369 3 9	2,107 11 10	1,770	111,636	63	594	2 2¼	0 5½	2 7¾
Roscrea,	650 8 6	73 6 4	140 2 10	863 17 8	693	49,086	71	261	2 0¾	0 4¾	2 5½
Thurles,	1,005 10 7	101 9 7	173 16 10	1,280 17 0	1,244	83,444	67	444	1 10¼	0 3½	2 1¾
Tipperary,	1,232 19 2	129 3 2	178 12 0	1,540 14 4	1,845	85,728	46	456	2 2¾	0 3½	2 6¼
Co. of Waterford.											
Dungarvan,	1,114 2 9	96 1 4	225 4 7	1,435 8 8	1,703	72,795	43	387	2 4	0 5	2 9
Kilmacthomas,	618 5 10	75 19 4	55 15 6	750 0 8	1,056	41,480	39	221	2 4	0 2¼	2 6½
Lismore,	714 16 9	86 10 0	199 13 3	1,001 0 0	836	55,908	67	297	2 0	0 6	2 6
Waterford,	2,448 19 1	208 3 3	631 4 6	3,288 6 10	3,291	185,534	56	987	2 0	0 5¾	2 5¾
Total Munster (50 Unions),	50,893 4 11	5,295 12 4½	10,514 7 6	66,703 4 9½	64,651	3,973,057	61	21,133	1 11¾	0 4½	2 4¼

[*continued.*

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No. 8.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 29th September, 1863 (included in Table No. 3); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.		
									Provisions and Necessaries	Clothing.	Total.
Province of Leinster:	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Co. of Carlow.											
Carlow,	1,163 15 2	116 2 2	266 7 5	1,546 4 9	1,292	83,795	65	446	2 1¼	0 5¼	2 7
Co. of Dublin.											
Balrothery,	701 17 5	65 17 7	115 16 7	883 11 7	1,920	37,065	19	197	2 10¾	0 5¼	3 4
Dublin, North,	6,321 3 8¾	322 3 8	1,430 5 7	8,073 12 11¾	4,279	343,267	80	1,826	2 8½	0 7	3 3½
Dublin, South,	8,503 3 3	874 15 8	2,053 1 3	11,431 0 2	6,515	495,745	76	2,637	2 7¾	0 7	3 2¾
Rathdown,	1,473 16 4	140 19 7	349 6 10	1,964 2 9	2,270	83,842	37	446	2 8¼	0 7	3 3¼
Co. of Kildare.											
Athy,	853 0 2	91 4 0	126 16 3	1,071 0 5	1,536	60,871	40	324	2 2	0 3½	2 5½
Celbridge,	620 15 4	65 10 4	109 9 8	795 15 4	951	35,532	37	189	2 8½	0 5	3 1½
Naas,	947 19 7¾	108 13 11½	170 11 6¾	1,227 5 2	1,914	64,538	34	343	2 3½	0 4½	2 8
Co. of Kilkenny.											
Callan,	716 1 3	144 2 11	238 8 9	1,098 12 11	1,176	57,237	49	305	2 1¼	0 7	2 8¼
Castlecomer,	558 8 8	91 13 11	62 12 9	712 15 4	905	30,066	33	160	3 0¼	0 3½	3 3¾
Kilkenny,	1,638 3 9	143 3 7	388 19 10	2,170 7 2	2,413	124,483	52	662	2 0	0 5¼	2 5¼
Thomastown,	649 4 1	80 11 11	145 8 2	875 4 2	1,015	46,530	46	248	2 2¼	0 5¼	2 7½
Urlingford,	540 4 1	45 10 6	112 1 7	697 16 2	698	36,635	52	195	2 2¾	0 5¼	2 8
King's County.											
Edenderry,	721 14 10½	96 11 2	245 6 3	1,063 12 3½	1,183	58,875	50	313	1 11¼	0 7	2 6¼
Parsonstown,	790 15 0¼	125 12 3	64 8 5	980 15 8¼	713	61,829	87	329	2 0¾	0 1¾	2 2½
Tullamore,	1,208 2 5	110 2 8	199 11 1	1,517 16 2	1,778	83,812	47	446	2 2½	0 4	2 6½

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Co. of Longford.											
Ballymahon,	516 4 6	59 18 4	71 13 1	647 15 11	538	32,251	60	172	2 6	0 3¾	2 9¾
Granard,	669 10 9	131 0 0	142 14 7	943 5 4	1,121	53,167	47	283	2 1¼	0 4½	2 5¾
Longford,	1,100 16 8	111 9 10	127 0 6	1,339 7 0	1,782	77,725	44	413	2 2¾	0 2¾	2 5
Co. of Louth.											
Ardee,	903 1 11	94 9 2	148 8 5	1,145 19 6	1,531	58,674	38	312	2 4½	0 4¼	2 8¾
Drogheda,	1,424 16 8	115 1 10	344 1 9	1,884 0 3	2,425	82,581	34	439	2 7¼	0 7	3 2¼
Dundalk,	834 14 4	119 9 11	244 16 8	1,199 0 11	1,691	64,413	38	343	2 1	0 6½	2 7½
Co. of Meath.											
Dunshaughlin,	451 4 3	58 9 0	91 17 11	601 11 2	879	30,455	35	162	2 4	0 5	2 9
Kells,	782 15 6	135 6 4	260 6 10	1,178 8 8	1,302	49,431	38	263	2 7¼	0 8¾	3 4
Navan,	720 0 7	68 1 11	179 17 8	968 0 2	1,604	45,036	28	239	2 5½	0 6¾	3 0¼
Oldcastle,	634 5 7	104 16 5	116 16 8	855 18 8	591	47,173	80	251	2 2¼	0 4¼	2 6½
Trim,	633 13 10½	146 7 2	153 7 0	933 8 0½	1,192	44,019	37	234	2 5¾	0 5¾	2 11½
Queen's County.											
Abbeyleix,	508 15 10	97 14 4	80 12 9	687 2 11	687	38,706	56	206	2 2¼	0 3½	2 5¾
Donaghmore,	299 10 7	26 6 3	57 12 9	383 9 7	325	18,407	57	98	2 5¾	0 5¼	2 11
Mountmelick,	1,144 16 2	190 7 6	281 6 0	1,616 9 8	1,801	90,017	50	479	2 0¼	0 5½	2 6
Co. of Westmeath.											
Athlone,	753 8 10¾	112 14 2½	195 10 6	1,061 13 7¼	949	70,273	74	374	1 8¾	0 4¾	2 1½
Delvin,	510 8 6	59 7 7	73 18 8	643 14 9	769	29,764	39	158	2 8	0 4¾	3 0¼
Mullingar,	1,253 5 2	151 6 4	363 16 5	1,768 7 11	1,579	87,317	55	464	2 3	0 7	2 10
Co. of Wexford.											
Enniscorthy,	1,005 5 11	118 14 2	222 12 8	1,346 12 9	1,269	71,242	56	379	2 2½	0 5¼	2 7¾
Gorey,	611 2 11	76 4 6	205 2 5	892 9 10	884	49,229	56	262	1 11½	0 7	2 6½
New Ross,	1,604 16 3	125 10 5	433 0 0	2,163 6 8	1,649	108,189	66	575	2 2¾	0 6¾	2 9½
Wexford,	1,276 19 4	142 12 3	250 0 0	1,669 11 7	1,311	87,960	67	468	2 3¼	0 4¾	2 8
Co. of Wicklow.											
Baltinglass,	767 17 5	131 12 11	224 17 7	1,124 7 11	876	50,373	58	268	2 6	0 7½	3 1½
Rathdrum,	945 4 3	98 5 6	265 15 4	1,309 5 1	1,230	63,784	52	339	2 3½	0 7	2 10½
Shillelagh,	335 13 5½	46 5 0	64 7 0	446 5 5½	424	30,888	73	194	1 8¾	0 3½	2 0¼
Total Leinster (40 Unions),	47,096 14 6	5,144 6 9	10,678 5 1¾	62,919 6 4¾	58,967	3,085,196	52	16,411	2 4½	0 5¾	2 10¼

[*continued.*

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No. 8.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-Year ended 29th September, 1863 (included in Table No. 3); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly cost per head. Provisions and Necessaries	Clothing.	Total.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Province of Connaught:											
Co. of Galway.											
Ballinasloe,	639 3 9	62 14 7	98 3 2	800 1 6	769	47,116	61	251	2 1	0 3½	2 4½
Clifden,	428 8 0	66 8 4	69 7 3	564 3 7	462	33,292	72	177	2 1	0 3½	2 4½
Galway,	1,343 11 1	125 12 3	207 13 2	1,676 16 6	1,427	99,676	70	530	2 0¾	0 3½	2 4¼
Glennamaddy,	588 19 0	39 13 7	65 2 10	693 15 5	825	44,670	54	238	1 11½	0 2½	2 2
Gort,	510 12 6	46 7 11	75 14 5	632 14 10	468	36,348	78	193	2 1¾	0 3½	2 5¼
Loughrea,	365 9 10	33 15 7	29 7 2	428 12 7	625	28,184	45	150	1 11¾	0 1¾	2 1½
Mount Bellew,	368 7 7½	50 6 5¼	69 2 11	487 16 11¾	475	33,196	70	177	1 9¼	0 3½	2 0¾
Oughterard,	299 18 3¾	26 14 11	46 2 5	372 15 7¾	304	25,291	83	134	1 9¾	0 3	2 0¾
Portumna,	366 2 2¾	53 12 2	55 11 2	475 5 6¾	346	26,668	77	142	2 2½	0 3½	2 6
Tuam,	783 8 4	100 5 3	227 7 3	1,111 0 10	1,181	72,757	62	387	1 8½	0 5¼	2 1¾
Co. of Leitrim.											
Carrick-on-Shannon,	427 14 7	38 10 7	54 6 9	520 11 11	727	34,776	48	185	1 10½	0 2½	2 1
Manorhamilton,	372 18 1	82 8 7	64 19 5	520 6 1	573	34,354	60	183	1 10¼	0 3¼	2 1½
Mohill,	661 13 3	52 2 10	166 4 7	880 0 8	576	53,195	92	283	1 10½	0 5¼	2 3¾
Co. of Mayo.											
Ballina,	785 14 0	69 1 1	149 4 9	1,003 19 10	794	62,567	79	333	1 11	0 4	2 3
Ballinrobe,	730 11 10½	86 8 6	141 7 0	958 7 4½	861	56,540	66	300	2 0¼	0 4¼	2 4½
Belmullet,	630 5 4	46 12 2	85 0 6	761 18 0	494	40,816	83	217	2 3¾	0 3½	2 7¼
Castlebar,	413 8 2	38 12 8	78 2 4	530 3 2	547	37,413	68	199	1 8½	0 3½	2 0
Claremorris,	361 4 0¼	52 4 2	78 12 6	492 0 8¼	408	33,000	81	176	1 9	0 4	2 1
Killala,	440 9 7	39 10 10	68 17 2	548 17 7	275	33,053	120	176	2 0½	0 3½	2 4
Newport,	224 2 10	22 13 4	36 2 6	282 18 8	253	20,905	83	111	1 7¾	0 3	1 10¾
Swineford,	500 2 11	54 2 6	82 18 4	637 3 9	533	43,604	82	232	1 9¼	0 3¼	2 0½
Westport,	506 17 2	68 5 0	193 9 0	768 11 2	940	46,428	49	247	1 8¾	0 7	2 3¾

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Co. of Roscommon.											
Boyle, . . .	840 16 5	107 16 10	99 6 7	1,047 19 10	873	63,570	73	338	2 1	0 2½	2 3½
Castlerea, . .	864 11 10	86 7 10	137 3 8	1,082 3 4	974	65,848	68	350	2 0	0 3½	2 3½
Roscommon, . .	1,021 4 4	218 14 2	482 4 1½	1,722 2 7½	1,069	77,153	72	410	2 3	0 10½	3 1½
Strokestown, . .	803 14 1	71 14 6	217 15 9	1,093 4 4	1,120	60,903	54	324	2 0	0 0	2 6
Co. of Sligo.											
Dromore, West, .	223 4 0	22 0 1	27 13 2	272 17 3	206	17,907	87	95	1 11	0 2½	2 1½
Sligo, ...	1,220 0 9	120 18 3	218 1 4	1,559 0 4	1,495	93,158	62	496	2 0	0 4	2 4
Tobercurry, . .	383 18 11	28 14 9	53 2 3	465 15 11	449	29,746	66	158	1 11¼	0 3	2 2¼
Total Connaught (29 Unions),	17,106 12 9¾	1,006 0 8¼	3,378 3 5½	22,391 5 11½	20,049	1,352,134	67	7,192	1 11½	0 4¼	2 3¾

SUMMARY.

Ulster, . . .	27,108 12 5¾	3,926 0 2½	5,725 15 7¾	36,760 8 4	42,437	2,380,539	56	12,662	1 10	0 4	2 2
Munster, . .	50,893 4 11	5,295 12 4½	10,514 7 6	66,703 4 9½	64,651	3,973,057	61	21,133	1 11¾	0 4½	2 4¼
Leinster, . .	47,096 14 6	5,144 6 9	10,678 5 1¾	62,919 6 4¾	58,967	3,085,196	52	16,411	2 4½	0 5¾	2 10¼
Connaught, . .	17,106 12 9¾	1,906 9 8¼	3,378 3 5½	22,391 5 11½	20,049	1,352,134	67	7,192	1 11½	0 4¼	2 3¾
Total Ireland (163 Unions),	142,205 4 8½	16,272 9 9¼	30,296 11 9	188,774 5 5¾	186,104	10,790,926	58	57,398	2 0¾	0 4¾	2 5½

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No. 9.—Statement (in pursuance of Sec. 20 of 12 & 13 Vic., c. 104) relative to the Audit of Union Accounts:—(in continuation of Statement in Sixteenth Annual Report, 1863, Appendix B., No. 9.)

i. Date up to which the Accounts of Unions have been audited.

The Accounts of all the Unions have been audited to 29th September, 1863.

ii. Sums Disallowed or found Due on Audit of the Accounts of Unions in Ireland, up to 29th September, 1863, and whether Recovered or in course of Recovery from the Parties Debited.

Unions.	Half-year ended.	Date of Audit.	Amount Disallowed or found Due. £ s. d.	Whether Paid or in course of Recovery.	Observations:—Nature of Sums Disallowed, &c.
Ardee,	25 March, 1863,	19 June, 1863,	0 11 6	Paid,	Deficiency in provisions. Charged to Workhouse Master.
Athlone,	29 Sept., 1863,	3 Feb., 1864,	2 0 7	In course of recovery,	Salary overdrawn by Union Clerk. The Clerk of the Union debited therewith.
Bandon,	,,	29 Oct., 1863,	0 3 6	Paid,	Overcharge in consumption of tea. Charged to Workhouse Master.
Bantry,	25 March, 1863,	6 August, 1863,	2 12 8	Paid,	Overpaid to contractor. Charged to Workhouse Master.
Boyle,	,,	8 June, 1863,	2 12 4	Paid,	Overpaid to printing contractor. Charged to him in his current account.
Callan,	29 Sept., 1863,	22 Jan., 1864,	0 10 0	Paid,	Overcharge in postage. Charged to Clerk of the Union.
Carlow,	25 March, 1863,	19 August, 1863,	0 18 0	Paid,	Overcharge in vaccination. Charged to Clerk of Union.
Carrick-on-Suir,	,,	16 July, 1863,	0 17 0	Paid,	Illegally charged for leeches. Charged to Clerk of Union.
Clifden,	,,	24 Sept., 1863,	4 10 0	Paid,	Salary of Porter of Rinvyle Dispensary not vouched for by receipt. Clerk of Union debited therewith.
Coleraine,	29 Sept., 1863,	4 Feb., 1864,	1 0 0	Paid,	Remuneration to a pauper for services as nurse. Charged to Guardians who signed the cheque.
Cootehill,	25 March, 1863,	21 July, 1863,	6 15 10	Paid,	Deficiency in provisions. Charged to Workhouse Master.
Delvin,	29 Sept., 1863,	26 Jan., 1864,	4 17 6	Not enforced,	Cash unaccounted for by Relieving Officer at audit. Amount debited to Relieving Officer; but disallowance not enforced, the money having been subsequently accounted for.

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Dingle, . . .	25 March, 1863,	22 July, 1863, .	1 0 0	Paid, ...	Overcharge for vaccination. Charged to Clerk of Union.
Dungarvan, . .	,,	15 May, 1863, .	0 12 6	Paid, ...	Overcharge in consumption of groceries. Charged to Workhouse Master.
Granard, . .	29 Sept., 1863,	3 Nov., 1863, .	22 18 0	Paid, ...	Out-door relief illegally given. Charged to Guardians who authorized it.
Kanturk, . .	25 March, 1863,	29 May, 1863, .	2 0 0	Paid, ...	Advanced to a carrier to purchase a horse. Charged to Clerk of Union.
Killala, . . .	29 Sept., 1863,	30 Nov., 1863, .	0 12 0	In course of recovery, .	Out-door relief illegally given. Charged to Chairman and Board of Guardians.
Killarney, . .	25 March, 1863,	10 August, 1863,	0 7 2	Paid, ...	Overpaid to contractor. Charged to Clerk of Union.
,, . . .	29 Sept., 1863,	5 Feb., 1864, .	1 0 0	Paid, ...	Ditto. Ditto.
Kilmacthomas, .	,,	16 Jan., 1864, .	13 13 9	Paid, ...	Ditto. Ditto.
Kinsale, . . .	,,	12 Oct., 1863, .	0 4 5	Paid, ...	Overcharge in petty cash account. Charged to Clerk of Union.
Lisburn, . . .	25 March, 1863,	22 May, 1863, .	3 16 3	Paid, ...	Overcharge in In-maintenance account. Charged to Workhouse Master.
Longford, . .	,,	15 June, 1863, .	5 12 6	Charged to Treasurer in his current account,	Interest charged by Union Treasurer. Treasurer debited therewith.
Manorhamilton, .	,,	26 May, 1863, .	26 17 4	Not enforced, . . .	Deficiency in stock of coals. Charged to Workhouse Master; but disallowance not enforced in consequence of subsequent correspondence on the subject.
Millstreet, . .	,,	28 May, 1863, .	2 10 0	Paid, ...	Overcharge by the late Clerk as Returning Officer.
Mitchelstown, .	,,	22 May, 1863, .	0 1 0	Paid, ...	Overcharge for vaccination. Charged to Clerk of Union.
Newcastle, . .	,,	10 June, 1863, .	0 4 7	Paid, ...	Illegally charged for a coffin. Charged to Clerk of Union.
Strabane, . .	,,	12 May, 1863, .	2 18 2	Not enforced, . .	Expended on emigration in excess of the amount sanctioned by the Poor Law Commissioners.
Thomastown, . .	,,	29 June, 1863, .	3 10 5	Paid, ...	Deficiency in stock. Charged to Workhouse Master.
Thurles, . . .	29 Sept., 1863,	17 Feb., 1864, .	1 8 1	Paid, ...	Overcharge in petty cash account. Charged to Clerk of Union.
,, . . .	,,	,,	32 16 7	Debited to Treasurer, .	Forged cheque. Charged by him to Guardians.
Tobercurry, . .	25 March, 1863,	5 June, 1863, .	0 19 6	Paid, ...	Out-door relief illegally given. Charged to Relieving Officer.
Waterford, . .	29 Sept., 1863,	18 June, 1864, .	5 6 10	Paid, ...	Deficiency in bread account. Charged to Workhouse Assistant Master.
,, . . .	,,	,,	0 6 4	Paid, ...	Overpaid to contractor. Charged to Clerk of Union.

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No. 10.—CLASSIFICATION of PERSONS RELIEVED in the UNION WORKHOUSES in IRELAND, during the Year ended 29th September, 1863.

	Classes of Persons Relieved in the Workhouses.			No. in the Half-year ended 25th March, 1863.	No. in the Half-year ended 29th September, 1863.
	ABLE-BODIED AND THEIR CHILDREN.				
1	Adults,	Married Couples,	Males,	2,532	2,482
2			Females,	2,532	2,482
3		Other Males,		31,991	34,284
4		Other Females,		39,420	42,829
5	Children under 15, of Able-bodied Inmates,		Illegitimate,	12,266	14,179
6			Other Children,	21,115	24,039
	NOT ABLE-BODIED.				
7	Adults,	Married Couples,	Males,	766	801
8			Females,	766	801
9		Other Males,		20,637	24,204
10		Other Females,		18,435	20,381
11	Children under 15,	Of Parents not able-bodied being Inmates	Illegitimate,	426	471
12			Other Children,	2,352	2,735
13		Orphans, or other Children, relieved without Parents,		11,428	13,692
	LUNATICS, INSANE PERSONS, AND IDIOTS.				
14	Adult Males,			1,132	1,160
15	Adult Females,			1,364	1,462
16	Children under 15,			65	98
17	Total number of Males,			57,058	62,931
18	Do. Females,			62,517	67,955
19	Do. Children under 15,			47,652	55,214
20	Grand Total,			167,227	186,100

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No. 11.—Classification of Persons relieved out of the Workhouses in Unions in Ireland, during the Year ended 29th September, 1863, including Persons relieved in Blind and Deaf and Dumb Asylums.

	Classes of Persons Relieved.		Number in the Half-year ended 25th March, 1863.	Number in the Half-year ended 29th Sept., 1863.
1	Blind Persons maintained in Asylums,	Males,	81	87
2		Females,	151	160
3	Deaf and Dumb Persons maintained in Asylums,	Males,	90	97
4		Females,	60	67
	Total,		382	411
	RELIEVED UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, SEC. 1.			
5	Adult Males permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,		1,105	1,203
6	Families of Adult Males under heading 5,	Wives,	563	598
7		Children under 15,	350	333
8	Adult Males relieved in cases of their own sickness or accident,		2,158	2,446
9	Families of Adult Males under heading 8,	Wives,	1,482	1,594
10		Children under 15,	3,352	3,864
11	Adult Women permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,		2,395	2,530
12	Children under 15, of Women under heading 11,	Legitimate,	134	161
13		Illegitimate,	24	6
14	Adult Women relieved in cases of sickness or accident,		1,596	2,000
15	Children under 15, of Women under heading 14,	Legitimate,	977	1,437
16		Illegitimate,	52	58
17	Able-bodied Widows, having two or more legitimate children dependent on them,		566	685
18	Children under 15, dependent on Widows under heading 17,		1,688	2,158
19	Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots,	Males,	11	19
20		Females,	9	18
21		Children under 15,	2	10
	Total,		16,464	19,120
	PERSONS RELIEVED UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, NOT RELIEVABLE UNDER SEC. 1.			
22	Adult Males, married or single, relieved on account of want of work,		–	42
23	Families of Adult Males under heading 22,	Wives,	–	41
24		Children under 15,	–	137
25	Able-bodied Women,	Unmarried,	–	1
26		Widows not relievable under sec. 1,	–	2
27	Children of Women under headings 25 and 26,	Legitimate,	–	1
28		Illegitimate,	–	–
	Families relieved without Husband or Father.			
29	Husband or Father in Gaol,	Wives,	–	3
30		Children under 15,	–	9
31	Husband or Father on service in Army or Navy,	Wives,	–	–
32		Children under 15,	–	–
33	Deserted by Husband or Father,	Wives,	–	11
34		Children under 15,	–	35
35	Orphans and children relieved without either parent,		–	7
36	Number of persons relieved provisionally, and not included in the foregoing columns,		325	193
	Total,		325	482
37	Orphans or Deserted Children out at Nurse under sec. 9 of 25 and 26 Vic., c. 83,		95	169
	Grand Total,		17,266	20,182

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No. 12.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in the Union Workhouses in Ireland, arranged in Provinces, from the 28th February, 1863, to the 20th February, 1864, both inclusive; distinguishing the several Classes, the number of Sick and Deaths in each Week, and the Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000; also the Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head.

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Healthy Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the week.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1863.													s. d.		
28th February,	Ulster,	965	2,556	3,521	4,862	399	3,376	3,775	1,296	1,515	2,811	14,969	1 11½	92	6·1
	Munster,	1,698	4,316	6,014	6,166	759	6,951	7,710	1,859	2,850	4,709	24,599	2 1	106	4·3
	Leinster,	971	2,604	3,575	4,551	529	6,703	7,232	1,462	2,181	3,643	19,001	2 4½	99	5·2
	Connaught,	310	1,086	1,396	2,380	154	2,144	2,298	527	677	1,204	7,278	2 1	29	4·0
	Total,	3,944	10,562	14,506	17,959	1,841	19,174	21,015	5,144	7,223	12,367	65,847	2 1½	326	5·0
7th March,	Ulster,	938	2,515	3,453	4,866	415	3,413	3,828	1,300	1,514	2,814	14,961	1 11½	112	7·5
	Munster,	1,726	4,384	6,110	6,162	744	7,114	7,858	1,878	2,886	4,764	24,894	2 1¼	95	3·8
	Leinster,	934	2,672	3,606	4,564	533	6,625	7,158	1,489	2,142	3,631	18,959	2 4¾	97	5·1
	Connaught,	313	1,116	1,429	2,400	146	2,174	2,320	536	669	1,205	7,354	2 1	27	3·7
	Total,	3,911	10,687	14,598	17,992	1,838	19,326	21,164	5,203	7,211	12,414	66,168	2 1½	331	5·0
14th March,	Ulster,	950	2,501	3,451	4,767	399	3,485	3,884	1,289	1,501	2,790	14,892	1 11½	107	7·2
	Munster,	1,803	4,393	6,196	6,244	725	7,138	7,863	1,898	2,897	4,795	25,098	2 1¾	123	4·9
	Leinster,	945	2,687	3,632	4,569	522	6,647	7,169	1,476	2,141	3,617	18,987	2 6	138	7·3
	Connaught,	305	1,106	1,411	2,409	172	2,194	2,366	528	684	1,212	7,398	2 1½	37	5·0
	Total,	4,003	10,687	14,690	17,989	1,818	19,464	21,282	5,191	7,223	12,414	66,375	2 2	405	6·1

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21st March,	Ulster,	941	2,461	3,402	4,776	404	3,429	3,833	1,282	1,491	2,773	14,784	1 11¾	100	6·8
	Munster,	1,767	4,288	6,055	6,267	720	7,168	7,888	1,860	2,854	4,714	24,924	2 1¼	145	5·8
	Leinster,	972	2,655	3,627	4,492	478	6,583	7,061	1,457	2,109	3,566	18,746	2 5	108	5·8
	Connaught,	307	1,091	1,398	2,399	161	2,239	2,400	520	685	1,205	7,402	2 1	36	4·9
	Total,	3,987	10,495	14,482	17,934	1,763	19,419	21,182	5,119	7,139	12,258	65,856	2 1¾	389	5·9
28th March,	Ulster,	873	2,335	3,208	4,608	436	3,428	3,864	1,223	1,488	2,711	14,391	1 11½	92	6·4
	Munster,	1,709	4,233	5,942	6,152	716	6,999	7,715	1,831	2,844	4,675	24,484	2 1	110	4·5
	Leinster,	936	2,582	3,518	4,411	456	6,506	6,962	1,425	2,121	3,546	18,437	2 4¾	93	5·0
	Connaught,	296	1,054	1,350	2,368	158	2,234	2,392	520	678	1,198	7,308	2 1¼	39	5·3
	Total,	3,814	10,204	14,018	17,539	1,766	19,167	20,933	4,999	7,131	12,130	64,620	2 1½	334	5·2
4th April,	Ulster,	862	2,231	3,093	4,484	428	3,265	3,693	1,172	1,410	2,582	13,852	1 11¼	89	6·4
	Munster,	1,653	4,138	5,791	6,085	743	6,798	7,541	1,803	2,782	4,585	24,002	2 0½	114	4·7
	Leinster,	907	2,561	3,468	4,378	445	6,385	6,830	1,399	2,077	3,476	18,152	2 4¾	70	3·9
	Connaught,	280	1,025	1,305	2,347	201	2,174	2,375	516	667	1,183	7,210	2 0¾	33	4·6
	Total,	3,702	9,955	13,657	17,294	1,817	18,622	20,439	4,890	6,936	11,826	63,216	2 1¼	306	4·8
11th April,	Ulster,	829	2,221	3,050	4,477	432	3,250	3,682	1,214	1,418	2,632	13,841	1 11½	96	6·9
	Munster,	1,636	4,064	5,700	6,166	738	6,894	7,632	1,819	2,789	4,608	24,106	2 2¾	95	3·9
	Leinster,	882	2,443	3,325	4,415	438	6,351	6,789	1,402	2,084	3,486	18,015	2 6	101	5·6
	Connaught,	296	1,046	1,342	2,400	216	2,171	2,387	518	680	1,198	7,327	2 1¾	38	5·2
	Total,	3,643	9,774	13,417	17,458	1,824	18,666	20,490	4,953	6,971	11,924	63,289	2 2½	330	5·2
18th April,	Ulster,	794	2,163	2,957	4,384	474	3,201	3,675	1,207	1,407	2,614	13,630	1 11½	86	6·3
	Munster,	1,598	4,065	5,663	6,125	759	6,885	7,644	1,839	2,741	4,580	24,012	2 0½	113	4·7
	Leinster,	852	2,404	3,256	4,381	426	6,269	6,695	1,388	2,112	3,500	17,832	2 5	75	4·2
	Connaught,	316	1,054	1,370	2,451	228	2,147	2,375	545	688	1,233	7,429	2 0½	39	5·2
	Total,	3,560	9,686	13,246	17,341	1,887	18,502	20,389	4,979	6,948	11,927	62,903	2 1¼	313	5·0

[*continued.*

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No. 12.—SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Healthy Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the week.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1863.													s. d.		
25th April,	Ulster,	783	2,192	2,975	4,388	557	3,173	3,730	1,267	1,412	2,679	13,772	1 11¼	74	5·4
	Munster,	1,558	4,054	5,612	6,119	796	6,835	7,631	1,866	2,689	4,555	23,917	2 0½	118	4·9
	Leinster,	879	2,312	3,191	4,312	421	6,256	6,677	1,393	2,115	3,508	17,688	2 4½	99	5·6
	Connaught,	306	1,078	1,384	2,516	233	2,142	2,375	573	697	1,270	7,545	2 0½	39	5·2
	Total,	3,526	9,636	13,162	17,335	2,007	18,406	20,413	5,099	6,913	12,012	62,922	2 1	330	5·2
2nd May,	Ulster,	785	2,166	2,951	4,382	535	3,205	3,740	1,247	1,421	2,668	13,741	1 11¼	82	6·0
	Munster,	1,541	3,929	5,470	6,097	802	6,695	7,497	1,825	2,752	4,577	23,641	2 0	102	4·3
	Leinster,	857	2,307	3,164	4,368	426	6,136	6,562	1,370	2,108	3,478	17,572	2 4¼	87	5·0
	Connaught,	296	1,104	1.400	2,576	242	2,098	2,340	590	702	1,292	7,608	2 0¼	28	3·7
	Total,	3,479	9,506	12,985	17,423	2,005	18,134	20,139	5,032	6,983	12,015	62,562	2 1	299	4·8
9th May,	Ulster,	786	2,105	2,891	4,219	540	3,157	3,697	1,263	1,416	2,679	13,486	1 11	89	6·6
	Munster,	1,473	3,817	5,290	5,967	818	6,588	7,406	1,810	2,748	4,558	23,221	1 11½	101	4·3
	Leinster,	847	2,261	3,108	4,387	462	6,036	6,498	1,386	2,101	3,487	17,480	2 4	89	5·1
	Connaught,	282	1,083	1,365	2,570	245	2,119	2,364	596	704	1,300	7,599	2 0¼	22	2·9
	Total,	3,388	9,266	12,654	17,143	2,065	17,900	19,965	5,055	6,969	12,024	61,786	2 0¾	301	4·9

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16th May,	Ulster,	825	2,086	2,911	4,173	533	3,171	3,704	1,238	1,470	2,708	13,496	1 11	103	7·6
	Munster,	1,492	3,790	5,282	5,980	857	6,593	7,450	1,817	2,737	4,554	23,266	1 11¼	86	3·7
	Leinster,	845	2,268	3,113	4,442	495	6,027	6,522	1,378	2,117	3,495	17,572	2 3¾	59	3·4
	Connaught,	297	1,126	1,423	2,668	246	2,141	2,387	613	713	1,326	7,804	2 0¼	20	2·6
	Total,	3,459	9,270	12,729	17,263	2,131	17,932	20,063	5,046	7,037	12,083	62,138	2 0½	268	4·3
23rd May,	Ulster,	832	2,100	2,932	4,252	563	3,165	3,728	1,239	1,450	2,689	13,601	1 11	84	6·2
	Munster,	1,451	3,701	5,152	6,031	795	6,576	7,371	1,795	2,750	4,545	23,099	1 11	87	3·8
	Leinster,	839	2,190	3,029	4,435	490	6,102	6,592	1,361	2,096	3,457	17,513	2 3¾	82	4·7
	Connaught,	298	1,125	1,423	2,686	242	2,145	2,387	594	720	1,314	7,810	1 11¾	39	5·0
	Total,	3,420	9,116	12,536	17,404	2,090	17,988	20,078	4,989	7,016	12,005	62,023	2 0¼	292	4·7
30th May,	Ulster,	801	2,065	2,866	4,277	540	3,091	3,631	1,254	1,465	2,719	13,493	1 10¾	93	6·9
	Munster,	1,340	3,605	4,945	5,974	774	6,569	7,343	1,771	2,718	4,489	22,751	1 11	84	3·7
	Leinster,	775	2,135	2,910	4,431	514	6,000	6,514	1,394	2,116	3,510	17,365	2 3½	74	4·3
	Connaught,	316	1,122	1,438	2,763	237	2,146	2,383	597	718	1,315	7,899	1 11½	30	3·8
	Total,	3,232	8,927	12,159	17,445	2,065	17,806	19,871	5,016	7,017	12,033	61,508	2 0¼	281	4·6
6th June,	Ulster,	809	2,040	2,849	4,348	587	3,034	3,621	1,218	1,443	2,661	13,479	1 10¾	83	6·2
	Munster,	1,359	3,599	4,958	5,945	767	6,504	7,271	1,772	2,699	4,471	22,645	1 10¾	104	4·6
	Leinster,	780	2,134	2,914	4,468	507	5,808	6,315	1,399	2,128	3,527	17,224	2 3½	76	4·4
	Connaught,	315	1,089	1,404	2,752	228	2,169	2,397	611	717	1,328	7,881	1 11½	25	3·2
	Total,	3,263	8,862	12,125	17,513	2,089	17,515	19,604	5,000	6,987	11,987	61,229	2 0	288	4·7
13th June,	Ulster,	782	2,002	2,784	4,274	551	3,069	3,620	1,232	1,473	2,705	13,383	1 10½	72	5·4
	Munster,	1,309	3,493	4,802	5,887	765	6,410	7,175	1,779	2,739	4,518	22,382	1 10¾	82	3·4
	Leinster,	755	2,141	2,896	4,454	536	5,846	6,382	1,376	2,095	3,471	17,203	2 3¼	71	4·1
	Connaught,	307	1,110	1,417	2,782	237	2,139	2,376	575	723	1,298	7,873	1 11½	36	4·6
	Total,	3,153	8,746	11,899	17,397	2,089	17,464	19,553	4,962	7,030	11,992	60,841	2 0	261	4·3

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No. 12.—SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Healthy Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the week.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1863.													s. d.		
20th June,	Ulster,	798	1,973	2,771	4,306	555	3,025	3,580	1,247	1,485	2,732	13,389	1 10½	90	6·7
	Munster,	1,295	3,417	4,712	5,844	729	6,309	7,038	1,799	2,690	4,489	22,083	1 10¾	77	3·5
	Leinster,	733	2,057	2,790	4,436	498	5,820	6,318	1,371	2,092	3,463	17,007	2 3½	79	4·6
	Connaught,	316	1,110	1,426	2,773	246	2,088	2,334	582	717	1,299	7,832	1 11½	25	3·2
	Total,	3	8,557	11,699	17,359	2,028	17,242	19,270	4,999	6,984	11,983	60,311	2 0	271	4·5
27th June,	Ulster,	799	1,978	2,777	4,328	538	2,969	3,507	1,237	1,474	2,711	13,323	1 10½	69	5·2
	Munster,	1,291	3,398	4,689	5,883	715	6,208	6,923	1,827	2,630	4,457	21,952	1 10¼	92	4·2
	Leinster,	714	2,048	2,762	4,456	557	5,732	6,289	1,345	2,098	3,443	16,950	2 3½	66	3·9
	Connaught,	325	1,144	1,469	2,821	244	2,030	2,274	594	723	1,317	7,881	1 11½	23	2·9
	Total,	3,129	8,568	11,697	17,488	2,054	16,939	18,993	5,003	6,925	11,928	60,106	2 0	250	4·2
4th July,	Ulster,	763	1,930	2,693	4,241	527	2,867	3,394	1,263	1,487	2,750	13,078	1 10½	65	5·0
	Munster,	1,245	3,316	4,561	5,831	711	6,119	6,830	1,804	2,626	4,430	21,652	1 10¾	90	4·2
	Leinster,	713	1,969	2,682	4,434	492	5,697	6,189	1,328	2,088	3,416	16,721	2 3¼	67	4·0
	Connaught,	289	1,068	1,357	2,766	240	2,067	2,307	607	702	1,309	7,739	1 11¼	29	3·7
	Total,	3,010	8,283	11,293	17,272	1,970	16,750	18,720	5,002	6,903	11,905	59,190	2 0	251	4·2

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11th July,	Ulster,	754	1,883	2,637	4,134	519	2,813	3,332	1,249	1,458	2,707	12,810	1 10½	65	5·1
	Munster,	1,205	3,162	4,367	5,699	689	6,043	6,732	1,787	2,560	4,347	21.145	1 11	86	4·1
	Leinster,	650	1,897	2,547	4,348	490	5,668	6,158	1,300	2,050	3,350	16,403	2 3½	42	2·6
	Connaught,	292	1,027	1,319	2,727	224	2,033	2,257	585	702	1,287	7,590	1 11¼	28	3·7
	Total,	2,901	7,969	10,870	16,908	1,922	16,557	18,479	4,921	6,770	11,691	57,948	2 0	221	3·8
18th July,	Ulster,	759	1,818	2,577	4,113	531	2,693	3,224	1,265	1,476	2,741	12,655	1 10½	64	5·1
	Munster,	1,135	3,093	4,228	5,677	631	5,829	6,460	1,775	2,548	4,323	20,688	1 11	75	3·6
	Leinster,	616	1,831	2,447	4,261	487	5.588	6,075	1,306	2,006	3,312	16,095	2 3¼	68	4·2
	Connaught,	289	978	1,267	2,668	203	1,997	2,200	571	696	1,267	7,402	1 11¼	26	3·5
	Total,	2,799	7,720	10,519	16,719	1,852	16,107	17,959	4,917	6,726	11,643	56,840	2 0	233	4·1
25th July,	Ulster,	733	1,816	2,549	4,075	469	2,605	3,074	1,254	1,460	2,714	12,412	1 10½	50	4·0
	Munster,	1,089	2,960	4,049	5,542	594	5,792	6,386	1,755	2,494	4,249	20,226	1 10¾	70	3·5
	Leinster,	641	1,806	2,447	4,179	469	5,482	5,951	1,278	1,934	3,212	15,789	2 3½	74	4·7
	Connaught,	272	947	1,219	2,644	195	1,972	2,167	549	681	1,230	7,260	1 11¼	20	2·8
	Total,	2,735	7,529	10,264	16,440	1,727	15,851	17,578	4,836	6,569	11,405	55,687	2 0	214	3·8
1st August,	Ulster,	717	1,738	2,455	3,978	465	2,539	3,004	1,199	1,422	2,621	12,058	1 10½	46	3·8
	Munster,	1,032	2,816	3,848	5,406	574	5,612	6,186	1,648	2,427	4,075	19,515	1 11	61	3·1
	Leinster,	622	1,734	2,356	4,084	444	5,432	5,876	1,239	1,870	3.109	15,425	2 3½	53	3·4
	Connaught,	256	901	1,157	2,543	183	1,965	2,148	521	668	1,189	7,037	1 11¼	18	2·6
	Total,	2,627	7,189	9,816	16,011	1,666	15,548	17,214	4,607	6,387	10,994	54,035	2 0	178	3·3
8th August,	Ulster,	685	1,663	2,348	3,900	486	2,410	2,896	1,152	1.388	2.540	11,684	1 10½	50	4·3
	Munster,	995	2,721	3,716	5,327	557	5,586	6.143	1,605	2,397	4,002	19,188	1 11	82	4·3
	Leinster,	579	1,673	2,252	4,006	399	5,356	5,755	1,203	1,894	3,097	15,110	2 3½	54	3·6
	Connaught,	240	879	1,119	2,495	180	1,921	2,101	507	647	1,154	6,869	1 11¼	17	2·5
	Total,	2,499	6,936	9,435	15,728	1,622	15,273	16,895	4,467	6,326	10,793	52,851	2 0	203	3·8

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No. 12.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Healthy Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the week.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1863.													s. d.		
15th August,	Ulster,	663	1,565	2,228	3,702	432	2,418	2,850	1,150	1,343	2,493	11,273	1 10¾	54	4·8
	Munster,	903	2,554	3,457	5,078	510	5,406	5,916	1,551	2,322	3,873	18,324	1 11½	69	3·8
	Leinster,	576	1,590	2,166	3,909	373	5,281	5,654	1,139	1,844	2,983	14,712	2 3½	47	3·2
	Connaught,	232	851	1,083	2,428	164	1,905	2,069	498	603	1,101	6,681	1 11¼	27	4·0
	Total,	2,374	6,560	8,934	15,117	1,479	15,010	16,489	4,338	6,112	10,450	50,990	2 0¼	197	3·9
22nd August,	Ulster,	636	1,548	2,184	3,673	399	2,432	2,831	1,136	1,327	2,463	11,151	1 10¾	42	3·8
	Munster,	834	2,388	3,222	4,907	456	5,277	5,733	1,511	2,275	3,786	17,648	1 11½	59	3·3
	Leinster,	550	1,513	2,063	3,849	372	5,199	5,571	1,104	1,798	2,902	14,385	2 4	57	4·0
	Connaught,	221	818	1,039	2,339	161	1,860	2,021	460	613	1,073	6,472	1 11¼	19	2·9
	Total,	2,241	6,267	8,508	14,768	1,388	14,768	16,156	4,211	6,013	10,224	49,656	2 0¼	177	3·6
29th August,	Ulster,	611	1,493	2,104	3,572	397	2,385	2,782	1,134	1,329	2,463	10,921	1 11	42	3·8
	Munster,	768	2,325	3,093	4,750	473	5,222	5,695	1,488	2,264	3,752	17,290	1 11½	59	3·4
	Leinster,	538	1,479	2,017	3,835	344	5,211	5,555	1,092	1,792	2,884	14,291	2 3¾	67	4·7
	Connaught,	217	782	999	2,265	142	1,823	1,965	448	595	1,043	6,272	1 11¼	22	3·5
	Total,	2,134	6,079	8,213	14,422	1,356	14,641	15,997	4,162	5,980	10,142	48,774	2 0¼	190	3·9

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5th September,	Ulster,	580	1,431	2,011	3,499	411	2,370	2,781	1,106	1,297	2,403	10;694	1 11	62	5·8
	Munster,	773	2,274	3,047	4,690	423	5,281	5,704	1,493	2,278	3,771	17,212	1 11¾	69	4·0
	Leinster,	602	1,504	2,106	3,861	338	5,080	5,418	1,083	1,745	2,828	14,213	2 4	66	4·6
	Connaught,	190	775	965	2,235	132	1,819	1,951	434	571	1,005	6,156	1 11½	12	1·9
	Total,	2,145	5,984	8,129	14,285	1,304	14,550	15,854	4,116	5,891	10,007	48,275	2 0½	209	4·3
12th September,	Ulster,	584	1,435	2,019	3,517	411	2,386	2,797	1,087	1,303	2,390	10,723	1 11¼	38	3·5
	Munster,	786	2,330	3,116	4,757	399	5,246	5,645	1,551	2,288	3,839	17,357	1 11¾	52	3·0
	Leinster,	660	1,522	2,182	3,900	319	5,050	5,369	1,072	1,778	2,850	14,301	2 4¼	50	3·5
	Connaught,	197	773	970	2,194	147	1,767	1,914	446	580	1,026	6,104	1 11¼	17	2·8
	Total,	2,227	6,060	8,287	14,368	1,276	14,449	15,725	4,156	5,949	10,105	48,485	2 0½	157	3·2
19th September,	Ulster,	581	1,424	2,005	3,519	401	2,358	2,759	1,061	1,313	2,374	10,657	1 11¼	53	5·0
	Munster,	797	2,340	3,137	4,737	433	5,316	5,749	1,516	2,316	3,832	17,455	1 11¾	54	3·1
	Leinster,	647	1,553	2,200	3,886	318	5,083	5,401	1,086	1,805	2,891	14,378	2 4¼	52	3·6
	Connaught,	182	752	934	2,157	158	1,762	1,920	448	563	1,011	6,022	1 11½	15	2·5
	Total,	2,207	6,069	8,276	14,299	1,310	14,519	15,829	4,111	5,997	10,108	48,512	2 0¾	174	3·6
26th September,	Ulster,	593	1,448	2,041	3,560	401	2,403	2,804	1,074	1,302	2,376	10,781	1 11½	51	4·7
	Munster,	813	2,411	3,224	4,826	414	5,336	5,750	1,498	2,333	3,831	17,631	1 11¾	68	3·9
	Leinster,	686	1,534	2,220	3,884	344	5,145	5,489	1,076	1,829	2,905	14,498	2 4¼	44	3·0
	Connaught,	193	770	963	2,188	147	1,727	1,874	427	585	1,012	6,037	1 11¼	14	2·3
	Total,	2,285	6,163	8,448	14,458	1,306	14,611	15,917	4,075	6,049	10,124	48,947	2 0¾	177	3·6
3rd October,	Ulster,	598	1,492	2,090	3,570	368	2,436	2,804	1,097	1,307	2,404	10,868	1 10¾	40	3·7
	Munster,	831	2,474	3,305	4,903	415	5,319	5,734	1,483	2,359	3,842	17,784	1 11¾	62	3·5
	Leinster,	698	1,666	2,364	3,882	329	5,215	5,544	1,092	1,802	2,894	14,684	2 4	55	3·7
	Connaught,	196	784	980	2,182	141	1,727	1,868	440	579	1,019	6,049	1 11½	10	1·7
	Total,	2,323	6,416	8,739	14,537	1,253	14,697	15,950	4,112	6,047	10,159	49,385	2 0½	167	3·4

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No. 12.—SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Healthy Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the week.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1863.													s. d.		
10th October,	Ulster,	603	1,534	2,137	3,626	353	2,502	2,855	1,103	1,314	2,417	11,035	1 11¼	39	3·5
	Munster,	879	2,542	3,421	5,016	405	5,370	5,775	1,539	2,391	3,930	18,142	1 11¼	64	3·5
	Leinster,	721	1,697	2,418	3,964	360	5,238	5,598	1,136	1,853	2,989	14,969	2 4	47	3·1
	Connaught,	193	786	979	2,154	137	1,767	1,904	436	607	1,043	6,080	1 11¼	20	3·3
	Total,	2,396	6,559	8,955	14,760	1,255	14,877	16,132	4,214	6,165	10,379	50,226	2 0½	170	3·4
17th October,	Ulster,	597	1,560	2,157	3,677	357	2,512	2,869	1,128	1,309	2,437	11,140	1 11¼	48	4·3
	Munster,	941	2,602	3,543	5,087	415	5,493	5,908	1,563	2,401	3,964	18,502	1 11½	59	3·2
	Leinster,	743	1,729	2,472	3,972	361	5,347	5,708	1,169	1,857	3,026	15,178	2 3¾	57	3·8
	Connaught,	192	776	968	2,155	129	1,779	1,908	434	614	1,048	6,079	1 11	15	2·5
	Total,	2,473	6,667	9,140	14,891	1,262	15,131	16,393	4,294	6,181	10,475	50,899	2 0½	179	3·5
24th October,	Ulster,	596	1,552	2,148	3,679	374	2,509	2,883	1,144	1,290	2,434	11,144	1 11	48	4·3
	Munster,	943	2,664	3,607	5,144	444	5,544	5,988	1,582	2,434	4,016	18,755	1 11½	62	3·3
	Leinster,	753	1,725	2,478	4,009	362	5,319	5,681	1,176	1,892	3,068	15,236	2 3¾	55	3·6
	Connaught,	199	797	996	2,158	126	1,769	1,895	440	607	1,047	6,096	1 11½	20	3·3
	Total,	2,491	6,738	9,229	14,990	1,306	15,141	16,447	4,342	6,223	10,565	51,231	2 0½	185	3·6

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31st October,	Ulster,	606	1,563	2,169	3,682	353	2,536	2,889	1,130	1,278	2,408	11,148	1 11¼	60	5·4
	Munster,	971	2,739	3,710	5,205	421	5,578	5,999	1,596	2,440	4,036	18,950	1 11¾	53	2·8
	Leinster,	741	1,804	2,545	4,026	358	5,367	5,725	1,176	1,881	3,057	15,353	2 3¾	60	3·9
	Connaught,	216	807	1,023	2,175	127	1,760	1,887	437	627	1,064	6,149	1 11	17	2·8
	Total,	2,534	6,913	9,447	15,088	1,259	15,241	16,500	4,339	6,226	10,565	51,600	2 0½	190	3·7
7th November,	Ulster,	634	1,664	2,298	3,762	391	2,590	2,981	1,134	1,336	2,470	11,511	1 11	52	4·5
	Munster,	1,110	2,909	4,019	5,394	421	5,694	6,115	1,653	2,494	4,147	19,675	1 11¾	82	4·2
	Leinster,	832	1,899	2,731	4,141	376	5,460	5,836	1,217	1,936	3,153	15,861	2 3¾	54	3·4
	Connaught,	220	824	1,044	2,205	100	1,821	1,921	434	635	1,069	6,239	1 11	15	2·4
	Total,	2,796	7,296	10,092	15,502	1,288	15,565	16,853	4,438	6,401	10,839	53,286	2 0¼	203	3·8
14th November,	Ulster,	642	1,770	2,412	3,868	396	2,680	3,076	1,170	1,358	2,528	11,884	1 10¾	55	4·6
	Munster,	1,132	2,988	4,120	5,416	460	5,747	6,207	1,679	2,548	4,227	19,970	2 0	73	3·7
	Leinster,	807	1,982	2,789	4,164	391	5,555	5,946	1,226	1,968	3,194	16,093	2 3¾	57	3·5
	Connaught,	225	865	1,090	2,224	98	1,827	1,925	453	628	1,081	6,320	1 11	20	3·2
	Total,	2,806	7,605	10,411	15,672	1,345	15,809	17,154	4,528	6,502	11,030	54,267	2 0¼	205	3·8
21st November,	Ulster,	662	1,858	2,520	3,909	406	2,738	3,144	1,168	1,379	2,547	12,120	1 10½	53	4·4
	Munster,	1,161	3,053	4,214	5,537	499	5,840	6,339	1,698	2,588	4,286	20,376	2 0¼	62	3·0
	Leinster,	818	2,046	2,864	4,201	389	5,606	5,995	1,260	1,971	3,231	16,291	2 3½	59	3·6
	Connaught,	229	878	1,107	2,238	94	1,880	1,974	459	643	1,102	6,421	1 11	24	3·7
	Total,	2,870	7,835	10,705	15,885	1,388	16,064	17,452	4,585	6,581	11,166	55,208	2 0¼	198	3·6
28th November,	Ulster,	698	1,874	2,572	3,969	418	2,733	3,151	1,211	1,429	2,640	12,332	1 10½	49	4·0
	Munster,	1,220	3,157	4,377	5,695	529	5,917	6,446	1,706	2,641	4,347	20,865	2 0	61	2·9
	Leinster,	847	2,073	2,920	4,278	378	5,717	6,095	1,275	2,005	3,280	16,573	2 3¼	55	3·3
	Connaught,	240	893	1,133	2,267	98	1,925	2,023	475	660	1,135	6,558	1 10¾	11	1·7
	Total,	3,005	7,997	11,002	16,209	1,423	16,292	17,715	4,667	6,735	11,402	56,328	2 0	176	3·1

[*continued.*

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No. 12.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Healthy Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the week.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1863.													s. d.		
5th December,	Ulster,	741	2,014	2,755	4,134	413	2,788	3,201	1,232	1,435	2,667	12,757	1 10¼	54	4·2
	Munster,	1,290	3,288	4,578	5,814	522	5,990	6,512	1,749	2,675	4,424	21,328	1 11¾	80	3·8
	Leinster,	930	2,163	3,093	4,371	363	5,680	6,043	1,372	2,098	3,470	16,977	2 3¼	62	3·7
	Connaught,	274	913	1,187	2,354	90	1,893	1,983	477	663	1,140	6,664	1 11	19	2·9
	Total,	3,235	8,378	11,613	16,673	1,388	16,351	17,739	4,830	6,871	11,701	57,726	2 0	215	3·7
12th December,	Ulster,	773	2,079	2,852	4,265	432	2,831	3,263	1,262	1,468	2,730	13,110	1 10¼	55	4·2
	Munster,	1,313	3,307	4,620	5,837	564	6,021	6,585	1,759	2,690	4,449	21,491	1 11¾	75	3·5
	Leinster,	979	2,244	3,223	4,471	354	5,743	6,097	1,428	2,105	3,533	17,324	2 3	63	3·6
	Connaught,	282	956	1,238	2,400	105	1,888	1,993	504	685	1,189	6,820	1 11	20	2·9
	Total,	3,347	8,586	11,933	16,973	1,455	16,483	17,938	4,953	6,948	11,901	58,745	2 0	213	3·6
19th December,	Ulster,	796	2,079	2,875	4,269	418	2,846	3,264	1,268	1,475	2,743	13,151	1 10	62	4·7
	Munster,	1,316	3,303	4,619	5,722	606	6,024	6,630	1,764	2,694	4,458	21,429	1 11¾	68	3·2
	Leinster,	1,009	2,261	3,270	4,478	382	5,782	6,164	1,424	2,089	3,513	17,425	2 3	51	2·9
	Connaught,	302	951	1,253	2,398	100	1,874	1,974	498	673	1,171	6,796	1 10¾	32	4·7
	Total,	3,423	8,594	12,017	16,867	1,506	16,526	18,032	4,954	6,931	11,885	58,801	2 0	213	3·6

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26th December,	Ulster,	793	2,123	2,916	4,330	397	2,810	3,207	1,273	1,477	2,750	13,203	1 11¾	74	5·6
	Munster,	1,374	3,296	4,670	5,725	585	5,812	6,397	1,727	2,632	4,359	21,151	2 5¼	61	2·9
	Leinster,	1,032	2,287	3,319	4,455	376	5,681	6,057	1,414	2,078	3,492	17,323	2 7¼	60	3·5
	Connaught,	289	943	1,232	2,386	93	1,809	1,902	479	672	1,151	6,671	2 3	17	2·5
	Total,	3,488	8,649	12,137	16,896	1,451	16,112	17,563	4,893	6,859	11,752	58,348	2 3¾	212	3·6
1864.															
2nd January,	Ulster,	793	2,181	2,974	4,376	429	2,885	3,314	1,278	1,506	2,784	13,448	1 10½	60	4·5
	Munster,	1,441	3,401	4,842	5,819	623	6,114	6,737	1,742	2,671	4,413	21,811	2 0¼	89	4·1
	Leinster,	1,099	2,358	3,457	4,577	400	5,848	6,248	1,412	2,115	3,527	17,809	2 3½	87	4·9
	Connaught,	305	981	1,286	2,398	93	1,861	1,954	480	681	1,161	6,799	2 0	25	3·7
	Total,	3,638	8,921	12,559	17,170	1,545	16,708	18,253	4,912	6,973	11,885	59,867	2 0½	261	4·4
9th January,	Ulster,	838	2,282	3,120	4,433	481	3,020	3,501	1,311	1,494	2,805	13,859	1 10	68	4·9
	Munster,	1,478	3,561	5,039	5,909	632	6,421	7,053	1,806	2,736	4,542	22,543	1 11¾	91	4·0
	Leinster,	1,133	2,451	3,584	4,650	422	6,133	6,555	1,467	2,147	3,614	18,403	2 3	105	5·7
	Connaught,	335	1,036	1,371	2,433	98	1,961	2,059	498	678	1,176	7,039	1 11¼	21	3·0
	Total,	3,784	9,330	13,114	17,425	1,633	17,535	19,168	5,082	7,055	12,137	61,844	2 0	285	4·6
16th January,	Ulster,	824	2,257	3,081	4,391	488	3,091	3,579	1,309	1,486	2,795	13,846	1 10	85	6·1
	Munster,	1,523	3,690	5,213	6,078	629	6,605	7,234	1,860	2,785	4,645	23,170	1 11¾	116	5·0
	Leinster,	1,118	2,552	3,670	4,723	451	6,238	6,689	1,507	2,148	3,655	18,737	2 2¾	124	6·6
	Connaught,	345	1,037	1,382	2,471	98	2,027	2,125	512	691	1,203	7,181	1 11½	25	3·5
	Total,	3,810	9,536	13,346	17,663	1,666	17,961	19,627	5,188	7,110	12,298	62,934	2 0	350	5·6
23rd January,	Ulster,	813	2,262	3,075	4,425	511	3,126	3,637	1,315	1,526	2,841	13,978	1 10	82	5·9
	Munster,	1,529	3,751	5,280	6,184	624	6,715	7,339	1,903	2,861	4,764	23,567	1 11½	81	3·4
	Leinster,	1,163	2,437	3,600	4,708	490	6,348	6,838	1,506	2,183	3,689	18,835	2 2¾	93	4·9
	Connaught,	345	1,031	1,376	2,459	91	2,075	2,166	548	704	1,252	7,253	1 11½	26	3·6
	Total,	3,850	9,481	13,331	17,776	1,716	18,264	19,980	5,272	7,274	12,546	63,633	1 11¾	282	4·4

[*continued.*

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No. 12.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Healthy Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the Week.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1864.													s. d.		
30th January,	Ulster,	796	2,271	3,067	4,440	518	3,166	3,684	1,305	1,522	2,827	14,018	1 10	83	5·9
	Munster,	1,486	3,777	5,263	6,196	626	6,844	7,470	1,881	2,872	4,753	23,682	1 11½	102	4·3
	Leinster,	1,143	2,470	3,613	4,715	510	6,300	6,810	1,527	2,167	3,694	18,832	2 2¾	86	4·6
	Connaught,	345	1,030	1,375	2,453	87	2,086	2,173	547	721	1,268	7,269	1 11½	22	3·0
	Total,	3,770	9,548	13,318	17,804	1,741	18,396	20,137	5,260	7,282	12,542	63,801	2 0	293	4·6
6th February,	Ulster,	828	2,297	3,125	4,470	527	3,193	3,720	1,330	1,532	2,862	14,177	1 10	93	6·6
	Munster,	1,482	3,783	5,265	6,211	641	6,838	7,479	1,906	2,928	4,834	23,789	1 11½	85	3·6
	Leinster,	1,158	2,512	3,670	4,697	505	6,357	6,862	1,515	2,167	3,682	18,911	2 2¾	86	4·5
	Connaught,	333	1,045	1,378	2,471	89	2,151	2,240	531	723	1,254	7,343	1 11½	27	3·7
	Total,	3,801	9,637	13,438	17,849	1,762	18,539	20,301	5,282	7,350	12,632	64,220	2 0	291	4·5
13th February,	Ulster,	836	2,332	3,168	4,521	560	3,200	3,760	1,369	1,518	2,887	14,336	1 9¾	93	6·5
	Munster,	1,507	3,855	5,362	6,370	667	6,935	7,602	1,938	2,944	4,882	24,216	1 11½	121	5·0
	Leinster,	1,144	2,515	3,659	4,746	545	6,535	7,080	1,518	2,183	3,701	19,186	2 2¾	103	5·4
	Connaught,	332	1,047	1,379	2,505	96	2,122	2,218	540	704	1,244	7,346	1 11¼	29	3·9
	Total,	3,819	9,749	13,568	18,142	1,868	18,792	20,660	5,365	7,349	12,714	65,084	1 11¾	346	5·3
20th February,	Ulster,	840	2,351	3,191	4,577	580	3,279	3,859	1,367	1,536	2,903	14,530	1 9¾	76	5·2
	Munster,	1,477	3,819	5,296	6,309	672	7,012	7,684	1,964	2,929	4,893	24,182	1 11½	116	4·8
	Leinster,	1,151	2,535	3,686	4,717	565	6,527	7,092	1,521	2,140	3,661	19,156	2 2½	98	5·1
	Connaught,	322	1,032	1,354	2,495	102	2,153	2,255	541	719	1,260	7,364	1 11½	31	4·2
	Total,	3,790	9,737	13,527	18,098	1,919	18,971	20,890	5,393	7,324	12,717	65,232	1 11¾	321	4·9

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No. 13.—Summary of Returns of the Number of Cases of Ophthalmia or other Inflammatory Diseases of the Eye, which were treated in Workhouses in Ireland during the Years 1862 and 1863.

i. Table showing the Number of Cases which occurred during each Month of the Years 1862 and 1863.

Year.	January.*	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Sept.	October.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
1862, .	1,164	402	409	473	482	488	418	494	495	452	473	521	6,271
1863, .	1,579	602	638	623	620	653	706	791	548	544	586	569	8,459

ii. Table showing the Number of Adults and Children affected by Diseases of the Eye, the Number of Cases arising in the Workhouse, the Number labouring under the Disease when admitted, the average Duration of the Disease, and the Result of the Treatment adopted by the Medical Officers.

Year.	Persons above 15 years of age.		Children under 15 years of age.		Total.	Number of cases arising in Workhouse or Auxiliary Workhouse.	Number of persons labouring under the disease when admitted.	Duration of Disease.		RESULT.									Total.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				Average duration of disease.	Average period in Hospital.	Cured.	Sight partially injured.	One eye lost.	Both eyes lost.	Died from effects of disease.	Died from other causes while labouring under disease of the eye.	Discharged Workhouse while labouring under disease of the eye.	Under treatment on 31st December.	No record of result.	
								Days.	Days.										
1862, .	1,267	2,172	1,320	1,512	6,271	3,399†	2,812†	41	37	4,489	227	74	49	1	43	449	844	95	6,271
1863, .	1,340	2,345	2,199	2,575	8,459	5,514†	2,837†	36	33	6,567	280	109	74	–	19	452	871	149	8,459

* The month of January includes cases which occurred in the previous year, and were still under treatment in January.

† The registry of cases in a few of the Unions does not distinguish whether the disease first arose in or out of the Workhouse; the numbers in these columns do not therefore agree with the number in the previous column, showing the total number of cases

Note on Columns headed "Result."—From the nature of the headings under the general term "Result," some cases are necessarily twice entered; and consequently the numbers in the several Columns exceed the total entered in the final Column.

Also as regards Columns headed "One eye lost," "Both eyes lost."—These columns include many cases in which the sight was lost before admission into the Workhouse.

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No. 14.—Abstract of Returns from Clerks of Unions showing the Number of Persons admitted to the Workhouse during the year ended 29th September, 1863; distinguishing the Number admitted in Sickness; also the Number of Births and Deaths in the Workhouse during the Year.

Unions.	Area in Acres.	Population in 1861.	Number of Persons admitted during the Year.							
			Number admitted in Sickness.				Number admitted who were not sick.	Total number admitted during the year.	No. of Births in the Workhouse during the year.	No. of Deaths in the Workhouse during the year.
			Suffering under Fever or other dangerous contagious diseases.	Suffering under other diseases.	Suffering from accidental injury.	Total number admitted in sickness.				
Province of Ulster:										
Co. of Antrim.										
Antrim,	116,392	39,652	39	73	12	124	1,472	1,596	17	74
Ballycastle,	102,568	20,612	37	170	9	216	371	587	10	46
Ballymena,	160,863	74,597	36	176	3	215	1,332	1,547	25	129
Ballymoney,	127,116	41,583	33	53	4	90	802	892	6	55
Belfast,	47,592	144,629	677	2,472	135	3,284	4,754	8,038	105	521
Larne,	117,763	35,087	55	239	16	310	393	703	13	61
Lisburn,	119,792	66,882	83	252	6	341	1,476	1,817	29	115
Co. of Armagh.										
Armagh,	154,248	80,810	165	298	21	484	1,822	2,306	33	164
Lurgan,	79,236	73,930	196	1,193	17	1,406	2,912	4,318	80	298
Co. of Cavan.										
Bailieborough,	65,909	23,079	39	106	1	146	591	737	12	50
Bawnboy,	104,504	26,808	25	124	3	152	771	923	7	56
Cavan,	160,662	58,662	126	282	4	412	1,232	1,644	25	102
Cootehill,	105,848	39,093	51	100	7	158	416	574	9	66
Co. of Donegal.										
Ballyshannon,	132,082	32,181	50	81	25	156	497	653	9	53
Donegal,	160,158	31,258	18	57	4	79	362	441	3	46
Dunfanaghy,	125,668	17,326	–	21	2	23	79	102	2	8
Glenties,	257,434	39,899	35	83	15	133	258	391	7	44
Inishowen,	159,408	37,222	9	55	3	67	406	473	2	23
Letterkenny,	101,207	18,932	19	50	7	76	294	370	6	31
Milford,	111,336	28,226	4	51	6	61	169	230	4	26
Stranorlar,	121,151	19,807	23	24	4	51	569	620	2	32
Co. of Down.										
Banbridge,	124,928	71,918	187	376	20	583	845	1,428	22	86
Downpatrick,	147,361	58,055	35	164	–	199	965	1,164	21	82
Kilkeel,	81,829	22,528	10	89	2	101	418	519	3	24
Newry,	137,875	74,311	55	227	15	297	2,744	3,041	39	85
Newtownards,	93,851	53,428	563	327	29	919	1,140	2,059	50	198
Co. of Fermanagh.										
Enniskillen,	203,610	49,715	83	65	5	153	681	834	13	94
Irvinestown,	75,916	22,728	41	83	15	139	301	440	9	31
Lisnaskea,	98,738	25,832	29	107	6	142	629	771	6	42
Co. of Londonderry										
Coleraine,	112,366	39,603	48	78	14	140	1,266	1,406	13	86
Londonderry,	139,177	59,392	94	247	13	354	2,165	2,519	34	104
Magherafelt,	155,904	63,852	57	78	12	147	654	801	10	90
Newtownlimavady,	152,398	30,907	46	33	4	83	896	979	11	36

[*continued.*

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No. 14.—Abstract of Returns from Clerks of Unions—*continued.*

Unions.	Area in Acres.	Population in 1861.	Number of Persons admitted during the Year. Number admitted in Sickness. Suffering under Fever or other dangerous contagious diseases.	Suffering under other diseases.	Suffering from accidental injury.	Total number admitted in sickness.	Number admitted who were not sick.	Total number admitted during the year.	No. of Births in the Workhouse during the year.	No. of Deaths in the Workhouse during the year.
Province of Ulster—*con.*										
Co. of Monaghan.										
Carrickmacross,	60,664	22,354	–	55	6	61	764	825	6	36
Castleblayney,	94,213	41,812	45	177	3	225	1,185	1,410	21	73
Clones,	73,506	26,567	10	63	3	76	919	995	8	60
Monaghan,	112,739	45,674	68	65	6	139	616	755	9	72
Co. of Tyrone.										
Castlederg,	91,776	17,478	26	56	7	89	262	351	2	20
Clogher,	101,679	27,753	22	148	31	201	674	875	17	45
Cookstown,	96,477	38,418	26	137	6	169	397	566	16	92
Dungannon,	102,441	51,427	31	155	5	191	1,606	1,797	21	90
Gortin,	111,259	16,626	50	35	3	88	301	389	6	27
Omagh,	174,214	52,836	207	158	10	375	910	1,285	17	115
Strabane,	134,340	43,775	81	91	12	184	1,584	1,768	18	74
Total, Ulster (44 Unions),	5,308,198	1,907,264	3,534	8,974	531	13,039	42,900	55,939	779	3,662
Province of Munster:										
Co. of Clare.										
Ballyvaghan,	71,063	6,819	24	42	8	74	106	180	6	22
Corrofin,	61,386	7,866	42	83	7	132	212	344	5	7
Ennis,	112,505	30,097	186	242	–	428	785	1,213	16	88
Ennistymon,	99,281	25,028	126	261	16	403	317	720	19	75
Killadysert,	62,319	13,265	71	87	7	165	245	410	6	32
Kilrush,	136,788	41,130	294	555	33	882	298	1,180	20	119
Scariff,	86,320	15,611	21	126	16	163	687	850	11	49
Tulla,	84,723	15,759	50	263	13	326	662	988	8	44
Co. of Cork.										
Bandon,	101,345	27,256	46	185	14	245	387	632	7	50
Bantry,	106,854	15,964	11	192	3	206	243	449	5	50
Castletown,	73,445	15,076	–	60	5	65	403	468	5	41
Clonakilty,	80,465	28,268	16	145	9	170	539	709	6	37
Cork,	169,732	147,545	70	2,631	111	2,812	6,674	9,486	114	583
Dunmanway,	103,917	17,426	49	67	8	124	492	616	4	32
Fermoy,	148,268	37,960	96	470	22	588	697	1,285	32	83
Kanturk,	186,524	34,480	124	431	21	576	1,830	2,406	35	101
Kinsale,	79,651	23,864	63	249	15	327	1,043	1,370	14	47
Macroom,	179,108	31,090	106	189	19	314	677	991	16	54
Mallow,	154,358	35,751	146	500	16	662	1,505	2,167	24	66
Midleton,	109,266	34,086	189	387	14	590	1,621	2,211	22	103
Millstreet,	74,906	14,797	66	343	13	422	652	1,074	18	52
Mitchelstown,	86,957	22,747	47	265	16	328	1,189	1,517	25	72
Skibbereen,	115,024	32,412	253	612	50	915	424	1,339	3	71
Skull,	57,169	13,902	1	81	2	84	211	295	–	20
Youghal,	70,624	24,701	165	446	12	623	1,697	2,320	11	77
Co. of Kerry.										
Caherciveen,	197,545	25,204	237	25	11	273	388	661	5	39
Dingle,	125,279	20,539	17	176	15	208	1,902	2,110	11	82

[*continued.*

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No. 14.—Abstract of Returns from Clerks of Unions—*continued.*

Unions.	Area in Acres.	Population in 1861.	Number of Persons admitted during the Year.						No. of Births in the Workhouse during the year.	No. of Deaths in the Workhouse during the year.
			Number admitted in Sickness.				Number admitted who were not sick.	Total number admitted during the year.		
			Suffering under Fever or other dangerous contagious diseases.	Suffering under other diseases.	Suffering from accidental injury.	Total number admitted in sickness.				
Province of Munster—*con.*										
Co. of Kerry—con.										
Kenmare,	198,152	18,757	222	48	13	283	598	881	10	37
Killarney,	251,287	43,987	27	205	36	268	989	1,257	12	104
Listowel,	151,208	36,531	86	166	12	264	804	1,068	17	75
Tralee,	221,847	52,068	60	271	2	333	1,648	1,981	28	93
Co. of Limerick.										
Croom,	83,324	21,172	46	167	3	216	538	754	12	48
Glin,	60,666	15,750	31	118	5	154	227	381	11	36
Kilmallock,	140,357	39,539	385	359	25	769	2,133	2,902	47	143
Limerick,	177,951	90,756	66	1,698	26	1,790	5,850	7,640	106	362
Newcastle,	143,024	31,624	97	358	9	464	1,355	1,819	21	108
Rathkeale,	79,932	22,055	90	163	15	268	1,072	1,340	18	46
Co. of Tipperary.										
Borrisokane,	81,850	13,740	39	49	5	93	577	670	4	29
Carrick-on-Suir,	112,630	30,294	192	670	13	875	947	1,822	55	164
Cashel,	156,822	33,527	190	241	6	437	1,102	1,539	25	164
Clogheen,	118,427	25,249	137	125	7	269	385	654	16	66
Clonmel,	86,810	28,039	336	232	8	576	1,972	2,548	35	168
Nenagh,	183,088	38,277	141	313	18	472	1,774	2,246	26	87
Roscrea,	118,488	24,666	61	143	3	207	692	899	7	57
Thurles,	143,351	36,152	73	136	5	214	1,361	1,575	18	82
Tipperary,	179,988	47,298	180	390	25	595	1,945	2,540	55	161
Co. of Waterford.										
Dungarvan,	94,044	24,346	289	227	3	519	2,430	2,949	21	91
Kilmacthomas,	64,478	15,494	145	175	8	328	1,203	1,531	12	46
Lismore,	97,140	20,845	187	186	7	380	735	1,115	12	63
Waterford,	125,719	60,068	322	948	24	1,294	2,846	4,140	55	216
Total, Munster (50 Unions),	6,005,405	1,528,877	5,918	16,501	754	23,173	59,069	82,242	1,072	4,416
Province of Leinster:										
Co. of Carlow.										
Carlow,	185,856	51,802	279	176	6	461	1,069	1,530	19	107
Co. of Dublin.										
Balrothery,	75,139	22,016	49	285	17	351	2,667	3,018	14	72
Dublin, North,	40,769	134,755	99	2,972	87	3,158	1,208	4,366	81	501
Dublin, South,	48,089	201,963	111	3,301	102	3,514	3,842	7,356	101	647
Rathdown,	61,514	53,298	250	721	70	1,041	2,212	3,253	34	112
Co. of Kildare.										
Athy,	160,254	33,210	228	273	11	512	1,540	2,052	21	76
Celbridge,	86,838	19,580	93	140	27	260	1,087	1,347	10	57
Naas,	216,622	47,598	44	236	13	293	2,478	2,771	19	83

[*continued.*

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No. 14.—Abstract of Returns from Clerks of Unions—*continued.*

Unions.	Area in Acres.	Population in 1861.	Number of Persons admitted during the Year.						No. of Births in the Workhouse during the year.	No. of Deaths in the Workhouse during the year.
			Number admitted in Sickness.				Number admitted who were not sick.	Total number admitted during the year.		
			Suffering under Fever or other dangerous contagious diseases.	Suffering under other diseases.	Suffering from accidental injury.	Total number admitted in sickness.				
Province of Leinster—*con.*										
Co. of Kilkenny.										
Callan,	104,011	24,969	119	284	17	420	1,161	1,581	11	71
Castlecomer,	57,820	15,937	137	120	14	271	1,069	1,340	6	43
Kilkenny,	110,944	35,499	231	340	41	612	2,643	3,255	32	155
Thomastown,	107,577	21,405	54	176	14	244	1,102	1,346	15	61
Urlingford,	76,149	15,255	103	120	7	230	777	1,007	9	34
King's County.										
Edenderry,	172,407	23,384	42	169	5	216	1,276	1,492	22	71
Parsonstown,	220,437	39,350	54	37	8	99	645	744	14	58
Tullamore,	155,395	33,087	109	649	23	781	1,767	2,548	30	125
Co. of Longford.										
Ballymahon,	100,126	22,089	6	55	5	66	773	839	7	34
Granard,	134,003	36,043	17	26	1	44	1,560	1,604	14	66
Longford,	109,961	32,757	40	338	17	395	2,254	2,649	20	51
Co. of Louth.										
Ardee,	96,210	25,284	81	414	42	537	1,606	2,143	9	70
Drogheda,	99,045	39,821	348	521	8	877	2,764	3,641	23	165
Dundalk,	104,434	46,850	47	156	7	210	2,229	2,439	13	58
Co. of Meath.										
Dunshaughlin,	108,339	14,109	5	168	4	177	1,102	1,280	11	38
Kells,	108,982	24,482	71	141	20	232	1,740	1,972	11	50
Navan,	94,466	21,988	56	426	17	499	2,393	2,892	11	74
Oldcastle,	85,912	23,657	67	118	9	194	487	681	10	46
Trim,	119,519	22,918	49	281	16	346	1,395	1,741	12	51
Queen's County.										
Abbeyleix,	107,167	22,400	79	33	5	117	744	861	9	63
Donaghmore,	51,060	9,504	47	84	10	141	345	486	10	30
Mountmelick,	200,633	42,184	177	361	19	557	1,986	2,543	30	130
Co. of Westmeath.										
Athlone,	150,768	39,323	9	122	4	135	1,092	1,227	13	92
Delvin,	74,775	13,561	14	112	10	136	1,023	1,159	8	37
Mullingar,	208,401	42,703	82	236	15	333	1,747	2,080	16	107
Co. of Wexford.										
Enniscorthy,	196,690	42,886	190	289	32	511	1,080	1,591	22	105
Gorey,	129,705	24,857	50	141	17	208	870	1,078	15	50
New Ross,	177,231	44,141	156	283	13	452	1,498	1,950	22	109
Wexford,	126,301	43,727	267	336	6	609	954	1,563	23	116
Co. of Wicklow.										
Baltinglass,	139,107	22,032	59	141	3	203	836	1,039	23	40
Rathdrum,	227,541	43,402	81	134	23	238	1,445	1,683	35	117
Shillelagh,	110,122	19,183	58	88	3	149	314	463	11	34
Total, Leinster (40 Unions,)	4,940,319	1,493,009	4,058	15,003	768	19,829	58,781	78,610	816	4,000

[*continued.*

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No. 14.—ABSTRACT of RETURNS from Clerks of Unions—*continued.*

UNIONS.	Area in Acres.	Population in 1861.	Number of Persons admitted during the Year.						No. of Births in the Workhouse during the year.	No. of Deaths in the Workhouse during the year.
			Number admitted in Sickness.				Number admitted who were not sick.	Total number admitted during the year.		
			Suffering under Fever or other dangerous contagious diseases.	Suffering under other diseases.	Suffering from accidental injury.	Total number admitted in sickness.				
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT:										
Co. of Galway.										
Ballinasloe, .	160,507	28,222	17	240	43	300	645	945	12	53
Clifden, . .	192,965	25,000	71	60	8	139	362	501	11	40
Galway, . .	197,467	50,821	176	419	19	614	982	1,596	22	100
Glennamaddy, .	100,319	22,469	5	186	4	195	781	976	5	23
Gort, . . .	107,919	20,501	42	123	17	182	389	571	13	38
Loughrea, . .	198,832	29,138	22	229	9	260	555	815	18	68
Mount Bellew, .	102,383	19,936	1	36	5	42	445	487	12	23
Oughterard, .	172,745	18,472	6	74	8	88	230	318	4	20
Portumna, . .	77,046	14,939	17	177	5	199	216	415	14	30
Tuam, . .	190,649	44,441	40	169	6	215	1,150	1,365	27	70
Co. of Leitrim.										
Carrick-on-Shan.,	100,736	31,677	24	103	1	128	885	1,013	8	43
Manorhamilton, .	144,847	38,443	90	115	10	215	492	707	9	45
Mohill, . .	92,955	30,191	50	95	15	160	370	530	10	47
Co. of Mayo.										
Ballina, . .	150,415	32,693	51	247	15	313	553	866	7	59
Ballinrobe, . .	144,894	31,558	15	178	18	211	706	917	15	32
Belmullet, . .	177,933	17,096	4	16	3	23	501	524	7	38
Castlebar, . .	140,998	31,780	13	88	3	104	539	643	9	30
Claremorris, .	110,788	32,070	44	104	6	154	287	441	4	42
Killala, . .	104,882	11,829	–	56	9	65	159	224	4	25
Newport, . .	170,412	16,660	5	29	5	39	203	242	6	14
Swineford, . .	152,594	52,004	87	104	5	196	437	633	4	61
Westport, . .	175,508	26,868	30	176	50	256	716	972	12	38
Co. of Roscommon.										
Boyle, . .	159,696	47,758	13	214	35	262	822	1,084	11	42
Castlerea, . .	162,363	46,783	16	332	16	364	805	1,169	11	57
Roscommon, .	114,057	26,504	65	197	24	286	907	1,193	17	71
Strokestown, .	90,036	26,395	26	321	31	378	1,157	1,535	14	41
Co. of Sligo.										
Dromore West, .	96,985	18,608	1	54	2	57	170	227	–	36
Sligo, . . .	143,523	53,901	14	284	2	300	1,567	1,867	18	89
Tobercurry, .	125,774	27,657	14	53	4	71	489	560	6	43
Total, Connaught (29 Unions),	4,060,228	869,414	959	4,479	378	5,816	17,520	23,336	310	1,318
SUMMARY.										
ULSTER, . .	5,308,198	1,907,264	3,534	8,974	531	13,039	42,900	55,939	779	3,662
MUNSTER, .	6,005,405	1,528,877	5,918	16,501	754	23,173	59,069	82,242	1,072	4,416
LEINSTER, .	4,940,319	1,493,009	4,058	15,003	768	19,829	58,781	78,610	816	4,000
CONNAUGHT, .	4,060,228	869,414	959	4,479	378	5,816	17,520	23,336	310	1,318
TOTAL, IRELAND, (163 Unions.)	20,314,150	5,798,564	14,469	44,957	2,431	61,857	178,270	240,127	2,977	13396

[*continued,*

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No. 15.—Abstract of Returns showing the Number of Sick Persons who received Medical treatment in the Workhouse Hospitals and Fever Hospitals of Unions in Ireland during the year ended 29th September, 1863.

Unions.	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.				New Cases.				Total Cases treated in the Hospitals during the year.			
	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.
Province of Ulster:												
Co. of Antrim.												
Antrim,	3	57	2	62	186	405	9	600	189	462	11	662
Ballycastle,	2	32	1	35	37	230	9	276	39	262	10	311
Ballymena,	1	38	–	39	63	342	3	408	64	380	3	447
Ballymoney,	–	31	–	31	52	223	4	279	52	254	4	310
Belfast,	84	546	6	636	1,295	2,934	137	4,366	1,379	3,480	143	5,002
Larne,	3	33	3	39	99	381	17	497	102	414	20	536
Lisburn,	6	74	–	80	142	673	3	818	148	747	3	898
Co. of Armagh.												
Armagh,	7	52	6	65	273	555	26	854	280	607	32	919
Lurgan,	22	118	–	140	362	2,283	18	2,663	384	2,401	18	2,803
Co. of Cavan.												
Bailieborough,	1	40	–	41	78	153	1	232	79	193	1	273
Bawnboy,	–	47	–	47	27	248	3	278	27	295	3	325
Cavan,	7	32	–	39	232	548	4	784	239	580	4	823
Cootehill,	1	35	–	36	53	220	7	280	54	255	7	316
Co. of Donegal.												
Ballyshannon,	2	20	–	22	72	229	25	326	74	249	25	348
Donegal,	1	26	–	27	18	100	4	122	19	126	4	149
Dunfanaghy,	–	17	–	17	–	34	2	36	–	51	2	53
Glenties,	2	31	1	34	50	243	8	301	52	274	9	335
Inishowen,	–	32	1	33	19	86	6	111	19	118	7	144
Letterkenny,	1	35	1	37	21	197	8	226	22	232	9	263
Milford,	2	18	–	20	6	165	9	180	8	183	9	200
Stranorlar,	–	6	–	6	23	109	4	136	23	115	4	142
Co. of Down.												
Banbridge,	10	30	–	40	194	493	21	708	204	523	21	748
Downpatrick,	6	94	–	100	27	334	1	362	33	428	1	462
Kilkeel,	2	26	–	28	22	118	3	143	24	144	3	171
Newry,	5	24	–	29	171	638	26	835	176	662	26	864
Newtownards,	48	98	2	148	752	682	29	1,463	800	780	31	1,611
Co. of Fermanagh.												
Enniskillen,	2	73	–	75	148	592	8	748	150	665	8	823
Irvinestown,	3	15	2	20	57	137	15	209	60	152	17	229
Lisnaskea,	–	40	–	40	29	174	6	209	29	214	6	249
Co. of Londonderry.												
Coleraine,	2	33	2	37	155	461	19	635	157	494	21	672
Londonderry,	5	51	1	57	118	463	13	594	123	514	14	651
Magherafelt,	1	19	2	22	69	243	15	327	70	262	17	349
Newtownlimavady,	2	8	1	11	52	150	4	206	54	158	5	217
Co. of Monaghan.												
Carrickmacross,	–	30	–	30	–	129	6	135	–	159	6	165
Castleblayney,	4	49	–	53	56	268	3	327	60	317	3	380
Clones,	–	28	2	30	5	172	6	183	5	200	8	213
Monaghan,	1	27	–	28	78	139	6	223	79	166	6	251

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No. 15.—Abstract of Returns showing the Number of Sick Persons—*continued.*

Unions.	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.				New Cases.				Total Cases treated in the Hospitals during the year.			
	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.
Province of Ulster—*con.*												
Co. of Tyrone.												
Castlederg,	–	12	–	12	27	170	7	204	27	182	7	216
Clogher,	–	34	1	35	24	175	31	230	24	209	32	265
Cookstown,	–	15	1	16	28	378	6	412	28	393	7	428
Dungannon,	2	44	–	46	52	742	11	805	54	786	11	851
Gortin,	1	24	1	26	57	74	3	134	58	98	4	160
Omagh,	13	75	1	89	279	292	11	582	292	367	12	671
Strabane,	5	72	3	80	110	138	14	262	115	210	17	342
Total, Ulster (44 Unions),	257	2,241	40	2,538	5,618	17,520	571	23,709	5,875	19,761	611	26,247
Province of Munster:												
Co. of Clare.												
Ballyvaghan,	21	48	9	78	49	130	15	194	70	178	24	272
Corrofin,	7	31	–	38	43	113	7	163	50	144	7	201
Ennis,	15	208	–	223	204	585	5	794	219	793	5	1,017
Ennistymon,	11	89	7	107	147	498	20	665	158	587	27	772
Killadysert,	5	52	1	58	142	195	7	344	147	247	8	402
Kilrush,	21	101	8	130	454	805	37	1,296	475	906	45	1,426
Scariff,	–	61	1	62	24	305	12	341	24	366	13	403
Tulla,	6	101	–	107	60	510	13	583	66	611	13	690
Co. of Cork.												
Bandon,	3	48	–	51	52	342	14	408	55	390	14	459
Bantry,	–	72	–	72	56	241	3	300	56	313	3	372
Castletown,	2	41	–	43	21	110	5	136	23	151	5	179
Clonakilty,	1	54	4	59	25	255	12	292	26	309	16	351
Cork,	9	681	8	698	479	5,514	148	6,141	488	6,195	156	6,839
Dunmanway,	–	41	–	41	46	171	11	228	46	212	11	269
Fermoy,	12	91	2	105	120	522	24	666	132	613	26	771
Kanturk,	13	130	3	146	143	815	22	980	156	945	25	1,126
Kinsale,	3	42	3	48	85	342	18	445	88	384	21	493
Macroom,	9	56	3	68	123	280	19	422	132	336	22	490
Mallow,	83	18	3	104	222	630	18	870	305	648	21	974
Midleton,	3	73	2	78	255	848	14	1,117	258	921	16	1,195
Millstreet,	10	138	1	149	235	572	17	824	245	710	18	973
Mitchelstown,	1	51	–	52	125	533	23	681	126	584	23	733
Skibbereen,	31	101	9	141	262	647	50	959	293	748	59	1,100
Skull,	–	43	–	43	60	145	3	208	60	188	3	251
Youghal,	12	111	–	123	208	856	9	1,073	220	967	9	1,196
Co. of Kerry.												
Caherciveen,	18	59	–	77	253	142	11	406	271	201	11	483
Dingle,	–	65	2	67	114	334	18	466	114	399	20	533
Kenmare,	26	28	1	55	627	69	13	709	653	97	14	764
Killarney,	3	113	7	123	108	482	36	626	111	595	43	749
Listowel,	2	42	2	46	166	304	17	487	168	346	19	533
Tralee,	4	75	–	79	220	1,111	16	1,347	224	1,186	16	1,426

[*continued.*

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No. 15.—Abstract of Returns showing the Number of Sick Persons—*continued.*

Unions.	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.				New Cases.				Total Cases treated in the Hospitals during the year.			
	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.
Province of Munster—*con.*												
Co. of Limerick.												
Croom,	3	47	–	50	84	400	3	487	87	447	3	537
Glin,	6	31	1	38	46	292	8	346	52	323	9	384
Kilmallock,	31	87	2	120	594	574	31	1,199	625	661	33	1,319
Limerick,	1	498	5	504	142	2,807	31	2,980	143	3,305	36	3,484
Newcastle,	6	102	–	108	141	441	10	592	147	543	10	700
Rathkeale,	10	31	–	41	194	272	15	481	204	303	15	522
Co. of Tipperary.												
Borrisokane,	1	38	1	40	40	169	5	214	41	207	6	254
Carrick-on-Suir,	17	107	–	124	226	914	18	1,158	243	1,021	18	1,282
Cashel,	27	62	–	89	356	482	9	847	383	544	9	936
Clogheen,	1	41	–	42	176	501	7	684	177	542	7	726
Clonmel,	22	92	2	116	418	667	8	1,093	440	759	10	1,209
Nenagh,	7	139	1	147	165	725	18	908	172	864	19	1,055
Roscrea,	3	72	–	75	113	450	6	569	116	522	6	644
Thurles,	11	63	–	74	114	820	6	940	125	883	6	1,014
Tipperary,	35	56	2	93	455	617	25	1,097	490	673	27	1,190
Co. of Waterford.												
Dungarvan,	2	45	–	47	305	827	3	1,135	307	872	3	1,182
Kilmacthomas,	8	58	–	66	238	341	8	587	246	399	8	653
Lismore,	11	59	3	73	196	274	4	474	207	333	7	547
Waterford,	5	257	–	262	344	1,936	68	2,348	349	2,193	68	2,610
Total, Munster (50 Unions),	538	4,749	93	5,380	9,475	31,915	920	42,310	10,013	36,664	1,013	47,690
Province of Leinster.												
Co. of Carlow.												
Carlow,	31	65	1	97	445	589	12	1,046	476	654	13	1,143
Co. of Dublin.												
Balrothery,	13	26	1	40	97	389	17	503	110	415	18	543
Dublin, North,	13	1,146	15	1,174	187	4,627	100	4,914	200	5,773	115	6,088
Dublin, South,	8	1,359	7	1,374	501	4,463	149	5,113	509	5,822	156	6,487
Rathdown,	16	209	–	225	450	1,205	70	1,725	466	1,414	70	1,950
Co. of Kildare.												
Athy,	–	51	3	54	15	564	6	585	15	615	9	639
Celbridge,	2	34	2	38	102	357	31	490	104	391	33	528
Naas,	2	54	1	57	46	325	16	387	48	379	17	444
Co. of Kilkenny.												
Callan,	14	71	2	87	245	369	17	631	259	440	19	718
Castlecomer,	8	43	1	52	228	209	15	452	236	252	16	504
Kilkenny,	15	57	2	74	300	433	41	774	315	490	43	848
Thomastown,	9	47	–	56	72	273	14	359	81	320	14	415
Urlingford,	8	52	–	60	124	263	10	397	132	315	10	457

[*continued.*

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No. 15.—Abstract of Returns showing the Number of Sick Persons—*continued.*

Unions.	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.				New Cases.				Total Cases treated in the Hospitals during the year.			
	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.
Province of Leinster—*con.*												
King's Co.												
Edenderry,	4	68	2	74	218	515	15	748	222	583	17	822
Parsonstown,	12	57	2	71	239	320	16	575	251	377	18	646
Tullamore,	7	100	5	112	144	705	23	872	151	805	28	984
Co. of Longford.												
Ballymahon,	–	38	–	38	6	212	5	223	6	250	5	261
Granard,	4	62	–	66	36	367	1	404	40	429	1	470
Longford,	–	49	–	49	47	793	17	857	47	842	17	966
Co. of Louth.												
Ardee,	4	64	3	71	106	619	42	767	110	683	45	838
Drogheda,	13	38	–	51	434	594	13	1,041	447	632	13	1,062
Dundalk,	2	30	1	33	50	174	7	231	52	204	8	264
Co. of Meath.												
Dunshaughlin,	1	34	–	35	18	256	10	284	16	290	10	319
Kells,	8	75	1	84	128	630	20	778	136	705	21	862
Navan,	2	90	–	92	68	526	17	611	70	616	17	703
Oldcastle,	16	61	2	79	309	365	11	685	325	426	13	764
Trim,	3	36	–	39	57	567	22	646	60	663	22	685
Queen's Co.												
Abbeyleix,	13	41	–	54	135	257	5	397	148	298	5	451
Donaghmore,	2	20	2	24	53	115	10	178	55	135	12	202
Mountmelick,	10	27	3	40	285	511	22	818	295	538	25	858
Co. of Westmeath.												
Athlone,	5	54	–	59	215	428	4	647	220	482	4	706
Delvin,	–	51	2	53	14	296	10	320	14	347	12	373
Mullingar,	8	169	1	178	91	380	17	488	99	549	18	666
Co. of Wexford.												
Enniscorthy,	9	69	3	81	203	706	32	941	212	775	35	1,022
Gorey,	5	97	–	102	50	228	17	295	55	325	17	397
New Ross,	7	93	6	106	187	591	15	793	194	684	21	899
Wexford,	30	123	–	153	267	795	6	1,068	267	918	6	1,221
Co. of Wicklow.												
Baltinglass,	11	31	–	42	102	200	10	312	113	231	10	354
Rathdrum,	1	43	6	50	180	590	23	793	181	633	29	843
Shillelagh,	3	26	1	30	82	115	4	201	85	141	5	231
Total, Leinster (40 Unions),	319	4,860	75	5,254	6,536	25,921	892	33,349	6,855	30,781	967	38,603
Province of Connaught.												
Co. of Galway.												
Ballinasloe,	4	69	5	78	77	328	37	442	81	397	42	520
Clifden,	–	20	2	22	109	162	14	285	109	182	16	307
Galway,	–	119	2	121	220	923	23	1,166	220	1,042	25	1,287

[*continued.*

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No. 15.—ABSTRACT of RETURNS showing the Number of Sick Persons—*continued.*

Unions.	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.				New Cases.				Total Cases treated in the Hospitals during the year.			
	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other contagious diseases.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*												
Co. Galway—con.												
Glennamaddy,	–	40	1	41	22	276	9	307	22	316	10	348
Gort,	6	63	3	72	92	253	17	362	98	316	20	434
Loughrea,	4	48	–	52	54	322	9	385	58	370	9	437
Mount Bellew,	1	–	–	1	18	124	5	147	19	124	5	148
Oughterard,	–	22	1	23	6	256	7	269	6	278	8	292
Portumna,	–	33	2	35	29	243	9	281	29	276	11	316
Tuam,	–	55	4	59	85	570	6	661	85	625	10	720
Co. of Leitrim.												
Carrick-on-Shan.,	13	22	–	35	55	349	1	405	68	371	1	440
Manorhamilton,	4	21	–	25	94	242	12	348	98	263	12	373
Mobill,	7	42	–	49	97	314	15	426	104	356	15	475
Co. of Mayo.												
Ballina,	12	111	5	128	107	474	23	604	119	585	28	732
Ballinrobe,	1	50	–	51	30	273	19	322	31	323	19	373
Belmullet,	2	33	3	38	80	114	5	199	82	147	8	237
Castlebar,	–	44	–	44	13	281	3	297	13	325	3	341
Claremorris,	3	46	–	49	46	161	6	213	49	207	6	262
Killala,	–	68	–	68	–	93	9	102	–	161	9	170
Newport,	3	13	1	17	11	130	6	147	14	143	7	164
Swineford,	–	48	–	48	178	203	5	386	178	251	5	434
Westport,	1	44	1	46	49	221	50	320	50	265	51	366
Co. of Roscommon.												
Boyle,	13	42	2	57	17	393	42	452	30	435	44	509
Castlerea,	4	79	6	89	30	531	18	579	34	610	24	668
Roscommon,	12	117	4	133	161	331	32	524	173	448	36	657
Strokestown,	2	76	5	83	96	488	31	615	98	564	36	698
Co. of Sligo.												
Dromore West,	–	38	–	38	5	160	3	168	5	198	3	206
Sligo,	–	127	–	127	65	689	3	757	65	816	3	884
Tobercurry,	2	46	–	48	34	151	4	189	36	197	4	237
Total, Connaught (29 Unions),	94	1,536	47	1,677	1,880	9,055	423	11,358	1,974	10,591	470	13,035

SUMMARY.

ULSTER,	257	2,241	40	2,538	5,618	17,520	571	23,709	5,875	19,761	511	26,247
MUNSTER,	538	4,749	93	5,380	9,475	31,915	920	42,310	10,013	36,664	1,013	47,690
LEINSTER,	319	4,860	75	5,254	6,536	25,921	892	33,349	6,855	30,781	967	38,603
CONNAUGHT,	94	1,536	47	1,677	1,880	9,055	423	11,358	1,974	10,591	470	13,035
TOTAL, IRELAND, (163 Unions),	1,208	13,386	255	14,849	23,509	84,411	2,806	110,726	24,717	97,797	3,061	125,575

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APPENDIX C.

ORDERS AND CIRCULARS OF INSTRUCTION ISSUED UNDER THE MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT.

I.—ORDERS.

No. 1.—ORDER prescribing amended FORM of VACCINATION REGISTER and VACCINATION REPORT.

To the GUARDIANS of the POOR of the several UNIONS named in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and the CLERKS thereof; to the COMMITTEES of MANAGEMENT of Dispensary Districts therein; to the OFFICERS of such Districts; and to all others whom it may concern:

Whereas, in exercise of the powers vested in Us by an Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to provide for the better distribution, support, and Management of Medical Charities in Ireland, and to amend an Act of the Eleventh Year of Her Majesty to provide for the execution of the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland," We, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, by Orders issued from time to time under our Seal, have declared the several Unions named in the Schedule annexed to this Order to be divided into Dispensary Districts for the purposes of the said Act:

And whereas, by a General Order under our Seal, bearing date the Sixteenth day of December, 1853, We have framed and issued General Rules and Regulations for the Government of each Dispensary District, and for the guidance and control of the Guardians, the Committees of Management, and the several Officers thereof:

And whereas, in the said last-recited Order, We have, among other things, directed that the Medical Officer shall vaccinate all persons who may come to him for that purpose, and that he shall keep a Register, in the Form to the said Order annexed, marked H, of all cases of Vaccination performed by him as Medical Officer of the Dispensary; and submit the same to the Committee of Management at each ordinary meeting:

And whereas, by another General Order under our Seal, bearing date the Twenty-third day of September, 1858, We did, in pursuance of the provisions of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the Reign of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act to make further provision for the practice of Vaccination in Ireland," make and issue certain Regulations relating to Vaccination in the several Dispensary Districts, and did among other things order that the Report, which the Medical Officer is by the last-mentioned Act required from time to time to make to the Committee of Management, should be in the form thereunto annexed:

And whereas, by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the 26th and 27th years of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act to further extend and make compulsory the practice of Vaccination in Ireland," it is enacted that the Registrar of Births and Deaths in the District in which the operation has been performed shall register the same in a Register which he shall keep of the persons of whose successful Vaccination a Certificate shall have been transmitted to him, as

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in the said Act provided, and of the persons whom he may have successfully vaccinated, as thereinbefore mentioned:

And whereas we deem it expedient to alter the Form of Vaccination Register prescribed by the said Order of the Sixteenth day of December, 1853, and the Form of Report to the Committee of Management prescribed by the said Order of the twenty-third day of September, 1858:

Now therefore, We, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, do hereby order and direct as follows:—

I. The Medical Officer of every Dispensary District shall, instead of the Register of Vaccination prescribed by the said Order of the Sixteenth day of December, 1853, keep and duly enter up a Register in the annexed Form A, of all cases of successful Vaccination performed by him as Medical Officer of the Dispensary, and submit the same to the Committee of Management at each ordinary meeting. Provided always, that in any case where the Medical Officer of the Dispensary District is also the Registrar of Births and Deaths for the District, it shall not be necessary for him to insert in the said Vaccination Register any cases which he may have duly entered in the Register of Vaccination, which he is required to keep in pursuance of the 7th section of the last mentioned Act.

II. The Report which the Medical Officer is required, by the said Act of the 21st and 22nd years of Her Majesty, to make to the Committee of Management, shall be made in the Form B hereunto annexed, instead of in the Form prescribed by the said Order of the Twenty-third day of September, 1858.

SCHEDULE

Containing the Names of the Unions to which this Order applies.

Abbeyleix	Cashel	Dunfanaghy	Kinsale
Antrim	Castlebar	Dungannon	Larne
Ardee	Castleblayney	Dungarvan	Letterkenny
Armagh	Castlecomer	Dunmanway	Limerick
Athlone	Castlederg	Dunshaughlin	Lisburn
Athy	Castlerea	Edenderry	Lismore
Bailieborough	Castletown	Ennis	Lisnaskea
Ballina	Cavan	Enniscortby	Listowel
Ballinasloe	Celbridge	Enniskillen	Londonderry
Ballinrobe	Claremorris	Ennistymon	Longford
Ballycastle	Clifden	Fermoy	Lougbrea
Ballymahon	Clogheen	Galway	Lurgan
Ballymena	Clogher	Glennamaddy	Macroom
Ballymoney	Clonakilty	Glenties	Magberafelt
Ballyshannon	Clones	Glin	Mallow
Ballyvaghan	Clonmel	Gorey	Manorhamilton
Balrothery	Coleraine	Gort	Midleton
Baltinglass	Cookstown	Gortin	Milford
Banbridge	Cootebill	Granard	Millstreet
Bandon	Cork	Inishowen	Mitchelstown
Bantry	Corrofin	Irvinestown	Mohill
Bawnboy	Croom	Kanturk	Monaghan
Belfast	Delvin	Kells	Mount Bellew
Belmullet	Dingle	Kenmare	Mountmellick
Borrisokane	Donaghmore	Kilkeel	Mullingar
Boyle	Donegal	Kilkenny	Naas
Caherciveen	Downpatrick	Killadysert	Navan
Callan	Drogheda	Killala	Nenagh
Carlow	Dromore West	Killarney	Newcastle
Carrickmacross	Dublin, Nortb	Kilmactbomas	Newport
Carrick-on-Sbannon	Dublin, South	Kilmallock	New Ross
Carrick-on-Suir	Dundalk	Kilrush	Newry

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SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Newtownards	Rathkeale	Stranorlar	Tnam
Newtownlimavady	Roscommon	Strokestown	Tulla
Oldcastle	Roscrea	Swineford	Tullamore
Omagh	Scariff	Thomastown	Urlingford
Oughterard	Shillelagh	Thurles	Waterford
Parsonstown	Skibbereen	Tipperary	Westport
Portumna	Skull	Tobercurry	Wexford
Rathdown	Sligo	Tralee	Youghal
Rathdrum	Strabane	Trim	

Forms referred to in this Order.

Form A.—Vaccination Register.

County of ———. Union of ———. District of ———.

Register of Cases of Successful Vaccination.

No.	Name of Person Successfully Vaccinated.	Age at time of Vaccination.	Date of first Vaccination.	Date of Successful Vaccination.	Residence at time of Vaccination.	If a Child, Name and Residence of Father, Mother, or Person in charge.	Number of Entry of Child's Birth in the Register of Births.	Signature of Medical Officer and Date of Entry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR VACCINATION REGISTER,

(*To be printed at the beginning of each Book.*)

The series of numbers in col. 1 is to run from the beginning to the end of the year, and a fresh series of numbers is to be commenced on the 1st January in each year.

The col. for Number of Entry of Child's Birth, in the Register of Births, need not be filled up unless the Medical Officer is also Registrar of Births and Deaths, nor in cases where the person vaccinated was born before the 1st January, 1864.

The Register of Vaccination is to be laid before the Committee at each ordinary meeting.

Form B.—Form of Report of the Medical Officer of the Number of Persons Successfully Vaccinated by him in each year.

County of ———. Union of———. District of———.

No.	Name of person Successfully Vaccinated.	Age at time of Vaccination.	Date of first Vaccination.	Date of Successful Vaccination.	Residence at time of Vaccination.	If a Child, Name and Residence of Father, Mother, or person in charge.	Number of Entry of Child's Birth in the Register of Births.	Signature of Medical Officer and Date of Entry in the Vaccination Register.

Note.—Each year is considered to end on the 31st December. If more Medical Officers than one should serve for the same Dispensary District in the same year, a separate Report from each will be necessary.

The col. for No. of Entry of Child's Birth, in the Register of Births, need not be filled up unless the Medical Officer is also Registrar of Births and Deaths, nor in cases where the person vaccinated was born before the 1st January, 1864.

Sealed with our Seal, this Twenty-ninth day of January, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-four.

(Signed), A. Power.
J. M'Donnell, M.D.
E. Senior.

Carlisle.

I, George William Frederick, Earl of Carlisle, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By command of His Excellency,

Thomas A. Larcom.

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II.—CIRCULARS.

No. 1.—Annual Appointment of Dispensary Committees and Wardens.—Circular to Boards of Guardians.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
March 21, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to call your attention to their Circular of the 21st of March, 1862,* relating to the annual appointment of Dispensary Committees and Wardens, and to the extracts from previous Circulars, appended thereto; and they request that you will take the necessary steps, as pointed out in the Circular referred to, to place before the Board of Guardians, after the next annual election, a correct list of the Members of the Board entitled to be Members of the respective Dispensary Committees in the Union.

As soon as the Committee shall have been completed for any Dispensary District, the Guardians should fix a day for the first meeting of such Committee, *for the special purpose of appointing their Honorary Officers for the current year*, in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of the Dispensary Regulations, and you should give notice thereof to each member of the Dispensary Committee, in accordance with Articles 10 and 12 of the Dispensary Regulations.

A Form for the Return of Officers of the several Dispensary Committees in the Union will be forwarded to you in due course.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of the Board of Guardians
of each Union.

No. 2.—Compulsory Vaccination Act.—Circular to Boards of Guardians.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
August 10, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit to you herewith, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of an Act (26 and 27 Vic., c. 52) which received the Royal assent on the 13th ultimo, to further extend and make compulsory the practice of Vaccination in Ireland.

It will be observed that the provisions of the Act do not come into operation until the 1st of January next, and that none of the provisions of the existing Vaccination Acts, excepting that which relates to the mode of remunerating the Dispensary Medical Officers for vaccinating, are superseded. The existing arrangements in regard to Vaccination Stations, and the Returns to be made by the Dispensary Medical Officers will, therefore, remain in force, and the only new duties imposed upon the Dispensary Medical Officers in regard to Vaccination, will be to give Certificates of successful Vaccination (sec. 3); Certificates of children not being in a fit state for Vaccination, when that is the case (sec. 4); or of their being insusceptible of vaccine disease (sec. 6).

* See Annual Report for 1863, Appendix C. II., No. 1.

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The other duties to be performed under the Act are to be performed by the Registrars of Births and Deaths, and the Commissioners do not doubt that, before the Act comes into operation, all necessary instructions will be issued to them by the Registrar-General, who is empowered by the 11th section to cause to be provided all such Books, Forms, and Regulations, as he may deem necessary for carrying into full effect the provisions of the Act.

The only additional points, therefore, to which the Commissioners think it necessary, at present, to direct the attention of the Board of Guardians are the following :—

1. Under Section 1, the Master of the Workhouse is made responsible for taking all the steps in reference to the Vaccination of Children who are inmates of the Workhouse, which are required to be taken in other cases by the father or mother of the child. It is part of the duty of the Medical Officer of the Workhouse, under the Workhouse Rules, Art. 68, No. 6, to vaccinate all children in the Workhouse who may require Vaccination; and it will now be the special duty of the Master in regard to children in the Workhouse, born after the 1st January next, to see that this is done, and that the child is brought to the Medical Officer, for inspection, on the eighth day after the Vaccination, as required by sec. 2, and to obtain the necessary certificate.

2. After the 1st January next, the Dispensary Medical Officers will, according to the 5th section of the Act, be entitled to receive, instead of the present rate of remuneration, One Shilling for every person successfully vaccinated by him within his Dispensary District, provided he shall have made the Report to the Dispensary Committee, regarding such persons which is required by the existing Vaccination Act, 21 and 22 Vic., c. 64.

3. The Guardians are empowered by section 13 to direct proceedings to be instituted for enforcing obedience to the provisions of the Act, and the expenses incurred in such proceedings, if certified and allowed by the Justices, are payable out of the Rates of the Union.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 3.—Compulsory Vaccination Act :—Circular to Dispensary Medical Officers.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
August 10, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit to you herewith a copy of the Act 26 and 27 Vic., c. 52, to further extend and make compulsory the practice of Vaccination in Ireland; together with a copy of a Circular Letter which the Commissioners have addressed to the several Boards of Guardians on the subject.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To each Dispensary Medical Officer.

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No. 4.—Compulsory Vaccination Act.—Circular to Dispensary Committees.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
August 10, 1863.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit to you herewith, for the information of the Dispensary Committee, a copy of the Act 26 and 27 Vic., c. 52, to further extend and make compulsory the practice of Vaccination in Ireland; together with a copy of a Circular Letter which the Commissioners have addressed to the several Boards of Guardians on the subject.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Honorary Secretary
of each Dispensary District.

No. 5.—Vaccination:—Mode of preserving Vaccine Lymph.—Circular to Dispensary Medical Officers.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
October 28, 1863.

Sir,

Adverting to their Circular Letter of the 10th August last, enclosing a copy of the recent Vaccination Act, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to draw the attention of each Dispensary Medical Officer to certain considerations regarding the supply of vaccine lymph for the purpose of Vaccination.

The success of Vaccination in the individual case, when properly performed in all respects, and under the most favourable conditions, is still dependent on the quality of the lymph used in the operation.

Assuming the lymph to be intrinsically good, an additional security for its taking proper effect has been found in its freshness; and hence the practice of vaccinating from arm to arm is esteemed the best.

The practice, however, of vaccinating from arm to arm cannot always be adopted by the public Vaccinator, nor can he always be sure of obtaining fresh lymph of good quality from external sources; and any mode by which he can secure possession of it selected by himself from his own cases and kept in a good state of preservation cannot but be satisfactory to him as one of the means of ensuring success in his operations.

The small glass Capillary Tubes invented by Dr. Husband of Edinburgh, afford the means, if carefully used, of enabling the public Vaccinator to keep himself supplied at all times with lymph selected by himself and preserved in a fluid state.

These tubes are procurable, empty, at a cost of 1*s.* per 100, and are safely sent at that price by post in small wooden boxes. The cost of obtaining the supply of empty tubes the Commissioners consider to be a proper charge on the poor-rates, when ordered by the Board of Guardians, as part of the ordinary Dispensary requisites under the Medical Charities Act.

A box containing a few specimens of these Capillary Tubes is sent herewith, and if you should desire at any time to avail yourself of a further supply, the proper course will be to make a requisition through the Dispensary Committee to the Board of Guardians to that effect.

The annexed directions as to the proper mode of using the Capillary

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Tubes, both in preserving the lymph, and afterwards applying it to the purpose of Vaccination, have been derived from Dr. Husband's own description of the methods which he recommends.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To each Dispensary Medical Officer.

Directions for filling Capillary Tubes with Vaccine Lymph, and afterwards using them for Vaccination.

Assuming that the operator has at hand a supply of Dr. Husband's Capillary Tubes, a healthy child, with a well-formed and mature vaccine vesicle just punctured in several places, the pure lymph exuding—and a lighted candle—he is to proceed as follows:—Let him dip one end of the tube, held slightly inclined to the horizontal plane, into the lymph. This will immediately ascend in the tube. As much lymph as will suffice for one Vaccination at least should be taken, and as much as will occupy half the length of the tube *may be* taken. Immediately before laying the tube down, he must now, holding it in his right hand, and turning the charged end of it upwards, bring the charge to the middle of the tube by lightly striking the hand on the wrist of the other hand, or on the table. The tube may now be laid down for four or five minutes, not longer, while others are being charged. The sealing of the tube is a very simple process, to be performed as follows:—The extremity of the tube by which the lymph entered is to be applied to the flame of the candle. The glass will immediately melt and close this end of the tube hermetically. In sealing the second end an additional precaution is required. Let the tube be passed quickly into the flame for about half an inch, and quickly withdrawn, and the end of it then held, as in the former case, at the flame till the melting of the glass and sealing are effected. If this precaution be not taken there is risk that the air included between this extremity of the tube and the lymph, being expanded by the heat, will force the soft glass into a bulb which will either burst on the instant, or be so extremely thin that the slightest accidental force will afterwards break it.

The charged tubes may be preserved in slips of paper with slits for securing them, on which the date of taking the lymph, the name of the infant from which it was taken, &c. may be noted.

Directions for using the Charged Tube.

In using the charged tube for Vaccination the sealed ends of the tube are to be gently broken off, one end placed close to a piece of glass and the lymph blown out upon it.

No. 6.—Compulsory Vaccination Act; Publicity to be given to the Requirements of the Act.—Circular to Boards of Guardians.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
December 14, 1863.

Sir,

Adverting to the Circular Letter of the 10th August last, on the subject of the provisions of the Compulsory Vaccination Act, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to state that, as the period at which that Act is to come into operation has now nearly arrived. it appears desirable that the greatest possible publicity should be given at this time to those requirements of the Act which concern the parents of children born after the 1st of January next; and with that view the Commissioners have caused a large placard to be prepared, for posting throughout the several Dispensary Districts; and copies thereof will be forwarded to you for that purpose.

The Commissioners have reason to believe that the services of the Constabulary will be given for the purpose of posting these Notices, in the same manner as they are given for posting Notices relating to the Election of Guardians; but in any case in which those services may not be available from any cause, the Commissioners do not doubt that

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the Board of Guardians will readily sanction the employment of other persons.

You will be careful, before issuing the placards for posting in any Dispensary District, to fill up the blank left for the name of the Medical Officer of the District in all cases where the Medical Officer has accepted the Office of Registrar of Births and Deaths; and you should also take care that each Registrar, whether he is the Medical Officer of the District or not, is supplied with a sufficient number of printed Notices of the days, hours, and places within the District at which attendance will be given for the purpose of Vaccination, in order that he may give such Notices, as required by the 8th section of the Act, to the parents on the registration of the birth of the child, together with the Notice (Form C) referred to in that section, which last-mentioned Notice the Commissioners believe will be provided by the Registrar-General.

A Form, which may be used by the Registrar for notifying times and places of attendance, is enclosed herewith.

By Order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 7.—Compulsory Vacciantion Act; Notices to be given on Registry of Birth.—Circular to Boards of Guardians.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
December 24, 1863.

Sir,

Adverting to that part of the Circular of the 14th instant, relative to the provisions of the Compulsory Vaccination Act, in which it was pointed out that the Registrars should be supplied with printed Notices of the days, hours, and places, within their respective Districts, in which attendance would be given for the purpose of Vaccination, in order that they might give such Notices, as required by the 8th section of the Act, to the parents or other persons registering the birth of any child, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to suggest that the form of Notice which accompanied that Circular should be filled up with the requisite particulars regarding each District and printed with such particulars therein, and with a block or counterfoil for entering the fact that such Notice has been given; and that the forms, so printed, should be bound or stitched in books of convenient size, and then handed to the Registrar.

A blank copy of the form of Notice, with the block, as above suggested, is enclosed.

By order,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

[Form of Notice.

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NOTICE OF VACCINATION STATIONS.

(26 & 27 *Vic.*, c. 52, *sec.* 8.)

———

Name of Child, ————————

Number in Register of Births, ———

Name of Person upon whom Notice is served, ————————

Signature, ————————

Date, ————————

COMPULSORY VACCINATION ACT—IRELAND.

(26 & 27 *Vic.*, *cap.* 52, *sec.* 8.)

———*Union.* ———*District.*

NOTICE OF VACCINATION STATIONS.

Attendance will be given every week on——days, ——days, and——days, from the hour of——until——— at the Dispensary at———for the purpose of Vaccination; also attendance will be given for the same purpose, at the Vaccination Stations within this District, as follows:—

Names of Vaccination Districts.	Place within the Vaccination District at which the Medical Officer will attend.	Days and Hours of Attendance.

Signed,

————Registrar.

NOTICE of VACCINATION STATIONS.

Sec. 8.—"The Registrar of Births and Deaths in every District shall, at or immediately after the registration of the birth of any child who shall not have been certified to him as having been vaccinated within six calendar months after the birth thereof, give notice, in writing, in manner hereinafter directed, and according to the form of schedule hereinafter inserted, marked (C), to the father or mother of such child, or in the event of the death, illness, absence, or inability from sickness or otherwise of the father and mother, then to the person upon whom the care, nurture, or custody of such child shall have devolved, that it is the duty of such father or mother, or person having the care, nurture, or custody of such child as aforesaid, to take care that the said child shall be vaccinated in the manner directed by this Act, and shall together therewith deliver to such person a notice of the days, hours, and places within the District of such Registrar at which the Medical Officer will attend for the purpose of Vaccination, and shall enter in a book, to be provided as hereinafter directed, a minute of his having duly given such notice; and if after such notice the father or mother of the said child, or the person so having as aforesaid the care, nurture, or custody of the said child, shall not cause such child to be vaccinated, or shall not on the eighth day after the Vaccination has been performed take or cause to be taken such child for inspection, according to the provisions in this Act respectively contained, without any reasonable excuse for such failure or omission, then such father, or mother, or person having the care, nurture, or custody of such child as aforesaid, so offending, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding *Ten Shillings*."

No. 8.—Vaccination; Supply of Lymph.—Circular to Boards of Guardians.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
January 11, 1864.

Sir,

Adverting to the Circular Letters to Boards of Guardians and Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts, dated the 28th October last, in which the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of

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the Poor in Ireland recommended the use of Dr. Husband's Capillary Tubes as a means of enabling the Medical Officers to supply themselves with vaccine lymph, from eligible cases within their own practice as public Vaccinators, and of preserving the vaccine lymph in a fluid state, the Commissioners now forward to you, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of correspondence which they have had with the Secretary of the Dublin Cow-Pock Institution, on the subject of an arrangement proposed by the Directors of that institution for obtaining an increased supply of healthy lymph.

In forwarding this correspondence, the Commissioners desire to observe that it supplies a valuable confirmation of the view already expressed by them that the Dispensary Medical Officer has it in his power, especially in rural districts, to obtain lymph of superior quality from his own resources, and such as he can rely upon with confidence as having been selected by himself.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

Correspondence enclosed with foregoing Circular.

Dublin Cow Pock Institution, 45, Upper Sackville-street,
December 30, 1863.

Gentlemen,

I am instructed by the Directors of the above Institution to bring under your notice the following extract from the minutes of their proceedings, at a meeting recently held by them, viz. :—

"The Secretary having stated the object of the Meeting to have been, 'to deliberate upon the best mode of obtaining, for general distribution, an increased supply of vaccine lymph,—

"It was resolved—'That in order to meet the increased demand for lymph, likely to be consequent upon the coming into operation of the Compulsory Vaccination Act, application be made to a certain number of gentlemen holding Medical Poor Law appointments in the suburbs and near vicinity of Dublin, whose names should meet the approbation of the Directors, proposing to them to furnish on terms, to be subsequently arranged, certain quantities of vaccine lymph, guaranteed to be procured from *healthy* sources.'"

I am further to state that, in accordance with the above resolution, I put myself into communication with such parties as the Directors had selected, and having received from the majority a favourable reply, it now becomes my duty to submit this statement to you, by order of the Directors (who are unwilling to interfere or enter into any arrangement with your officers without your privity or consent), with a request to be informed, as soon as may be convenient, how far such a proceeding may be likely to meet with your sanction or approval.

The Directors wish me to add, that the Vaccinators for the *rural* districts were selected in the full expectation of thereby obtaining a more *healthy* lymph, and thus a large quantity of this valuable material would be most profitably and beneficially employed, which otherwise would be completely lost to the public at large.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

Henry L. Dwyer, A.M., M.D., Secretary, Cow Pock Institution.

The Commissioners for administering the Laws
for Relief of the Poor in Ireland.

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Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
January 4, 1864.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have received your letter of the 30th December last, informing them, by desire of the Directors of the Dublin Cow Pock Institution, that application has been made to a certain number of gentlemen holding Medical Poor Law appointments in the suburbs and near vicinity of Dublin, to supply vaccine lymph to the Institution on terms to be arranged subsequently.

The Directors, you state, wish to be informed how far such a proceeding may be likely to meet with the sanction and approval of the Commissioners.

In reply, the Commissioners desire to state that they have recently suggested to the Dispensary and Workhouse Medical Officers in Ireland the propriety of selecting and preserving vaccine lymph for their own use in their respective districts, and have called upon the Boards of Guardians to supply them for this purpose with a sufficient stock of the Glass Tubes invented by Dr. Husband, of Edinburgh, to enable them to collect and preserve lymph from the best sources within their reach.

Having taken this step, the Commissioners would be unable to make themselves parties to the collection and sale of vaccine lymph by Medical Officers of Dispensaries to the Cow Pock Institution, which might afterwards be made the subject of re-sale, by the Institution, to Boards of Guardians for use in the Workhouses and Dispensary Districts.

At the same time the Commissioners have no wish to interfere between the Directors and such Medical Officers as, being enabled to supply themselves with lymph for use as public Vaccinators, are also enabled to furnish a surplus to the Institution, provided that in doing so they do not avail themselves of the means of collecting and preserving lymph which were supplied to them by Boards of Guardians at the expense of the poor-rate.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To Henry L. Dwyer, esq., A.M., M.D.,
Secretary, Dublin Cow Pock Institution,
45, Upper Sackville-street.

No. 9.—Vaccination Register and Reports; Circular to Boards of Guardians.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
February 4th, 1864.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have received several communications from Dispensary Medical Officers, requesting to be informed whether cases of Vaccination of persons born before the 1st January, 1864, are to be registered in the old form of Vaccination Register, or whether all cases of Vaccination—whether the person vaccinated was born before or after that date—are to be entered in the new Register furnished by the Registrar-General, under the provisions of the Compulsory Vaccination Act.

The Commissioners think there is no doubt that the provisions of the Vaccination Act of last Session are limited to the cases of persons born after the 1st January, 1864; and that, therefore, the Register of Vaccination, which is to be kept by the Registrars of Births and Deaths under that Act, cannot properly comprise any cases but those of persons born after the date mentioned. At the same time it is to be observed, that, under the existing regulations, it is the duty of the Dispensary Medical Officer to register all cases of Vaccination performed by him in that capacity in the Register, Form H, prescribed by the Dispensary Regulations of the 16th December, 1853, whether they are cases to be registered in the new form or not; and that it is also his duty to make the Report of all cases vaccinated by him in that capacity which is required by the 3rd sec. of the Act 21 and 22 Vic., c. 64.

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This would involve the registering of a large number of cases twice over, and would cause unnecessary trouble to the Medical Officer; and, in order to obviate this, the Commissioners have issued an Order, of which a copy is enclosed, altering the form of Vaccination Register prescribed by the Dispensary Regulations, and also the form of Vaccination Report, by making both those forms correspond as nearly as possible to that issued by the Registrar-General, and dispensing with the registry by the Medical Officer of any cases which he may have registered in his capacity as Registrar of Births and Deaths in the Register Book furnished by the Registrar-General. Of course, where the Medical Officer is not the Registrar of Births and Deaths, it will be necessary for him to register all cases of Vaccination performed by him in the capacity of Dispensary Medical Officer, notwithstanding the fact that they may be also registered by the Registrar of Births and Deaths.

In regard to the Vaccination Report, it will be necessary that it should include all cases of successful Vaccination performed by the Dispensary Medical Officer in that capacity, inasmuch as the 5th sec. of the Act of last session, which alters the rate of remuneration for Vaccination, and provides that the payment shall be one shilling for each person successfully vaccinated instead of one pound for every twenty cases, as heretofore, makes it a condition of payment that the Medical Officer shall have made the Report to the Committee of Management which is required by the Act 21 and 22 Vic., c. 64.

As, however, the form of this Report is precisely the same as the form of Register, there will be no difficulty in compiling it from the two Registers, care being taken that it includes only those cases which have been successfully vaccinated by the Dispensary Medical Officer himself, in his capacity of Dispensary Medical Officer.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 10.—Vaccination Register and Reports; Circular to Dispensary Committees.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin.
February 4, 1864.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit to you herewith, for the information of the Committee of Management of the Dispensary District, a copy of an Order which they have issued, altering the form of the Vaccination Register and Vaccination Report, by making both those forms correspond, as nearly as possible, to that issued by the Registrar-General. The Commissioners also enclose a copy of a Circular Letter which they have issued to the several Boards of Guardians on the subject, copies of which have also been sent to the several Dispensary Medical Officers.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To the Honorary Secretary of each
Dispensary Committee.

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No. 11.—Vaccination Register and Reports; Circular to Dispensary Medical Officers.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
February 4, 1864.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland transmit to you herewith, for your information and guidance, a copy of an Order which they have issued altering the form of the Vaccination Register and Vaccination Report, by making both those forms correspond, as nearly as possible, to that issued by the Registrar-General. The Commissioners also enclose for your information a copy of a Circular Letter which they have issued to the several Boards of Guardians on the subject, copies of which have also been sent to the several Dispensary Committees.

By order of the Commissioners,

B. Banks, Chief Clerk.

To each Dispensary Medical Officer.

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APPENDIX D.

TABULAR RETURNS IN CONNEXION WITH RELIEF UNDER THE MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT.

[NOTE.—In this series of Tables, the Unions are classed in the Counties and Provinces in which the chief or central place of the respective Unions is situate; but many of the Unions comprise parts of more than one County or Province. The total of Population and Area of the Unions in the respective Counties and Provinces, as arranged in these Tables, will not, therefore, agree with the summaries of those Counties and Provinces in the Census Returns. An Alphabetical Index List of the Dispensary Districts is annexed (No. 6), showing the name of the Union in which each District is situate, and referring to the table and page in which the particulars relating to each District are to be found.]

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No. 1.—Statement of Alterations in Dispensary Districts in Unions in Ireland (arranged in Provinces and Counties), according to the Orders issued by the Commissioners, in pursuance of § 6 of 14 and 15 Vic., c. 68:—(*in continuation of Table No. 1, in App. (D) to Eleventh Annual Report*).

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in each.	Population: 1861.	Area: in Statute Acres.	Poor Law Valuation.	No. of Members of Committee of Management.	No. of Medical Officers authorized by Order.	Number of Apothecaries.	Number of Midwives.	Date of Order.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.										
County of Antrim.				A. R. P.	£ s. d.					
Larne,	Glenarm,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	16th June, 1863.
County of Donegal.										
Stranorlar,	Stranorlar,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	9th April, 1863.
County of Down.										
Downpatrick,	Portaferry,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	7th October, 1863.
County of Tyrone.										
Castlederg,	Castlederg and Killeter,	10	13,869	69,039 0 31	20,659 10 0	29	2	—	—	* 16th September, 1863, taking effect on 30th September, 1863.
Clogher,	Aughnacloy,	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	† 27th May, 1863.
Dungannon,	Coal Island,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	29th May, 1863.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.										
County of Waterford.										
Waterford,	Kilmakevoge,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	12th August, 1863.

* By this Order the arrangement shown in First Report page 112, was restored, except that the number of the Committee of Management has been increased to twenty-nine, and there are two Medical Officers for the District instead of one.

† In addition to the Medical Officer previously appointed for the District.

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SUMMARY OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.

Provinces.	Number of Unions.	Number of Dispensary Districts.	Number of Electoral Divisions.	Population: 1861.	Area: in Statute Acres.	Poor Law Valuation.	Number of Medical Officers authorized by Order.	Number of Apothecaries.	Number of Midwives.
						£			
Ulster,	44	214	875	1,907,264	5,308,198	3,567,136	226	4	37
Munster,	50	203	1,023	1,528,877	6,005,405	3,303,965	224	20	7
Leinster,	40	202	944	1,493,009	4,940,319	4,407,204	227	10	20
Connaught,	29	97	596	869,414	4,060,228	1,345,234	105	7	–
Total,	163	716	3,438	5,798,564	20,314,150	12,623,539	782	41	64

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No. 2.—Financial and Relief Returns.—List, in pursuance of § 20 of the Medical Charities Act (14 & 15 Vic., c. 68), of all Dispensary Districts in the several Unions in Ireland (arranged in Provinces and Counties):—showing the Number of Dispensaries in each, and the Expenses of each Dispensary District for the Year ended 29th September, 1863; with a Return,—for the Year ended 30th September, 1863,—of the Number of Cases of Medical Relief afforded to Patients at the Dispensary and at their own Homes, respectively; the Number of Tickets for Medical Relief Cancelled by the Committee of Management, under § 9 of the Act; Number of Cases of Vacoination; Number of Dangerous Lunatics certified; of Patients attended in Bridewells, &c.

Note on Table, No. 2.

Columns 1 to 3, 5 and 6 inclusive, are abstracted from the sealed Orders of the Commissioners.
Columns 4 and 7 to 13, inclusive, are abstracted from Returns received from the Clerks of Unions.
Columns 14 to 21, inclusive, are abstracted from Returns received from the Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.
Column 8:—In various instances in which Rent does not appear in this Table as part of the Annual Expenses, the Dispensary of the District is held in a house which was used for a Dispensary under the late system, or in a court-house, or other public building; the use of which is obtained by the Guardians for the purpose, or in a house granted by the proprietor, rent free, or at a nominal rent.
Columns 5 and 10:—In some instances two Dispensary Districts, in different but adjoining Unions, are attended by the same Medical Officer.

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d	£ s. d.								
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.																						
County of Antrim.																						
Antrim,	1. Antrim,	2	1	1	–	57 13 8	10 10 0	1 13 2	100 0 0	–	3 0	–	3 11 9	176 8 7	749	282	1,031	–	44	–	5	5
	2. Crumlin,	4	1	1	–	62 17 3	4 0 0	1 14 9	77 1 8	–	6 0	–	6 0 0	157 13 8	856	189	1,045	–	71	4	–	–
	3. Templepatrick,	3	1	1	–	16 1 11	5 0 0	0 19 3	75 0 0	–	3 0	–	3 19 10	104 1 0	265	176	441	2	82	–	–	–
	4. Doagh,	3	1	1	–	37 19 2	6 0 0	1 11 9	75 0 0	–	4 0	–	6 3 11	130 14 10	577	176	753	–	50	–	–	–
	5. Connor,	3	1	1	–	13 10 1	5 0 0	0 19 3	75 0 0	–	1 0	–	4 2 3	99 11 7	353	118	471	1	37	–	–	–
	6. Randalstown,	4	1	1	–	11 18 2	–	0 19 3	100 0 0	–	10 0	–	8 2 8	131 0 1	904	171	1,075	3	143	–	–	–
		19	6	6	–	200 0 3	30 10 0	7 17 5	502 1 8	–	27 0	–	32 0 5	799 9 9	3,704	1,112	4,816	6	427	4	5	5

BALLYCASTLE	1. Ballycastle,	7	1	1	–	40 8 1	–	2 16 2	100 0 0	–	8 0	2 14 3	7 5 0	161 3 6	481	209	690	8	193	–	–	–
	2. Cloagh,	4	1	1	–	21 1 1	4 0 0	1 4 2	90 0 0	–	4 0	2 10 6	5 11 3	128 7 0	214	126	340	–	86	–	–	–
	3. Cushendall,	4	1	1	–	25 18 8	7 0 0	1 3 10	80 0 0	–	–	1 14 11	1 10 6	117 7 11	180	180	360	1	60	–	–	–
		15	3	3	–	87 7 10	11 0 0	5 4 2	270 0 0	–	12 0	6 19 8	14 6 9	406 18 5	875	515	1,390	9	339	–	–	–
BALLYMENA	1. Ballymena,	2	1	1	–	46 1 8	16 0 0	1 18 0	85 0 0	–	4 0	–	5 11 8	158 11 4	2,376	416	2,792	–	99	2	27	18
	2. Galgorm,	2	2	1	–	4 5 0	14 0 0	2 1 1	70 0 0	–	10 0	–	3 13 1	103 19 2	400	231	631	–	210	–	–	–
	3. Ahoghill,	3	1	1	–	21 12 10	9 0 0	6 0 8	72 0 0	–	4 0	–	–	112 13 6	554	283	837	2	33	–	–	–
	4. Portglenone,	3	1	1	–	19 18 10	12 0 0	0 17 6	70 0 0	–	10 0	–	0 5 6	113 1 10	718	219	937	1	158	–	–	–
	5. Clogh,	4	1	1	–	14 13 1	10 0 0	1 0 2	70 0 0	–	–	0 15 0	3 2 6	99 10 9	449	125	574	1	41	–	–	–
	6. Broughshane,	3	2	1	–	20 16 2	13 0 0	1 1 0	70 0 0	–	10 0	2 0 0	0 9 6	117 6 8	465	182	647	1	171	–	–	–
	7. Glenwhirry,	3	2	1	–	14 14 10	16 0 0	1 12 0	70 0 0	–	4 0	–	–	106 6 10	346	169	515	2	74	–	–	–
	8. Toome,	3	1	1	–	20 18 9	7 0 0	2 9 2	70 0 0	–	10 0	–	3 8 9	113 16 8	438	180	618	–	201	–	–	–
		23	11	8	–	163 1 2	97 0 0	16 19 7	577 0 0	–	52 0	2 15 0	16 11 0	925 6 9	5,746	1,805	7,551	7	987	2	27	18
BALLYMONEY	1. Ballymoney,	4	1	1	–	31 17 3	13 10 0	0 18 4	95 0 0	–	12 0	0 7 0	6 2 9	159 15 4	1,190	322	1,512	–	247	2	16	6
	2. Dervock,	4	1	1	–	18 14 6	6 0 0	0 10 11	75 0 0	–	1 0	–	5 16 0	107 1 5	184	149	333	–	75	2	–	–
	3. Castlequarter,	5	1	1	–	17 17 11	6 0 0	0 0 5	75 0 0	–	–	–	4 0 0	102 18 4	185	98	283	–	42	–	–	–
	4. Dirraw,	5	1	1	–	–	8 0 0	0 7 8	85 0 0	–	2 0	–	4 0 0	99 7 8	169	61	230	–	5	–	–	–
	5. Kilrea,	4	2	1	–	18 5 1	6 0 0	–	90 0 0	–	11 0	–	7 2 4	132 7 5	909	209	1,118	–	272	–	–	–
		22	6	5	–	86 14 9	39 10 0	1 17 4	420 0 0	–	26 0	0 7 0	27 1 1	601 10 2	2,637	839	3,476	–	641	4	16	6
BELFAST,	1. Belfast,	1	2	6	2	512 16 9	70 0 0	39 9 0	471 12 0	200 0	81 0	36 0 0	73 5 10	1,484 3 7	13,282	5,909	19,141	3	2,182	1	–	–
	2. Shankhill,	6	4	3	–	66 19 5	62 17 6	8 4 9	272 17 2	–	9 0	–	10 0 0	429 18 10	2,297	892	3,189	–	249	2	–	–
	3. Ballymacarrett,	2	1	1	–	41 17 9	30 0 0	4 18 3	118 12 6	–	16 0	3 0 0	16 8 9	230 17 3	2,423	693	3,116	1	268	2	–	–
	4. Hollywood,	3	1	1	–	39 0 8	15 0 0	1 1 9	90 0 0	–	4 0	2 10 0	5 4 9	156 17 2	381	271	652	–	190	–	–	–
		12	8	11	2	660 14 7	177 17 6	53 13 9	953 1 8	200 0	110 0	41 10 0	104 19 4	2,301 16 10	18,333	7,765	26,098	4	2,889	5	–	–
LARNE,	1. Glenarm,	3	1	a1	–	19 8 6	10 0 0	1 19 2	90 0 0	–	6 0	1 1 0	7 13 0	136 1 8	217	151	368	–	95	–	–	–
	2. Larne,	4	1	1	–	23 16 3	10 0 0	2 3 10	90 0 0	–	10 0	4 1 0	6 16 0	146 17 1	927	251	1,178	1	187	–	–	–
	3. Ballynure,	3	1	1	–	2 4 5	5 0 0	1 10 6	70 0 0	–	3 0	1 1 0	2 0 0	84 15 11	55	66	121	–	157	–	–	–
	4. Ballycarry,	2	1	1	–	2 15 9	4 0 0	1 12 0	70 0 0	–	3 0	2 1 0	5 5 0	88 13 9	57	77	134	–	80	–	–	–
	5. Carrickfergus,	1	1	1	–	65 15 1	10 0 0	2 12 6	90 0 0	–	8 0	1 1 0	15 3 10	192 12 5	1,097	322	1,419	2	183	–	–	–
		13	5	5	–	114 0 0	39 0 0	9 18 0	410 0 0	–	30 0	9 5 0	36 17 10	649 0 10	2,353	867	3,220	3	702	–	–	–

[a] Larne Union: Glenarm District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer, by Order dated 16th June, 1863.

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20	21.	22.	23.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*continued.*																						
COUNTY OF ANTRIM—*con.*																						
LISBURN,	1. Lisburn,	4	1	1	–	15 14 0	10 0 0	1 11 8	80 0 0	–	2 0	1 0 0	0 4 9	110 10 5	1,337	406	1,743	–	66	–	–	–
	2. Hillsborough,	4	1	1	–	28 3 0	10 0 0	1 1 2	80 0 0	–	8 0	–	–	127 4 2	445	376	821	–	142	3	–	–
	3. Knocknadona,	4	1	1	–	11 16 2	7 0 0	1 2 1	60 0 0	–	13 0	2 0 0	0 8 0	95 6 3	196	272	468	–	260	–	–	–
	4. Glenavy,	4	1	1	–	13 5 0	10 0 0	0 10 2	70 0 0	–	0 0	2 0 0	–	102 1 2	682	178	860	–	160	–	–	–
	5. Dunmurry,	3	1	1	–	26 10 9	10 0 0	0 19 1	70 0 0	–	4 0	–	4 2 0	115 11 10	666	192	858	–	126	–	–	–
	6 Ballylesson,	2	1	1	–	25 13 8	10 10 0	0 10 2	80 0 0	–	3 0	1 0 0	8 2 10	128 16 8	505	241	740	–	109	1	–	–
	7. Saintfield,	3	1	1	–	22 4 2	8 0 0	1 9 7	61 3 6	–	9 0	–	6 0 0	107 17 3	479	154	633	–	180	–	–	–
	8. Annahilt,	3	1	1	–	25 6 10	6 0 0	1 9 0	60 0 0	–	11 0	–	–	103 15 10	800	328	1,128	6	221	1	–	–
		27	8	8	–	168 13 7	71 10 0	8 18 11	561 3 6	–	56 0	6 0 0	18 17 7	891 3 7	5,110	2,147	7,257	6	1,264	5	–	–
COUNTY OF ARMAGH.																						
ARMAGH,	1. Armagh,	3	1	a1	–	0 4 4	15 0 0	4 19 8	120 0 0	–	7 0	2 3 6	56 6 6	205 14 0	1,664	951	2,605	–	155	1	–	–
	2. Blackwatertown	3	2	1	–	19 10 10	14 10 0	2 4 3	100 0 0	–	1 0	0 0 6	3 9 8	140 15 3	902	140	1,042	2	46	–	–	–
	3. Caledon,	1	1	1	–	11 18 0	7 0 0	0 13 1	40 0 0	–	2 0	0 1 0	–	61 12 1	467	112	579	–	44	–	–	–
	4. Tynan,	3	1	1	–	10 1 4	8 10 0	1 7 1	100 0 0	–	9 0	2 4 6	0 17 6	132 0 5	410	197	607	–	212	1	–	–
	5. Keady,	5	1	1	–	30 13 3	7 0 0	1 10 7	100 0 0	–	10 0	2 5 0	3 0 0	154 8 10	797	208	1,005	–	273	2	–	–
	6. Markethill,	4	1	a1	–	20 14 4	9 0 0	1 0 3	100 0 0	–	8 0	0 4 0	14 1 6	153 0 1	1,016	440	1,456	–	179	–	–	–
	7. Richhill,	3	1	1	–	18 3 7	6 0 0	3 2 1	100 0 0	–	5 0	2 2 6	1 18 9	136 6 11	847	256	1,103	–	89	–	–	–
	8. Loughgall,	4	1	1	–	10 4 9	6 0 0	0 13 1	100 0 0	–	–	3 0 0	3 0 0	122 17 10	671	259	930	–	106	–	–	–
		26	9	8	–	121 10 5	73 0 0	15 10 1	760 0 0	–	42 0	12 1 0	82 13 11	1106 15 5	6,764	2,563	9,327	2	1,104	4	–	–
LURGAN,	1. Lurgan,	4	2	2	–	73 1 4	17 0 0	4 19 10	130 0 0	–	8 0	–	5 2 7	238 3 9	1,177	668	1,845	7	240	–	6	2
	2. Aghalee,	3	1	1	–	4 12 11	8 0 0	1 5 7	70 0 0	–	5 0	–	2 13 11	91 12 5	318	206	524	1	92	–	–	–
	3. Moira,	3	1	1	–	46 0 1	8 0 0	1 12 1	75 0 0	–	4 0	4 0 0	4 18 4	143 10 6	999	493	1,492	–	95	1	–	–
	4. Waringstown,	3	1	1	–	26 7 5	8 0 0	1 5 7	75 0 0	–	6 0	3 0 0	1 10 11	121 3 11	313	293	606	–	65	–	–	–
	5. Portadown,	3	1	1	–	39 4 11	11 0 0	1 18 7	109 0 0	–	7 0	2 0 0	7 3 5	168 6 11	2,027	729	2,756	–	200	2	–	–
	6. Tartaraghan,	3	1	1	–	27 5 10	10 0 0	1 18 7	80 0 0	–	4 0	2 0 0	6 3 6	131 7 11	763	357	1,120	3	85	–	–	–
		19	7	7	–	216 12 6	62 0 0	13 0 3	539 0 0	–	34 0	11 0 0	27 12 8	894 5 5	5,597	2,746	8,343	11	777	3	6	2

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COUNTY OF CAVAN.																										
BAILIEBORO',	1. Baileborough,	5	1	1	–	59 7 11	7 0 0	1 12 0	89 17 6	–	7 0	3 10 6	0 1 0	168 8 11	832	362	1,194	–	135	1	2	1
	2. Shercock,	2	1	1	–	24 2 11	10 0 0	–	60 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	1 1 0	95 14 5	394	140	534	3	10	–	–	–
	3. Kingscourt,	3	1	1	–	19 9 9	6 0 0	–	70 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	4 0 0	102 0 3	669	206	875	4	76	1	–	–
	4. Crossbane,	1	1	1	–	9 7 6	6 0 0	–	30 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	–	45 18 0	261	54	315	–	3	–	–	–
	5. Termon,	1	1	1	–	15 19 2	6 0 0	–	30 0 0	–	1 0	1 10 6	1 19 7	56 9 3	219	32	251	–	18	1	–	–
		12	5	5	–	128 7 3	35 0 0	1 12 0	279 17 6	–	10 0	6 12 6	7 1 7	468 10 10	2,375	794	3,169	7	242	3	2	1
BAWNBOY,	1. Ballyconnell,	7	1	1	–	30 19 7	10 1 9	–	80 0 0	–	4 0	–	4 0 0	129 1 4	464	142	606	20	101	2	4	2
	2. Ballinamore,	6	1	1	–	25 18 9	8 0 0	–	80 0 0	–	–	–	4 0 0	117 18 9	241	142	383	2	–	–	–	–
	3. Swanlinbar,	6	1	1	–	13 18 5	7 10 0	0 13 6	80 0 0	–	–	–	3 0 0	105 1 11	138	52	190	1	16	–	–	–
	4. Newtowngore,	6	1	1	–	12 16 7	5 0 0	–	75 0 0	–	–	–	3 0 0	95 16 7	248	90	338	–	66	–	–	–
		25	4	4	–	83 13 4	30 11 9	0 13 6	315 0 0	–	4 0	–	14 0 0	447 18 7	1,091	426	1,517	23	183	2	4	2
CAVAN,	1. Arvagh,	4	1	1	–	20 5 1	6 0 0	0 14 6	65 0 0	–	4 0	1 0 6	3 2 10	100 2 11	410	159	569	2	73	1	–	–
	2. Bellananagh,	4	1	1	–	22 15 8	5 0 0	0 14 7	60 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	5 7 6	95 8 3	303	102	405	–	63	–	–	–
	3. Ballyhaise,	5	1	1	–	40 7 11	9 0 0	0 14 8	65 0 0	–	9 0	1 10 6	7 15 6	133 8 7	329	334	663	6	106	–	–	–
	4. Belturbet,	5	1	1	–	20 16 1	–	1 14 2	65 0 0	–	1 0	6 10 6	3 13 6	98 14 3	641	204	845	–	46	1	–	–
	5. Cavan,	4	1	1	–	28 13 6	8 0 0	0 14 8	80 0 0	–	5 0	1 5 6	4 8 3	128 1 11	604	190	794	1	152	1	–	–
	6. Killeshandra,	3	1	1	–	22 11 7	5 0 0	0 14 6	65 0 0	–	2 0	2 10 6	3 12 0	101 8 7	589	72	661	–	96	–	–	–
	7. Kilnaleck,	4	1	1	–	3 17 0	6 0 0	0 14 7	80 0 0	–	11 0	0 10 6	1 0 6	103 2 7	920	364	1,284	2	114	1	–	–
	8. Stradone,	4	1	1	–	10 13 4	6 10 0	1 1 5	65 0 0	–	6 0	0 10 6	3 8 4	93 3 7	613	92	705	1	238	–	–	–
		33	8	8	–	170 0 2	45 10 0	7 3 1	545 0 0	–	39 0	14 9 0	32 8 5	853 10 8	4,409	1,517	5,926	12	888	4	–	–
COOTEHILL,	1. Cootehill,	4	2	1	–	34 16 7	16 10 0	0 15 3	85 0 0	–	18 0	–	–	155 1 10	813	262	1,075	–	537	1	–	–
	2. Dawsongrove,	4	1	1	–	32 16 7	12 0 0	0 10 8	70 0 0	–	3 0	–	–	118 7 3	438	197	635	–	222	–	–	–
	3. Drum,	6	2	1	–	27 16 4	13 0 0	0 3 4	85 0 0	–	5 0	–	1 15 0	132 14 8	804	191	995	3	371	–	–	–
	4. Tullyvin,	5	2	1	–	15 1 2	10 10 0	0 9 3	70 0 0	–	5 0	–	3 8 6	104 8 11	733	115	848	–	393	–	–	–
		19	7	4	–	110 10 8	52 0 0	1 18 6	310 0 0	–	31 0	–	5 3 6	510 12 8	2,788	765	3,553	3	1,523	1	–	–
COUNTY OF DONEGAL.																						
BALLYSHANNON,	1. Ballyshannon,	5	1	1	–	21 15 6	–	0 7 2	70 0 0	–	–	1 1 0	4 17 3	98 0 11	733	133	866	–	19	–	–	–
	2. Ballintra,	1	1	1	–	8 3 3	–	0 7 2	25 0 0	–	1 0	1 1 0	2 12 0	38 3 5	161	32	193	2	46	–	–	–
	3. Belleek,	5	1	1	–	17 13 4	–	–	70 0 0	–	–	1 1 0	4 12 0	93 6 4	332	80	412	3	5	–	–	–
	4. Church Hill,	3	1	1	–	–	4 0 0	–	30 0 0	–	1 0	1 1 0	1 10 0	37 11 0	144	20	164	–	28	–	–	–
	5. Kinlough,	7	1	1	–	62 0 9	6 0 0	0 16 8	60 0 0	–	2 0	1 1 0	5 0 0	136 18 5	1,101	107	1,208	–	71	1	–	–
		21	5	5	–	109 12 10	10 0 0	1 11 0	255 0 0	–	4 0	5 5 0	18 11 3	404 0 1	2,471	372	2,843	5	169	1	–	–

* Armagh Union: Armagh and Markethill Districts.—A Midwife authorized for each of these Districts in addition to the Medical Officer.

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order: Med. Officers.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order: Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863: Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries: Medical Officers.	Salaries: Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses: Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Vaccination Expenses: Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863: Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year: Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance Given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*continued.*						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
COUNTY OF DONEGAL—*con.*																						
DONEGAL,	1. Pettigoe,	3	1	1	–	–	3 0 0	–	40 0 0	–	3 0	2 0 0	2 16 0	50 16 0	165	21	186	–	31	–	–	–
	2. Lahy,	3	1	1	–	–	5 0 0	–	60 0 0	–	2 0	–	5 10 0	72 10 0	477	107	584	2	72	–	–	–
	3. Donegal,	5	1	1	–	–	9 10 0	–	60 0 0	–	–	–	8 5 9	77 15 9	624	209	833	–	28	–	–	–
	4. Mountcharles,	4	1	1	–	–	4 0 0	–	60 0 0	–	1 0	–	5 5 0	70 5 0	499	82	581	–	36	–	–	–
	5. Dunkineely,	3	1	1	–	–	5 0 0	–	70 0 0	–	–	–	4 0 0	79 0 0	420	94	514	–	1	–	–	–
		18	5	5	–	–	26 10 0	–	290 0 0	–	6 0	2 0 0	25 16 9	350 6 9	2,185	513	2,698	2	168	–	–	–
DUNFANAGHY,	1. Dunfanaghy,	5	2	1	–	0 11 4	9 5 0	0 10 9	80 0 0	–	1 0	–	5 3 6	96 10 7	194	121	315	1	103	–	–	–
	2. Crossroads,	5	2	1	–	0 18 7	9 0 0	2 14 9	94 0 0	–	8 0	–	4 14 6	119 7 10	572	162	734	1	108	1	–	–
		10	4	2	–	1 9 11	18 5 0	3 5 6	174 0 0	–	9 0	–	9 18 0	215 18 5	766	283	1,049	2	211	1	–	–
GLENTIES,	1. Dungloe,	8	1	1	–	39 9 1	6 0 0	0 2 2	70 0 0	–	32 0	4 0 0	11 0 0	162 11 3	518	239	757	–	491	2	–	–
	2. Glenties,	5	2	1	–	29 15 2	9 10 0	0 2 3	60 0 0	–	3 0	–	–	102 7 5	350	118	468	–	60	–	–	–
	3. Carrick,	7	2	1	–	20 14 2	10 0 0	0 2 2	70 0 0	–	–	–	8 0 0	106 16 4	193	85	278	–	6	2	–	–
	4. Ardara,	5	1	1	–	32 15 1	6 0 0	0 2 2	70 0 0	–	9 0	–	–	117 17 3	143	136	279	4	131	4	–	–
	5. Killybegs,	2	1	1	–	–	6 0 0	0 2 3	40 0 0	–	1 0	–	4 0 0	51 2 3	542	73	615	–	12	–	–	–
		27	7	5	–	122 13 6	37 10 0	0 11 0	310 0 0	–	45 0	4 0 0	21 0 0	540 14 6	1,746	651	2,397	4	700	8	–	–
INISHOWEN,	1. Carndonagh,	4	2	1	–	14 10 8	12 0 0	0 9 6	90 0 0	–	4 0	–	2 0 0	123 0 2	478	176	654	–	114	1	–	–
	2. Clonmany,	3	1	1	–	–	6 0 0	0 9 6	90 0 0	–	7 0	–	1 0 0	104 9 6	243	87	330	24	246	–	–	–
	3. Moville,	6	2	1	–	24 4 7	9 12 0	2 9 4	120 0 0	–	12 0	–	3 0 0	171 5 11	836	277	1,113	1	544	2	–	–
	4. Malin,	4	2	1	–	15 8 7	16 0 0	0 9 6	100 0 0	–	–	–	–	131 18 1	541	142	683	12	132	–	–	–
	5. Buncrana,	4	1	1	–	21 18 2	6 5 0	0 12 0	90 0 0	–	11 0	4 10 0	4 0 0	138 5 2	557	233	790	–	218	1	8	1
		21	8	5	–	76 2 0	49 17 0	4 9 10	490 0 0	–	34 0	4 10 0	10 0 0	668 18 10	2,655	915	3,570	37	1,254	4	8	1

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LETTERKENNY,	1. Letterkenny,	5	1	1	–	51 6 4	12 0 0	0 19 0	100 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	–	167 15 10	890	205	1,095	–	159	1	3	3
	2. Manorcunningham	3	1	1	–	31 17 1	9 1 0	0 15 0	80 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	4 4 0	120 7 7	674	173	847	–	37	1	–	–
	3. Church Hill,	6	1	1	–	49 19 1	6 0 0	0 15 0	80 0 0	–	2 0	1 10 6	6 5 6	146 10 1	404	127	531	–	30	–	–	–
		14	3	3	–	133 2 6	18 1 0	2 9 0	260 0 0	–	8 0	2 11 6	10 9 6	434 13 6	1,968	505	2,473	–	226	2	3	3
MILFORD,	1. Rathmelton,	3	1	b1	–	17 12 6	8 0 0	1 0 0	100 0 0	–	14 0	0 3 9	28 10 3	169 6 6	386	237	623	–	277	–	–	–
	2. Rathmullan,	3	1	1	–	12 18 4	5 0 0	3 1 11	84 16 4	–	13 0	0 3 5	1 4 9	120 4 9	215	88	303	8	274	–	–	–
	3. Kilmacrenan and Milford,	4	2	1	–	28 11 8	10 0 0	1 4 6	80 0 0	–	3 0	–	7 2 0	129 18 2	738	99	837	–	140	1	–	–
	4. Fannett,	5	1	1	–	28 5 4	6 0 0	1 2 0	75 0 0	–	2 0	–	3 11 3	115 18 7	474	111	585	31	–	–	–	–
	5. Rosguill,	4	1	1	–	17 4 2	5 0 0	0 17 1	65 0 0	–	2 0	–	0 3 9	90 5 0	229	90	319	–	43	–	–	–
		19	6	5	–	104 12 0	34 0 0	7 5 6	401 16 4	–	34 0	0 7 2	40 12 0	625 13 0	2,042	625	2,667	39	734	1	–	–
STRANORLAR	1. Killygordon,	4	2	1	–	22 10 10	10 0 0	0 8 4	90 17 0	–	4 0	–	5 3 11	133 0 1	237	92	329	–	154	2	–	–
	2. Stranorlar,	3	2	c1	–	53 14 5	12 0 0	5 6 9	78 0 0	–	2 0	–	–	151 1 2	836	232	1,068	–	46	–	–	–
	3. Cloghan,	4	2	c1	–	11 4 10	10 0 0	0 12 1	70 0 0	–	–	–	2 9 11	94 6 10	344	74	418	–	–	–	–	–
		11	6	3	–	87 10 1	32 0 0	6 7 2	238 17 0	–	6 0	–	7 13 10	378 8 1	1,417	398	1,815	–	200	2	–	–
COUNTY OF DOWN.																						
BANBRIDGE,	1. Banbridge,	4	1	1	–	26 8 0	10 0 0	1 12 6	100 0 0	–	20 0	–	9 2 0	167 2 6	1,928	471	2,399	–	571	–	–	–
	2. Dromore,	3	1	1	–	37 19 1	10 0 0	1 8 7	80 0 0	–	24 0	–	6 9 6	159 17 2	638	376	1,014	4	169	1	–	–
	3. Crosgar,	3	1	1	–	22 10 5	–	1 12 8	80 0 0	–	4 0	–	6 3 10	114 6 11	460	138	598	–	82	3	–	–
	4. Ballyward,	4	1	1	–	15 12 10	8 0 0	1 12 8	80 0 0	–	7 0	0 8 0	3 7 0	116 0 6	355	227	582	1	146	–	–	–
	5. Loughbrickland	5	1	1	–	10 1 3	7 0 0	1 6 0	70 0 0	–	4 0	2 0 0	4 14 0	99 1 3	206	156	362	–	230	–	–	–
	6. Tanderagee,	4	1	1	–	46 6 8	6 0 0	2 16 7	80 0 0	–	2 0	–	4 10 3	141 13 6	929	369	1,298	2	108	–	–	–
		23	6	6	–	158 18 3	41 0 0	10 9 0	490 0 0	–	61 0	2 8 0	34 6 7	798 1 10	4,516	1,737	6,253	7	1,306	4	–	–
DOWNPATRICK,	1. Downpatrick,	3	1	1	–	70 3 0	10 0 0	1 15 0	80 0 0	–	6 0	4 1 0	13 3 7	185 2 7	599	368	967	–	134	2	–	–
	2. Clough,	4	2	1	–	13 16 5	11 7 0	0 15 6	90 0 0	–	6 0	–	1 10 0	123 8 11	911	349	1,260	–	162	–	–	–
	3. Ballynahinch,	4	3	1	–	41 15 1	15 0 0	2 0 9	100 0 0	–	5 0	–	4 10 6	168 6 4	760	412	1,172	–	150	–	–	–
	4. Killyleagh,	4	2	1	–	27 3 10	13 0 0	1 9 9	90 0 0	–	17 0	0 2 6	2 18 6	151 14 7	694	273	967	–	245	2	–	–
	5. Killough,	3	1	1	–	27 0 3	5 10 0	1 9 3	80 0 0	–	5 0	0 5 0	0 7 6	119 12 0	739	163	902	–	88	–	–	–
	6. Strangford,	3	1	1	–	24 3 8	5 0 0	3 1 1	80 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	7 5 3	121 0 6	323	190	513	1	120	–	–	–
	7. Portaferry,	3	1	1	–	20 6 11	9 10 0	1 6 8	80 0 0	–	5 0	2 0 0	5 19 3	124 2 10	778	251	1,029	–	192	–	–	–
		24	11	7	–	224 9 2	69 7 0	11 18 0	600 0 0	–	45 0	6 19 0	35 14 7	993 7 9	4,804	2,006	6,810	1	1,091	4	–	–
KILKEEL,	1. Kilkeel,	5	2	d1	1	40 6 7	10 0 0	1 13 8	120 0 0	20 0 0	12 0	0 17 8	15 5 5	220 3 4	939	466	1,405	1	454	2	–	–
	2. Bryansford,	3	1	1	–	15 1 11	4 0 0	1 10 6	90 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	8 1 2	121 4 1	543	212	755	1	72	–	–	–
	3. Rostrevor,	2	1	1	–	20 4 11	10 0 0	1 6 2	74 0 0	–	3 0	1 15 6	2 15 3	113 1 10	285	196	481	2	78	–	–	–
		10	4	3	1	75 13 5	24 0 0	4 10 4	284 0 0	20 0 0	17 0	3 3 8	26 1 10	454 9 3	1,767	874	2,641	4	604	2	–	–

Inishowen Union: Moville District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer, but no appointment has been made. [*continued.*

Milford Union: Rathmelton District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer.

c Stranorlar Union: Stranorlar and Cloghan Districts.—A Midwife authorized for each of these Districts in addition to the Medica Officer, but no appointment has been made.

d Kilkeel Union: Kilkeel District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer.

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No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*continued.*																						
County of Down—*con.*																						
Newry,	1. Newry,	2	1	2	–	59 14 11	14 0 0	1 9 1	181 6 0	–	43 0	–	10 1 5	309 11 5	1,316	764	2,080	–	948	1	7	7
	2. Warrenpoint,	2	1	a1	–	22 16 5	10 0 0	0 18 6	80 0 0	–	20 0	0 12 0	15 2 1	149 9 0	565	297	862	7	905	2	–	–
	3. Rathfriland,	4	1	1	–	14 14 1	9 0 0	0 6 0	75 0 0	–	14 0	0 11 0	7 1 5	120 12 6	286	198	484	–	457	–	–	–
	4. Mullaghglass,	3	1	a1	–	25 1 1	8 0 0	0 18 0	80 0 0	–	24 0	0 2 6	12 10 0	150 11 7	237	273	510	–	412	–	–	–
	5. Mountnorris,	3	2	1	–	21 14 6	15 0 0	0 6 0	80 0 0	–	3 0	–	5 0 0	125 0 6	364	149	513	–	186	–	–	–
	6. Meigh,	2	1	1	–	18 17 11	8 0 0	0 5 0	80 0 0	–	20 0	–	6 0 0	133 2 11	668	319	982	–	438	–	–	–
	7. Forkhill,	2	1	1	–	12 18 1	8 10 0	0 4 0	80 0 0	–	15 0	–	2 10 0	119 2 1	406	162	568	–	304	–	–	–
	8. Donaghmore,	3	1	1	–	14 4 1	11 0 0	1 1 0	60 0 0	–	–	1 0 0	–	87 5 1	437	135	572	–	54	–	–	–
	9. Pointzpass,	1	1	1	–	15 7 11	8 0 0	3 14 6	70 0 0	–	9 0	–	–	106 2 5	336	126	462	–	211	–	–	–
		22	10	10	–	205 9 0	91 10 0	9 2 1	786 6 0	–	148 0	2 5 6	58 4 11	1,300 17 6	4,610	2,423	7,033	7	3,915	3	7	7
Newtownards,	1. Newtownards,	3	1	1	–	85 5 6	10 0 0	5 14 0	120 0 0	–	8 0	0 10 6	2 0 0	231 10 0	3,817	1,165	4,982	2	153	–	–	–
	2. Comber,	3	1	1	–	41 8 5	8 0 0	1 18 3	80 0 0	–	7 0	0 10 6	3 19 0	142 16 2	975	198	1,173	–	180	2	–	–
	3. Kilmood,	3	1	1	–	20 8 10	9 10 0	1 2 6	80 0 0	–	–	1 0 0	2 11 3	114 12 7	426	167	593	–	128	–	–	–
	4. Grey Abbey,	4	2	1	–	50 17 11	9 0 0	1 18 0	90 0 0	–	10 0	0 18 0	6 2 0	168 15 11	1,699	417	2,116	17	269	–	–	–
	5. Donaghadee,	2	1	1	–	29 5 0	7 0 0	1 12 4	80 0 0	–	7 0	0 16 0	4 12 6	130 5 10	735	365	1,100	5	210	–	–	–
	6. Bangor,	1	1	1	–	60 10 1	10 0 0	2 9 2	90 0 0	–	3 0	0 13 6	6 7 9	173 0 6	1,460	296	1,756	–	102	1	–	–
		16	7	6	–	287 15 9	53 10 0	14 14 3	540 0 0	–	35 0	4 8 6	25 12 6	961 1 0	9,112	2,608	11,720	24	1,042	3	–	–
County of Fermanagh.																						
Enniskillen,	1. Enniskillen,	7	1	1	–	53 1 1	12 0 0	1 17 9	100 0 0	–	15 0	0 10 6	6 14 6	189 3 10	1,063	548	1,611	7	244	5	–	–
	2. Tempo,	6	2	1	–	17 17 4	10 10 0	0 18 11	80 0 0	–	8 0	0 10 6	–	117 16 9	218	170	388	6	27	–	–	–
	3. Lisbellaw,	3	1	1	–	8 10 9	7 10 0	0 15 2	60 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	–	80 6 5	222	58	280	5	77	–	–	–
	4. Ely,	8	1	1	–	9 8 2	9 15 0	1 2 7	80 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	2 10 0	107 6 3	363	66	429	–	104	–	–	–
	5. Holywell,	10	2	1	–	15 1 2	10 10 0	0 15 8	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	6 19 6	133 16 10	957	168	1,125	6	11	–	–	–
	6. Florencecourt	8	1	1	–	16 10 3	10 0 0	0 15 8	80 0 0	–	–	1 2 6	4 2 8	112 11 1	320	114	434	9	16	2	–	–
		42	8	6	–	120 8 9	60 5 0	6 5 9	500 0 0	–	30 0	3 15 0	20 6 8	741 1 2	3,143	1,124	4,267	33	479	7	–	–

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Irvinestown,	1. Irvinestown,	7	3	2	–	90 7 11	12 5 0	1 17 6	120 0	–	23 0	0 10 6	7 19 4	256 0 3	998	375	1,373	10	324	–	–	–
	2. Ederney,	8	1	1	–	26 5 1	5 0 0	1 15 6	80 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	10 12 2	126 3 3	611	57	668	19	31	–	–	–
	3. Clonelly,	2	1	1	–	11 18 2	3 0 0	1 13 0	35 0 0	–	–	2 10 6	2 17 6	56 19 2	196	31	224	–	13	–	–	–
		17	5	4	–	128 11 2	20 5 0	5 6 0	235 0 0	–	25 0	3 11 6	21 9 0	439 2 8	1,882	463	2,295	29	368	–	–	–
Lisnaskea,	1. Brookeborough	6	1	1	–	31 2 7	10 0 0	0 5 4	100 0 0	–	7 0	0 10 6	–	148 18 5	546	148	694	–	83	–	–	–
	2. Lisnaskea,	5	1	1	–	24 17 8	10 0 0	2 11 9	90 0 0	–	8 0	0 10 6	–	135 19 11	354	174	528	–	214	–	–	–
	3. Derrylin,	6	1	b1	–	26 1 3	10 0 0	0 13 4	90 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	2 5 2	131 10 3	399	140	539	1	67	1	–	–
	4. Maguiresbridge,	3	1	1	–	15 2 8	10 0 0	1 11 3	65 0 0	–	9 0	0 10 6	–	101 4 5	292	81	373	–	157	–	–	–
		20	4	4	–	97 4 2	40 0 0	5 1 8	345 0 0	–	26 0	2 2 0	2 5 2	517 13 0	1,591	543	2,134	1	521	1	–	–
County of Londonderry.																						
Coleraine,	1. Coleraine,	3	2	1	–	14 8 10	17 12 0	2 7 3	90 0 0	–	–	–	14 3 3	138 11 4	1,010	611	1,621	4	45	2	8	11
	2. Bushmills,	4	2	1	–	25 15 2	18 0 0	2 4 7	90 0 0	–	6 0	–	3 0 10	145 0 7	195	223	418	–	60	–	–	–
	3. Articlave,	4	1	1	–	51 7 0	10 0 0	3 5 5	80 0 0	–	8 0	–	2 0 5	154 12 10	382	309	691	–	118	–	–	–
	4. Aghadowey,	5	1	1	–	36 3 1	13 0 0	2 4 7	90 0 0	–	14 0	–	–	155 7 8	813	391	1,204	–	229	–	–	–
	5. Garvagh,	4	1	1	–	30 17 6	10 0 0	2 4 7	80 0 0	–	7 0	–	–	130 2 1	323	145	468	–	193	–	–	–
		20	7	5	–	158 11 7	68 12 0	12 0 5	430 0 0	–	35 0	–	19 4 6	723 14 6	2,723	1,679	4,402	4	645	2	8	11
Londonderry,	1. City of Londonderry,	2	1	c1	1	65 19 0	14 0 0	2 14 7	120 0 0	50 0 0	8 0	3 0 0	64 13 10	328 7 5	1,201	1,226	2,427	1	599	–	–	–
	2. Glendermot,	3	1	c1	–	43 10 8	4 0 0	0 10 7	100 0 0	–	5 0	1 0 0	20 8 6	174 9 9	782	516	1,298	–	227	–	–	–
	3. Eglinton,	3	2	c1	–	27 3 0	4 0 0	0 8 1	100 0 0	–	2 0	0 15 0	15 9 6	149 15 7	442	323	765	–	103	–	–	–
	4. Claudy,	4	2	1	–	19 17 2	6 15 0	1 3 7	160 0 0	–	6 0	–	5 18 6	139 14 3	1,372	134	1,506	5	130	3	–	–
	5. Kilderry,	4	2	c1	–	38 18 9	11 0 0	0 13 11	100 0 0	–	3 0	–	17 3 6	170 16 2	901	283	1,184	4	142	–	–	–
	6. Burt,	3	3	1	–	0 2 0	7 2 0	0 10 5	100 0 0	–	3 0	–	9 15 6	120 9 11	538	157	695	–	43	1	–	–
	7. Killea,	3	1	c1	–	24 3 9	8 0 0	0 8 1	100 0 0	–	3 0	1 0 0	14 13 0	151 4 10	450	202	652	–	174	–	–	–
		22	12	7	1	219 14 4	54 17 0	6 9 3	720 0 0	50 0 0	30 0	5 15 0	148 2 4	1,234 17 11	5,686	2,841	8,527	10	1,418	4	–	–
Magherafelt,	1. Magherafelt,	5	2	1	–	80 4 8	3 10 0	2 8 5	80 0 0	–	–	–	25 10 4	141 13 5	1,244	207	1,451	40	31	–	1	1
	2. Bellaghy,	4	2	1	–	35 2 8	14 10 0	10 7 8	80 0 0	–	27 0	–	5 5 10	172 6 2	787	386	1,173	3	7	–	–	–
	3. Maghera,	5	2	1	–	13 19 10	14 0 0	2 6 3	80 0 0	–	9 0	2 10 0	5 0 0	126 16 1	442	60	502	–	223	–	–	–
	4. Draperstown,	5	1	1	–	27 5 2	0 12 6	3 10 6	80 0 0	–	4 0	1 12 6	3 0 0	120 0 8	1,066	206	1,272	–	140	–	–	–
	5. Moneymore,	6	1	1	–	32 16 1	0 12 6	3 16 4	80 0 0	–	7 0	–	5 5 6	129 10 5	935	211	1,146	1	144	–	–	–
		25	8	5	–	139 8 5	33 5 0	22 9 2	400 0 0	–	47 0	4 2 6	44 1 8	690 6 9	4,474	1,070	5,544	44	545	–	1	1

[a] Newry Union: Warrenpoint and Mullaghglass Districts.—A Midwife authorized for each of these Districts in addition to the Medical Officers.

[b] Lisnaskea Union: Derrylin District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer.

[c] Londonderry Union: City of Londonderry, Glendermot, Eglinton, Kilderry, and Killea Districts.—A Midwife is authorized for each of these Districts in addition to the Medical Officer.

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Salaries. Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Vaccination Expenses. Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2	3.	4.	5.	6	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s	£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*continued.* Co. of Londonderry—*con.*																						
Newtown-Limavady,	1. N.T Limavady,	4	1	1	–	27 19 7	7 0 0	0 7 0	85 0 0	–	18 0	–	3 12 3	141 18 10	671	130	801	–	398	1	–	–
	2. Ballykelly,	4	1	1	–	29 6 3	–	0 3 6	80 0 0	–	5 0	–	2 13 3	117 3 0	637	172	809	–	173	–	–	–
	3. Bellarena,	4	2	1	–	25 2 1	–	–	80 0 0	–	2 0	–	2 7 6	109 9 7	634	177	811	–	175	–	–	–
	4. Dungiven,	4	1	[a]1	–	34 16 10	8 0 0	0 3 6	80 0 0	–	14 0	–	0 7 6	137 7 10	784	72	856	6	361	–	–	–
	5. Feeny,	3	1	1	–	12 14 10	6 0 0	–	80 0 0	–	2 0	–	0 1 3	100 16 1	485	128	613	4	106	–	–	–
		19	6	5	–	129 19 7	21 0 0	0 14 0	405 0 0	–	41 0	–	9 1 9	606 15 4	3,211	679	3,890	10	1,213	1	–	–
County of Monaghan.																						
Carrickmacross,	1. Carrickmacross	5	1	[b]1	–	21 17 2	15 15 0	0 3 0	100 0 0	–	7 0	5 11 0	18 7 0	168 13 2	491	216	707	–	60	3	–	–
	2. Donaghmoyne,	5	1	[b]1	–	16 3 11	12 0 0	0 8 6	70 0 0	–	1 0	2 1 0	14 19 9	116 13 2	524	163	687	35	88	–	–	–
	3. Raferagh,	4	1	[b]1	–	15 10 5	5 0 0	0 3 0	60 0 0	–	3 0	1 11 0	13 15 2	98 19 7	583	156	739	7	53	1	–	–
		14	3	3	–	53 11 6	32 15 0	0 14 6	230 0 0	–	11 0	9 3 0	47 1 11	384 5 11	1,598	535	2,133	42	261	4	–	–
Castleblayney,	1. Castleblayney,	6	1	1	–	41 0 10	10 0 0	3 6 4	100 0 0	–	–	–	2 8 5	156 15 7	769	230	999	–	31	2	1	1
	2. Ballybay,	7	1	1	–	45 0 7	8 0 0	1 11 11	100 0 0	–	2 0	0 18 0	6 4 9	163 15 3	817	349	1,166	–	78	2	–	–
	3. Crossmaglen,	8	2	1	–	57 11 5	13 10 0	2 15 6	100 0 0	–	16 0	–	12 15 0	202 11 11	1,642	319	1,961	1	504	1	–	–
		21	4	3	–	143 12 10	31 10 0	7 13 9	300 0 0	–	18 0	0 18 0	21 8 2	523 2 9	3,228	898	4,126	1	613	5	1	1
Clones,	1. Clones,	4	2	1	–	15 5 0	13 0 0	0 3 6	100 0 0	–	22 0	0 10 6	9 9 8	169 8 8	665	220	885	–	334	1	1	2
	2. Newtownbutler	7	1	1	–	27 5 11	5 0 0	0 13 0	90 0 0	–	4 0	1 14 6	5 6 8	134 0 1	700	228	928	–	151	–	–	–
	3. Rosslea,	5	1	1	–	13 18 2	8 0 0	0 3 6	80 0 0	–	9 0	2 10 6	0 5 0	113 17 2	436	106	542	–	180	–	–	–
		16	4	3	–	56 9 1	26 0 0	1 0 0	270 0 0	–	35 0	4 15 6	15 1 4	408 5 11	1,801	554	2,355	–	665	1	1	2

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MONAGHAN,	1. Monaghan,	3	1	1	–	23	18	9	25	15	11	1	2	10	80	0	0	–	10	0	2	0	0	4	18	16	137	16	4	1,026	277	1,303	–	206	–	–	–
	2. Glasslough,	5	2	1	–	62	4	5	15	0	0	0	7	2	100	0	0	–	6	0		–		2	16	11	186	8	6	1,131	144	1,275	2	117	–	–	–
	3. Castleshane,	4	2	1	–	10	19	11	7	4	0	0	10	6	80	0	0	–	5	0		–		12	14	4	116	8	9	751	120	871	3	114	–	–	–
	4. Scotstown,	5	1	1	–	37	4	1	7	5	8	5	2	11	80	0	0	–	6	0	2	0	0	14	11	0	152	3	8	605	135	740	8	119	–	–	–
	5. Kilmore,	4	2	1	–	17	12	1	10	0	0	1	16	7	80	0	0	–	5	0		–		6	8	6	120	17	2	541	95	636	–	100	–	–	–
		21	8	5	–	151	19	3	65	5	7	9	0	0	420	0	0	–	32	0	4	0	0	41	9	7	713	14	5	4,054	771	4,825	13	656	–	–	–
COUNTY OF TYRONE.																																			
CASTLEDERG	1. Castlederg[c]	6	1	1	–	18	4	11	5	0	0	0	9	7	60	0	0	–	5	0		–		1	17	2	90	11	8	251	76	329	–	168	–	–	–
	2. Killeter,[c]	4	1	1	–	23	2	1	5	0	0	1	8	9	70	0	0	–	11	0		–		3	12	0	114	2	10	358	84	442	6	335	–	–	–
	3. Drumquin,	4	1	1	–	20	17	10	4	0	0	0	7	6	25	0	0	–	5	0		–		5	5	0	60	10	4	140	36	176	–	105	2	–	–
		14	3	3	–	62	4	10	14	0	0	2	5	10	155	0	0	–	21	0		–		10	14	2	265	1	10	751	196	947	6	608	2	–	–
CLOGHER,	1. Fivemiletown,	4	1	1	–	7	6	9	6	0	0	0	17	6	70	0	0	–	1	0		–		5	0	0	90	4	3	171	148	322	–	57	–	–	–
	2. Clogher,	5	2	d]	–	6	7	9	8	0	0	0	10	0	90	0	0	–	9	0		–		13	10	0	127	7	9	396	201	597	1	57	2	10	4
	3. Ballygawley,	4	1	1	–	18	5	9	6	0	0	1	6	5	70	0	0	–	3	0		–		5	0	0	108	12	2	173	136	309	–	96	–	–	–
	4. Aughnacloy,	5	1	2	–	21	14	0	10	0	0	1	9	7	80	0	0	–	2	0	1	0	0	7	9	0	126	12	7	689	130	819	–	80	–	–	–
		18	5	5	–	56	14	3	30	0	0	4	3	6	310	0	0	–	15	0	1	0	0	30	19	0	447	16	9	1,432	615	2,047	1	296	2	10	4
COOKSTOWN,	1. Cookstown,	6	1	1	–	35	14	8	9	15	0	3	0	10	100	0	0	–	5	0		–		5	15	8	159	6	2	988	367	1,355	–	124	1	–	–
	2. Pomeroy,	5	1	1	–	22	5	9	8	8	0		–		80	0	0	–	20	0		–		3	18	0	134	11	9	583	211	794	13	284	–	–	–
	3. Cough,	2	1	1	–	25	6	1	7	0	0	0	15	0	60	0	0	–	–			–			–		93	1	1	693	267	960	3	127	–	–	–
	4. Stewartstown,	3	1	1	–	24	10	0	10	0	0	1	0	0	65	0	0	–	10	0		–		4	19	0	115	9	0	564	275	839	7	218	3	–	–
		16	4	4	–	107	16	6	35	3	0	4	15	10	305	0	0	–	35	0		–		11	12	8	502	8	0	2,828	1,120	3,948	23	753	4	–	–
DUNGANNON	1. Dungannon,	5	1	e]	–	51	2	0	13	10	0	2	6	11	100	0	0	–	8	0		–		23	12	6	198	11	5	623	478	1,101	–	185	1	1	1
	2. Benburb,	3	1	1	–	19	15	2	10	0	0	1	1	4	90	0	0	–	–			–		5	0	0	125	16	0	564	220	784	11	101	1	–	–
	3. Coal Island,	4	1	e]	–	67	7	0	10	0	0	4	9	4	100	0	0	–	7	0	1	0	0	5	4	0	195	0	4	825	580	1,405	–	157	1	–	–
	4. Clonavaddy,	5	1	e]	–	38	16	8	12	0	0	1	5	4	100	0	0	–	11	0		–		21	8	0	184	10	0	760	294	1,054	–	188	4	–	–
	5. Ballymagran,	2	1	1	–		–		8	0	0	0	12	8	40	0	0	–	2	0		–		0	10	0	51	2	8	175	54	229	–	19	–	–	–
		19	5	5	–	177	0	10	53	10	0	9	15	7	430	0	0	–	28	0	1	0	0	55	14	6	755	0	11	2,947	1,626	4,573	11	650	7	1	1
GORTIN,	1. Gortin,	6	1	f]	–	38	9	4	10	0	0	3	10	10	70	0	0	–	3	0	2	0	0	7	19	10	135	0	0	366	154	520	1	79	–	–	–
	2. Plumb Bridge,	7	2	1	–	31	9	1	11	0	0	0	9	0	80	0	0	–	3	0		–		3	2	11	129	1	0	498	98	596	64	57	–	–	–
		13	3	2	–	69	18	5	21	0	0	3	19	10	150	0	0	–	6	0	2	0	0	11	2	9	264	1	0	864	252	1,116	65	136	–	–	–

[*continued.*

[a] Newtownlimavady Union: Dungiven District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer, but no appointment appears to have been made.

[b] Carrickmacross Union. Carrickmacross, Donaghmoyne, and Raferagh Districts.—A Midwife authorized for each District in addition to the Medical Officer, but only one person acts for the three Districts.

[c] Castlederg Union.—By Order dated 16th September, 1863, the District of Castlederg and Killeter were united, taking effect on 30th September, 1863.

[d] Clogher Union: Clogher District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer.

[e] Dungannon Union: Dungannon, Coal Island, and Clonavaddy Districts.—A Midwife authorized for each of these Districts in addition to the Medical Officer, but no appointment appears to have been made for the Coal Island District.

[f] Gortin Union: Gortin District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer, but no appointment appears to have been made.

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No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 18 6.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*continued.* COUNTY OF TYRONE—*con.*																						
Omagh,	1. Omagh,	9	2	a1	–	59 3 5	18 10 0	1 10 6	115 0 0	–	21 0	4 3 1	20 18 5	240 5 5	1,055	468	1,523	–	362	–	–	–
	2. Fintona,	7	1	1	–	18 17 6	7 10 0	0 15 6	90 0 0	–	10 0	2 5 11	4 8 0	133 16 11	814	239	1,083	3	236	1	–	–
	3. Dromore,	4	1	1	–	11 16 2	5 0 0	0 7 2	80 0 0	–	7 0	1 0 0	4 3 5	109 6 9	438	161	599	–	45	–	–	–
	4. Drumquin,	4	2	1	–	25 17 3	7 0 0	–	80 0 0	–	5 0	2 0 0	5 8 9	125 6 0	239	127	366	–	156	–	–	–
	5. Sixmilecross,	9	2	1	–	13 15 7	9 0 0	–	90 0 0	–	2 0	0 15 0	0 5 6	115 16 1	635	243	878	1	118	–	–	–
		33	8	5	–	129 9 11	47 0 0	2 13 2	455 0 0	–	45 0	10 4 0	35 4 1	724 11 2	3,211	1,238	4,449	4	917	1	–	–
Strabane,	1. Dunnamanagh	5	2	b1	–	25 14 11	9 6 0	0 15 6	80 0 0	–	4 0	0 5 0	6 3 8	126 5 1	516	149	665	2	129	–	–	–
	2. Strabane,	4	1	b1	–	40 16 5	–	2 5 0	80 0 0	–	16 0	1 0 0	26 0 5	166 1 10	551	199	750	2	280	–	–	–
	3. Newtn. Stewart	5	1	b1	–	56 17 1	8 0 0	0 11 0	80 0 0	–	16 0	–	20 15 4	182 3 5	723	347	1,070	1	249	1	–	–
	4. Castle Finn,	5	2	b1	–	35 5 5	12 10 0	2 8 6	80 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 0	17 4 8	150 18 7	701	289	998	3	150	–	–	–
	5. Raphoe,	5	2	b1	–	10 8 2	14 5 0	1 2 7	80 0 0	–	2 0	–	17 4 8	125 0 5	396	242	638	3	118	–	–	–
		24	8	5	–	169 2 0	44 1 0	7 2 7	400 0 0	–	41 0	1 15 0	87 8 9	750 9 4	2,895	1,226	4,121	11	935	1	–	–
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER. COUNTY OF CLARE.																						
Ballyvaghan,	1. Ballyvaghan,	11	2	1	–	27 8 9	4 10 0	–	80 0 0	–	–	–	–	111 18 9	427	75	502	–	15	1	–	–
		11	2	1	–	27 8 9	4 10 0	–	80 0 0	–	–	–	–	111 18 9	427	75	502	–	15	1	–	–
Corrofin,	1. Corrofin,	9	2	1	–	13 6 6	4 0 0	–	90 0 0	–	4 0	–	0 7 6	111 14 0	938	110	1,048	–	58	1	–	–
		9	2	1	–	13 6 6	4 0 0	–	90 0 0	–	4 0	–	0 7 6	111 14 0	938	110	1,048	–	58	1	–	–

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Ennis,	1. Ennis,	4	2	2	–	41 0 9	6 0 0	2 1 10	200 0 0	–	7 0	0 10 6	1 12 4	258 5 5	3,514	595	4,109	–	363	–	–	–
	2. Crusheen,	5	2	1	–	21 14 0	17 0 0	0 17 10	106 0 5	–	–	0 10 6	0 10 0	146 12 9	491	155	646	–	12	1	–	–
	3. Killanny,	5	1	1	–	6 19 0	5 0 0	1 9 9	90 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	3 0 0	106 19 3	511	85	596	–	28	–	–	–
	4. Newmarket,	6	3	1	–	18 1 7	20 0 0	1 7 5	110 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	3 7 0	155 6 6	973	217	1,190	–	146	–	–	–
		20	8	5	–	87 15 4	48 0 0	5 16 10	506 0 5	–	9 0	2 2 0	8 9 4	667 3 11	5,489	1,052	6,541	–	549	1	–	–
Ennistymon	1. Roadford,	8	2	1	–	31 19 3	16 0 0	3 18 0	80 0 0	–	–	0 13 0	14 1 0	146 11 3	749	231	980	10	32	–	–	–
	2. Ennistymon,	6	2	1	–	29 11 5	11 0 0	1 19 0	80 0 0	–	6 0	0 13 0	13 16 1	142 19 6	1,273	270	1,543	3	76	1	–	–
	3. Milltown Malbay	6	2	1	–	31 14 8	11 10 0	0 18 0	80 0 0	–	1 0	0 13 0	14 3 0	139 18 8	594	218	812	–	40	–	–	–
		20	6	3	–	93 5 4	38 10 0	6 15 0	240 0 0	–	7 0	1 19 0	42 0 1	429 9 5	2,616	719	3,335	13	148	1	–	–
Killadysert	1. Labasheeda,	5	1	1	–	25 10 10	8 0 0	1 14 6	100 0 0	–	–	5 0 7	0 15 0	141 0 11	377	196	573	–	–	1	–	–
	2. Ballynacally,	6	2	1	–	17 0 2	4 10 0	1 8 0	85 0 0	–	–	0 10 8	4 11 11	113 0 9	1,509	141	1,650	–	6	–	–	–
		11	3	2	–	42 11 0	12 10 0	3 2 6	185 0 0	–	–	5 11 3	5 6 11	254 1 8	1,886	337	2,223	–	6	1	–	–
Kilrush,	1. Kilrush,	3	1	1	–	32 18 9	–	0 11 6	86 6 0	–	15 0	0 10 6	2 12 0	137 18 9	1,400	371	1,771	–	38	–	12	3
	2. Kilmihil,	6	2	1	–	27 7 11	5 0 0	0 15 0	80 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	0 16 2	114 9 7	604	133	737	–	33	–	–	–
	3. Cragaknock,	7	2	1	–	21 6 8	7 0 0	0 9 4	80 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	0 2 6	110 9 0	2,347	551	2,898	–	1	–	–	–
	4. Kilkee,	6	1	1	–	11 11 1	10 0 0	–	80 0 0	–	12 0	0 10 6	0 1 6	114 3 1	882	240	1,122	–	234	–	–	–
	5. Carrigaholt,	5	1	1	–	23 11 4	10 0 0	3 4 6	95 2 6	–	23 0	1 0 6	0 14 11	156 13 9	1,171	281	1,455	1	117	–	–	–
		27	7	5	–	116 15 9	32 0 0	5 0 4	421 8 6	–	51 0	3 2 6	4 7 1	633 14 2	6,407	1,576	7,983	1	423	–	12	3
Scariff,	1. Mountshannon	5	2	1	–	8 16 5	11 10 0	2 13 11	61 18 4	–	4 0	–	5 10 8	94 9 4	534	100	634	71	190	1	–	–
	2. Feakle,	8	1	1	–	18 18 1	8 10 0	1 5 5	80 0 0	–	9 0	1 7 0	3 9 0	122 9 6	342	138	480	–	127	–	–	–
	3. Annacarriga,	4	2	1	–	21 16 4	13 0 0	1 5 4	60 0 0	–	6 0	1 0 6	3 10 2	105 11 10	531	106	637	3	44	1	3	2
		17	5	3	–	49 10 10	33 0 0	5 4 8	201 18 4	–	19 0	2 7 0	12 9 10	323 10 8	1,407	344	1,751	74	361	2	3	2
Tulla,	1. Tulla,	7	2	1	–	26 0 0	7 0 0	3 2 3	91 8 8	–	8 0	1 6 3	6 2 2	142 19 4	518	121	639	1	189	2	10	6
	2. Quin,	6	2	1	–	20 10 4	9 0 0	3 19 3	89 13 8	–	–	1 6 3	6 7 2	140 16 8	383	116	499	–	132	–	–	–
	3. Kilkishen,	5	2	1	–	24 16 6	7 10 0	3 2 3	80 0 0	–	4 0	1 6 3	9 8 2	130 3 2	575	137	712	–	147	–	–	–
		18	6	3	–	81 6 10	23 10 0	10 3 9	261 2 4	–	12 0	3 18 9	21 17 6	413 19 2	1,476	374	1,850	1	468	2	10	6
County of Cork.																						
Bandon,	1. Bandon,	3	1	1	1	15 5 10	8 6 2	2 2 7	80 0 0	20 0 0	11 0	0 10 6	13 18 10	151 3 11	2,066	343	2,410	2	281	–	–	–
	2. Innishannon,	4	1	1	–	21 5 10	8 0 0	0 19 0	80 0 0	–	6 0	0 10 6	5 9 2	122 4 6	356	169	525	1	203	–	–	–
	3. Templemartin,	4	1	1	–	12 7 5	8 0 0	–	80 0 0	–	4 0	1 9 11	2 9 6	108 5 8	303	83	386	28	103	–	–	–
	4. Murragh,	5	1	1	–	18 6 1	8 0 0	–	80 0 0	–	9 0	3 10 6	1 12 3	120 8 10	439	138	577	3	302	–	–	–
	5. Kilbrittain,	4	2	1	–	9 18 0	9 10 0	–	70 0 0	–	12 0	0 10 6	3 17 11	105 16 5	136	167	303	–	288	–	–	–
		20	6	5	1	77 3 0	41 16 2	3 1 7	390 0 0	20 0 0	42 0	6 11 11	27 7 8	608 0 4	3,300	910	4,210	34	1,177	–	–	–

[a] Omagh Union: Omagh District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer.
[b] Strabane Union.—Two Midwives authorized for each District in addition to the respective Medical Officers.

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s.15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22	23.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER —*continued.*						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
County of Cork—*con.*																						
Bantry,	1. Bantry,	4	1	1	–	44 19 11	4 0 0	–	70 9 10	–	11 10	–	15 16 7	146 16 4	994	442	1,436	7	298	–	3	3
	2. Glengarriff,	5	1	1	–	13 0 4	5 0 0	0 6 6	69 7 4	–	9 0	–	6 12 10	103 7 0	505	109	614	–	63	–	–	–
	3. Durrus and Kilcrohane,	5	1	1	–	19 2 2	–	2 1 4	72 7 8	–	11 0	–	6 11 8	111 2 10	285	58	343	–	65	1	–	–
		14	3	3	–	77 2 5	9 0 0	2 7 10	212 4 10	–	31 10	–	29 1 1	361 6 2	1,814	609	2,423	7	426	1	3	3
Castletown	1. Castletown,	4	2	1	–	40 6 10	10 0 0	1 7 10	95 1 0	–	21 0	–	8 16 4	176 12 0	1,597	317	1,914	1	400	–	–	–
	2. Kilcatherine,	3	2	1	–	33 2 7	5 14 6	1 5 10	96 17 3	–	–	–	7 18 3	144 18 5	882	80	962	4	34	–	–	–
		7	4	2	–	73 9 5	15 14 6	2 13 8	191 18 3	–	21 0	–	16 14 7	321 10 5	2,479	397	2,876	5	434	–	–	–
Clonakilty,	1. Rosscarbery,	6	1	1	–	22 12 3	5 0 0	–	70 0 0	–	–	1 0 6	3 2 0	101 14 9	819	200	1,049	–	12	–	–	–
	2. Clonakilty,	7	1	1	–	8 3 7	2 0 0	–	70 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 0	3 11 10	85 5 5	442	214	656	–	443	–	–	–
	3. Timoleague,	7	1	1	–	5 10 7	3 0 0	–	70 0 0	–	–	1 10 0	2 15 2	82 15 9	165	255	410	1	679	–	–	–
		20	3	3	–	36 6 5	10 0 0	–	210 0 0	–	1 0	3 0 6	9 9 0	269 15 11	1,476	669	2,145	1	1,121	–	–	–
Cork,	1. Dripsey,	3	1	1	–	22 16 4	6 3 0	2 6 0	100 0 0	–	6 0	0 10 6	4 14 0	142 9 10	1,352	382	1,734	16	244	5	–	–
	2. Blarney,	4	2	1	–	30 16 9	14 0 0	0 12 0	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	19 3 10	165 3 1	856	177	1,033	–	100	1	–	–
	3. Carrignavar,	7	4	2	–	39 12 8	22 0 0	0 16 0	200 0 0	–	5 0	0 10 6	26 6 11	294 6 1	1,361	334	1,695	–	250	2	–	–
	4. Whitechurch,	2	2	1	–	14 1 5	10 0 0	0 12 0	100 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	21 18 9	151 2 8	598	122	720	–	102	2	–	–
	5. Cork,	1	4	9	2	430 3 5	94 0 0	54 4 6	732 1 3	174 4 0	84 0	0 10 6	104 1 0	1673 4 8	31,043	8,823	39,866	5	2,172	11	–	–
	6. Carrigaline,	2	2	1	–	29 14 3	20 2 0	1 2 3	100 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	4 3 5	157 12 5	901	393	1,294	–	166	–	–	–
	7. Douglas,	2	1	1	–	21 2 11	6 0 0	1 17 3	84 0 0	–	–	10 6	6 18 0	120 8 8	675	199	874	–	59	–	–	–
	8. Ballygarvan,	3	1	1	–	7 6 10	3 10 0	1 8 4	80 0 0	–	5 0	1 10 6	3 7 7	102 3 3	200	125	325	2	114	–	–	–
	9. Ballincollig,	3	1	1	–	9 4 8	5 0 0	1 4 3	105 5 0	–	7 0	0 10 6	5 11 6	133 15 11	840	278	1,118	1	176	3	–	–
	10. Queenstown,	1	1	1	1	34 9 3	10 0 0	3 18 9	103 5 10	84 10 11	7 0	1 0 6	19 5 6	263 10 9	2,089	714	2,803	–	181	5	7	5
		28	19	19	3	639 8 6	190 15 0	68 1 4	1704 12 1	258 14 11	120 0	6 15 0	215 10 6	3203 17 4	39,915	11,547	51,462	21	3,564	29	7	5

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DUNMANWAY	1. Dunmanway,	4	1	1	–	15 3 9	4 0 0	1 18 0	86 10 6	–	2 0	2 0 6	4 11 10	116 4 7	1,063	284	1,347	1	296	–	2	2
	2. Coolmountain,	6	2	1	–	16 13 8	10 0 0	2 0 0	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	6 2 5	135 6 7	484	97	581	–	137	–	–	–
	3. Ballineen,	5	1	1	–	15 12 3	4 0 0	6 11 6	90 0 0	–	1 0	1 10 6	7 5 3	125 19 6	497	147	644	–	106	1	–	–
		15	4	3	–	17 9 8	18 0 0	10 9 6	276 10 6	–	3 0	4 1 6	17 19 6	377 10 8	2,043	529	2,572	1	539	1	2	2
FERMOY,	1. Fermoy,	3	2	1	–	43 14 6	11 0 0	–	91 15 8	–	–	–	8 12 9	155 2 11	617	353	970	–	131	–	18	7
	2. Rathcormack,	4	2	1	–	13 8 1	6 5 0	–	97 15 8	–	16 0	–	7 7 4	140 16 1	1,146	169	1,315	–	231	–	–	–
	3. Ballyhooly,	6	2	1	–	13 11 8	15 0 0	–	91 15 8	–	–	–	0 14 3	121 1 7	546	208	754	–	91	1	–	–
	4. Kilworth,	6	2	1	–	31 1 0	12 4 0	2 6 0	103 14 5	–	5 0	–	5 4 0	159 9 5	1,473	220	1,693	–	85	–	–	–
	5. Ballynoe,	5	2	1	–	39 0 3	7 15 0	0 8 2	91 15 8	–	6 0	–	9 18 10	154 17 11	578	172	750	1	113	2	–	–
		24	10	5	–	140 15 6	52 4 0	2 14 2	476 17 1	–	27 0	–	31 17 2	731 7 11	4,360	1,122	5,482	1	651	3	18	7
KANTURK,	1. Newmarket,	8	2	1	–	22 19 8	13 0 0	1 6 11	90 0 0	–	–	–	9 7 2	136 13 9	1,850	188	2,038	–	252	1	–	–
	2. Kanturk,	11	2	[a]1	1	44 18 8	9 0 0	6 6 4	96 6 4	25 0 0	14 0	–	39 9 4	235 0 8	1,752	227	1,979	–	256	–	–	–
	3. Milford,	7	2	[a]1	–	39 9 6	12 0 0	1 10 5	90 0 0	–	–	–	27 0 6	170 0 5	1,942	128	2,070	–	4	–	–	–
	4. Boherboy,	7	2	1	–	42 0 10	12 0 0	1 6 10	90 0 0	–	9 0	–	2 16 0	157 3 8	608	224	932	1	202	–	–	–
		33	8	4	1	149 8 8	46 0 0	10 10 6	366 6 4	25 0 0	23 0	–	78 13 0	698 18 6	6,242	767	7,009	1	714	1	–	–
KINSALE,	1. Courceys,	4	1	1	–	9 17 0	8 0 0	–	70 0 0	–	10 0	–	4 19 0	102 16 0	166	75	238	–	266	–	–	–
	2. Kinsale,	1	1	1	–	15 8 11	–	–	70 0 0	–	9 0	0 6 2	3 3 4	97 18 5	1,153	249	1,702	2	126	–	3	1
	3. Ballymartle,	4	1	1	–	4 0 5	4 0 0	–	80 0 0	–	–	–	3 17 11	91 18 4	94	83	177	–	60	–	–	–
	4. Carrigaline,	4	1	1	–	7 11 9	8 0 0	–	70 0 0	–	2 0	–	2 1 0	89 12 9	161	115	276	–	78	2	–	–
	5. Ballyfeard,	6	1	1	–	5 1 4	5 0 0	–	70 0 0	–	3 0	–	2 3 0	85 4 4	318	112	430	2	153	–		–
		19	5	5	–	41 19 5	25 0 0	–	360 0 0	–	24 0	0 6 2	16 4 3	467 9 10	2,189	634	2,823	4	683	2	3	1
MACROOM,	1. Macroom,	5	1	1	–	28 16 1	10 0 0	2 4 6	100 0 0	–	8 0	–	12 3 7	161 4 2	1,184	431	1,615	–	316	1	–	–
	2. Clonmoyle,	5	1	1	–	14 17 3	6 0 0	1 9 6	100 0 0	–	11 0	–	4 0 0	137 6 9	1,265	168	1,433	–	97	1	–	–
	3. Slieveragh,	5	2	1	–	23 11 2	4 0 0	1 9 6	100 0 0	–	–	–	5 6 4	134 7 0	1,111	150	1,264	–	267	–	–	–
	4. Inchigeelagh,	5	1	1	–	21 2 8	4 15 0	2 0 2	90 0 0	–	1 0	–	3 17 8	122 15 6	140	140	580	–	128	–	–	–
	5. Cannaway,	5	1	1	–	13 6 10	5 0 0	1 13 0	90 0 0	–	4 0	–	4 5 8	118 5 6	594	106	70	1	43	–	–	–
		25	6	5	–	101 14 0	29 15 0	8 16 8	480 0 0	–	21 0	–	29 13 5	673 18 11	4,537	997	5,534	1	847	2	–	–
MALLOW,	1. Kilshannig,	2	2	1	–	57 5 11	9 5 0	0 10 8	100 0 0	–	10 0	–	5 15 4	182 10 11	1,026	151	1,177	–	282	–	–	–
	2. Mallow,	2	1	1	–	72 15 6	8 0 0	2 1 10	90 0 0	–	–	–	1 3 6	174 0 10	1,319	448	1,767	–	157	3	–	–
	3. Ballan,	3	1	1	–	38 9 5	5 0 0	0 10 8	115 0 0	–	–	–	4 0 0	163 0 1	429	83	512	4	152	–	–	–
	4. Buttevant,	5	3	[b]2	–	94 16 0	14 10 0	4 14 7	140 0 0	–	2 0	–	34 5 0	250 5 7	2,271	307	2,578	2	73	2	–	–
	5. Ballyclogh,	3	2	1	–	23 16 4	8 10 0	1 6 2	80 0 0	–	6 0	–	19 7 7	159 0 1	757	134	891	–	6	1	–	–
	6. Doneraile,	6	2	1	1	34 1 8	8 10 0	1 2 2	100 0 0	20 0 0	–	–	6 2 6	169 16 4	1,051	270	1,321	–	45	–	–	–
		21	11	7	1	281 4 10	53 15 0	10 6 1	625 0 0	20 0 0	18 0	–	70 13 11	1078 19 10	6,873	1,993	8,266	6	775	6	–	–

[a] Kanturk Union: Kanturk and Milford Districts.—A Midwife authorized for each of these Districts in addition to the Medical Officer.
[b] Mallow Union: Buttevant District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer.

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year
Column 1.	2.	3	4.	5.	6	7.	8.	9.	10	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19	20.	21.	22.	23.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER —*continued.*						£ s. d	£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d	£ s.	£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
County of Cork—*con.*																						
Midleton,	1. Midleton.	3	2	2	–	55 19 5	6 0 0	0 14 4	200 0 0	–	13 0	0 5 0	20 5 3	296 4 0	2,157	581	2,738	–	159	3	10	3
	2. Walshetownmore, East,	5	1	1	–	21 16 1	2 10 0	0 4 4	100 0 0	–	3 0	1 5 0	19 13 3	148 8 8	679	194	873	–	71	1	–	–
	3. Castlemartyr,	4	1	1	–	32 8 11	7 0 0	0 5 0	100 0 0	–	1 0	–	18 9 4	159 3 3	984	181	1,165	–	81	–	–	–
	4. Aghada,	4	1	1	–	16 8 8	6 0 0	0 5 9	100 0 0	–	4 0	–	8 0 0	134 14 5	341	245	586	–	283	–	–	–
	5. Cloyne,	3	1	1	–	22 10 6	5 0 0	0 5 7	100 0 0	–	–	–	15 6 3	143 2 4	595	180	775	–	34	1	–	–
		19	6	6	–	149 3 7	26 10 0	1 15 0	600 0 0	–	21 0	1 10 0	81 14 1	881 12 8	4,756	1,381	6,137	–	628	5	10	3
Millstreet	1. Cullen,	6	1	1	–	39 13 11	5 15 0	0 15 0	70 0 0	–	15 0	0 7 6	2 0 0	133 11 5	710	149	859	–	120	–	–	–
	2. Millstreet,	6	1	1	–	74 8 0	10 0 0	0 12 6	80 0 0	–	25 0	0 10 6	6 11 3	197 2 3	1,615	188	1,803	–	549	–	–	–
		12	2	2	–	114 1 11	15 15 0	1 7 6	150 0 0	–	40 0	0 18 0	8 11 3	330 13 8	2,325	337	2,662	–	669	–	–	–
Mitchelstown,	1. Mitchelstown,	6	2	1	–	30 7 6	10 0 0	2 0 10	100 0 0	–	1 0	0 15 0	14 4 3	158 7 7	1,477	268	1,745	1	207	1	8	5
	2. Kildorrery,	6	2	1	–	30 2 5	7 0 0	1 18 1	100 0 0	–	–	–	1 6 9	140 7 3	3,333	203	3,536	–	30	1	–	–
	3. Galbally,	6	2	1	–	21 16 3	13 0 0	1 14 6	100 0 0	–	–	–	8 10 7	145 7 4	1,094	214	1,308	–	33	–	–	–
		18	6	3	–	82 6 2	30 0 0	5 13 5	300 0 0	–	1 0	0 15 0	24 7 7	444 2 2	5,904	685	6,589	1	270	2	8	5
Skibbereen	1. Skibbereen,	4	1	1	1	27 5 3	9 0 0	1 16 6	100 0 0	30 0 0	6 0	0 10 6	9 18 3	184 10 6	1,511	361	1,872	–	466	3	–	–
	2. Union Hall,	6	1	1	–	18 13 10	8 0 0	1 11 6	100 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	3 0 0	134 15 10	800	123	923	–	53	–	–	–
	3. Dromdalcague,	8	1	1	–	29 19 10	5 0 0	1 11 6	100 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	4 0 0	145 1 10	1,231	118	1,349	–	104	–	–	–
	4. Tullagh,	5	2	1	–	15 5 3	6 0 0	1 11 6	100 0 0	–	8 0	0 10 6	6 15 6	138 2 9	231	114	345	–	332	–	–	–
		23	5	4	1	91 4 2	28 0 0	6 11 0	400 0 0	30 0 0	21 0	2 2 0	23 13 9	602 10 11	3,773	716	4,489	–	955	3	–	–

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SKULL,	1. Skull,	6	1	1	–	29 17 10	6 0 0	1 7 0	100 0 0	–	28 0	–	3 18 6	169 3 4	1,051	241	1,292	–	545	–	–	–
	2. Goleen,	5	1	1	–	6 14 0	6 0 0	1 2 6	100 0 0	–	4 0	–	5 10 4	123 6 10	647	128	775	–	109	–	–	–
		11	2	2	–	36 11 10	12 0 0	2 9 6	200 0 0	–	32 0	–	9 8 10	292 10 2	1,698	369	2,067	–	654	–	–	–
YOUGHAL,	1 Youghal,	1	1	1	–	21 3 5	8 0 0	1 7 3	120 0 0	–	3 0	–	15 10 4	169 1 0	1,631	459	2,090	–	84	–	–	–
	2. Killeagh,	3	1	1	–	24 16 5	7 0 0	1 2 3	100 0 0	–	2 0	0 5 0	9 8 5	144 12 1	461	190	651	–	17	1	–	–
	3. Templemichael	3	1	1	–	9 0 8	5 0 0	0 6 7	90 0 0	–	2 0	–	9 7 9	115 15 0	267	47	314	–	22	–	–	–
	4. Ardmore,	4	1	1	–	22 7 1	6 0 0	0 7 11	108 6 8	–	3 0	1 10 0	3 11 11	145 3 7	785	158	943	–	86	–	–	–
	5. Clashmore,	3	1	1	–	29 2 0	5 0 0	1 3 10	102 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	5 10 0	146 6 4	456	215	671	–	122	–	–	–
		14	5	5	–	106 9 7	31 0 0	4 7 10	520 6 8	–	13 0	2 5 6	43 8 5	720 18 0	3,600	1,069	4,669	–	331	1	–	–
COUNTY OF KERRY.																						
CAHERCIVEEN,	1. Caher,	4	1	1	–	20 2 7	7 0 0	0 19 5	60 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	–	88 12 6	514	40	554	–	592	–	4	2
	2. Glanbehy,	5	2	1	–	31 19 11	10 0 0	4 2 4	70 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	6 7 0	122 19 9	610	200	810	–	20	–	–	–
	3. Valencia,	2	2	1	–	30 17 4	11 10 0	0 5 11	60 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	4 0 0	111 3 9	431	122	553	–	137	–	–	–
	4. Emlagh,	7	2	1	–	14 19 8	7 0 0	0 19 9	80 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	4 1 0	108 10 11	713	44	757	–	1,098	–	–	–
	5. Darrynane,	4	2	1	–	12 1 4	10 0 0	0 12 0	90 7 6	–	8 0	0 10 6	4 0 0	125 11 4	644	61	705	–	110	–	–	–
		22	9	5	–	110 0 10	45 10 0	6 19 5	360 7 6	–	13 0	2 12 6	18 8 0	556 18 3	2,912	467	3,379	–	1,957	–	4	2
DINGLE,	1. Dingle,	7	1	a1	1	23 6 9	7 0 0	3 14 0	100 0 0	20 0 0	5 0	–	18 4 2	177 4 11	1,855	337	2,192	–	449	–	2	1
	2. Castlegregory,	6	2	1	–	36 12 2	9 0 0	0 10 6	80 0 0	–	28 0	–	5 0 0	159 2 8	1,125	190	1,315	37	45	–	–	–
	3. Awenascale,	6	1	1	–	25 16 8	4 10 0	0 14 6	80 0 0	–	10 0	0 4 0	7 11 0	128 16 2	711	126	837	–	405	–	–	–
		19	4	3	1	85 15 7	20 10 0	4 19 0	260 0 0	20 0 0	43 0	0 4 0	30 15 2	465 3 9	3,691	653	4,344	37	899	–	2	1
KENMARE,	1. Kenmare,	4	1	1	–	26 13 3	10 0 0	2 3 8	90 10 6	–	5 0	–	6 11 0	140 18 5	1,126	225	1,351	2	80	–	3	1
	2. Kilgarvan,	4	1	1	–	18 14 5	6 0 0	0 8 3	70 0 0	–	–	–	6 10 9	101 13 5	1,038	118	1,156	–	1	–	–	–
	3. Tuosist,	4	2	1	–	10 7 9	9 15 0	4 0 0	70 0	–	1 0	–	3 15 0	98 17 9	854	46	900	–	22	–	–	–
	4. Sneem,	4	1	1	–	10 13 11	6 0 0	1 0 0	70 0 0	–	–	–	6 7 0	94 0 11	215	29	212	–	104	2	–	–
		16	5	4	–	66 9 4	31 15 0	7 11 11	300 10 6	–	6 0	–	23 3 9	435 10 6	3,231	418	3,649	2	207	2	3	1
KILLARNEY,	1. Killarney,	6	1	2	–	73 0 8	42 0 0	1 12 6	140 0 0	–	2 0	–	18 2 2	276 15 4	2,208	620	2,828	–	518	–	–	–
	2. Molahiffe,	8	2	1	–	14 15 9	7 0 0	0 7 6	100 0 0	–	7 0	–	13 14 3	142 17 6	580	115	695	5	282	–	–	–
	3. Milltown,	4	1	1	–	18 8 3	8 0 0	–	100 0 0	–	–	–	8 2 0	134 10 3	1,902	374	2,276	2	101	1	–	–
	4. Killorglin,	6	1	1	–	46 15 2	11 0 0	1 2 9	100 0 0	–	5 0	–	7 0 0	170 17 11	2,403	297	2,700	–	105	2	–	–
	5. Coom,	7	2	1	–	18 9 1	–	0 13 8	100 0 0	–	8 0	–	8 12 0	135 14 9	502	143	645	–	200	–	–	–
		31	7	6	–	171 8 11	68 0 0	3 16 5	540 0 0	–	22 0	–	55 10 5	860 15 9	7,595	1,549	9,144	7	1,206	3	–	–
LISTOWEL,	1. Ballylongford,	10	2	1	–	38 1 11	11 0 0	0 7 7	100 0 0	–	–	2 0 0	2 12 6	154 2 0	721	285	1,006	–	114	1	–	–
	2. Listowel,	11	2	1	1	48 3 2	5 0 0	0 7 6	88 0 0	10 0 0	4 0	2 2 6	3 2 8	180 15 10	1,082	517	1,599	–	248	2	–	–
	3. Ballyduff,	11	2	1	–	66 19 3	9 0 0	1 8 1	100 0 0	–	5 0	–	0 5 1	182 12 5	584	285	869	10	157	–	–	–
		32	6	3	1	153 4 4	25 0 0	2 3 2	288 0 0	30 0 0	9 0	4 2 6	6 0 3	517 10 3	2,387	1,087	3,474	10	519	3	–	–

a Dingle Union: Dingle District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer.

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3	4.	5	6	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER —*continued.*						£ s. d.	£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d	£ s. d								
County of Kerry—*con.*																						
Tralee,	1. Tralee,	9	1	2	–	94 14 7	14 0 0	3 12 6	160 0 0	–	17 0	–	33 3 9	322 10 10	2,974	1,025	3,999	1	159	–	–	–
	2. Castle Island,	6	1	1	–	39 14 2	4 0 0	1 3 4	90 0 0	–	9 0	–	6 12 7	150 10 1	1,199	359	1,558	6	471	1	–	–
	3. Kilgobban,	7	3	1	–	18 10 10	15 0 0	0 11 1	80 0 0	–	9 0	–	37 16 6	130 18 5	632	151	783	–	36	–	–	–
	4. Brosna,	9	2	1	–	13 10 5	12 0 0	0 2 11	80 0 0	–	14 0	–	10 4 2	129 17 6	968	155	1,123	1	423	–	–	–
	5. Ardfert,	8	2	1	–	48 14 3	14 0 0	0 12 3	80 0 0	–	11 0	–	6 9 8	160 16 2	686	312	998	–	481	–	–	–
		39	9	6	–	215 4 3	59 0 0	6 2 1	490 0 0	–	60 0	–	94 6 8	924 13 0	6,759	2,002	8,761	8	1,570	1	–	–
County of Limerick.																						
Croom,	1. Croom,	8	2	1	1	47 9 1	9 0 0	0 3 6	100 0 0	30 0 0	–	–	8 2 11	194 15 6	1,223	149	1,372	–	23	–	–	–
	2. Castletown,	6	2	1	–	72 17 10	10 0 0	0 3 4	100 0 0	–	4 0	–	10 8 9	197 9 11	403	110	513	3	94	–	–	–
	3. Adare,	6	2	1	–	33 1 0	14 0 0	0 3 4	200 0 0	–	2 0	–	4 19 9	154 4 1	638	208	846	–	79	1	–	–
		20	6	3	1	153 7 11	33 0 0	0 10 2	300 0 0	30 0 0	6 0	–	23 11 5	546 9 6	2,264	467	2,731	3	196	1	–	–
Glin,	1. Shanagolden,	6	2	1	–	46 18 10	15 0 0	1 6 4	100 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	7 1 0	173 16 8	1,094	323	1,417	–	52	–	–	–
	2. Tarbert,	7	2	1	–	27 16 11	14 0 0	2 0 4	100 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	–	147 7 9	752	361	1,113	5	57	2	–	–
		13	4	2	–	74 15 9	29 0 0	3 6 8	200 0 0	–	6 0	1 1 0	7 1 0	321 4 5	1,846	684	2,530	5	109	2	–	–
Kilmallock	1. Kilmallock,	4	1	1	–	41 4 5	6 0 0	1 12 1	109 9 0	–	1 0	2 0 6	13 14 0	175 0 0	1,330	238	1,568	3	72	–	–	–
	2. Bruff,	4	1	1	1	21 2 4	8 0 0	1 15 2	100 0 0	20 0 0	9 0	0 10 6	7 14 10	168 2 10	1,232	211	1,443	–	166	2	8	3
	3. Hospital,	4	1	1	–	48 7 2	5 0 0	1 18 2	100 0 0	–	8 0	0 10 6	7 7 9	171 3 7	1,294	153	1,447	–	147	–	–	–
	4. Kilfinnane,	7	1	1	1	30 14 3	6 0 0	1 14 2	127 13 9	17 4 6	5 0	0 10 6	17 3 10	203 1 0	2,197	406	2,603	2	100	2	1	1
	5. Charleville,	4	1	1	1	7 3 4	–	1 11 2	100 0 0	20 0 0	–	0 12 6	9 10 1	138 17 1	1,117	179	1,296	–	48	–	–	–
	6. Bruree,	4	1	1	–	11 18 7	6 0 0	1 2 8	100 0 0	–	–	1 10 6	10 14 5	131 6 2	1,376	147	1,523	–	45	–	–	–
		27	6	6	3	160 10 1	31 0 0	9 13 5	637 2 9	57 4 6	23 0	5 15 0	66 4 11	990 10 8	8,516	1,334	9,850	5	578	4	9	4

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LIMERICK,	1. Claina,	5	1	1	–	15 7 9	4 0 0	0 8 4	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	8 11 9	128 18 4	307	121	521	–	30	1	–	–
	2. Caherconlish,	5	1	1	–	41 6 8	4 0 0	0 15 9	100 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	16 0 1	165 13 0	1,130	159	1,289	–	322	–	–	–
	3. Annacotty,	3	2	1	–	17 16 2	11 0 0	–	100 0 0	–	6 0	0 10 6	1 8 8	136 15 4	452	138	590	–	10[illegible]	1	–	–
	4. Murroe,	5	1	1	–	19 15 1	14 0 0	0 16 5	100 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	0 7 7	139 9 7	1,004	137	1,141	–	70	–	–	–
	5. City of Limerick	1	2	4	1	256 3 0	37 0 0	20 9 8	398 8 6	100 0 0	9 0	0 10 6	31 17 7	856 9 3	12,208	2,395	14,603	12	308	2	–	–
	6. Bridgetown,	8	3	1	–	27 19 8	15 0 0	–	100 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	3 0 0	147 10 2	695	130	825	–	240	–	–	–
	7. Coolacasey,	7	3	1	–	29 11 3	19 0 0	0 5 8	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	7 8 8	156 16 1	511	151	665	–	60	–	–	–
		34	13	10	1	407 19 7	101 0 0	22 15 10	998 8 6	100 0 0	23 0	3 13 6	71 14 4	1731 11 9	16,400	3,234	19,634	12	1,148	4	–	–
NEWCASTLE,	1. Ardagh,	5	2	1	–	13 1 9	11 0 0	0 3 0	90 0 0	–	5 0	–	5 5 3	124 10 0	387	115	502	–	9	–	–	–
	2. Abbeyfeale,	7	2	1	–	20 7 11	8 12 0	0 12 6	90 0 0	–	–	4 0 0	7 16 7	140 9 0	399	221	620	–	85	–	–	–
	3. Newcastle,	4	1	1	1	20 11 8	–	0 12 6	100 0 0	30 0 0	2 0	–	5 18 6	159 2 8	814	239	1,053	4	69	1	2	1
	4. Feenagh,	5	2	1	–	7 19 2	8 12 0	0 12 6	90 0 0	–	–	2 0 0	6 6 3	115 9 11	514	137	651	1	33	–	–	–
	5. Broadford,	7	2	1	–	4 7 9	6 0 0	0 3 0	90 0 0	–	–	–	8 13 0	109 3 9	445	81	526	2	29	–	–	–
		28	9	5	1	75 8 3	34 4 0	2 3 6	460 0 0	30 0 0	7 0	6 0 0	33 19 7	648 15 4	2,559	793	3,352	7	225	1	2	1
RATHKEALE,	1. Askeaton,	6	1	1	–	33 15 1	6 0 0	4 10 7	102 15 0	–	2 0	3 10 6	13 3 4	165 14 6	947	246	1,193	2	113	–	–	–
	2. Pallaskenry,	5	1	1	–	18 1 8	4 10 0	1 9 7	100 0 0	–	–	2 10 6	4 2 10	130 14 7	698	247	885	–	72	–	–	–
	3. Rathkeale,	7	2	2	1	61 15 10	16 0 0	4 3 2	200 0 0	50 0 0	–	2 10 0	21 5 6	355 15 0	1,624	398	2,022	–	129	–	–	–
		18	4	4	1	113 12 7	26 10 0	10 3 4	402 15 0	50 0 0	2 0	8 11 6	38 11 8	652 4 1	3,209	891	4,100	2	311	–	–	–
COUNTY OF TIPPERARY. BORRISOKANE	1. Terryglass,	4	2	1	–	–	9 0 0	2 1 8	90 0 0	–	6 0	0 10 6	11 3 10	118 16 0	299	126	425	–	18	–	–	–
	2. Borrisokane,	5	1	1	–	29 14 9	10 0 0	1 8 2	90 0 0	–	2 0	2 0 6	9 18 2	145 1 7	292	126	418	1	77	2	11	11
	3. Cloghjordan,	4	1	1	–	18 17 5	5 0 0	1 17 8	90 0 0	–	–	1 10 6	6 10 0	123 15 7	706	166	872	–	92	–	–	–
		13	4	3	–	48 12 2	24 0 0	5 7 6	270 0 0	–	8 0	4 1 6	27 12 0	387 13 2	1,297	418	1,715	1	187	2	11	11
CARRICK-ON SUIR,	1. Carrick-on-Suir	5	1	1	1	63 14 10	–	4 5 10	100 10 8	30 0 0	2 0	4 10 0	27 9 11	232 11 3	3,673	927	4,600	3	200	3	12	9
	2. Garrangibbon,	1	1	1	–	12 5 10	3 0 0	0 9 0	60 0 0	–	–	–	6 10 11	76 5 9	414	60	474	–	[illegible]	1	–	–
	3. Whitechurch,	8	3	1	–	22 16 4	10 0 0	1 1 0	100 0 0	–	1 0	–	18 16 11	153 14 3	192	135	327	–	118	–	–	–
	4. Rathgormack,	6	2	1	–	11 14 1	13 0 0	2 5 6	90 0 0	–	3 0	–	7 12 9	127 12 4	485	70	555	–	67	–	–	–
	5. Portlaw,	2	1	1	–	20 0 0	10 0 0	2 12 6	80 0 0	–	–	–	–	112 12 6	683	160	843	–	120	–	–	–
		22	8	5	1	130 11 1	36 0 0	10 13 10	430 10 8	30 0 0	6 0	4 10 0	54 10 6	702 16 1	5,447	1,352	6,799	3	690	4	12	9
CASHEL,	1. Kilpatrick,	5	2	1	–	14 5 6	10 0 0	1 2 6	90 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	11 19 0	127 17 6	533	123	656	–	[illegible]	–	–	–
	2. Cashel,	5	2	1	–	26 6 6	6 0 0	1 15 3	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	7 16 3	142 8 6	785	330	1,115	1	45	2	31	8
	3. Tullamain,	5	1	1	–	23 15 3	10 0 0	0 19 10	90 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	3 15 6	130 1 1	413	136	549	–	17	–	–	–
	4. Fethard,	5	1	1	–	36 10 3	6 0 0	0 19 5	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	11 7 4	158 7 4	1,451	367	1,821	–	157	–	–	–
	5. Killenaule,	4	1	1	–	25 16 8	6 0 0	0 16 0	80 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	3 0 0	126 3 2	268	174	442	–	2[illegible]	–	–	–
		21	7	5	–	126 14 2	38 0 0	5 12 10	170 0 0	–	1 0	2 12 6	10 18 1	684 17 7	3,453	1,160	4,613	1	257	2	31	8

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries or Dispensary Stations in each District	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Salaries. Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt of Fees paid to Medical Officers	Vaccination Expenses. Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4	5	6	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20	21.	22.	23.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER —*continued.*																						
County of Tipperary—*con.*																						
Clogheen,	1. Caher,	4	1	1	–	20 7 2	19 0 0	1 6 2	100 0 0	–	7 0	1 0 0	3 4 1	142 17 5	870	383	1,253	–	117	1	4	1
	2. Ardfinnan,	6	2	1	–	23 15 9	14 0 0	1 14 4	116 0 0	–	6 0	1 12 0	10 16 11	173 19 0	701	200	901	1	133	–	–	–
	3. Clogheen,	4	2	a1	–	15 17 11	17 10 0	2 1 0	100 0 0	–	7 0	–	9 8 8	151 17 7	1,117	127	1,244	1	110	1	4	1
		14	5	3	–	60 0 10	41 10 0	5 1 6	316 0 0	–	20 0	2 12 0	23 9 8	468 14 0	2,688	710	3,398	2	360	2	8	2
Clonmel,	1. Clonmel,	1	1	1	1	52 10 0	–	4 2 6	107 10 0	40 0 0	13 0	0 12 0	17 13 3	235 7 9	2,889	1,031	3,914	–	259	4	–	–
	2. Marlfield,	2	2	1	–	25 8 3	15 0 0	2 4 0	100 0 0	–	2 0	–	16 2 7	160 14 10	1,339	257	1,596	–	102	3	–	–
	3. Kiltinan,	2	1	1	–	1 15 7	8 0 0	0 3 11	50 0 0	–	–	–	4 8 6	64 8 0	279	32	311	–	78	–	–	–
	4. Kilsheelan,	4	1	1	–	18 15 0	10 0 0	1 4 1	100 0 0	–	4 0	2 0 0	5 2 2	141 1 3	911	227	1,138	–	83	1	–	–
	5. St. Mary's,	2	1	1	–	8 0 4	12 0 0	0 13 2	80 0 0	–	5 0	–	5 9 8	111 3 2	705	250	955	–	126	–	–	–
	6. Ballymacarbry,	3	1	1	–	15 13 1	6 10 0	0 9 10	60 0 0	–	2 0	–	4 11 2	89 4 1	445	64	509	–	39	–	–	–
		14	7	6	1	122 2 3	51 10 0	8 17 6	497 10 0	40 0 0	26 0	2 12 0	53 7 4	801 19 1	6,562	1,861	8,423	–	687	8	–	–
Nenagh,	1. Nenagh,	6	1	2	–	36 6 5	12 0 0	1 4 10	200 0 0	–	–	2 0 0	7 10 6	259 1 9	1,657	425	2,082	–	22	–	–	–
	2. Newport,	6	1	1	–	22 12 10	8 0 0	3 14 4	100 0 0	–	–	–	4 0 0	138 7 2	943	222	1,165	1	57	–	2	2
	3. Portroe,	5	2	1	–	19 11 4	9 0 0	1 1 10	100 0 0	–	1 0	1 10 0	7 5 0	139 8 2	690	144	834	3	56	–	–	–
	4. Silvermines,	5	1	1	–	5 19 3	6 0 0	0 17 10	100 0 0	–	–	2 0 0	4 10 9	119 7 10	388	81	469	–	3	–	–	–
	5. Toomevarra,	6	1	1	–	2 7 2	10 0 0	1 2 10	100 0 0	–	–	–	5 12 6	119 2 6	760	204	964	3	27	–	–	–
		28	6	6	–	86 17 0	45 0 0	8 1 8	600 0 0	–	1 0	5 10 0	28 18 9	775 7 5	4,438	1,076	5,514	7	165	–	2	2
Roscrea,	1. Roscrea,	7	2	b2	–	20 1 5	5 0 0	2 16 8	140 0 0	–	9 0	–	12 1 4	188 19 5	1,329	369	1,698	–	218	3	6	3
	2. Shinrone,	8	2	2	–	27 0 6	10 10 0	6 5 6	97 14 2	–	–	1 10 0	10 2 7	153 2 9	1,324	179	1,502	4	34	1	–	–
	3. Bourney,	6	3	1	–	19 10 8	15 0 0	2 3 10	100 0 0	–	2 0	–	–	138 14 6	302	88	390	6	24	1	–	–
		21	7	5	–	66 12 7	30 10 0	11 6 0	337 14 2	–	11 0	1 10 0	22 3 11	480 16 8	2,954	636	3,590	10	276	5	6	3

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THURLES,	1. Thurles,	3	1	1	1	40 1 3	6 10 0	1 9 7	90 0 0	8 2 0	4 0	–	8 0 4	158 3 2	1,185	294	1,479	–	58	–	2	2
	2. Holycross,	3	1	1	–	20 11 10	7 0 0	0 16 6	80 0 0	–	–	–	1 8 3	109 16 7	443	131	574	11	6	2	–	–
	3. Littleton,	6	1	1	–	8 13 6	6 0 0	0 16 6	80 0 0	–	2 0	–	4 8 1	101 18 1	452	122	574	–	28	–	–	–
	4. Moyne,	3	1	1	–	24 14 7	6 10 0	0 16 6	80 0 0	–	2 0	–	1 0 0	115 1 1	371	171	542	–	29	2	–	–
	5. Templemore,	2	1	1	–	32 10 0	10 0 0	0 16 5	80 0 0	–	4 0	–	4 10 0	131 16 5	641	273	914	6	39	1	1	1
	6. Borrisoleigh,	5	2	1	–	17 7 10	13 0 0	0 16 5	80 0 0	–	–	–	7 6 4	118 10 7	430	135	565	–	6	–	–	–
		22	7	6	1	143 19 0	49 0 0	5 11 11	490 0 0	8 2 0	12 0	–	26 13 0	735 5 11	3,522	1,126	4,648	17	169	5	3	3
TIPPERARY,	1. Bansha,	5	2	1	–	36 11 1	13 0 0	3 15 0	100 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	8 8 6	165 5 1	1,624	241	1,865	1	115	–	–	–
	2. Golden,	5	1	1	–	35 8 9	6 0 0	0 16 9	90 0 0	–	1 0	1 0 6	7 2 0	141 8 0	1,079	185	1,264	–	32	–	–	–
	3. Tipperary,	4	1	1	–	72 4 8	12 0 0	1 3 10	106 0 0	–	6 0	0 10 6	12 4 11	210 3 11	3,136	631	3,767	–	102	4	5	5
	4. Cappagh,	6	2	1	–	40 2 4	18 0 0	1 16 5	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	12 6 11	172 16 2	1,084	225	1,309	–	4	–	–	–
	5. Grean,	4	1	1	–	17 13 1	8 0 0	2 12 0	90 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	8 13 6	131 9 1	1,036	127	1,163	13	59	1	–	–
	6. Emly,	6	1	1	–	24 6 4	12 0 0	0 11 5	98 0 0	–	–	1 13 0	11 11 9	148 2 6	644	209	853	–	50	–	–	–
		30	8	6	–	226 6 3	69 0 0	10 15 5	584 0 0	–	14 0	4 15 6	60 7 7	969 4 9	8,603	1,618	10,221	14	362	5	5	5
COUNTY OF WATERFORD. DUNGARVAN,	1. Ringville,	4	2	1	–	27 8 3	–	2 5 0	100 0 0	–	7 0	0 15 0	8 16 3	146 4 6	764	283	1,047	1	86	–	–	–
	2. Seskinane,	5	1	1	–	16 14 5	3 0 0	1 6 6	90 0 0	–	7 0	1 10 0	15 10 1	135 1 0	618	74	692	–	91	1	–	–
	3. Whitechurch,	5	1	1	–	15 18 3	–	1 3 0	90 0 0	–	4 0	1 18 0	7 10 2	120 9 5	602	142	744	–	113	2	–	–
	4. Dungarvan,	4	1	1	–	45 18 11	12 0 0	2 4 6	100 0 0	–	12 0	2 0 0	16 16 1	190 19 6	3,071	622	3,693	–	115	–	–	–
		18	5	4	–	105 19 10	15 0 0	6 19 0	380 0 0	–	30 0	6 3 0	48 12 7	592 14 5	5,055	1,121	6,176	1	405	3	–	–
KILMACTHOMAS,	1. North District,	8	3	1	–	28 6 9	15 10 0	–	100 0 0	–	7 0	–	1 11 6	152 8 3	1,396	289	1,685	–	83	–	–	–
	2. South District,	8	3	1	–	50 3 1	19 1 0	–	100 0 0	–	9 0	–	4 2 9	182 6 10	1,912	342	2,254	6	163	–	–	–
		16	6	2	–	78 9 10	34 11 0	–	200 0 0	–	16 0	–	5 14 3	334 15 1	3,308	601	3,939	6	246	–	–	–
LISMORE,	1. Ballyduff,	5	1	1	–	16 15 8	6 10 0	0 16 1	100 0 0	–	–	–	2 18 9	127 0 6	723	110	833	–	103	–	–	–
	2. Cappoquin,	4	1	1	–	25 13 0	4 0 0	0 16 8	100 0 0	–	8 0	–	4 4 0	142 13 8	986	175	1,161	–	91	–	–	–
	3. Lismore,	3	1	1	–	24 5 8	–	0 17 8	100 0 0	–	4 0	–	4 7 2	133 10 6	978	183	1,161	–	54	–	12	5
	4. Tallow,	4	2	1	–	16 3 9	5 0 0	0 14 9	100 0 0	–	3 0	–	4 15 0	129 13 6	653	92	745	–	67	–	–	–
		16	5	4	–	82 18 1	15 10 0	3 5 2	400 0 0	–	15 0	–	16 4 11	532 18 2	3,340	560	3,900	–	315	–	12	5
WATERFORD,	1. Waterford,	4	1	1	1	81 4 1	26 18 7	5 18 0	100 0 0	52 10 0	–	1 10 0	29 15 2	297 15 10	2,178	786	2,964	–	73	–	–	–
	2. Ullid,	6	2	1	–	14 16 9	22 0 0	1 5 8	100 0 0	–	12 0	–	1 14 6	151 16 11	921	219	1,140	–	173	–	–	–
	3. Kilmakevoge,	8	2	c1	–	58 12 2	13 10 0	3 17 1	115 17 0	–	6 0	1 0 0	6 12 0	205 8 3	1,113	318	1,431	14	146	2	–	–
	4. Woodstown,	5	3	1	–	43 17 2	16 6 9	4 15 0	103 0 7	–	2 0	5 10 0	4 13 4	180 2 10	524	503	1,027	3	141	–	–	–
	5. Tramore,	3	1	1	–	39 0 7	16 0 0	1 1 10	96 6 0	–	5 0	–	6 8 9	163 17 2	991	280	1,271	–	151	–	–	–
	6. Kilmeadan,	4	1	1	–	30 16 11	5 0 0	2 6 8	95 0 0	–	7 0	0 18 0	0 3 0	141 4 7	581	206	787	1	178	–	–	–
		30	10	6	1	268 7 8	99 15 4	19 4 3	610 3 7	52 10 0	32 0	8 18 0	49 6 9	1,140 5 7	6,308	2,312	8,620	18	862	2	–	–

a Clogheen Union: Clogheen District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer. Office at present vacant.
b Roscrea Union: Roscrea District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer, but no appointment has been made.
c Waterford Union: Kilmakevoge District.—A Midwife authorized for this District by Order dated 12th August, 1863, but no appointment yet made.

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries or Dispensary Districts, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Tind and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and relieved during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief granted by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under 16	No. of Days on which After-care given at Dwellings or Houses of Correction, under s. 16.	No. of Patients attended in Brick-well or Licensed Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4	5	6	7.	8	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19	20.	21.	22	23.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d	£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d								
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.																						
COUNTY OF CARLOW																						
CARLOW, .	1. Carlow, .	7	1	1	–	49 17 3	22 10 0	3 11 4	100 0 0	–	8 0	4 2 0	27 12 10	215 13 5	2,160	858	3,318	–	202	–	–	–
	2. Tullow, .	8	1	a1	–	15 4 11	–	1 10 11	100 0 0	–	7 0	6 7 0	8 13 9	138 16 7	926	303	1,229	1	153	–	–	–
	3. Borris, .	6	1	1	–	13 18 8	4 10 0	1 3 5	100 0 0	–	2 0	0 12 0	6 12 6	128 16 7	413	156	569	–	117	1	–	–
	4. Fennagh and Myshall, .	7	2	1	–	11 5 7	27 0 0	1 3 5	100 0 0	–	2 0	3 2 0	16 3 8	160 14 8	390	240	630	1	79	3	–	–
	5. Leighlinbridge,	4	1	1	–	13 10 2	15 0 0	1 15 3	110 0 0	–	3 0	1 12 0	10 18 0	155 15 5	702	210	912	1	101	–	–	–
	6. Bagenalstown,	4	1	a1	–	9 7 10	13 10 0	3 17 1	100 0 0	–	2 0	4 7 0	21 15 9	154 17 8	812	323	1,165	–	111	–	–	–
	7. Balbeckmoyler and Newtown,	9	2	a1	–	12 13 8	36 0 0	4 3 9	118 0 0	–	2 0	2 12 0	29 8 11	201 18 4	390	161	551	–	160	2	–	–
		45	9	7	–	125 18 1	118 10 0	17 5 2	728 0 0	–	26 0	22 14 0	121 5 5	1,159 12 8	6 123	2,254	8,377	3	926	6	–	–
COUNTY OF DUBLIN.																						
BALROTHERY	1. Balbriggan, .	3	2	b1	–	33 0 7	9 0 0	1 3 10	100 0 0	–	5 0	2 0 0	27 3 0	177 7 5	1,378	537	1,915	–	179	5	–	–
	2. Holmpatrick,	1	1	1	–	17 15 0	–	0 8 5	90 0 0	–	3 0	1 0 0	2 17 0	115 0 5	787	235	1,022	–	49	2	–	–
	3. Lusk, .	1	2	1	–	45 7 5	11 0 0	0 16 4	100 0 0	–	3 0	–	6 18 6	167 2 3	709	2 0	939	–	86	–	–	–
	4. Swords, .	2	2	b1	–	47 1 6	12 0 0	10 10 3	112 6 2	–	9 0	–	28 9 0	219 6 11	533	164	697	–	152	–	–	–
	5. Kilsallaghan,	3	2	1	–	22 0 1	11 0 0	0 12 1	90 0 0	–	2 0	–	2 8 0	128 0 2	202	42	211	–	74	–	–	–
	6. Malahide, .	2	2	1	–	13 11 7	15 0 0	1 3 6	80 0 0	–	3 0	–	24 1 0	136 16 1	501	152	653	–	42	–	–	–
		12	11	6	–	178 16 2	58 0 0	14 14 5	572 6 2	–	25 0	3 0 0	91 16 6	943 13 3	4,110	1,360	5,470	–	573	7	–	–
DUBLIN, NORTH, .	1. North City, .	1	3	6	3	359 8 0	104 0 0	59 11 11	600 0 0	285 0 0	52 2	2 15 0	212 14 6	1675 11 5	24,611	8,069	32,680	9	1,462	7	–	–
	2. Blanchardstn. & Castleknock	2	2	1	–	22 9 9	22 0 0	2 16 3	100 0 0	–	4 0	–	1 15 1	153 1 1	774	334	1,108	–	73	2	–	–
	3. Finglas and Glasnevin, .	2	2	c1	–	21 0 11	15 0 0	1 10 4	103 6 8	–	4 0	–	7 0 8	156 18 7	702	263	965	–	90	–	–	–
	4. Clontarf and Howth, .	2	3	2	–	28 17 10	30 0 0	1 15 1	168 19 0	–	4 0	–	0 18 5	234 10 4	1,830	330	2,160	1	90	–	–	–
	5. Coolock and Drumcondra,	2	3	2	–	45 1 9	30 0 0	1 3 4	131 1 0	–	2 0	–	2 9 1	211 15 2	894	410	1,301	–	107	–	–	–
		9	13	12	3	176 18 3	201 0 0	66 16 11	1,103 6 8	285 0 0	66 2	2 15 0	224 17 9	2431 16 7	28,911	9,406	38,217	10	1,822	9	–	–

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Dublin, South,	1. South City,	1	4	8	4	167 16 6	127 17 0	48 5 3	800 0 0	420 0 0	100 0	–	140 10 2	1,804 8 11	45,728	8,822	54,545	8	2,368	–	–	–
	2. Donnybrook,	1	1	1	–	29 7 4	20 0 0	3 12 1	100 0 0	–	9 0	4 0 0	15 15 10	181 15 3	1,016	948	1,964	–	179	–	–	–
	3. Rathmines,	1	1	1	–	8 6 0	20 0 0	2 16 9	100 0 0	–	7 0	–	13 19 7	152 2 4	559	281	840	–	138	2	–	–
	4. Rathfarnham,	2	3	2	–	17 14 2	28 0 0	5 14 1	200 0 0	–	5 0	1 0 0	19 6 0	276 14 3	1,534	568	2,102	–	179	–	–	–
	5. Tallaght,	1	1	1	–	4 6 3	9 0 0	2 0 0	100 0 0	–	2 0	–	4 9 1	121 15 4	1,204	158	1,362	–	96	–	–	–
	6. Clondalkin,	1	1	1	–	15 4 11	10 0 0	1 1 6	100 0 0	–	3 0	–	7 9 4	136 15 9	569	196	765	1	45	1	–	–
	7. Palmerstown,	1	2	1	–	–	28 0 0	1 12 7	100 0 0	–	–	–	15 1 8	144 14 3	602	252	854	–	112	–	–	–
		8	13	15	4	242 15 2	242 17 0	65 2 3	1,500 0 0	420 0 0	126 0	5 0 0	216 11 8	2,818 6 1	51,207	11,225	62,432	9	3,117	3	–	–
Rathdown,	1. Dundrum and Glencullen,	2	2	d2	–	39 15 7	11 0 0	5 18 7	160 0 0	–	7 0	–	26 5 6	249 19 8	1,356	588	1,944	1	131	1	–	–
	2. Blackrock and Stillorgan,	2	2	2	–	30 2 6	17 0 0	3 6 4	160 0 0	–	5 0	–	15 6 8	230 15 6	1,096	478	1,574	–	165	–	–	–
	3. Killiney,	1	2	d1	–	36 5 6	18 16 0	2 6 9	100 0 0	–	–	–	32 13 0	190 1 3	910	241	1,151	1	108	–	–	–
	4. Kingstown,	1	1	d2	–	58 3 8	17 0 0	2 7 6	160 0 0	–	24 0	–	26 10 6	288 1 8	3,338	843	4,181	15	567	–	–	–
	5. Bray and Rathmichael,	2	2	d2	–	53 3 1	18 0 0	2 4 7	160 0 0	–	15 0	–	23 7 0	271 14 8	1,725	542	2,267	–	219	–	–	–
	6. Powerscourt,	1	1	d1	–	26 16 11	8 0 0	1 0 1	77 10 0	–	3 0	5 0 0	15 15 6	137 2 6	69	25	94	–	5	–	–	–
	7. Delgany,	1	2	1	–	21 3 6	9 0 0	2 5 0	100 0 0	–	–	–	10 0 0	142 8 6	456	455	911	–	90	–	–	–
		10	12	11	–	265 10 9	98 16 0	19 8 10	917 10 0	–	54 0	5 0 0	149 18 2	1,510 3 9	8,950	3,172	12,122	17	1,285	1	–	–
County of Kildare.																						
Athy,	1. Athy,	6	1	1	1	17 4 11	10 0 0	2 9 0	120 0 0	30 0 0	13 0	1 0 0	12 15 6	206 9 5	1,566	561	2,127	2	189	–	–	–
	2. Monasterevan,	7	2	1	–	14 13 1	16 0 0	0 18 6	120 0 0	–	7 0	1 0 0	–	159 11 7	1,763	99	1,862	–	84	–	–	–
	3. Fontstown,	6	2	1	–	24 14 8	14 0 0	0 5 0	91 13 4	–	–	1 10 0	4 0 0	136 3 0	370	194	564	3	125	1	–	–
	4. Castledermot,	7	2	1	–	25 0 6	13 10 0	0 14 0	100 0 0	–	7 0	–	5 11 6	151 16 0	1,156	220	1,376	–	142	–	–	–
	5. Stradbally,	6	2	1	–	24 8 4	10 0 0	0 15 6	100 0 0	–	4 0	–	7 0 0	146 3 10	759	266	1,025	–	41	–	–	–
	6. Ballylynan,	6	1	1	–	13 10 0	8 0 0	0 16 0	100 0 0	–	1 0	–	7 2 0	130 8 0	614	272	886	1	104	1	–	–
		38	10	6	1	119 11 6	71 10 0	5 18 0	631 13 4	30 0 0	32 0	3 10 0	36 9 0	930 11 10	6,228	1,612	7,840	6	685	2	–	–
Celbridge,	1. Lucan,	3	2	e1	–	31 8 3	17 0 0	1 15 3	92 10 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	8 12 4	152 16 4	937	199	1,136	4	57	–	–	–
	2. Celbridge,	3	2	e1	–	74 19 2	12 0 0	4 1 6	80 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	16 14 10	192 6 0	1,578	220	1,798	–	116	2	–	–
	3. Maynooth,	2	2	e1	–	9 0 11	20 0 0	1 11 4	90 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	6 15 0	129 17 9	1,379	237	1,616	–	41	–	–	–
	4. Rathcoole,	3	2	1	–	30 17 6	10 0 0	3 2 8	100 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	11 15 10	158 6 6	1,227	264	1,491	5	45	–	–	–
	5. Kilcock,	4	3	1	–	18 4 10	30 0 0	1 12 2	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	0 6 6	150 14 0	641	242	883	–	100	3	–	–
		15	11	5	–	164 10 8	89 0 0	12 2 11	462 10 0	–	9 0	2 12 6	44 4 6	784 0 7	5,762	1,162	6,924	9	359	5	–	–

continued.

[a] Carlow Union:—A Midwife authorized for each of the Bagenalstown, Tullow, and Ballickmoyler and Newtown Districts, in addition to the Medical Officers; but in only one District, that of Bagenalstown, is such appointment at present made.

[b] Balrothery Union: Balbriggan and Swords Districts.—A Midwife authorized for each of these Districts, in addition to the Medical Officer.

[c] North Dublin Union: Finglas and Glasnevin District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer, but no appointment made.

[d] Rathdown Union:—In addition to the Medical Officers, two Midwives are authorized for the Dundrum and Glencullen District, and one Midwife for each of the Districts of Killiney, Kingstown, Bray and Rathmichael, and Powerscourt.

[e] Celbridge Union: Lucan, Celbridge, and Maynooth Districts.—A Midwife authorized for each of these Districts in addition to the Medical Officer.

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No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Salaries. Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Vaccination Expenses. Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER —*continued.*						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
COUNTY OF KILDARE—*con.*																						
NAAS, .	1. Blessington & Ballymore, .	6	2	1	–	18 19 3	15 0 0	0 5 8	100 0 0	–	5 0	–	5 0 0	144 4 11	1,005	183	1,188	–	120	2	–	–
	2. Robertstown and Kilmeage,	5	1	1	–	6 19 3	4 0 0	0 5 7	65 0 0	–	3 0	–	8 0 0	87 4 10	229	140	369	–	108	–	–	–
	3. Rathmore, .	4	2	1	–	12 14 4	14 0 0	0 9 9	60 0 0	–	2 0	–	2 0 0	91 4 1	414	91	505	–	80	–	–	–
	4. Kilcullen, .	5	1	1	–	19 18 2	10 0 0	0 5 8	80 0 0	–	9 0	–	3 5 3	122 9 1	779	371	1,150	–	150	–	–	–
	5. Naas&Carragh,	5	1	1	–	15 0 3	10 0 0	0 15 2	75 0 0	–	7 0	–	–	107 15 5	667	250	917	–	113	–	–	–
	6. Clane and Timahoe, North,	5	2	1	–	12 1 5	20 0 0	0 13 10	75 0 0	–	7 0	2 0 0	0 12 9	117 8 0	600	155	755	–	118	–	–	–
	7. Newbridge and Kildare, .	7	2	1	–	47 12 7	22 0 0	0 11 0	80 0 0	–	8 0	–	0 19 0	159 2 7	830	344	1,174	11	146	1	–	–
		37	11	7	–	133 5 3	95 0 0	3 6 8	535 0 0	–	41 0	2 0 0	19 17 0	829 8 11	4,524	1,534	6,058	11	835	3	–	–
COUNTY OF KILKENNY.																						
CALLAN, .	1. Ballingarry, .	4	1	1	–	22 16 9	3 0 0	0 8 4	100 0 0	–	–	–	5 8 0	131 13 1	630	290	920	2	34	1	–	–
	2. Mullinahone,	4	1	1	–	17 1 10	4 10 0	0 11 1	80 0 0	–	–	–	4 7 6	106 10 5	590	130	720	–	4	–	–	–
	3. Kilmoganny,	6	2	1	–	22 10 6	11 4 8	5 3 0	100 0 0	–	–	–	8 3 0	147 1 2	659	262	921	–	70	3	–	–
	4. Callan, . .	6	1	1	–	46 9 4	5 0 0	2 15 4	100 0 0	–	1 0	–	4 16 10	160 1 6	1,040	199	1,239	–	121	–	–	–
		20	5	4	–	108 18 5	23 14 8	8 17 9	380 0 0	–	1 0	–	22 15 4	545 6 2	2,919	881	3,800	2	229	4	–	–
CASTLECOMER, .	1. Castlecomer,	4	3	2	–	51 13 3	19 0 0	0 11 0	140 0 0	–	10 0	2 2 6	31 2 1	254 8 10	2,204	345	2,549	5	279	3	–	–
	2. Ballyragget, .	3	1	1	–	29 8 9	6 0 0	3 7 0	90 0 0	–	11 0	2 0 0	9 1 5	150 17 2	925	284	1,209	2	123	–	–	–
		7	4	3	–	81 2 0	25 0 0	3 18 0	230 0 0	–	21 0	4 2 6	40 3 6	405 6 0	3,129	629	3,758	7	402	3	–	–
KILKENNY,	1. Kilkenny, .	5	1	2	1	136 3 7	18 0 0	7 6 7	130 0 0	70 0 0	2 0	2 0 6	35 10 11	401 1 7	6,014	1,258	7,272	–	169	–	–	–
	2. Gowran, .	4	1	1	–	30 9 6	7 0 0	2 11 10	80 0 0	–	3 0	1 10 6	6 5 4	130 17 2	649	325	974	2	62	1	–	–

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	3. Tiscoffin,	4	1	1	–	16 7 7	10 0 0	0 3	100 0 0	–	2 0	1 10 6	4 0 0	136 8 4	237	65	302	–	107	–	–	–
	4. Freshford,	4	1	1	–	12 4 1	8 0 0	2 4 4	80 0 0	–	6 0	2 10 6	6 3 6	117 2 5	683	166	849	1	167	–	–	–
	5. Tullaroan,	4	1	1	–	9 18 0	6 0 0	2 9 3	75 0 0	–	–	9 10 6	4 3 6	107 1 3	308	65	373	–	5	–	–	–
		21	5	6	1	205 2 9	49 0 0	17 2 3	465 0 0	70 0 0	13 0	17 2 6	56 3 3	892 10 9	7,891	1,879	9,770	3	510	1	–	–
THOMASTOWN,	1. Graigue,	6	2	1	–	16 19 7	6 10 0	0 4 10	100 0 0	–	5 0	0 10 6	0 17 5	130 2 4	1,653	375	2,028	–	185	1	–	–
	2. Inistioge,	6	1	1	–	14 5 10	5 0 0	0 4 10	95 0 0	–	4 0	2 10 6	1 0 0	122 1 2	699	232	931	2	109	–	–	–
	3. Thomastown,	7	1	1	–	6 8 8	5 0 0	0 7 7	84 0 0	–	3 0	2 10 6	0 7 6	101 14 3	855	162	1,017	–	117	1	1	1
	4. Knocktopher,	8	2	1	–	12 7 8	7 0 0	0 4 11	95 0 0	–	3 0	1 10 6	6 8 6	125 11 7	548	124	672	–	116	–	–	–
		27	6	4	–	50 1 9	23 10 0	1 2 2	374 0 0	–	15 0	7 2 0	8 13 5	479 9 4	3,755	893	4,648	2	527	2	1	1
URLINGFORD	1. Balleen,	4	1	1	–	15 7 6	3 10 0	–	80 0 0	–	6 0	–	4 0 0	108 17 6	273	96	369	–	79	–	–	–
	2. Johnstown,	4	1	1	–	24 18 8	5 0 0	–	80 0 0	–	2 0	–	3 13 8	115 12 4	276	124	400	–	31	–	–	–
	3. Urlingford,	4	1	1	–	24 9 5	6 0 0	–	80 0 0	–	3 0	–	–	113 9 5	688	131	819	–	65	1	3	1
	4. Kilcooley,	4	1	1	–	21 18 2	5 0 0	–	80 0 0	–	1 0	–	3 10 0	111 8 2	266	132	398	–	–	2	–	2
		16	4	4	–	86 13 9	19 10 0	–	320 0 0	–	12 0	–	11 3 8	449 7 5	1,503	483	1,986	–	175	3	3	3
KING'S COUNTY.																						
EDENDERRY,	1. Johnstown,	4	1	1	–	11 19 2	11 0 0	1 7 5	90 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	2 0 0	117 17 1	605	145	750	–	72	–	–	–
	2. Carbury,	6	1	1	–	14 16 9	10 0 0	0 19 11	91 16 0	–	–	0 10 6	–	118 3 2	550	111	661	4	209	–	–	–
	3. Rathangan,	5	1	1	–	10 18 4	8 0 0	0 19 11	90 0 0	–	–	2 10 6	1 10 0	113 18 9	366	220	586	–	84	–	–	–
	4. Edenderry,	5	1	1	–	17 7 10	15 0 0	1 9 5	90 0 0	–	1 0	1 10 6	1 3 4	127 11 1	1,221	281	1,502	1	112	–	–	–
	5. Rhode,	5	1	1	–	12 11 1	6 0 0	1 7 7	90 0 0	–	1 0	1 0 6	3 0 0	114 19 2	372	137	509	–	74	–	–	–
	6. Ballyboggan,	4	1	1	–	11 4 0	6 0 0	1 7 7	90 0 0	–	4 0	1 10 6	–	114 2 1	569	173	742	1	109	–	–	–
		29	6	6	–	78 17 2	56 0 0	7 11 10	541 16 0	–	7 0	7 13 0	7 13 4	706 11 4	3,683	1,067	4,750	6	660	–	–	–
PARSONSTOWN,	1. Parsonstown,	2	1	1	–	18 14 11	–	0 15 10	90 0 0	–	3 0	1 10 6	5 14 10	119 16 1	476	140	616	4	66	1	3	3
	2. Killyon,	3	2	1	–	2 17 3	10 0 0	0 8 11	52 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	0 1 7	65 18 3	247	33	280	–	5	–	–	–
	3. Kinnitty,	6	1	1	–	9 14 9	6 0 0	0 18 4	85 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	1 2 6	105 6 1	803	130	933	–	28	–	–	–
	4. Frankford,	5	1	1	–	33 9 5	8 0 0	0 14 5	90 0 0	–	5 0	1 10 6	–	138 14 4	613	149	762	3	60	1	–	–
	5. Banagher,	7	1	1	–	11 3 10	6 0 0	0 14 0	100 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	5 2 0	157 10 4	291	162	453	–	50	–	–	–
	6. Ferbane,	10	1	1	–	26 3 8	6 0 0	1 1 10	100 0 0	–	21 0	1 0 6	9 5 9	164 11 9	619	184	803	4	281	–	–	–
	7. Riverstown,	6	1	1	–	10 7 1	8 0 0	0 17 1	90 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	6 2 9	118 17 5	217	87	304	–	84	–	–	–
		39	8	7	–	112 10 11	44 0 0	5 10 5	607 0 0	–	38 0	6 3 6	27 9 5	870 14 3	3,266	885	4,151	11	574	2	3	3
TULLAMORE,	1. Killoughey,	7	2	1	–	12 14 3	11 0 0	1 18 5	90 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	8 15 5	124 18 7	425	136	561	–	133	–	–	–
	2. Philipstown,	6	2	1	–	26 15 7	15 10 0	1 18 5	90 0 0	–	5 0	2 10 6	9 2 6	150 17 0	1,180	182	1,362	–	97	1	–	–
	3. Kilbeggan,	5	1	1	–	17 19 5	10 0 0	3 14 5	91 4 9	–	5 0	1 10 6	20 4 0	149 13 1	629	248	877	–	31	–	–	–
	4. Clara,	5	1	1	–	20 19 11	10 0 0	1 18 5	127 16 0	–	8 0	1 0 6	10 2 6	179 17 4	812	192	1,004	–	123	–	–	–
	5. Tullamore,	5	1	1	–	32 2 8	10 0 0	4 10 10	90 0 0	–	9 0	2 10 6	18 8 8	166 12 8	1,864	253	2,117	10	174	–	–	–
		28	7	5	–	110 11 10	56 10 0	14 0 6	489 0 9	–	27 0	8 2 6	66 13 1	771 18 8	4,910	1,011	5,921	10	558	1	–	–

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER —*continued.*						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
COUNTY OF LONGFORD.																						
BALLYMAHON	1. Abbeyshrule,	5	1	1	–	17 8 6	10 0 0	1 16 0	80 0 0	–	6 0	2 5 0	2 3 7	119 13 1	468	157	625	1	375	2	–	–
	2. Ballymahon,	5	2	1	–	59 4 2	10 0 0	2 9 2	92 14 9	–	–	1 0 6	7 15 4	173 3 11	1,358	149	1,507	–	24	–	–	–
	3. Ballymore,	8	1	1	–	15 17 0	10 0 0	1 16 0	80 0 0	–	4 0	1 14 6	0 3 7	113 11 1	749	159	908	–	290	–	–	–
		18	4	3	–	92 9 8	30 0 0	6 1 2	252 14 9	–	10 0	5 0 0	10 2 6	406 8 1	2,575	465	3,040	1	689	2	–	–
GRANARD,	1. Granard,	8	1	1	–	46 15 3	8 0 0	1 18 2	100 0 0	–	2 0	3 1 0	8 14 8	170 9 1	771	395	1,166	4	170	–	–	–
	2 Street,	7	2	1	–	35 13 5	15 10 0	1 5 2	90 0 0	–	6 0	1 1 0	2 7 10	151 17 5	468	217	685	–	118	–	–	–
	3. Ballinalee,	8	1	1	–	12 9 11	9 0 0	1 10 8	80 0 0	–	5 0	3 1 0	5 5 0	116 6 7	553	165	718	–	122	–	–	–
	4 Scrabby,	5	1	1	–	39 16 7	8 0 0	0 17 8	80 0 0	–	5 0	5 1 0	6 0 0	144 15 3	359	208	567	–	110	–	–	–
	5, Finnea,	5	1	1	–	24 14 1	8 0 0	1 4 10	80 0 0	–	10 0	3 1 0	6 4 0	138 3 11	948	244	1,192	–	181	–	–	–
	6. Coole,	3	1	1	–	11 13 11	7 0 0	0 19 8	40 0 0	–	2 0	1 1 0	2 15 4	65 9 11	151	66	217	–	48	–	–	–
		36	7	6	–	171 3 2	55 10 0	7 16 2	470 0 0	–	30 0	16 6 0	31 6 10	782 2 2	3,250	1,295	4,545	4	749	–	–	–
LONGFORD,	1. Longford,	6	1	1	–	12 19 5	14 0 0	0 13 0	80 0 0	–	10 0	0 10 6	–	118 2 11	506	228	734	–	214	–	–	–
	2. Drumlish,	7	1	1	–	23 12 4	8 10 0	0 13 0	80 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	–	117 5 10	508	148	656	43	69	1	–	–
	3. Killashee,	6	1	1	–	–	10 0 0	0 13 0	80 0 0	–	12 0	0 10 6	–	103 3 6	320	121	441	2	142	–	–	–
		19	3	3	–	36 11 9	32 10 0	1 19 0	240 0 0	–	26 0	1 11 6	–	338 12 3	1,334	497	1,831	45	425	1	–	–
COUNTY OF LOUTH.																						
ARDEE,	1. Ardee,	3	2	1	–	54 19 4	8 15 0	1 7 1	139 9 0	–	–	0 10 6	4 0 0	204 0 11	1,360	474	1,834	–	80	3	10	4
	2. Drumcondra,	2	2	1	–	15 7 5	9 10 0	0 11 11	110 0 0	–	5 0	0 10 6	3 0 0	143 19 10	561	217	778	1	123	–	–	–
	3. Collon,	2	2	1	–	10 11 9	12 0 0	0 17 5	98 0 0	–	–	1 0 6	2 14 0	125 3 8	269	171	440	–	34	–	–	–
	4. Dunleer,	3	2	1	–	15 1 3	12 15 0	0 11 11	80 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	–	112 18 8	137	134	271	–	67	–	–	–
	5. Castlebellingham,	3	2	1	–	14 14 5	12 10 0	0 19 5	107 0 0	–	6 0	0 10 6	–	141 14 4	422	174	596	–	60	–	–	–
		13	10	5	–	110 14 2	50 10 0	4 7 9	534 9 0	–	15 0	3 2 6	9 14 0	727 17 5	2,749	1,170	3,919	1	364	3	10	4

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DROGHEDA,	1. Stamullen,	2	3	1	–	6 2 4	12 0 0	0 6 6	100 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	4 7 0	125 6 4	142	139	281	–	27	1	–	–
	2. Duleek,	2	2	1	–	15 13 5	10 0 0	1 17 4	100 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	1 16 4	130 17 7	675	198	873	–	84	1	–	–
	3. St. Mary's,	1	1	1	–	15 17 11	10 10 0	2 12 7	70 0 0	–	2 0	–	8 1 1	109 1 7	769	501	1,270	–	187	–	–	–
	4. Drogheda,	1	1	2	–	46 13 2	12 0 0	1 7 2	120 0 0	–	10 17	–	20 5 0	211 2 4	1,363	857	2,220	–	228	1	–	–
	5. Termonfeckin,	3	3	1	–	15 7 7	11 13 4	1 5 5	100 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	4 5 0	136 1 10	381	188	569	2	89	–	–	–
	6. Monasterboice	3	2	1	–	13 15 11	10 0 0	–	100 0 0	–	2 0	–	2 10 0	128 5 11	482	159	641	2	63	–	–	–
		12	12	7	–	113 10 4	66 3 4	7 9 0	590 0 0	–	20 17	1 11 6	41 4 5	840 15 7	3,812	2,042	5,854	4	678	3	–	–
DUNDALK,	1. Dundalk,	3	1	[a]1	–	95 9 2	20 0 0	3 17 4	120 0 0	–	30 0	1 0 0	20 6 5	290 12 11	1,632	709	2,341	–	622	2	–	–
	2. Louth,	4	1	1	–	38 7 3	8 0 0	2 1 0	90 0 0	–	7 0	–	6 11 8	151 19 11	705	480	1,185	–	235	1	–	–
	3. Barronstown,	4	1	1	–	48 1 6	5 0 0	1 12 0	100 0 0	–	15 0	–	19 11 2	189 4 2	1,935	211	2,146	6	252	2	–	–
	4. Dromiskin,	2	1	1	–	26 3 7	5 0 0	1 6 0	50 0 0	–	7 0	–	3 2 0	92 11 7	271	214	485	–	108	–	–	–
	5. Ravensdale,	3	1	1	–	31 19 6	10 0 0	3 1 10	100 0 0	–	9 0	0 10 0	7 13 10	162 5 2	762	162	924	–	205	1	–	–
	6. Carlingford,	3	2	1	–	51 11 9	15 0 0	3 19 2	100 0 0	–	9 0	3 0 0	5 5 1	187 16 0	512	265	777	1	194	1	–	
		19	7	6	–	291 12 3	63 0 0	15 17 4	560 0 0	–	77 0	4 10 0	62 10 2	1074 9 9	5,817	2,041	7,858	7	1,616	7	–	–
COUNTY OF MEATH.																						
DUNSHAUGHLIN,	1. Dunboyne,	3	2	1	–	31 8 2	11 0 0	0 10 3	95 0 0	–	5 0	–	–	142 18 5	332	92	424	–	68	–	–	–
	2. Ratoath,	3	2	1	–	12 8 2	7 12 0	0 17 9	95 0 0	–	4 0	1 1 0	0 17 6	121 16 5	706	184	890	–	90	–	–	–
	3. Killeen,	3	2	1	–	38 16 7	13 0 0	1 13 5	91 15 4	–	8 0	1 1 0	–	154 6 4	694	155	849	–	41	–	–	–
	4. Garristown,	3	2	1	–	5 11 4	12 0 0	0 18 2	95 0 0	–	2 0	1 1 0	–	116 10 6	560	142	702	–	142	–	–	–
		12	8	4	–	88 4 3	43 12 0	3 19 7	376 15 4	–	19 0	3 3 0	0 17 6	535 11 8	2,292	573	2,865	–	341	–	–	–
KELLS,	1. Kells,	6	1	1	–	19 7 3	6 0 0	0 19 3	80 0 0	–	7 0	2 0 0	5 2 0	120 8 6	787	207	994	–	95	2	2	2
	2. Moynalty,	6	2	1	–	38 14 8	9 10 0	0 19 2	80 0 0	–	5 0	1 0 0	6 3 8	141 7 6	360	240	600	–	86	1	–	–
	3. Kilskeer,	7	1	1	–	14 8 10	6 0 0	1 15 2	80 0 0	–	8 0	3 0 0	5 6 6	118 10 6	668	116	784	–	127	–	–	–
	4. Nobber,	6	2	1	–	23 9 0	10 0 0	2 4 3	80 0 0	–	19 0	1 0 0	4 0 0	139 13 3	533	176	709	–	285	–	–	–
		25	6	4	–	95 19 9	31 10 0	5 17 10	320 0 0	–	39 0	7 0 0	20 12 2	519 19 9	2,348	739	3,087	–	593	3	2	2
NAVAN,	1. Navan,	4	1	1	–	63 7 3	–	1 14 7	100 0 0	–	36 0	1 2 0	0 17 8	203 1 6	1,915	436	2,351	–	72	–	–	–
	2. Painestown,	4	1	1	–	13 8 11	7 0 0	0 10 0	100 0 0	–	–	–	–	120 18 11	359	95	454	–	39	–	–	–
	3. Castletown,	4	2	[b]1	–	18 8 5	11 0 0	4 5 0	100 0 0	–	1 0	–	12 5 0	146 18 5	691	234	925	–	26	4	–	–
		12	4	3	–	95 4 7	18 0 0	6 9 7	300 0 0	–	37 0	1 2 0	13 2 8	470 18 10	2,965	765	3,730	–	137	4	–	–
OLDCASTLE,	1. Crossakeel,	4	2	1	–	27 9 1	8 0 0	0 5 7	50 0 0	–	3 0	–	7 16 6	96 11 2	328	62	390	–	44	–	–	–
	2. Oldcastle,	4	1	1	–	15 12 10	5 0 0	0 5 8	80 0 0	–	7 0	–	5 0 0	112 18 6	545	132	677	–	43	–	–	–
	3. Virginia,	3	1	1	–	22 8 9	8 0 0	0 5 8	80 0 0	–	10 0	–	1 10 0	122 4 5	507	231	738	2	208	–	–	–
	4. Ballyjamesduff	3	2	1	–	27 17 2	12 10 0	0 14 7	92 10 0	–	3 0	–	8 0 5	144 12 2	518	206	724	–	105	–	–	–
		14	6	4	–	93 7 10	33 10 0	1 11 6	302 10 0	–	23 0	–	22 6 11	476 6 3	1,898	631	2,529	2	400	–	–	–

[a] Dundalk Union: Dundalk District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer.
[b] Navan Union: Castletown District.—A Midwife authorized for this District in addition to the Medical Officer.

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Salaries. Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Vaccination Expenses. Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 1.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER —*continued.*						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ .	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
County of Meath—*con.*																						
Trim,	1. Athboy,	6	2	1	–	45 10 3	28 0 0	2 0 2	100 0 0	–	11 0	–	–	186 10 5	1,075	188	1,263	–	88	–	–	–
	2. Trim,	5	1	1	–	43 3 5	13 0 0	2 9 10	100 0 0	–	20 0	4 0 0	1 19 0	184 12 3	1,455	342	1,797	–	46	–	–	–
	3. Summerhill,	5	2	1	–	25 6 1	27 10 0	1 12 3	100 0 0	–	4 0	–	–	158 8 4	886	152	1,038	–	67	1	–	–
	4. Innfield,	4	2	1	–	10 8 4	20 0 0	1 4 5	80 0 0	–	2 0	–	–	113 12 9	412	138	550	–	41	–	–	–
		20	7	4	–	124 8 1	88 10 0	7 6 8	380 0 0	–	37 0	4 0 0	1 19 0	643 3 9	3,828	820	4,648	–	242	1	–	–
Queen's County.																						
Abbeyleix,	1. Abbeyleix,	4	1	1	–	5 1 9	10 10 0	0 17 5	90 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	6 18 5	115 18 1	631	118	749	–	27	–	–	–
	2. Ballyroan,	4	2	1	–	15 14 9	23 15 0	0 17 5	92 10 0	–	7 0	0 10 6	13 13 9	154 1 5	638	216	854	3	83	1	–	–
	3. Durrow,	5	1	1	–	4 19 4	2 10 0	0 17 5	90 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	15 3 5	114 0 8	565	150	715	–	65	–	–	–
	4. Castletown,	4	1	1	–	21 16 6	6 0 0	0 18 4	85 0 0	–	1 0	–	10 13 1	125 7 11	462	105	567	–	138	1	–	–
	5. Ballinakill,	5	2	1	–	12 17 9	18 0 0	0 17 5	100 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	11 3 9	146 9 5	1,047	289	1,336	–	49	1	–	–
		22	7	5	–	60 10 1	60 15 0	4 8 0	457 10 0	–	13 0	2 2 0	57 12 5	655 17 6	3,343	878	4,221	3	362	3	–	–
Donaghmore,	1. Borris-in-Ossory,	7	1	1	–	–	9 0 0	–	82 10 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	4 2 7	97 3 1	290	70	360	–	13	1	5	3
	2. Rathdowney,	6	1	1	–	35 17 7	13 0 0	0 6 0	86 13 4	–	5 0	1 5 6	1 17 7	144 0 0	734	199	933	–	34	–	–	–
		13	2	2	–	35 17 7	22 0 0	0 6 0	169 3 4	–	6 0	1 16 0	6 0 2	241 3 1	1,024	269	1,293	–	47	1	5	3
Mountmelick,	1. Mountmelick,	7	1	1	–	65 16 10	10 10 0	0 7 3	88 6 0	–	7 0	1 0 0	0 1 8	173 1 9	1,442	248	1,690	–	197	–	–	–
	2. Clonaslee,	6	1	1	–	16 3 5	7 0 0	–	85 8 4	–	1 0	–	0 14 10	110 6 7	790	251	1,041	–	62	1	–	–
	3. Coolrain,	6	1	1	–	19 10 11	8 0 0	1 3 11	80 10 11	–	4 0	1 10 0	2 12 0	117 7 9	296	101	397	2	86	–	–	–
	4. Mountrath,	5	1	1	–	37 4 10	10 10 0	–	85 8 4	–	3 0	2 0 0	0 1 7	138 4 9	934	286	1,220	–	260	–	–	–
	5. Maryborough,	6	2	1	–	7 10 7	14 0 0	0 6 0	96 3 11	–	3 0	–	1 3 0	122 3 6	645	226	871	–	61	1	–	–

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	6. Emo,	6	2	1	–	30 14 9	10 0 0	–	88 6 0	–	4 0	–	–	133 0 9	747	273	1,020	–	90	–	–	–
	7. Clonygowan,	6	2	1	–	21 12 10	14 0 0	–	89 4 8	–	5 0	–	1 0 3	130 17 9	701	207	908	–	190	–	–	–
		42	10	7	–	198 14 2	74 0 0	1 17 2	613 8 2	–	27 0	4 10 0	5 13 4	925 2 10	5,555	1,592	7,147	2	966	2	–	–
County of Westmeath.																						
Athlone,	1. Athlone,	5	1	2	–	39 19 8	–	1 11 6	160 0 0	–	6 0	6 10 0	5 17 3	219 18 5	1,345	426	1,771	–	71	1	–	–
	2. Brideswell,	7	1	1	–	23 13 3	4 0 0	3 16 0	88 0 8	–	–	8 15 0	6 15 11	135 0 10	536	100	636	–	12	1	–	–
	3. Kiltoom,	6	1	1	–	32 11 11	5 5 0	1 16 0	80 0 0	–	4 0	3 10 0	5 17 0	132 19 11	799	95	894	16	54	2	–	–
	4. Glassan,	6	1	1	–	11 19 1	–	2 1 7	80 0 0	–	3 0	3 10 6	2 15 7	103 6 9	298	144	442	7	38	–	–	–
	5. Moate,	7	1	1	–	10 14 9	6 0 0	1 6 3	80 0 0	–	4 0	3 0 0	6 18 5	111 19 5	332	105	437	–	124	2	–	–
		31	5	6	–	118 18 8	15 5 0	10 11 4	488 0 8	–	17 0	25 5 6	28 4 2	703 5 4	3,310	870	4,180	23	299	6	–	–
Delvin,	1. Castlepollard,	6	2	1	–	26 16 4	7 10 0	1 5 0	90 0 0	–	11 0	–	1 6 0	137 17 4	395	170	565	–	255	1	–	–
	2. Delvin,	7	3	1	–	25 6 2	15 0 0	0 18 6	90 0 0	–	18 0	–	–	149 4 8	594	167	761	–	505	–	–	–
	3. Clonmellon,	6	3	1	–	34 11 1	10 14 0	1 13 6	80 0 0	–	7 0	–	3 12 6	137 11 1	233	104	337	–	169	–	–	–
		19	8	3	–	86 13 7	33 4 0	3 17 0	260 0 0	–	36 0	–	4 18 6	424 13 1	1,222	441	1,663	–	929	1	–	–
Mullingar,	1. Mullingar,	8	1	1	–	15 9 11	12 0 0	0 12 0	120 0 0	–	23 0	–	5 2 0	176 3 11	863	294	1,157	–	352	–	–	–
	2. Multyfarnham	6	2	1	–	8 2 9	9 0 0	0 9 6	90 0 0	–	3 0	–	5 14 5	116 6 8	547	100	647	–	30	–	–	–
	3. Ballynacarigy,	7	1	1	–	17 10 9	8 0 0	0 10 7	90 0 0	–	9 0	–	–	125 1 4	388	149	537	–	53	–	–	–
	4. Castletown Geoghegan,	7	1	1	–	13 4 10	10 0 0	–	90 0 0	–	9 0	2 12 6	–	124 17 4	711	139	850	–	180	–	–	–
	5. Tyrrellspass,	7	1	1	–	17 11 4	–	–	90 0 0	–	5 6	1 14 10	4 8 1	118 14 3	977	98	1,075	7	163	–	–	–
	6. Milltown,	6	1	1	–	10 9 10	7 0 0	0 5 0	90 0 0	–	17 0	1 4 0	2 14 10	128 13 8	647	160	807	3	354	1	–	–
	7. Killucan,	7	2	1	–	12 7 3	6 4 0	–	100 0 0	–	13 0	–	6 19 7	138 10 10	1,318	206	1,524	4	297	–	–	–
		48	9	7	–	94 16 8	52 4 0	1 17 1	670 0 0	–	79 0	5 11 4	24 18 11	928 8 0	5,451	1,146	6,597	14	1,429	1	–	–
County of Wexford.																						
Enniscorthy,	1 Newtownbarry,	5	1	1	–	9 10 3	6 0 0	–	70 0 0	–	4 0	–	–	89 10 3	600	236	836	–	149	–	–	–
	2. Killann,	5	1	1	–	38 6 8	5 0 0	1 6 8	65 0 0	–	5 0	–	4 0 0	118 13 4	647	85	732	–	82	–	–	–
	3. Ferns,	6	1	1	–	15 0 11	6 10 0	0 3 7	65 0 0	–	2 0	1 12 0	6 12 0	96 18 6	844	152	996	–	73	2	–	–
	4. Enniscorthy,	5	3	2	–	100 17 4	10 10 0	–	100 0 0	–	8 0	–	16 14 6	236 1 10	2,880	553	3,433	4	200	6	14	3
	5. Oulart,	6	1	1	–	8 7 7	9 0 0	0 8 0	75 0 0	–	–	4 10 0	16 8 1	113 13 8	623	219	842	–	181	–	–	–
	6. Clonroche,	5	2	1	–	20 7 11	14 5 0	0 10 0	75 0 0	–	3 0	–	13 0 0	126 2 11	413	137	550	–	64	3	–	–
		32	9	7	–	192 10 8	51 5 0	2 8 3	450 0 0	–	22 0	6 2 0	56 14 7	781 0 6	6,007	1,382	7,389	4	749	11	14	3
Gorey,	1. Gorey,	5	1	1	–	47 2 11	–	2 3 8	100 16 5	–	4 0	2 5 6	9 8 0	165 16 6	669	308	977	1	188	–	–	–
	2. Coolgreany,	5	2	1	–	31 19 5	13 0 0	0 19 11	100 0 0	–	4 0	2 10 6	0 10 3	153 0 1	451	180	631	7	109	–	–	–
	3. Camolin,	7	2	1	–	22 12 0	10 0 0	3 14 10	104 7 7	–	3 0	0 10 6	0 15 0	144 19 11	320	160	480	–	80	–	–	–
	4. Killenagh and Wells,	8	2	1	–	37 12 7	13 0 0	1 1 1	99 3 4	–	–	1 10 6	–	152 7 6	496	183	679	1	186	1	–	–
		25	7	4	–	139 6 11	36 0 0	7 19 6	404 7 4	–	11 0	6 17 0	10 13 3	616 4 0	1,936	831	2,767	9	563	1	–	–

[continued.

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No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
Province of Leinster —*continued.*																						
County of Wexford—*con.*																						
New Ross,	1. New Ross,	1	1	1	–	21 10 6	4 0 0	2 11 6	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	11 2 3	139 14 9	658	506	1,164	–	47	1	1	1
	2. Old Ross,	8	2	a1	–	39 16 1	11 15 0	1 0 6	100 0 0	–	3 0	0 10 6	16 1 1	172 3 2	1,004	143	1,147	–	28	–	–	–
	3. Dysartmoon,	7	3	1	–	18 2 2	13 0 0	1 14 5	102 1 8	–	6 0	0 10 6	6 0 0	147 8 9	524	164	688	–	115	–	–	–
	4. St. Mullins,	5	1	1	–	5 3 6	7 8 0	0 5 6	70 0 0	–	–	1 10 6	–	84 7 6	181	49	230	–	41	1	–	–
	5. Templeudigan,	4	1	1	–	30 14 8	9 2 0	0 18 6	50 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	2 19 6	95 5 2	561	48	609	–	29	–	–	–
	6. Carrickbyrne,	8	1	a1	–	32 16 11	6 0 0	1 7 6	100 0 0	–	4 0	2 10 6	25 0 0	171 14 11	655	217	872	4	107	2	–	–
	7. Fethard,	6	4	a2	–	20 5 0	22 10 0	0 5 6	160 0 0	–	9 0	6 10 6	10 0 0	228 11 0	591	275	866	–	156	–	–	–
		39	13	8	–	168 8 10	73 15 0	8 3 5	682 1 8	–	23 0	12 13 6	71 2 10	1039 5 3	4,174	1,402	5,576	4	523	4	1	1
Wexford,	1. Wexford,	3	1	1	1	27 16 9	15 0 0	0 7 0	120 0 0	30 0 0	8 0	3 0 0	11 17 8	216 1 5	1,603	452	2,055	–	174	1	–	–
	2. Broadway,	6	2	1	–	10 5 9	12 17 6	0 16 6	100 0 0	–	4 0	4 0 0	8 6 8	140 6 5	472	139	611	–	105	1	–	–
	3. Bridgetown,	7	2	1	–	13 10 4	9 0 0	0 7 0	100 0 0	–	6 0	2 0 0	3 13 8	134 11 0	871	221	1,092	–	128	1	–	–
	4. Bannow,	6	1	1	–	11 6 4	8 0 0	0 7 0	100 0 0	–	3 0	3 0 0	3 13 6	129 6 10	841	239	1,080	–	59	1	–	–
	5. Taghmon and Glynn,	7	2	1	–	17 8 2	9 10 0	0 7 0	100 0 0	–	10 0	1 0 0	0 5 0	138 10 2	1,032	229	1,261	1	172	–	–	–
	6. Crossabeg,	4	1	1	–	9 7 0	10 0 0	0 7 0	80 0 0	–	3 0	2 0 0	–	104 14 0	425	142	567	–	94	–	–	–
		33	9	6	1	89 14 4	64 7 6	2 11 6	600 0 0	30 0 0	34 0	15 0 0	27 16 6	863 9 10	5,244	1,422	6,666	1	732	4	–	–
County of Wicklow.																						
Baltinglass	1. Baltinglass,	7	3	1	–	20 10 2	16 0 0	0 19 2	120 0 0	–	7 0	0 10 6	4 3 0	169 2 10	767	228	995	–	204	–	13	13
	2. Kiltegan,	8	2	1	–	26 14 5	18 0 0	0 16 10	100 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	–	148 1 9	394	114	508	–	145	–	–	–
	3. Dunlavin,	8	3	1	–	15 12 7	28 0 0	1 4 4	100 0 0	–	2 0	2 10 6	–	149 7 5	539	99	638	–	112	–	–	–
	4. Rathvilly,	5	2	1	–	14 0 3	18 0 0	0 11 4	100 0 0	–	5 0	0 10 6	–	138 2 1	186	85	271	–	27	–	–	–
		28	10	4	–	76 17 5	80 0 0	3 11 8	420 0 0	–	16 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	604 14 1	1,886	526	2,412	–	488	–	13	13

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RATHDRUM,	1. Newcastle,	4	1	1	–	27 6 3	4 0 0	1 10 1	90 0 0	–	3 0	3 10 6	3 19 6	133 6 4	495	178	673	–	62	–	–	–
	2. Ashford,	3	2	1	–	59 12 7	16 0 0	0 16 2	105 0 0	–	28 0	0 10 6	8 3 0	218 2 3	682	390	1,072	–	104	–	–	–
	3. Anamoe,	7	1	1	–	12 1 8	10 0 0	0 16 2	90 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	0 0 6	113 8 10	702	95	797	–	93	–	–	–
	4. Dunganstown,	4	1	1	–	22 11 7	10 0 0	0 16 3	80 0 0	–	3 0	2 12 6	4 15 0	123 15 4	177	114	291	2	89	–	–	–
	5. Arklow,	1	1	1	–	54 8 5	–	0 16 1	80 0 0	–	18 0	1 15 6	5 9 0	160 9 0	967	382	1,349	19	375	–	–	–
	6. Newbridge,	4	1	1	–	11 17 0	–	0 16 2	80 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	10 14 8	107 18 4	379	103	482	–	31	–	–	–
	7. Rathdrum,	4	1	1	–	13 7 1	10 0 0	4 19 1	79 16 10	–	7 0	2 10 6	4 8 7	122 2 1	981	100	1,081	–	108	–	–	–
	8. Aughrim,	3	2	1	–	11 9 3	11 10 0	0 16 2	75 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	5 0 6	108 6 5	485	51	536	–	84	–	–	–
		30	10	8	–	212 13 10	61 10 0	11 6 2	679 16 10	–	67 0	12 11 0	42 10 9	1,087 8 7	4,868	1,413	6,281	21	946	–	–	–
SHILLELAGH	1. Coolattin and Clonegal,	8	3	1	–	12 3 1	15 10 0	0 10 7	100 0 0	–	15 0	–	7 0 0	150 3 8	873	156	1,029	–	170	–	–	–
	2. Coolkenno and Hacketstown,	7	2	1	–	24 2 0	13 0 0	0 10 6	100 0 0	–	11 0	–	5 4 6	153 17 0	731	201	932	–	194	–	–	–
	3. Tinahely,	6	2	1	–	16 17 7	12 0 0	0 10 6	100 0 0	–	9 0	1 0	3 18 0	143 6 1	462	139	601	1	209	1	–	1
		21	7	3	–	53 2 8	40 10 0	1 11 7	300 0 0	–	35 0	1 0	16 2 6	447 6 9	2,066	496	2,562	1	573	1	–	1
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT. COUNTY OF GALWAY.																						
BALLINASLOE,	1. Ahascragh,	2	1	1	–	16 4 0	8 0 0	1 9 1	50 0 0	–	–	0 15 0	4 13 0	79 1 1	845	35	880	–	24	–	–	–
	2. Ballinasloe,	3	1	1	1	47 1 9	10 0 0	1 12 11	80 0 0	20 0 0	6 0	2 12 0	10 3 0	177 9 8	900	252	1,152	–	73	3	13	13
	3. Killaan,	4	1	1	–	25 16 2	10 0 0	1 13 7	80 0 0	–	1 0	3 0 0	0 14 0	122 3 9	707	107	814	–	11	–	–	–
	4. Creagh,	6	1	1	–	6 4 3	10 0 0	1 2 11	80 0 0	–	2 0	2 0 0	0 0 10	101 8 0	249	91	340	1	41	1	–	–
	5. Laurencetown,	5	1	1	–	34 13 9	10 0 0	1 15 11	80 0 0	–	5 0	2 10 0	4 11 9	138 11 5	272	109	381	–	48	–	–	–
	6. Kiltormer,	5	1	1	–	34 15 6	10 0 0	2 18 7	80 0 0	–	–	1 0 0	6 15 6	135 9 7	295	136	431	–	7	3	–	–
		25	6	6	1	164 15 5	56 0 0	10 13 0	450 0 0	20 0 0	14 0	11 17 0	26 18 1	754 3 6	3,268	730	3,998	1	204	7	13	13
CLIFDEN,	1. Clifden,	7	2	2	–	39 10 2	4 0 0	0 6 6	146 13 4	–	11 0	1 1 0	5 3 3	207 14 3	1,075	400	1,475	–	053	1	3	1
	2. Rinvyle,	4	1	1	–	12 4 11	8 15 2	0 6 6	90 0 0	–	–	1 1 0	4 18 6	117 6 1	632	111	743	–	56	–	–	–
	3. Roundstone,	8	2	1	–	52 2 4	3 0 0	6 6	100 0 0	–	9 0	–	3 12 6	168 1 4	1,001	160	1,161	–	221	–	–	–
		19	5	4	–	103 17 5	15 15 2	0 19 6	336 13 4	–	20 0	2 2 0	13 14 3	493 1 8	2,708	671	3,379	–	1,23[illegible]	1	3	1
GALWAY,	1. Galway,	3	1	2	1	77 9 10	30 0 0	–	182 11 0	70 0 0	11 0	–	52 0 6	423 1 4	1,710	641	2,351	–	208	3	–	–
	2. Arran,	1	1	1	–	19 8 10	10 0 0	–	99 1 6	–	–	–	2 3 6	180 13 10	461	257	718	–	229	–	–	–
	3. Oranmore,	6	1	1	–	11 18 7	8 0 0	–	90 0 0	–	–	–	5 0 0	114 18 7	907	221	1,128	7	24	–	–	–
	4. Turloughmore,	8	1	1	–	20 0 0	5 0 0	–	90 0 0	–	–	–	5 0 0	120 0 0	819	137	956	–	18	–	–	–
	5. Western,	8	3	2	–	19 8 2	20 8 8	0 6 0	98 15 0	–	–	–	4 15 0	143 12 10	968	172	1,140	–	30	1	–	–
		26	7	7	1	148 5 5	73 8 8	0 6 0	560 7 6	70 0 0	11 0	–	68 19 0	932 6 7	4,865	1,428	6,293	7	509	4	–	–

a New Ross Union: Carrigbyrne, Fethard, and Old Ross Districts.—A Midwife authorized for each of these Districts in addition to the Medical Officer.

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Salaries. Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Vaccination Expenses. Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 18	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
						£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*continued.* COUNTY OF GALWAY—*con.*																						
Glennamaddy,	1. Dunmore,	3	1	1	–	6 3 11	5 0 0	0 13 0	35 0 0	–	4 0	2 1 4	5 9 0	58 7 3	239	47	286	–	97	–	–	–
	2. Glennamaddy,	7	1	1	–	29 7 3	–	1 2 6	85 0 0	–	–	0 17 6	6 6 5	122 13 8	698	140	838	–	109	–	–	–
	3. Williamstown,	8	1	1	–	10 17 0	10 0 0	0 5 6	100 0 0	–	–	1 8 0	9 0 0	131 10 6	535	55	590	–	25	–	–	–
		18	3	3	–	46 8 2	15 0	2 1 0	220 0 0	–	4 0	4 6 10	20 15 5	312 11 5	1,472	242	1,714	–	231	–	–	–
Gort,	1. Gort,	10	2	1	1	26 19 3	7 0 0	–	80 0 0	30 0 0	7 0	1 9 6	–	152 8 9	774	320	1,094	–	152	1	8	2
	2. Ballinderreen,	10	3	1	a1	66 0 9	21 0 0	–	120 0 0	–	5 0	–	6 0 10	218 1 7	1,459	261	1,720	24	92	1	–	–
		20	5	2	2	93 0 0	28 0 0	–	200 0 0	30 0 0	12 0	1 9 6	6 0 10	370 10 4	2,233	581	2,814	24	244	2	8	2
Loughrea,	1. Loughrea,	5	2	1	–	14 3 3	9 0 0	–	76 0 0	–	4 0	–	1 2 6	104 5 9	320	183	503	1	71	1	27	30
	2. Bullaun,	10	2	1	–	21 0 1	5 0 0	–	76 0 0	–	6 0	–	9 16 7	113 16 8	382	52	434	–	119	–	–	–
	3. Athenry,	11	2	1	–	23 8 3	8 0 0	–	86 3 4	–	–	–	9 15 0	127 6 7	769	186	955	–	64	3	–	–
	4. Woodford,	8	2	1	–	44 12 8	9 0 0	–	76 0 0	–	–	–	0 5 0	129 17 8	197	65	262	–	32	–	–	–
		34	8	4	–	103 4 3	31 0 0	–	314 3 4	–	10 0	–	16 19 1	475 6 8	1,668	486	2,154	1	286	4	27	30
Mount Bellew,	1. Killeroran,	4	1	1	–	39 19 3	5 0 0	1 1 6	100 0 0	–	1 0	1 8 6	7 12 0	156 1 3	1,009	120	1,129	–	34	2	–	–
	2. Clonbrock,	5	1	1	–	24 13 2	5 0 0	1 15 9	100 0 0	–	1 0	3 10 6	4 14 0	140 13 5	1,625	113	1,738	–	75	–	–	–
	3. Mount Bellew,	5	1	1	–	37 8 5	6 0 0	1 1 6	100 0 0	–	–	2 15 6	4 0 0	151 5 5	1,460	154	1,614	–	41	1	8	8
		14	3	3	–	102 0 10	16 0 0	3 18 9	300 0 0	–	2 0	7 14 6	16 6 0	448 0 1	4,094	387	4,481	–	150	3	8	8

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Oughterard,	1. Cloonbur,	5	2	1	–	25 19 9	10 15 2	0 7 6	189 12 4	–	9 0	–	3 5 7	239 0 4	915	181	1,096	–	253	–	–	–
	2. Oughterard,	4	1	1	–	31 18 8	–	0 7 6	80 0 0	–	12 0	–	–	124 6 2	236	87	323	11	225	–	–	–
	3. Lettermore,	5	3	1	–	12 12 8	18 0 0	0 7 6	90 0 0	–	32 0	–	4 0 0	157 0 2	613	102	715	–	673	–	–	–
		14	6	3	–	70 11 1	28 15 2	1 2 6	359 12 4	–	53 0	–	7 5 7	520 6 8	1,764	370	2,134	11	1,151	–	–	–
Portumna,	1. Portumna,	8	3	2	–	50 19 7	24 4 0	1 13 2	128 17 11	–	1 0 0	0 18 0	5 3 0	212 15 8	734	277	1,011	–	19	1	1	1
	2. Eyrecourt,	7	2	1	–	36 4 7	17 12 0	0 18 0	100 0 0	–	0 10 6	–	1 5 1	156 10 2	511	256	767	–	12	–	–	3
		15	5	3	–	87 4 2	41 16 0	2 11 2	228 17 11	–	1 10 6	0 18 0	6 8 1	369 5 10	1,245	533	1,778	–	31	1	1	4
Tuam,	1. Tuam,	13	2	2	–	35 1 8	5 0 0	1 6 6	90 0 0	–	9 0	0 10 6	7 12 0	148 10 8	4,231	635	4,866	2	459	1	10	7
	2. Dunmore,	5	1	1	–	33 11 5	10 0 0	2 0 0	100 0 0	–	7 0	2 0 6	11 16 3	166 8 2	1,862	253	2,115	–	173	1	–	–
	3. Headford,	9	2	1	–	63 4 3	10 0 0	2 2 0	120 0 0	–	10 0	0 10 6	8 15 0	214 11 9	1,114	308	1,422	–	77	–	–	–
	4. Abbey,	7	1	1	–	88 11 5	24 0 0	5 10 0	190 0 0	–	4 0	2 11 0	19 8 0	334 0 5	416	85	501	–	19	1	–	–
		34	6	5	–	220 8 9	49 0 0	10 18 6	500 0 0	–	30 0	5 12 6	47 11 3	863 11 0	7,623	1,281	8,904	2	728	3	10	7
County of Leitrim.																						
Carrick-on-Shannon,	1. Drumshambo,	8	2	1	–	29 16 11	17 0 0	3 8 9	104 11 10	–	–	1 2 7	–	156 0 1	1,079	147	1,226	–	–	–	–	–
	2. Leitrim,	6	2	1	–	19 17 3	12 0 0	0 16 10	85 0 0	–	–	0 10 3	3 13 10	121 17 4	926	105	1,031	–	69	–	–	–
	3. Jamestown,	5	2	1	–	10 7 4	35 5 0	2 14 3	89 15 1	–	1 14 8	4 0 0	–	143 16 4	993	241	1,234	5	167	–	–	–
	4. Aughrim,	6	1	1	–	11 7 4	6 10 0	1 8 5	80 0 0	–	–	–	2 10 0	101 15 9	488	82	570	1	15	–	–	–
		25	7	4	–	71 8 10	70 15 0	8 8 3	359 6 11	–	1 14 8	5 12 10	6 3 0	523 9 6	3,486	575	4,061	6	251	–	–	–
Manorhamilton,	1. Manorhamilton,	6	1	1	–	52 6 3	6 0 0	0 15 4	90 0 0	–	2 0	–	11 19 3	163 0 10	1,591	236	1,827	1	30	1	–	–
	2. Lurganboy,	6	1	1	–	23 10 7	6 0 0	0 7 10	90 0 0	–	2 0	1 2 0	8 0 0	131 0 5	988	81	1,069	–	5	–	–	–
	3. Drumahaire,	5	1	1	–	27 16 8	6 0 0	0 13 4	90 0 0	–	7 0	2 18 6	9 16 0	144 4 6	957	167	1,124	–	47	–	–	–
	4. Drumkeeran,	5	1	1	–	14 4 5	6 0 0	1 0 10	90 0 0	–	8 0	2 17 0	8 7 9	130 10 0	655	97	750	8	207	1	–	–
		22	4	4	–	117 17 11	24 0 0	2 17 4	360 0 0	–	19 0	6 17 6	38 3 0	568 15 9	4,189	581	4,770	9	289	2	–	–
Mohill,	1. Mohill,	6	1	1	–	31 17 10	–	1 5 6	90 0 0	–	1 0	1 10 0	3 19 9	129 13 1	1,022	165	1,187	–	–	1	–	–
	2. Rynn,	7	1	1	–	12 7 3	4 4 0	1 5 6	75 0 0	–	–	2 0 0	8 11 9	103 8 6	568	153	721	–	8	–	–	–
	3. Rowan,	5	1	1	–	16 6 7	10 0 0	5 6 0	82 10 0	–	–	2 0 0	6 12 11	122 15 6	499	80	573	–	23	–	–	–
	4. Carrigallen,	5	1	1	–	14 8 5	6 0 0	0 19 0	90 0 0	–	–	4 0 0	6 5 0	121 12 5	412	151	563	3	67	–	–	–
		23	4	4	–	75 0 1	20 4 0	8 16 0	337 10 0	–	1 0	9 10 0	25 9 5	477 9 6	2,495	549	3,044	3	98	1	–	–
County of Mayo.																						
Ballina,	1. Ballina,	11	1	1	1	63 17 3	8 0 0	1 15 1	120 0 0	40 0 0	–	–	9 4 10	242 17 2	1,372	271	1,643	–	104	3	–	–
	2. Crossmolina,	9	1	1	–	47 4 0	8 0 0	0 8 11	120 0 0	–	–	–	5 18 0	181 10 11	769	184	953	–	37	1	–	–
		20	2	2	1	111 1 3	16 0 0	2 4 0	240 0 0	40 0 0	–	–	15 2 10	424 8 1	2,141	455	2,596	–	141	4	–	–

[continued.

a Gort Union: Ballinderreen District.—Services of Apothecary discontinued from 25th March, 1862.

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No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical Relief afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Salaries. Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Vaccination Expenses. Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Totals.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*continued.* COUNTY OF MAYO—*con.*						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
Ballinrobe	1. Ballinrobe,	6	1	1	–	12 6 2	–	–	75 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 0	7 0 0	95 16 2	859	351	1,210	1	113	8	7	5
	2. Cong,	6	2	1	–	35 17 4	8 0 0	–	105 0 0	–	3 0	–	13 4 6	165 1 10	677	113	790	–	78	–	–	–
	3. Hollymount,	6	1	½ 1	–	34 12 2	8 0 0	–	75 0 0	–	1 0	1 0 0	9 4 6	128 16 8	515	244	759	–	143	2	–	–
		18	4	3	–	82 15 8	16 0 0	–	255 0 0	–	5 0	1 10 0	29 9 0	389 14 8	2,051	708	2,759	1	334	10	7	5
Belmullet	1. Binghamstown	3	1	1	–	49 5 2	7 10 0	–	90 0 0	–	12 0	–	4 0 0	162 15 2	694	51	745	–	7	–	–	–
	2. Bangor,	12	2	1	–	46 2 8	13 0 0	–	90 0 0	–	9 0	–	4 15 0	162 17 8	644	209	853	–	104	–	–	–
		15	3	2	–	95 7 10	20 10 0	–	180 0 0	–	21 0	–	8 15 0	325 12 10	1,338	260	1,598	–	111	–	–	–
Castlebar	1. Castlebar,	9	2	1	–	101 2 0	6 0 0	4 15 4	82 10 0	–	21 0	1 2 0	4 7 10	220 17 8	1,393	199	1,592	–	561	–	–	–
	2. Balla,	9	2	1	–	49 2 11	15 0 0	7 3 0	150 12 9	–	–	–	7 4 11	229 3 7	913	197	1,110	–	188	–	–	–
		18	4	2	–	150 4 11	21 0 0	11 18 4	233 2 9	–	21 0	1 2 6	11 12 9	450 1 3	2,306	396	2,702	–	749	–	–	–
Claremorris	1. Claremorris,	7	1	1	–	12 8 9	–	1 14 8	75 0 0	–	–	–	4 9 6	93 12 11	491	235	726	–	70	–	–	–
	2. Ballindine,	6	1	1	–	12 4 10	4 15 0	1 16 8	75 0 0	–	–	–	9 0 0	102 16 6	684	226	910	–	25	–	–	–
	3. Ballyhaunis,	6	1	1	–	16 5 8	5 0 0	1 19 7	100 0 0	–	–	–	6 7 6	129 12 9	730	211	941	–	8	–	–	–
		19	3	3	–	40 19 3	9 15 0	5 10 11	250 0 0	–	–	–	19 17 0	326 2 2	1,905	672	2,577	–	103	–	–	–
Killala	1. Killala,	3	1	1	–	41 17 5	6 0 0	–	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 9	4 18 7	153 6 9	331	70	401	–	27	–	–	–
	2. Ballycastle,	5	2	1	–	28 1 0	9 10 0	1 14 3	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	5 4 2	144 19 11	513	119	632	23	19	–	–	–
		8	3	2	–	69 18 5	15 10 0	1 14 3	200 0 0	–	–	1 1 3	10 2 9	298 6 8	844	189	1,033	23	46	–	–	–

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NEWPORT,	1. Newport,	5	1	1	–	20 13 1	10 0 0	0 10 6	90 0 0	–	1 0	0 10 6	3 17 2	126 11 3	1,052	137	1,189	2	11	1	–	–
	2. Ballycroy,	2	1	1	–	18 18 4	5 0 0	0 10 6	26 10 6	–	6 0	0 10 6	6 0 0	63 9 10	147	30	177	–	–	–	–	–
	3. Achill,	4	2	1	–	–	5 0 0	0 10 6	72 9 10	–	–	0 10 6	4 0 4	82 11 2	241	374	615	12	41	–	–	–
		11	4	3	–	39 11 5	20 0 0	1 11 6	189 0 4	–	7 0	1 11 6	13 17 6	272 12 3	1,440	541	1,981	14	52	1	–	–
SWINEFORD,	1. Swineford,	4	1	1	–	30 15 3	9 0 0	2 2 4	75 0 0	–	–	–	3 16 3	120 13 10	785	72	857	–	12	4	4	2
	2. Foxford,	3	1	1	–	7 18 8	8 0 0	1 7 9	75 0 0	–	–	–	3 10 7	95 17 0	816	60	876	–	–	–	–	–
	3. Kiltamagh,	5	1	1	–	19 16 9	9 0 0	1 14 5	75 0 0	–	–	–	3 13 2	109 4 4	639	37	676	–	–	–	–	–
	4. Lowpark,	4	1	1	–	13 4 5	10 0 0	1 7 7	75 0 0	–	–	–	3 18 2	103 10 2	784	123	907	–	12	–	–	–
	5. Kilkelly,	5	1	1	–	27 0 9	10 0 0	4 16 9	83 2 0	–	–	–	4 9 4	129 8 10	653	88	741	2	–	–	–	–
		21	5	5	–	98 15 10	46 0 0	11 8 10	383 2 0	–	–	–	19 7 6	558 14 2	3,677	380	4,057	2	24	4	4	2
WESTPORT,	1. Westport,	5	1	1	–	55 18 2	–	15 11 7	80 0 0	–	12 0	8 11 3	39 8 7	211 9 7	183	994	1,177	6	43	2	–	–
	2. Louisburgh,	10	1	1	–	35 2 4	7 0 0	12 17 5	107 18 0	–	5 0	5 1 5	13 15 1	186 14 3	998	182	1,180	2	15	–	–	–
	3. Islandeady,	5	1	1	–	39 10 8	6 0 0	13 15 6	75 0 0	–	9 0	6 3 3	15 1 0	164 10 5	872	99	971	–	25	2	–	–
		20	3	3	–	130 11 2	13 0 0	42 4 6	262 18 0	–	26 0	19 15 11	68 4 8	562 14 3	2,053	1,275	3,328	8	83	4	–	–
COUNTY OF ROSCOMMON.																						
BOYLE,	1. Boyle,	9	1	2	1	39 11 2	10 0 0	0 9 0	180 0 0	45 0 0	–	0 10 6	11 17 0	287 7 8	1,487	577	2,064	22	253	1	3	2
	2. Ballinameen,	7	1	1	–	53 1 2	4 0 0	–	80 0 0	–	13 0	0 10 6	8 13 0	159 4 8	1,280	336	1,616	–	30	–	–	–
	3. Gurteen,	6	1	1	–	35 11 3	10 0 0	–	100 0 0	–	7 0	0 10 6	8 13 8	161 15 5	559	110	669	3	167	1	–	–
	4. Keadue,	6	1	1	–	23 1 9	–	–	80 0 0	–	4 0	0 10 6	15 9 0	123 1 3	429	115	544	1	128	1	–	–
	5. Ballyfarnan,	5	1	1	–	8 10 4	8 10 0	–	80 0 0	–	5 0	0 10 6	8 15 0	111 5 10	274	69	343	–	36	–	–	–
		33	5	6	1	159 15 8	32 10 0	0 9 0	520 0 0	45 0 0	29 0	2 12 6	53 7 8	842 14 10	4,029	1,207	5,236	26	616	3	3	2
CASTLEREA,	1. Ballaghaderrin	5	2	1	–	27 8 3	14 10 0	–	110 0 0	–	2 0	–	5 0 0	158 18 3	1,125	84	1,209	–	222	2	–	–
	2. Frenchpark,	5	1	1	–	28 5 11	10 0 0	–	100 0 0	–	2 0	–	2 16 8	143 2 7	1,335	117	1,452	–	218	–	–	–
	3. Castlerea,	5	2	1	–	23 9 1	16 0 0	–	111 0 0	–	–	–	4 7 6	154 16 7	1,594	114	1,708	–	17	1	49	5
	4. Castleplunket,	4	1	1	–	8 16 10	6 0 0	–	60 0 0	–	–	–	6 0 0	80 16 10	360	48	408	–	7	1	–	–
		19	6	4	–	88 0 1	46 10 0	–	381 0 0	–	4 0	–	18 4 2	537 14 3	4,414	363	4,777	–	464	4	49	5
ROSCOMMON,	1. Athleague,	6	1	1	–	22 6 1	6 0 0	–	75 0 0	–	4 0	–	6 16 6	114 2 7	786	109	895	2	436	–	–	–
	2. Roscommon,	5	1	1	–	52 15 2	8 8 0	–	75 0 0	–	9 0	–	12 16 8	157 19 10	1,561	183	1,744	–	681	1	–	–
	3. Ballyleague,	7	1	1	–	16 7 4	9 0 0	–	75 0 0	–	–	–	8 0 3	108 7 7	898	96	994	–	319	1	–	–
		18	3	3	–	91 8 7	23 8 0	–	225 0 0	–	13 0	–	27 13 5	380 10 0	3,245	388	3,633	2	1,436	2	–	–

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded, in the several Unions,—*continued.*

Name of Union.	Names of Dispensary Districts.	No. of Electoral Divisions in Dispensary District.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized by Sealed Order. Med. Officers.	Apothecaries.	Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Salaries. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Vaccination Expenses. Amnt. of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Fuel and Attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863. Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5	6	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d	£ s.	£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s. d								
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*continued.*																						
COUNTY OF ROSCOMMON—*con.*																						
STROKESTOWN,	1. Strokestown,	7	1	1	–	27 15 4	8 0 0	2 13 4	80 0 0	–	15 0	–	6 12 6	140 1 2	1,001	177	1,178	–	573	1	–	–
	2. Rooskey,	7	1	1	–	27 0 5	5 10 0	2 13 4	80 0 0	–	6 0	–	6 12 0	127 15 9	1,284	87	1,371	–	25	2	2	2
	3. Elphin,	6	1	1	–	–	8 0 0	2 13 4	60 0 0	–	–	2 0 0	8 0 0	80 13 4	1,058	101	1,159	2	38	1	–	–
		20	3	3	–	54 15 9	21 10 0	8 0 0	220 0 0	–	21 0	2 0 0	21 4 6	348 10 3	3,343	365	3,708	2	636	4	2	2
COUNTY OF SLIGO.																						
DROMORE WEST,	1. Easkey,	6	1	1	–	23 3 5	–	0 8 0	60 0 0	–	8 0	0 10 6	2 11 4	94 13 3	1,258	89	1,347	10	537	–	–	–
	2. Skreen,	8	1	1	–	14 19 6	7 10 0	0 9 6	70 0 0	–	11 0	0 10 6	2 0 0	106 9 6	653	95	748	16	227	–	–	–
	3. Castleconnor,	3	1	1	–	18 3 7	–	1 1 6	40 0 0	–	2 0	0 10 6	6 6 11	68 2 6	974	25	999	3	281	–	–	–
		17	3	3	–	56 6 6	7 10 0	1 19 0	170 0 0	–	21 0	1 11 6	10 18 3	269 5 3	2,885	209	3,094	29	1,045	–	–	–
SLIGO,	1. Carney,	9	2	2	–	66 11 7	16 0 0	3 15 3	200 0 0	–	3 0	1 5 6	21 13 1	312 5 5	1,400	209	1,609	4	132	2	–	–
	2. Sligo,	6	1	2	1	75 17 8	6 0 0	7 11 4	200 0 0	50 0 0	31 0	0 10 6	23 6 8	394 6 2	2,617	651	3,268	28	984	3	–	–
	3. Collooney,	5	1	1	–	31 19 1	10 0 0	1 13 9	100 0 0	–	–	0 10 6	7 0 5	151 3 9	450	159	609	–	112	1	–	–
	4. Ballymote,	4	1	1	–	15 2 7	5 5 0	2 13 0	100 0 0	–	1 0	4 5 0	9 15 0	138 0 7	1,317	224	1,541	1	185	–	2	2
	5. Riverstown,	5	1	1	–	13 6 7	17 0 0	1 12 6	100 0 0	–	10 0	0 10 6	6 1 4	148 10 11	545	136	681	–	196	–	–	–
		29	6	7	1	202 17 6	54 5 0	17 5 10	700 0 0	50 0 0	45 0	7 2 0	67 16 6	1,144 6 10	6,329	1,379	7,708	33	1,609	6	2	2
TOBERCURRY	1. Tobercurry,	11	1	1	–	74 11 10	–	3 1 0	100 0 0	–	2 0	–	3 12 0	183 5 4	1,347	313	1,660	–	39	–	–	–
	2. Coolaney,	10	1	1	–	24 6 0	10 0 0	3 6 6	133 6 8	–	–	–	3 0 0	173 19 2	1,061	207	1,268	3	29	2	–	–
		21	2	2	–	98 17 10	10 0 0	6 8 0	233 6 8	–	2 0	–	6 12 0	357 4 6	2,408	520	2,928	3	68	2	–	–

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SUMMARY OF FOREGOING TABLE, No. 2.

PROVINCES.	Number of Unions.	Number of Dispensary Districts.	Number of Electoral Divisions.	Number of Dispensaries or Dispensary Stations.	Number of Officers authorized by Sealed Order.			Expenses of Year ended 29th September, 1863.									Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 30th September, 1863.							
											Salaries.		Vaccination Expenses.				Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.							
					Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Midwives.	Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, and Printing.	Medical Officers.	Apothecaries.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Fuel, attendance, Midwives' Salaries, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenses of Dispensary Districts, for year ended 29th Sept., 1863.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled by Dispensary Committee during the year.	No. of Cases of Vaccination during the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.	No. of Patients attended in Bridewell or House of Correction during the year.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.
								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
ULSTER, .	44	215	875	274	226	4	36	6,070 12 4	1,053 7 10	332 18 1	18,016 8 8	270 0 0	1,446 0 0	202 19 0	1,379 3 10	29,676 8 9	150,110	55,201	205,311	532	35,205	114	100	65
MUNSTER, .	50	203	1,023	310	224	20	7	6,093 7 7	1,886 0 0	358 10 2	20,272 8 0	301 11 5	976 10 0	122 10 7	1,756 12 7	32,269 10 4	236,334	56,848	293,182	33	30,306	124	136	94
LEINSTER, .	40	202	944	315	227	10	20	5,412 15 8	2,449 8 8	392 2 4	20,383 0 0	835 0 0	1,232 19 0	241 14 4	1,716 2 1	32,663 1 11	325,725	63,159	288,884	252	26,077	111	52	34
CONNAUGHT,	29	97	396	126	105	7	–	2,975 10 0	843 9 0	163 8 2	9,169 1 1	255 0 0	394 5 2	94 7 10	702 18 8	14,597 10 9	85,518	17,721	103,239	207	12,922	72	137	83
TOTALS, .	163	717	3,438	1027	782	41	63	20,552 5 7	7,133 13 4	1,246 14 9	67,840 12 9	3,161 11 5	4,049 14 3	661 11 9	5,554 17 0	109,206 5 9	697,087	192,929	890,616	1,345	106,510	421	475	276

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No. 3.—GENERAL SUMMARY of previous TABLES, in Provinces:—containing, 1. Dispensary Districts formed under § 6 of the Medical Charities Act, 14 & of Dispensaries, Officers, &c.:—2. FINANCIAL STATEMENT; showing the 1862, to 29th September, 1863:—and 3. RELIEF RETURN; showing the Home, respectively; the Number of Cases in which Tickets for Medical Vaccination performed; Number of Cases of Dangerous Lunatics certified; year ended 30th September, 1863.

HEADS OF PARTICULARS in foregoing Tables.	ULSTER.		MUNSTER.	
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
STATISTICS of UNIONS and DISTRICTS:				
Population of Unions, in Provinces,—1861,	. .	1,907,264	. .	1,528,877
Area of Unions and Dispensary Districts, in statute acres,	. .	5,308,198	. .	6,005,405
Poor Law Valuation of Unions, in Provinces,—1863,	. .	£3,567,136	. .	£3,303,965
Number of Unions,	. .	44	. .	50
„ Electoral Divisions,	. .	875	. .	1,023
„ Dispensary Districts,	. .	215	. .	203
„ Dispensaries or Dispensary Stations therein,	. .	274	. .	310
„ Medical Officers authorized to be appointed for Dispensary Districts,	. .	226	. .	224
„ Apothecaries,	. .	4	. .	20
„ Midwives,	. .	36	. .	7
EXPENDITURE in YEAR ended 29th September, 1863:—	£		£	
Medicines and Medical Appliances,	6,071	. .	6,093	. .
Rent of Dispensary Buildings,	1,958	. .	1,888	. .
Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising,	333	. .	359	. .
Salaries of Medical Officers,	18,016	. .	20,272	. .
„ Apothecaries,	270	. .	802	. .
Vaccination Expenses,	1,649	. .	1,099	. .
Fuel, Attendance, and Incidental Expenses,	1,379	. .	1,757	. .
Total Expenditure in year ended 29th September, 1863,	. .	£29,676	. .	£32,270
RELIEF RETURNS, and DUTIES of MEDICAL OFFICERS for year ended 30th September, 1863:—				
Number of Cases attended on Dispensary Tickets,	150,110	. .	236,334	. .
„ „ on Visiting Tickets,	55,201	. .	56,848	. .
Total New Cases in the year,	.	205,311	. .	293,182
Number of Cases in which Tickets for Medical Relief were cancelled in the year,	. .	533	. .	353
Number of Cases of Vaccination under Medical Charities Act in the year,	. .	35,205	. .	30,306
Number of Cases of dangerous Lunatics certified in the year,	. .	114	. .	124
Number of Patients attended in Bridewells or Houses of Correction during the year,	. .	65	. .	94

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STATISTICAL STATEMENT; showing the number of Unions, Electoral Divisions, and 15 Vic. c. 68; the total and average Population, Area, and Valuation; Number Expenditure under the Medical Charities Act for the year from 29th September, Number of Cases of Medical Relief afforded at the Dispensary and at the Patient's Relief have been Cancelled by the Dispensary Committee; the Number of Cases of Number of Patients Attended at Bridewells or Houses of Correction, &c.; during the

LEINSTER.		CONNAUGHT.		TOTAL FOR IRELAND.		AVERAGE. For Unions.	For Dispensary Districts.	For Medical Officers.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
. .	1,493,009	. .	869,414	. .	5,798,564	35,574	8,087	7,425
. .	4,940,319	. .	4,060,228	. .	20,314,150	124,627	28,332	—
. .	£4,407,204	. .	£1,345,234	. .	£12,623,539	£77,445	£17,606	—
. .	40	. .	29	. .	163	—	—	—
. .	944	. .	596	. .	3,438	21	5	4
. .	202	. .	97	. .	717	4	—	—
. .	315	. .	128	. .	1,027	6	—	—
. .	227	.	105	. .	782	5	—	—
. .	10	. .	7	. .	41	—	—	—
. .	20	. .	—	. .	63	—	—	—
£		£		£		£ s.	£ s.	£ s.
5,413	. .	2,975	. .	20,552	. .	126 2	28 13	26 6
2,449	. .	843	. .	7,139	. .	43 16	9 19	—
392	. .	168	. .	1,247	. .	7 13	1 15	—
20,383	. .	9,169	. .	67,840	. .	416 4	94 12	86 15
895	. .	255	. .	2,162	. .	—	—	—
1,475	. .	489	. .	4,711	. .	28 18	6 12	—
1,716	. .	703	. .	5,555	. .	34 2	7 15	—
. .	£32,663	. .	£14,597	. .	£109,206	£670 0	£152 6	—
225,725	. .	85,518	. .	697,687	. .	4,280	973	892
63,159	. .	17,721	. .	192,929	. .	1,184	269	247
. .	288,884	. .	103,239	. .	890,616	5,464	1,242	1,139
. .	252	. .	207	. .	1,345	8	2	2
. .	28,077	. .	12,922	. .	106,510	653	149	136
. .	111	. .	72	. .	421	—	—	—
. .	34	. .	83	. .	276	—	—	—

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No. 4.—VACCINATION:—RETURN of the Number of Persons VACCINATED in the Workhouses and Auxiliary Establishments of the several Unions in Ireland, by the Medical Officers of those Institutions; and of the Number VACCINATED in the several Dispensary Districts, by the Medical Officers of Dispensaries under the Medical Charities Act, in the Year ended 30th September, 1863;—abstracted from Returns made by the respective Medical Officers.—Also a Return of the EXPENSES incurred in each Union for Vaccination in the several Dispensary Districts, under the Act 21 & 22 Vict., cap. 64.

NAMES OF UNIONS.	No. Vaccinated in *Workhouses* by the Medical Officers thereof.			No. of Cases Vaccinated by Medical Officers of *Dispensary Districts.*	Total No. of Cases returned in Columns 4 and 5.	Vaccination Expenses in each Dispensary District.		
	Successful Cases.	Unsuccessful Cases.	Total.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Total Vaccination Expenses.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Co. OF ANTRIM.								
Antrim,	28	–	28	427	455	27 0 0	—	27 0 0
Ballycastle,	14	–	14	339	353	12 0 0	6 19 8	18 19 8
Ballymena,	45	–	43	987	1,030	52 0 0	2 15 0	54 15 0
Ballymoney,	15	–	15	641	656	26 0 0	0 7 0	26 7 0
Belfast,	58	2	60	2,889	2,949	110 0 0	41 10 0	151 10 0
Larne,	14	–	14	702	716	30 0 0	9 5 0	39 5 0
Lisburn,	16	–	16	1,264	1,280	56 0 0	6 0 0	62 0 0
Co. OF ARMAGH.								
Armagh,	82	–	82	1,104	1,186	42 0 0	12 1 0	54 1 0
Lurgan,	77	8	85	777	862	34 0 0	11 0 0	45 0 0
Co. OF CAVAN.								
Bailieborough,	6	–	6	242	248	10 0 0	6 12 6	16 12 6
Bawnboy,	33	–	33	183	216	4 0 0	—	4 0 0
Cavan,	8	2	10	888	898	39 0 0	14 9 0	53 9 0
Cootehill,	17	5	22	1,523	1,545	31 0 0	—	31 0 0
Co. OF DONEGAL.								
Ballyshannon,	10	–	10	169	179	4 0 0	5 5 0	9 5 0
Donegal,	23	–	23	168	191	6 0 0	2 0 0	8 0 0
Dunfanaghy,	9	–	9	211	220	9 0 0	—	9 0 0
Glenties,	–	–	–	700	700	45 0 0	4 0 0	49 0 0
Inishowen,	8	1	9	1,254	1,263	34 0 0	4 10 0	38 10 0
Letterkenny,	–	–	–	226	226	8 0 0	2 11 6	10 11 6
Milford,	13	–	13	734	747	34 0 0	0 7 2	34 7 2
Stranorlar,	3	4	7	200	207	6 0 0	—	6 0 0
Co. OF DOWN.								
Banbridge,	29	–	29	1,306	1,335	61 0 0	2 8 0	63 8 0
Downpatrick,	11	–	11	1,091	1,102	45 0 0	6 19 0	51 19 0
Kilkeel,	8	–	8	604	612	17 0 0	3 3 8	20 3 8
Newry,	34	–	34	3,915	3,949	148 0 0	2 5 6	150 5 6
Newtownards,	28	–	28	1,042	1,070	35 0 0	4 8 6	39 8 6
Co. OF FERMANAGH.								
Enniskillen,	14	2	34	479	513	30 0 0	3 15 0	33 15 0
Irvinestown,	20	–	20	368	388	25 0 0	3 11 6	28 11 6
Lisnaskea,	40	–	40	521	561	26 0 0	2 2 0	28 2 0

[*continued.*

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No. 4.—Return of Number of Persons Vaccinated, &c.—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	No. Vaccinated in *Workhouses* by the Medical Officers thereof.			No. of Cases Vaccinated by Medical Officers of *Dispensary Districts.*	Total No. of Cases returned in Columns 4 and 5.	Vaccination Expenses in each Dispensary District.		
	Successful Cases.	Unsuccessful Cases.	Total.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Total Vaccination Expenses.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*								
Co. of Londonderry								
Coleraine,	20	1	21	645	666	35 0 0	—	35 0 0
Londonderry,	46	–	46	1,418	1,464	30 0 0	5 15 0	35 15 0
Magherafelt,	11	1	12	545	557	47 0 0	4 2 6	51 2 6
Newtownlimavady,	7	–	7	1,213	1,220	41 0 0	—	41 0 0
Co. of Monaghan.								
Carrickmacross,	6	1	7	201	208	11 0 0	9 3 0	20 3 0
Castleblayney,	17	–	17	613	630	18 0 0	0 18 0	18 18 0
Clones,	36	–	36	665	701	35 0 0	4 15 6	39 15 6
Monaghan,	9	–	9	656	665	32 0 0	4 0 0	36 0 0
Co. of Tyrone.								
Castlederg,	22	7	29	608	637	21 0 0	—	21 0 0
Clogher,	10	–	10	296	306	15 0 0	1 0 0	16 0 0
Cookstown,	2	–	2	753	755	35 0 0	—	35 0 0
Dungannon,	12	–	12	650	662	28 0 0	1 0 0	29 0 0
Gortin,	3	–	3	136	139	6 0 0	2 0 0	8 0 0
Omagh,	40	–	40	917	957	45 0 0	10 4 0	55 4 0
Strabane,	26	–	26	935	961	41 0 0	1 15 0	42 15 0
Total of Ulster,	928	52	980	35,205	36,185	1,446 0 0	202 19 0	1,648 19 0
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.								
Co. of Clare.								
Ballyvaghan,	11	2	13	15	28	—	—	—
Corrofin,	2	1	3	58	61	4 0 0	—	4 0 0
Ennis,	48	5	53	549	602	9 0 0	2 2 0	11 2 0
Ennistymon,	31	27	58	148	206	7 0 0	1 19 0	8 19 0
Killadysert,	6	–	6	6	12	—	5 11 3	5 11 3
Kilrush,	46	–	46	423	469	51 0 0	3 2 6	54 2 6
Scariff,	15	–	15	361	376	19 0 0	2 7 0	21 7 0
Tulla,	26	3	29	468	497	12 0 0	3 18 9	15 18 9
Co. of Cork.								
Bandon,	9	–	9	1,177	1,186	42 0 0	6 11 11	48 11 11
Bantry,	12	–	12	426	438	31 10 0	—	31 10 0
Castletown,	1	–	1	434	435	21 0 0	—	21 0 0
Clonakilty,	10	–	10	1,124	1,134	1 0 0	3 0 6	4 0 6
Cork,	240	12	252	3,564	3,816	120 0 0	6 15 0	126 15 0
Dunmanway,	2	2	4	539	543	3 0 0	4 1 6	7 1 6
Fermoy,	37	–	37	651	688	27 0 0	—	27 0 0
Kanturk,	64	6	70	714	784	23 0 0	—	23 0 0
Kinsale,	15	–	15	683	698	24 0 0	0 6 2	24 6 2
Macroom,	13	1	14	847	861	24 0 0	—	24 0 0
Mallow,	48	–	48	773	821	18 0 0	—	18 0 0
Midleton,	20	–	20	628	648	21 0 0	1 10 0	22 10 0
Millstreet,	11	2	13	669	682	40 0 0	0 18 0	40 18 0
Mitchelstown,	20	–	20	270	290	1 0 0	0 15 0	1 15 0
Skibbereen,	64	4	68	955	1,023	21 0 0	2 2 0	23 2 0
Skull,	19	–	19	654	673	32 0 0	—	32 0 0
Youghal,	11	–	11	331	342	13 0 0	2 5 6	15 5 6

[*continued.*

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No. 4.—Return of Number of Persons Vaccinated, &c.—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	No. Vaccinated in *Workhouses* by the Medical Officers thereof.			No. of Cases Vaccinated by Medical Officers of *Dispensary Districts.*	Total No. of Cases returned in Columns 4 and 5.	Vaccination Expenses in each Dispensary District.		
	Successful Cases.	Unsuccessful Cases	Total.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Total Vaccination Expenses.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d	£ s. d.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*								
Co. of Kerry.								
Caherciveen, . .	33	1	34	1,957	1,991	13 0 0	2 12 6	15 12 6
Dingle, . . .	17	3	20	899	919	43 0 0	0 4 0	43 4 0
Kenmare, . .	10	–	10	207	217	6 0 0	—	6 0 0
Killarney, . .	45	–	45	1,206	1,251	22 0 0	—	22 0 0
Listowel, . .	18	10	28	519	547	9 0 0	4 2 0	13 2 6
Tralee, . . .	32	3	35	1,570	1,605	60 0 0	—	60 0 0
Co. of Limerick.								
Croom, . . .	14	–	14	196	210	6 0 0	—	6 0 0
Glin, . . .	11	2	13	109	122	6 0 0	1 1 0	7 1 0
Kilmallock, . .	25	11	36	578	614	23 0 0	5 15 0	28 15 0
Limerick, . .	63	9	72	1,148	1,220	23 0 0	3 13 6	26 13 6
Newcastle, . .	22	8	30	225	255	7 0 0	0 0 0	13 0 0
Rathkeale, . .	22	2	24	314	338	2 0 0	8 11 6	10 11 6
Co. of Tipperary.								
Borrisokane, .	5	–	5	187	192	8 0 0	4 1 6	12 1 6
Carrick-on-Suir, .	31	2	33	620	653	6 0 0	4 10 0	10 10 0
Cashel, . . .	25	4	29	257	286	1 0 0	2 12 0	3 12 6
Clogheen, . .	14	4	18	360	378	20 0 0	2 12 0	22 12 0
Clonmel, . .	33	–	33	687	720	26 0 0	2 12 0	28 12 0
Nenagh, . .	–	–	–	165	165	1 0 0	5 10 0	6 10 0
Roscrea, . .	11	3	14	276	290	11 0 0	1 10 0	12 10 0
Thurles, . .	47	1	48	169	217	12 0 0	—	12 0 0
Tipperary, . .	18	6	24	362	386	14 0 0	4 15 6	18 15 6
Co. of Waterford.								
Dungarvan, . .	12	2	14	405	419	30 0 0	6 3 0	36 3 0
Kilmacthomas, .	15	–	15	240	261	10 0 0	—	10 0 0
Lismore, . .	19	–	19	315	334	15 0 0	—	15 0 0
Waterford, . .	70	7	77	862	939	32 0 0	8 18 0	40 18 0
Total of Munster,	1,393	143	1,536	30,300	31,842	976 10 0	122 10 7	1,099 0 7
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.								
Co. of Carlow.								
Carlow, . . .	33	–	33	920	959	26 0 0	22 14 0	48 14 0
Co. of Dublin.								
Balrothery, . .	19	–	19	573	592	25 0 0	3 0 0	28 0 0
Dublin, North, .	23	2	25	1,822	1,847	66 2 0	2 15 0	68 17 0
Dublin, South, .	115	6	121	3,117	3,238	126 0 0	5 0 0	131 0 0
Rathdown, . .	29	5	34	1,285	1,319	54 0 0	5 0 0	59 0 0
Co. of Kildare.								
Athy, . . .	19	–	19	685	704	32 0 0	3 10 0	35 10 0
Celbridge, . .	13	6	19	359	378	9 0 0	2 12 6	11 12 6
Naas, . . .	11	2	13	835	848	41 0 0	2 0 0	43 0 0

[*continued.*

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No. 4.—Return of Number of Persons Vaccinated, &c.—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	No. Vaccinated in *Workhouses* by the Medical Officers thereof.			No. of Cases Vaccinated by Medical Officers of *Dispensary Districts.*	Total No. of Cases returned in Columns 4 and 5.	Vaccination Expenses in each Dispensary District.		
	Successful Cases.	Unsuccessful Cases.	Total.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act	Total Vaccination Expenses.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*								
Co. of Kilkenny.								
Callan,	11	–	11	229	240	1 0 0	—	1 0 0
Castlecomer,	4	–	4	402	406	21 0 0	4 2 6	25 2 6
Kilkenny,	15	1	16	510	526	13 0 0	17 2 6	30 2 6
Thomastown,	9	2	11	527	538	15 0 0	7 2 0	22 2 0
Urlingford,	3	–	3	175	178	12 0 0	—	12 0 0
King's County.								
Edenderry,	39	1	40	660	700	7 0 0	7 13 0	14 13 0
Parsonstown,	28	9	37	574	611	38 0 0	6 3 6	44 3 6
Tullamore,	27	–	27	558	585	27 0 0	8 2 6	35 2 6
Co. of Longford.								
Ballymahon,	8	–	8	689	697	10 0 0	5 0 0	15 0 0
Granard,	19	11	30	749	779	30 0 0	16 6 0	46 6 0
Longford,	15	–	15	425	440	26 0 0	1 11 6	27 11 6
Co. of Louth.								
Ardee,	19	–	19	364	383	15 0 0	3 2 6	18 2 6
Drogheda,	9	–	9	678	687	20 17 0	1 11 6	22 8 6
Dundalk,	31	–	31	1,616	1,647	77 0 0	4 10 0	81 10 0
Co. of Meath.								
Dunshaughlin,	11	–	11	341	352	19 0 0	3 3 0	22 3 0
Kells,	13	1	14	593	607	39 0 0	7 0 0	46 0 0
Navan,	4	–	4	137	141	37 0 0	1 2 0	38 2 0
Oldcastle,	2	–	2	400	402	23 0 0	—	23 0 0
Trim,	14	1	15	242	257	37 0 0	4 0 0	41 0 0
Queen's County.								
Abbeyleix,	–	–	–	362	362	13 0 0	2 2 0	15 2 0
Donaghmore,	–	–	–	47	47	6 0 0	1 16 0	7 16 0
Mountmelick,	16	6	22	966	988	27 0 0	4 10 0	31 10 0
Co. of Westmeath.								
Athlone,	14	–	14	299	313	17 0 0	25 5 6	42 5 6
Delvin,	15	2	17	929	946	36 0 0	—	36 0 0
Mullingar,	27	–	27	1,429	1,456	79 0 0	5 11 4	84 11 4
Co. of Wexford.								
Enniscorthy,	25	–	25	749	774	22 0 0	6 2 0	28 2 0
Gorey,	30	–	30	563	593	11 0 0	6 17 0	17 17 0
New Ross,	25	–	25	523	548	23 0 0	12 13 6	35 13 6
Wexford,	45	–	45	732	777	34 0 0	15 0 0	49 0 0
Co. of Wicklow.								
Baltinglass,	43	–	43	488	531	16 0 0	4 2 0	20 2 0
Rathdrum,	18	2	20	946	966	67 0 0	12 11 0	79 11 0
Shillelagh,	16	–	16	573	589	35 0 0	1 0 0	36 0 0
Total of Leinster,	817	57	874	28,077	28,951	1,232 19 0	241 14 4	1,474 13 4

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No. 4.—RETURN of Number of Persons VACCINATED, &c.—*continued.*

NAMES OF UNIONS.	No. Vaccinated in *Workhouses* by the Medical Officers thereof.			No. of Cases Vaccinated by Medical Officers of *Dispensary Districts.*	Total No. of Cases returned in Columns 4 and 5.	Vaccination Expenses in each Dispensary District.		
	Successful Cases.	Unsuccessful Cases.	Total.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Act.	Total Vaccination Expenses.
Column 1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.								
Co. OF GALWAY.								
Ballinasloe,	9	4	13	204	217	14 0 0	11 17 0	25 17 0
Clifden,	20	5	25	1,233	1,258	20 0 0	2 2 0	22 2 0
Galway,	38	6	44	509	553	11 0 0	—	11 0 0
Glennamaddy,	34	2	36	231	267	4 0 0	4 6 10	8 6 10
Gort,	6	3	9	244	253	12 0 0	1 9 6	13 9 6
Loughrea,	12	–	12	286	208	10 0 0	—	10 0 0
Mountbellew,	7	–	7	150	157	2 0 0	7 14 6	9 14 6
Oughterard,	16	–	16	1,151	1,167	53 0 0	—	53 0 0
Portumna,	9	2	11	31	42	1 10 6	0 18 0	2 8 6
Tuam,	25	19	44	728	772	30 0 0	5 12 6	35 12 6
Co. OF LEITRIM.								
Carrick-on-Shannon	35	–	35	251	286	1 14 8	5 12 10	7 7 6
Manorhamilton,	19	–	19	289	308	19 0 0	6 17 6	25 17 6
Mohill,	–	–	–	98	98	1 0 0	9 10 0	10 10 0
Co. OF MAYO.								
Ballina,	24	–	24	141	165	—	—	—
Ballinrobe,	22	–	22	334	356	5 0 0	1 10 0	6 10 0
Belmullet,	10	–	10	111	121	21 0 0	—	21 0 0
Castlebar,	34	2	30	749	785	21 0 0	1 2 6	22 2 6
Claremorris,	16	6	22	103	125	—	—	—
Killala,	–	3	3	46	49	—	1 1 3	1 1 3
Newport,	12	1	13	52	65	7 0 0	1 11 6	8 11 6
Swineford,	35	1	36	24	60	—	—	—
Westport,	15	2	17	83	100	26 0 0	19 15 11	45 15 11
Co. OF ROSCOMMON.								
Boyle,	36	–	36	610	652	29 0 0	2 12 6	31 12 6
Castlerea,	33	2	35	464	499	4 0 0	—	4 0 0
Roscommon,	53	–	53	1,436	1,489	13 0 0	—	13 0 0
Strokestown,	25	–	25	636	661	21 0 0	2 0 0	23 0 0
Co. OF SLIGO.								
Dromore, West,	2	–	2	1,045	1,047	21 0 0	1 11 6	22 11 6
Sligo,	23	3	26	1,609	1,635	45 0 0	7 2 0	52 2 0
Tobercurry,	–	–	–	68	68	2 0 0	—	2 0 0
Total of Connaught,	570	61	631	12,922	13,553	394 5 2	94 7 10	488 13 0
SUMMARY.								
ULSTER,	928	52	980	35,205	36,185	1,446 0 0	202 19 0	1,648 19 0
MUNSTER,	1,393	143	1,536	30,306	31,842	976 10 0	122 10 7	1,099 0 7
LEINSTER,	817	57	874	28,077	28,951	1,232 19 0	241 14 4	1,474 13 4
CONNAUGHT,	570	61	631	12,922	13,553	394 5 2	94 7 10	488 13 0
Total of Ireland,	3,708	313	4,021	106,510	110,531	4,049 14 2	661 11 9	4,711 5 11

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No. 5.—Number of Cases of Scarlatina, Small-Pox, and Fever, reported by Medical Officers of Dispensaries in Ireland, as having been attended in the Quarters ended 31st December, 1862, 31st March, 30th June, and 30th September, 1863.

Provinces.	Quarters ended	Scarlatina.	Small-pox.	Fever.
Ulster,	December 31st, 1862,	200	3	1,043
	March 31st, 1863,	136	99	1,741
	June 30th, 1863,	132	215	1,863
	September 30th, 1863,	252	237	1,853
Munster,	December 31st, 1862,	1,082	157	1,072
	March 31st, 1863,	528	144	1,736
	June 30th, 1863,	282	138	2,655
	September 30th, 1863,	548	166	2,123
Leinster,	December 31st, 1862,	559	43	1,211
	March 31st, 1863,	345	122	1,785
	June 30th, 1863,	292	64	2,160
	September 30th, 1863,	428	46	1,639
Connaught,	December 31st, 1862,	12	9	371
	March 31st, 1863,	2	13	510
	June 30th, 1863,	15	22	1,132
	September 30th, 1863,	6	8	838
SUMMARY.				
Ireland,	December 31st, 1862,	1,853	212	3,697
	March 31st, 1863,	1,011	378	5,772
	June 30th, 1863,	721	439	7,810
	September 30th, 1863,	1,234	457	6,453
	Total,	4,819	1,486	23,732

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No. 6.—INDEX LIST of DISPENSARY DISTRICTS; with NAMES of UNIONS in which they are situate, and REFERENCES to PAGES in which the Districts are to be found in the Appendix.

Names of Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to: Dispensary Districts' Statistical Table; App. B, No. 1.	References to: Dispensaries' Financial and Relief Table; App. B, No. 2.
		Page	Page
Abbey,	Tuam,	–	211
Abbeyfeale,	Newcastle,	–	197
Abbeyleix,	Abbeyleix,	–	206
Abbeyshrule,	Ballymahon,	–	204
Achill,	Newport,	–	213
Adare,	Croom,	–	196
Aghada,	Midleton,	–	191
Aghadowey,	Coleraine,	–	187
Aghalee,	Lurgan,	–	182
Ahascragh,	Ballinasloe,	–	209
Ahoghill,	Ballymena,	–	181
Anamoe,	Rathdrum,	–	209
Annacarriga,	Scariff,	–	191
Annacotty,	Limerick,	–	197
Annahilt,	Lisburn,	–	182
Antrim,	Antrim,	–	180
Ardagh,	Newcastle,	–	197
Ardara,	Glenties,	–	184
Ardee,	Ardee,	–	204
Ardfert,	Tralee,	–	196
Ardfinnan,	Clogheen,	–	198
Ardmore,	Youghal,	–	195
Arklow,	Rathdrum,	–	209
Armagh,	Armagh,	–	182
Arran,	Galway,	–	209
Articlave,	Coleraine,	–	187
Arvagh,	Cavan,	–	183
Ashford,	Rathdrum,	–	209
Askeaton,	Rathkeale,	–	197
Athboy,	Trim,	–	206
Athenry,	Loughrea,	–	210
Athleague,	Roscommon,	–	213
Athlone,	Athlone,	–	207
Athy,	Athy,	–	201
Aughnacloy,	Clogher,	178	189
Aughrim,	Carrick-on-Shannon,	–	211
Aughrim,	Rathdrum,	–	209
Awenascule,	Dingle,	–	195
Bagenalstown,	Carlow,	–	200
Balbeborough,	Balbeborough,	–	183
Balbriggan,	Balrothery,	–	200
Balla,	Castlebar,	–	212
Ballaghaderreen,	Castlerea,	–	213
Balleen,	Urlingford,	–	203
Ballickmoyler and Newtown,	Carlow,	–	200
Ballina,	Ballina,	–	211
Ballinakill,	Abbeyleix,	–	206
Ballinalee,	Granard,	–	204
Ballinameen,	Boyle,	–	213
Ballinamore,	Bawnboy,	–	183
Ballinasloe,	Ballinasloe,	–	209
Ballincollig,	Cork,	–	192
Ballinderreen,	Gort,	–	210
Balliudine,	Claromorris,	–	212
Ballineen,	Dunmanway,	–	193
Ballingarry,	Callan,	–	202
Ballinrobe,	Ballinrobe,	–	212
Ballintra,	Ballyshannon,	–	183
Ballybay,	Castleblayney,	–	188
Ballyboggan,	Edenderry,	–	203
Ballycarry,	Larne,	–	181
Ballycastle,	Ballycastle,	–	181
Ballycastle,	Killala,	–	212
Ballyclogh,	Mallow,	–	193
Ballyconnell,	Bawnboy,	–	183
Ballycroy,	Newport,	–	213
Ballyduff,	Lismore,	–	199
Ballyduff,	Listowel,	–	195
Ballyfarnan,	Boyle,	–	213
Ballyfeard,	Kinsale,	–	193
Ballygarvan,	Cork,	–	192
Ballygawley,	Clogher,	–	189
Ballyhaise,	Cavan,	–	183
Ballyhannis,	Claremorris,	–	212
Ballyhooly,	Fermoy,	–	193
Ballyjamesduff,	Oldcastle,	–	205
Ballykelly,	Newtown-Limavady,	–	188
Ballyleague,	Roscommon,	–	213
Ballylesson,	Lisburn,	–	182
Ballylongford,	Listowel,	–	195
Ballylynan,	Athy,	–	201
Ballymacarbry,	Clonmel,	–	198
Ballymacarrett,	Belfast,	–	181
Ballymagian,	Dungannon,	–	189
Ballymahon,	Ballymahon,	–	204
Ballymartle,	Kinsale,	–	193
Ballymena,	Ballymena,	–	181
Ballymoney,	Ballymoney,	–	181
Ballymore,	Ballymahon,	–	204
Ballymote,	Sligo,	–	214
Ballynacally,	Killadysert,	–	191
Ballynacarrigy,	Mullingar,	–	207
Ballynahinch,	Downpatrick,	–	185
Ballynoe,	Fermoy,	–	193
Ballynure,	Larne,	–	181
Ballyragget,	Castlecomer,	–	202
Ballyroan,	Abbeyleix,	–	206
Ballyshannon,	Ballyshannon,	–	183
Ballyvaghan,	Ballyvaghan,	–	190
Ballyward,	Banbridge,	–	185
Baltinglass,	Baltinglass,	–	208
Banagher,	Parsonstown,	–	203
Banbridge,	Banbridge,	–	185
Bandon,	Bandon,	–	191
Bangor,	Belmullet,	–	212
Bangor,	Newtownards,	–	186
Bannow,	Wexford,	–	208
Bansha,	Tipperary,	–	199
Bantry,	Bantry,	–	192
Barronstown,	Dundalk,	–	205
Belfast,	Belfast,	–	181
Bellaghy,	Magherafelt,	–	187
Bellananagh,	Cavan,	–	183
Bellarena,	N.-T.-Limavady,	–	188
Belleek,	Ballyshannon,	–	183
Belturbet,	Cavan,	–	183
Benburb,	Dungannon,	–	189

[*continued.*

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Names of Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts' Statistical Table; App. B, No. 1.	References to Dispensaries' Financial and Relief Table; App. B, No. 2.
		Page	Page
Binghamstown,	Belmullet,	–	212
Blackrock and Stillorgan,	Rathdown,	–	201
Blackwatertown,	Armagh,	–	182
Blanchardstown & Castleknock,	North Dublin,	–	200
Blarney,	Cork,	–	192
Blessington and Ballymore,	Naas,	–	202
Boherboy,	Kantirk,	–	193
Borris,	Carlow,	–	200
Borris-in-Ossory,	Donaghmore,	–	206
Borrisokane,	Borrisokane,	–	197
Borrisoleigh,	Thurles,	–	199
Bourney,	Roscrea,	–	198
Boyle,	Boyle,	–	213
Bray and Rathmichael,	Rathdown,	–	201
Brideswell,	Athlone,	–	207
Bridgetown,	Limerick,	–	197
Bridgetown,	Wexford,	–	208
Broadford,	Newcastle,	–	197
Broadway,	Wexford,	–	208
Brookeborough,	Lisnaskea,	–	187
Brosna,	Tralee,	–	196
Broughshane,	Ballymena,	–	181
Bruff,	Kilmallock,	–	196
Bruree,	Kilmallock,	–	196
Bryansford,	Kilkeel,	–	185
Bullawn,	Loughrea,	–	210
Buncrana,	Inishowen,	–	184
Burt,	Londonderry,	–	187
Bushmills,	Coleraine,	–	187
Buttevant,	Mallow,	–	193
Caher,	Caherciveen,	–	195
Caher,	Clogheen,	–	198
Caherconlish,	Limerick,	–	197
Caledon,	Armagh,	–	182
Callan,	Callan,	–	202
Camolin,	Gorey,	–	207
Cannaway,	Macroom,	–	193
Cappagh,	Tipperary,	–	199
Cappoquin,	Lismore,	–	199
Carbury,	Edenderry,	–	203
Carlingford,	Dundalk,	–	205
Carlow,	Carlow,	–	200
Carndonagh,	Inishowen,	–	184
Carnsy,	Sligo,	–	214
Carrick,	Glenties,	–	184
Carrickbyrne,	New Ross,	–	208
Carrickfergus,	Larne,	–	181
Carrickmacross,	Carrickmacross,	–	188
Carrick-on-Suir,	Carrick-on-Suir,	–	197
Carrigaholt,	Kilrush,	–	191
Carrigaline,	Cork,	–	192
Carrigaline,	Kinsale,	–	193
Carrigallen,	Mohill,	–	211
Carrignavar,	Cork,	–	192
Cashel,	Cashel,	–	197
Castlebar,	Castlebar,	–	212
Castlebellingham	Ardee,	–	204
Castleblayney,	Castleblayney,	–	188
Castlecomer,	Castlecomer,	–	202
Castleconnor,	Dromore West,	–	214
Castlederg and Killeter,	Castlederg,	178	189
Castledermott,	Athy,	–	201
Castle Finn,	Strabane,	–	190
Castlegregory,	Dingle,	–	195
Castle Island,	Tralee,	–	196
Castlemartyr,	Midleton,	–	194
Castleplunket,	Castlerea,	–	213
Castlepollard,	Delvin,	–	207
Castle Quarter,	Ballymoney,	–	181
Castlerea,	Castlerea,	–	213
Castleshane,	Monaghan,	–	189
Castletown,	Abbeyleix,	–	206
Castletown,	Castletown,	–	192
Castletown,	Croom,	–	196
Castletown,	Navan,	–	205
Castletown Geoghegan,	Mullingar,	–	207
Cavan,	Cavan,	–	183
Celbridge,	Celbridge,	–	201
Charleville,	Kilmallock,	–	196
Church Hill,	Ballyshannon,	–	183
Churchhill,	Letterkenny,	–	185
Clane and Timahoe North,	Naas,	–	202
Clara,	Tullamore,	–	203
Claremorris,	Claremorris,	–	212
Clarina,	Limerick,	–	197
Clashmore,	Youghal,	–	195
Claudy,	Londonderry,	–	187
Clifden,	Clifden,	–	209
Clogh,	Ballymena,	–	181
Cloghan,	Stranorlar,	–	185
Clogheen,	Clogheen,	–	198
Clogher,	Clogher,	–	189
Cloghjordan,	Borrisokane,	–	197
Clonakilty,	Clonakilty,	–	192
Clonaslee,	Mountmelick,	–	206
Clonavaddy,	Dungannon,	–	189
Clonbrock,	Mount Bellew,	–	210
Clondalkin,	South Dublin,	–	201
Clonelly,	Irvinestown,	–	187
Clones,	Clones,	–	188
Clonmany,	Inishowen,	–	184
Clonmel,	Clonmel,	–	198
Clonmellon,	Delvin,	–	207
Clonmoyle,	Macroom,	–	193
Clonroche,	Enniscorthy,	–	207
Clontarf and Howth,	North Dublin,	–	200
Clonygowan,	Mountmelick,	–	207
Cloonbur,	Oughterard,	–	211
Clough,	Downpatrick,	–	185
Cloyne,	Midleton,	–	194
Coagh,	Cookstown,	–	189
Coal Island,	Dungannon,	178	189
Coleraine,	Coleraine,	–	187
Collon,	Ardee,	–	204
Collooney,	Sligo,	–	214
Comber,	Newtownards,	–	186
Cong,	Ballinrobe,	–	212
Connor,	Antrim,	–	180
Cookstown,	Cookstown,	–	189
Coolacassy,	Limerick,	–	197
Coolaney,	Tobercurry,	–	214
Coolattin and Clonegall,	Shillelagh,	–	209
Coole,	Granard,	–	204
Coolgreany,	Gorey,	–	207

[*continued.*

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Names of Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts' Statistical Table; App. B, No. 1. (Page)	References to Dispensaries' Financial and Relief Table; App. B, No. 2. (Page)
Coolkenno and Hacketstown,	Shillelagh,	–	209
Coolock and Drumcondra,	North Dublin,	–	200
Coolrain,	Mountmelick,	–	206
Coolmountain,	Dunmanway,	–	193
Coom,	Killarney,	–	195
Cootehill,	Cootehill,	–	183
Cork,	Cork,	–	192
Corrofin,	Corrofin,	–	190
Courceys,	Kinsale,	–	193
Cragaknock,	Kilrush,	–	191
Creagh,	Ballinasloe,	–	209
Croagh,	Ballycastle,	–	181
Croom,	Croom,	–	196
Crosgar,	Banbridge,	–	185
Crossabeg,	Wexford,	–	208
Crossakeel,	Oldcastle,	–	205
Crossbane,	Ballieborough,	–	188
Crossmaglen,	Castleblayney,	–	188
Crossmolina,	Ballina,	–	211
Crossroads,	Dunfanaghy,	–	184
Crumlin,	Antrim,	–	180
Crusheen,	Ennis,	–	191
Cullen,	Millstreet,	–	194
Cushendall,	Ballycastle,	–	181
Darrynane,	Caherciveen,	–	195
Dawson Grove,	Cootehill,	–	183
Delgany,	Rathdown,	–	201
Delvin,	Delvin,	–	207
Derrylin,	Lisnaskea,	–	187
Dervock,	Ballymoney,	–	181
Dingle,	Dingle,	–	195
Dirlaw,	Ballymoney,	–	181
Doagh,	Antrim,	–	180
Donaghadee,	Newtownarde,	–	186
Donaghmore,	Newry,	–	186
Donaghmoyne,	Carrickmacross,	–	188
Donegal,	Donegal,	–	184
Doneraile,	Mallow,	–	193
Donnybrook,	South Dublin,	–	201
Douglas,	Cork,	–	192
Downpatrick,	Downpatrick,	–	185
Draperstown,	Magherafelt,	–	187
Dripsey,	Cork,	–	192
Drogheda,	Drogheda,	–	205
Dromdaleague,	Skibbereen,	–	194
Dromiskin,	Dundalk,	–	205
Dromore,	Banbridge,	–	185
Dromore,	Omagh,	–	190
Drum,	Cootehill,	–	183
Drumahaire,	Manorhamilton,	–	211
Drumcondra,	Ardee,	–	204
Drumkeeran,	Manorhamilton,	–	211
Drumlish,	Longford,	–	204
Drumquin,	Castlederg,	–	189
Drumquin,	Omagh,	–	190
Drumshambo,	Car-on-Shannon	–	211
Duleek,	Drogheda,	–	205
Dunboyne,	Dunshaughlin,	–	205
Dundalk,	Dundalk,	–	205
Dundrum and Glencullen,	Rathdown,	–	201
Dunfanaghy,	Dunfanaghy,	–	184
Dungannon,	Dungannon,	–	189
Dunganstown,	Rathdrum,	–	209
Dungarvan,	Dungarvan,	–	199
Dungiven,	N.-T.-Limavady,	–	188
Dungloe,	Glenties,	–	184
Dunkineely,	Donegal,	–	184
Dunlavin,	Baltinglass,	–	208
Duuleer,	Ardee,	–	204
Dunmanway,	Dunmanway,	–	193
Dunmore,	Glennamaddy,	–	210
Dunmore,	Tuam,	–	211
Dunmurry,	Lisburn,	–	182
Dunnamanagh,	Strabane,	–	190
Durrow,	Abbeyleix,	–	206
Durrus and Kilcrohane,	Bantry,	–	192
Dysartmoon,	New Ross,	–	208
Easkey,	Dromore, West,	–	214
Edenderry,	Edenderry,	–	203
Ederney,	Irvinestown,	–	187
Elphin,	Strokestown,	–	214
Ely,	Enniskillen,	–	186
Eglinton,	Londonderry,	–	187
Emlagh,	Caherciveen,	–	195
Emly,	Tipperary,	–	199
Emo,	Mountmelick,	–	207
Ennis,	Ennis,	–	191
Enniscorthy,	Enniscorthy,	–	207
Enniskillen,	Enniskillen,	–	186
Ennistymon,	Ennistymon,	–	191
Eyrecourt,	Portumna,	–	211
Fannett,	Milford,	–	185
Feakle,	Scariff,	–	191
Feenagh,	Newcastle,	–	197
Feeny,	N.-T.-Limavady,	–	188
Fennagh and Myshall,	Carlow,	–	200
Ferbane,	Parsonstown,	–	203
Fermoy,	Fermoy,	–	193
Ferns,	Enniscorthy,	–	207
Fethard,	Cashel,	–	197
Fethard,	New Ross,	–	208
Finglas and Glasnevin,	North Dublin,	–	200
Finnea,	Granard,	–	204
Fintona,	Omagh,	–	190
Fivemiletown,	Clogher,	–	189
Florencecourt,	Enniskillen,	–	186
Fontstown,	Athy,	–	201
Forkhill,	Newry,	–	186
Foxford,	Swineford,	–	213
Frankford,	Parsonstown,	–	203
Frenchpark,	Castlerea,	–	213
Freshford,	Kilkenny,	–	203
Galbally,	Mitcheletown,	–	194
Galgorm,	Ballymena,	–	181
Galway,	Galway,	–	209
Garrangibbon,	Carrick-on-Suir,	–	197
Garristown,	Dunshaughlin,	–	205
Garvagh,	Coleraine,	–	187
Glanbehy,	Caherciveen,	–	195
Glassan,	Athlone,	–	207
Glasslough,	Monaghan,	–	189
Glenarm,	Larne,	178	181
Glenavy,	Lisburn,	–	182
Glendermot,	Londonderry,	–	187
Glengarriff,	Bantry,	–	192
Glennamaddy,	Glennamaddy,	–	210
Glenties,	Glenties,	–	184
Glenwhirry,	Ballymena,	–	181
Golden,	Tipperary,	–	199
Goleen,	Skull,	–	195

[*continued.*

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Names of Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts' Statistical Table; App. B, No. 1.	References to Dispensaries' Financial and Relief Table; App. B, No. 2.
		Page	Page
Gorey,	Gorey,	–	207
Gort,	Gort,	–	210
Gortin,	Gortin,	–	189
Gowran,	Kilkenny,	–	202
Graigue,	Thomastown,	–	203
Granard,	Granard,	–	204
Grean,	Tipperary,	–	199
Grey Abbey,	Newtownards,	–	186
Gurteen,	Boyle,	–	213
Headford,	Tuam,	–	211
Hillsborough,	Lisburn,	–	182
Hollymount,	Ballinrobe,	–	212
Hollywood,	Belfast,	–	181
Holmpatrick,	Balrothery,	–	200
Holycross,	Thurles,	–	199
Holywell,	Enniskillen,	–	186
Hospital,	Kilmallock,	–	196
Inchigeelagh,	Macroom,	–	193
Inishannon,	Bandon,	–	191
Inistioge,	Thomastown,	–	203
Innfield,	Trim,	–	206
Irvinestown,	Irvinestown,	–	187
Islandeady,	Westport,	–	213
Jamestown,	Car-on-Shannon	–	211
Johnstown,	Edenderry,	–	203
Johnstown,	Urlingford,	–	203
Kanturk,	Kanturk,	–	193
Keadue,	Boyle,	–	213
Keady,	Armagh,	–	182
Kells,	Kells,	–	205
Kenmare,	Kenmare,	–	195
Kilbeggan,	Tullamore,	–	203
Kilbrittain,	Bandon,	–	191
Kilcatherine,	Castletown,	–	192
Kilcock,	Celbridge,	–	201
Kilcooly,	Urlingford,	–	203
Kilcullen,	Naas,	–	202
Kilderry,	Londonderry,	–	187
Kildorrery,	Mitchelstown,	–	194
Kilfinnane,	Kilmallock,	–	196
Kilgarvan,	Kenmare,	–	195
Kilgobban,	Tralee,	–	196
Kilkee,	Kilrush,	–	191
Kilkeel,	Kilkeel,	–	185
Kilkeily,	Swineford,	–	213
Kilkenny,	Kilkenny,	–	202
Kilkishen,	Tulla,	–	191
Killaan,	Ballinasloe,	–	209
Killala,	Killala,	–	212
Killann,	Enniscorthy,	–	207
Killanniv,	Ennis,	–	191
Killarney,	Killarney,	–	195
Killashee,	Longford,	–	204
Killea,	Londonderry,	–	187
Killeagh,	Youghal,	–	195
Killeen,	Dunshaughlin,	–	205
Killenagh & Wells	Gorey,	–	207
Killenaule,	Cashel,	–	197
Killeroran,	Mount Bellew,	–	210
Killeshandra,	Cavan,	–	183
Killeter,	Castlederg,	178	189
Killiney,	Rathdown,	–	201
Killorglin,	Killarney,	–	195
Killough,	Downpatrick,	–	185
Killoughy,	Tullamore,	–	203
Kilmacan,	Midlingar,	–	207
Killybegs,	Glenties,	–	184
Killygordon,	Stranorlar,	–	185
Killyleagh,	Downpatrick,	–	185
Killyon,	Parsonstown,	–	203
Kilmacrennan and Milford,	Milford,	–	185
Kilmakevoge,	Waterford,	178	199
Kilmallock,	Kilmallock,	–	196
Kilmeaden,	Waterford,	–	199
Kilmihil,	Kilrush,	–	191
Kilmoganny,	Callan,	–	202
Kilmood,	Newtownards,	–	186
Kilmore,	Monaghan,	–	189
Kilnaleck,	Cavan,	–	183
Kilpatrick,	Cashel,	–	197
Kilrea,	Ballymoney,	–	181
Kilrush,	Kilrush,	–	191
Kilsallaghan,	Balrothery,	–	200
Kilshannig,	Mallow,	–	193
Kilsheelan,	Clonmel,	–	198
Kilskeer,	Kells,	–	205
Kiltamagh,	Swineford,	–	213
Kiltegan,	Baltinglass,	–	208
Kiltinan,	Clonmel,	–	198
Kiltoom,	Athlone,	–	207
Kiltormer,	Ballinasloe,	–	209
Kilworth,	Fermoy,	–	193
Kingscourt,	Balbeborough,	–	183
Kingstown,	Rathdown,	–	201
Kinlough,	Ballyshannon,	–	183
Kinnitty,	Parsonstown,	–	203
Kinsale,	Kinsale,	–	193
Knocknadona,	Lisburn,	–	182
Knocktopher,	Thomastown,	–	203
Lahasheeda,	Killadysert,	–	191
Lahy,	Donegal,	–	184
Larne,	Larne,	–	181
Laurencetown,	Ballinasloe,	–	209
Leighlinbridge,	Carlow,	–	200
Leitrim,	Car-on-Shannon	–	211
Letterkenny,	Letterkenny,	–	185
Lettermore,	Oughterard,	–	211
Limerick, City of,	Limerick,	–	197
Lisbellaw,	Enniskillen,	–	186
Lisburn,	Lisburn,	–	182
Lismore,	Lismore,	–	199
Lisnaskea,	Lisnaskea,	–	187
Listowel,	Listowel,	–	195
Littleton,	Thurles,	–	199
Londonderry, City of,	Londonderry,	–	187
Longford,	Longford,	–	204
Loughbrickland,	Banbridge,	–	185
Loughgall,	Armagh,	–	182
Loughrea,	Loughrea,	–	210
Louisburgh,	Westport,	–	213
Louth,	Dundalk,	–	205
Lowpark,	Swineford,	–	213
Lucan,	Celbridge,	–	201
Lurgan,	Lurgan,	–	182
Luganboy,	Manorhamilton,	–	211
Lusk,	Balrothery,	–	200
Macroom,	Macroom,	–	193
Maghera,	Magherafelt,	–	187
Magherafelt,	Magherafelt,	–	187

[*continued.*

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Names of Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts' Statistical Table: App. B, No. 1	References to Dispensaries' Financial and Relief Table: App. B, No. 2
		Page	Page
Magauresbridge,	Lisnaskea,	–	187
Malahide,	Balrothery,	–	200
Malin,	Inishowen,	–	184
Mallow,	Mallow,	–	193
Manorhamilton,	Letterkenny,	–	185
	Manorhamilton,	–	211
Markethill,	Armagh,	–	182
Mallfield,	Clonmel,	–	198
Marlborough,	Mountmelick,	–	206
Maynooth,	Celbridge,	–	201
Meigh,	Newry,	–	186
Midleton,	Midleton,	–	194
Milford,	Kantark,	–	193
Millstreet,	Millstreet,	–	194
Milltown,	Killarney,	–	195
Milltown,	Mullingar,	–	207
Miltown Malbay,	Ennistymon,	–	191
Mitchelstown,	Mitchelstown,	–	191
Moate,	Athlone,	–	207
Mohill,	Mohill,	–	211
Moira,	Lurgan,	–	182
Molahiffe,	Killarney,	–	195
Monaghan,	Monaghan,	–	189
Monasterboice,	Drogheda,	–	205
Monasterevan,	Athy,	–	201
Moneymore,	Magherafelt,	–	187
Mount Bellew,	Mount Bellew,	–	210
Mountcharles,	Donegal,	–	184
Mountmelick,	Mountmelick,	–	206
Mountnorris,	Newry,	–	186
Mountrath,	Mountmelick,	–	206
Mountshannon,	Scarift,	–	191
Moville,	Inishowen,	–	184
Moynalty,	Kells,	–	205
Moyne,	Thurles,	–	199
Mullaghglass,	Newry,	–	186
Mullinahone,	Callan,	–	202
Mullingar,	Mullingar,	–	207
Multyfarnham,	Mullingar,	–	207
Murragh,	Bandon,	–	191
Murroe,	Limerick,	–	197
Naas & Carragh,	Naas,	–	202
Navan,	Navan,	–	205
Nenagh,	Nenagh,	–	198
Newbridge,	Rathdrum,	–	209
Newbridge and Kildare,	Naas,	–	202
Newcastle,	Newcastle,	–	197
Newcastle,	Rathdrum,	–	209
Newmarket,	Ennis,	–	191
Newmarket,	Kantark,	–	193
Newport,	Nenagh,	–	198
Newport,	Newport,	–	212
New Ross,	New Ross,	–	208
Newry,	Newry,	–	186
Newtownards,	Newtownards,	–	186
Newtownbarry,	Enniscorthy,	–	207
Newtownbutler,	Clones,	–	188
Newtowngore,	Bawnboy,	–	188
Newtown-Limavady,	Newtown-Limavady,	–	188
Newtown Stewart	Strabane,	–	190
Nobber,	Kells,	–	205
North City,	North Dublin,	–	200
North District,	Kilmacthomas,	–	199
Oldcastle,	Oldcastle,	–	205
Old Ross,	New Ross,	–	208
Omagh,	Omagh,	–	190
Oranmore,	Galway,	–	209
Oughterard,	Oughterard,	–	211
Oulart,	Enniscorthy,	–	207
Painestown,	Navan,	–	205
Pallaskenry,	Rathkeale,	–	197
Palmerstown,	South Dublin,	–	201
Parsonstown,	Parsonstown,	–	203
Pettigoe,	Donegal,	–	184
Philipstown,	Tullamore,	–	203
Plumb Bridge,	Gortin,	–	189
Poyntz Pass,	Newry,	–	186
Pomeroy,	Cookstown,	–	189
Portadown,	Lurgan,	–	182
Portaferry,	Downpatrick,	178	185
Portglenone,	Ballymena,	–	181
Portlaw,	Carrick-on-Suir,	–	197
Portroe,	Nenagh,	–	198
Portumna,	Portumna,	–	211
Powerscourt,	Rathdown,	–	201
Queenstown,	Cork,	–	192
Quin,	Tulla,	–	191
Raferagh,	Carrickmacross,	–	188
Rahan,	Mallow,	–	193
Randalstown,	Antrim,	–	180
Raphoe,	Strabane,	–	190
Rathangan,	Edenderry,	–	203
Rathcoole,	Celbridge,	–	201
Rathcormack,	Fermoy,	–	193
Rathdowney,	Donaghmore,	–	206
Rathdrum,	Rathdrum,	–	209
Rathfarnham,	South Dublin,	–	201
Rathfriland,	Newry,	–	186
Rathgormuck,	Carrick-on-Suir,	–	197
Rathkeale,	Rathkeale,	–	197
Rathmelton,	Milford,	–	185
Rathmines,	South Dublin,	–	201
Rathmore,	Naas,	–	202
Rathmullan,	Milford,	–	185
Rathvilly,	Baltinglass,	–	208
Ratouth,	Dunshaughlin,	–	205
Ravensdale,	Dundalk,	–	205
Rhode,	Edenderry,	–	203
Rich Hill,	Armagh,	–	182
Ringville,	Dungarvan,	–	199
Rinvyle,	Clifden,	–	209
Riverstown,	Parsonstown,	–	203
Riverstown,	Sligo,	–	214
Roadford,	Ennistymon,	–	191
Robertstown and Kilmeage,	Naas,	–	202
Roosky,	Strokestown,	–	214
Roscommon,	Roscommon,	–	213
Roscrea,	Roscrea,	–	198
Rosguill,	Milford,	–	185
Rosscarbery,	Clonakilty,	–	192
Rosslea,	Clones,	–	188
Rostrevor,	Kilkeel,	–	185
Roundstone,	Clifden,	–	209
Rowan,	Mohill,	–	211
Rynn,	Mohill,	–	211
Saintfield,	Lisburn,	–	182
St. Mary's,	Clonmel,	–	198

[*continued.*

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Names of Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts' Statistical Table; App. B, No. 1.	References to Dispensaries' Financial and Relief Table; App. B, No. 2.
		Page	Page
St. Mary's,	Drogheda,	–	205
St. Mullin's,	New Ross,	–	208
Scotstown,	Monaghan,	–	189
Scrabby,	Granard,	–	204
Seskinan,	Dungarvan,	–	199
Shanagolden,	Glin,	–	196
Shankhill,	Belfast,	–	181
Shercock,	Ballieborough,	–	183
Shinrons,	Roscrea,	–	198
Silvermines,	Nenagh,	–	198
Six Mile Cross,	Omagh,	–	190
Skibbereen,	Skibbereen,	–	191
Skreen,	Dromore West,	–	214
Skull,	Skull,	–	195
Shevereagh,	Macroom,	–	193
Sligo,	Sligo,	–	214
Sneem,	Kenmare,	–	199
South City,	South Dublin,	–	201
South District,	Kilmacthomas,	–	199
Stamullen,	Drogheda,	–	205
Stewartstown,	Cookstown,	–	189
Strabane,	Strabane,	–	190
Stradbally,	Athy,	–	201
Stradone,	Cavan,	–	183
Strangford,	Downpatrick,	–	185
Stranorlar,	Stranorlar,	178	186
Street,	Granard,	–	204
Strokestown,	Strokestown,	–	214
Summerhill,	Trim,	–	206
Swanlinbar,	Bawnboy,	–	183
Swineford,	Swineford,	–	213
Swords,	Balrothery,	–	200
Taghmon and Glynn,	Wexford,	–	208
Tallaght,	South Dublin,	–	201
Tallow,	Lismore,	–	199
Tanderagee,	Banbridge,	–	185
Tarbert,	Glin,	–	196
Tartaraghan,	Lurgan,	–	182
Templemartin,	Bandon,	–	191
Templemichael,	Youghal,	–	195
Templemore,	Thurles,	–	199
Templepatrick,	Antrim,	–	180
Templeudigan,	New Ross,	–	208
Tempo,	Enniskillen,	–	186
Termon,	Ballieborough,	–	183
Termonfeckin,	Drogheda,	–	205
Terryglass,	Borrisokane,	–	197
Thomastown,	Thomastown,	–	203
Thurles,	Thurles,	–	199
Timoleague,	Clonakilty,	–	192
Tinahely,	Shillelagh,	–	209
Tipperary,	Tipperary,	–	199
Tiscoffin,	Kilkenny,	–	203
Tobercurry,	Tobercurry,	–	214
Toome,	Ballymena,	–	181
Toomevarra,	Nenagh,	–	198
Tralee,	Tralee,	–	196
Tramore,	Waterford,	–	199
Trim,	Trim,	–	206
Tuam,	Tuam,	–	211
Tulla,	Tulla,	–	191
Tullagh,	Skibbereen,	–	194
Tullamain,	Cashel,	–	197
Tullamore,	Tullamore,	–	203
Tullaroan,	Kilkenny,	–	203
Tullow,	Carlow,	–	200
Tullyvin,	Cootehill,	–	183
Tuosist,	Kenmare,	–	195
Tuloughmore,	Galway,	–	209
Tynan,	Armagh,	–	182
Tyrrellspass,	Mullingar,	–	207
Ullid,	Waterford,	–	199
Union Hall,	Skibbereen,	–	194
Urlingford,	Urlingford,	–	203
Valencia,	Caherciveon,	–	195
Virginia,	Oldcastle,	–	205
Walshtownmore, Last,	Midleton,	–	194
Waringstown,	Lurgan,	–	182
Warrenpoint,	Newry,	–	186
Waterford,	Waterford,	–	199
Western,	Galway,	–	209
Westport,	Westport,	–	213
Wexford,	Wexford,	–	208
Whitechurch,	Carrick-on-Suir,	–	197
Whitechurch,	Cork,	–	192
Whitechurch,	Dungarvan,	–	199
Williamstown,	Glennamaddy,	–	210
Woodford,	Loughrea,	–	210
Woodstown,	Waterford,	–	199
Youghal,	Youghal,	–	195

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